

International Rectifier

IGBT SIP MODULE

Features

- Short Circuit Rated - 10 μ s @ 125°C, V_{GE} = 15V
- Fully isolated printed circuit board mount package
- Switching-loss rating includes all "tail" losses
- HEXFRED™ soft ultrafast diodes
- Optimized for medium operating frequency (1 to 10kHz) See Fig. 1 for Current vs. Frequency curve

Product Summary

Output Current in a Typical 5.0 kHz Motor Drive

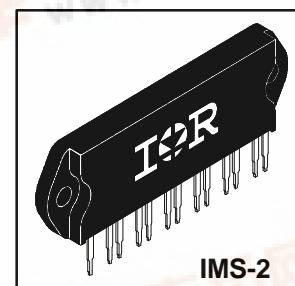
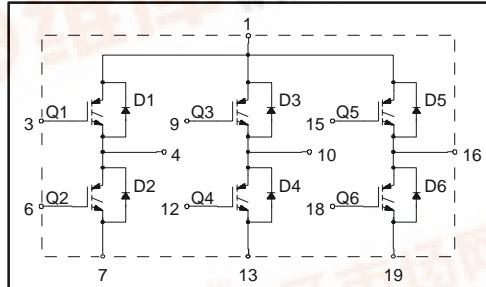
7.65 A_{RMS} per phase (2.4 kW total) with T_C = 90°C, T_J = 125°C, Supply Voltage 360Vdc,
Power Factor 0.8, Modulation Depth 80% (See Figure 1)

Description

The IGBT technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of IMS (Insulated Metal Substrate) Power Modules. These modules are more efficient than comparable bipolar transistor modules, while at the same time having the simpler gate-drive requirements of the familiar power MOSFET. This superior technology has now been coupled to a state of the art materials system that maximizes power throughput with low thermal resistance. This package is highly suited to power applications and where space is at a premium.

These new short circuit rated devices are especially suited for motor control and other totem-pole applications requiring short circuit withstand capability.

Short Circuit Rated Fast IGBT



IMS-2

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V _{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
I _C @ T _C = 25°C	Continuous Collector Current, each IGBT	13	
I _C @ T _C = 100°C	Continuous Collector Current, each IGBT	7.0	
I _{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ①	26	A
I _{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	26	
I _F @ T _C = 100°C	Diode Continuous Forward Current	6.1	
I _{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current	26	
t _{sc}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	10	μ s
V _{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	\pm 20	V
V _{ISOL}	Isolation Voltage, any terminal to case, 1 min.	2500	V _{RMS}
P _D @ T _C = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation, each IGBT	36	W
P _D @ T _C = 100°C	Maximum Power Dissipation, each IGBT	14	
T _J	Operating Junction and	-40 to +150	
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw.	5-7 lbf \cdot in (0.55 - 0.8 N \cdot m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
R _{θJC} (IGBT)	Junction-to-Case, each IGBT, one IGBT in conduction	—	3.5	°C/W
R _{θJC} (DIODE)	Junction-to-Case, each diode, one diode in conduction	—	5.5	
R _{θCS} (MODULE)	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	0.1	—	
Wt	Weight of module	20 (0.7)	—	g (oz)

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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ③	600	—	—	V	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}/\Delta T_J}$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.68	—	V°C	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 1.0\text{mA}$
$V_{\text{CE}(\text{on})}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.6	2.4	V	$I_C = 7.0\text{A}$ $V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}$
		—	2.0	—		$I_C = 13\text{A}$ See Fig. 2, 5
		—	1.7	—		$I_C = 7.0\text{A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{\text{GE}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	5.5		$V_{\text{CE}} = V_{\text{GE}}, I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{\text{GE}(\text{th})/\Delta T_J}$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-13	—	mV°C	$V_{\text{CE}} = V_{\text{GE}}, I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance ④	3.2	6.3	—	S	$V_{\text{CE}} = 100\text{V}, I_C = 14\text{A}$
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	250	μA	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{CE}} = 600\text{V}$
		—	—	2500		$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{CE}} = 600\text{V}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.4	1.7	V	$I_C = 12\text{A}$ See Fig. 13
		—	1.3	1.6		$I_C = 12\text{A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 500	nA	$V_{\text{GE}} = \pm 20\text{V}$

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	32	49	nC	$I_C = 14\text{A}$
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	6.7	10		$V_{\text{CC}} = 400\text{V}$
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	13	21		See Fig. 8
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	64	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	29	—		$I_C = 7.0\text{A}, V_{\text{CC}} = 480\text{V}$
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	340	500		$V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}, R_G = 23\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	240	350		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery. See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	0.28	—	mJ	
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	0.70	—		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	0.98	1.5		
t_{sc}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	10	—	—	μs	$V_{\text{CC}} = 360\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}, R_G = 23\Omega, V_{\text{CPK}} < 500\text{V}$
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	62	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18
t_r	Rise Time	—	28	—		$I_C = 7.0\text{A}, V_{\text{CC}} = 480\text{V}$
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	620	—		$V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{V}, R_G = 23\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	420	—		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	1.8	—	mJ	
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	750	—	pF	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{V}$
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	100	—		$V_{\text{CC}} = 30\text{V}$ See Fig. 7
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	9.3	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	42	60	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig.
		—	80	120		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 14
I_{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	3.5	6.0	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig.
		—	5.6	10		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 15
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	80	180	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig.
		—	220	600		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 16
$dI_{(\text{rec})M}/dt$	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery During t_b	—	180	—	A/ μs	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig.
		—	120	—		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 17

Notes:

① Repetitive rating; $V_{\text{GE}}=20\text{V}$, pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 20)

② $V_{\text{CC}}=80\%(V_{\text{CES}})$, $V_{\text{GE}}=20\text{V}$, $L=10\mu\text{H}$, $R_G=23\Omega$, (See fig. 19)

③ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu\text{s}$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.

④ Pulse width $5.0\mu\text{s}$, single shot.

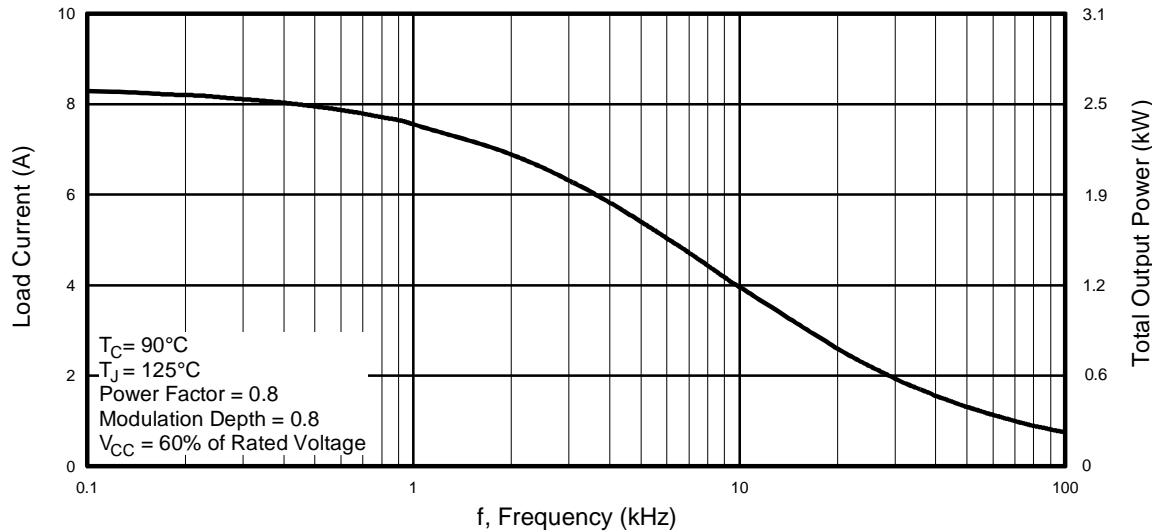


Fig. 1 - RMS Current and Output Power, Synthesized Sine Wave

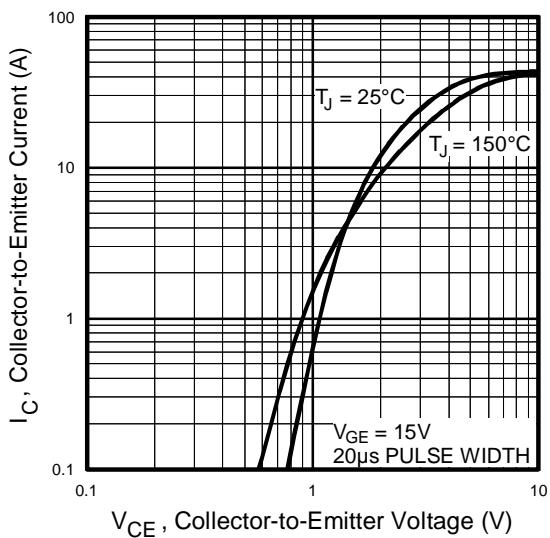


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

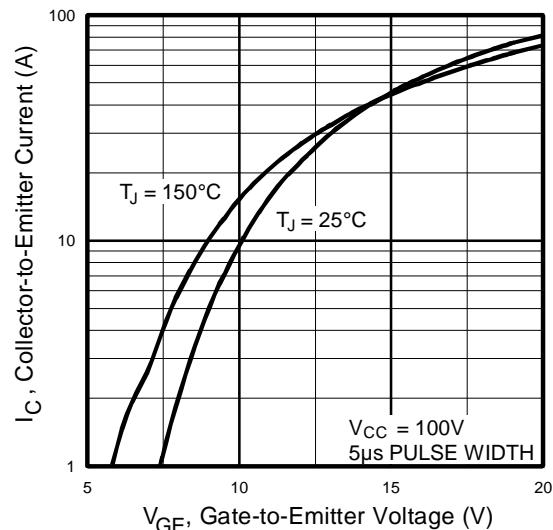


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

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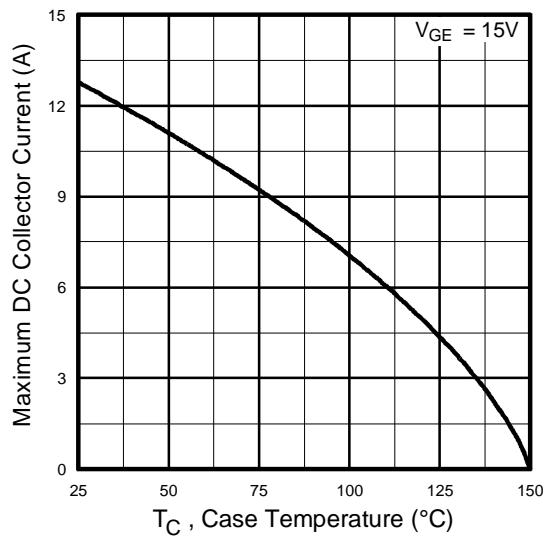


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

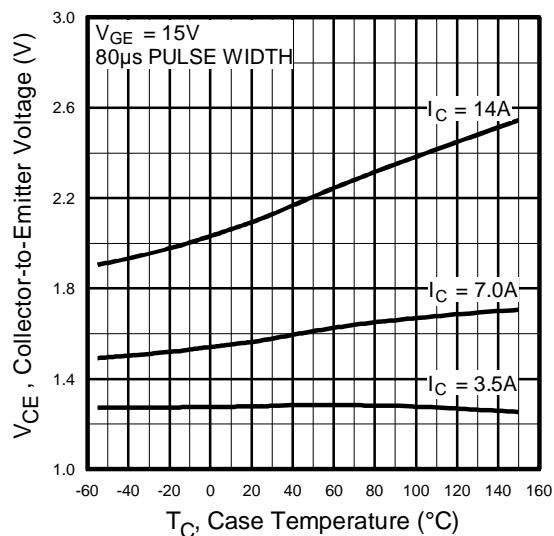


Fig. 5 - Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Case Temperature

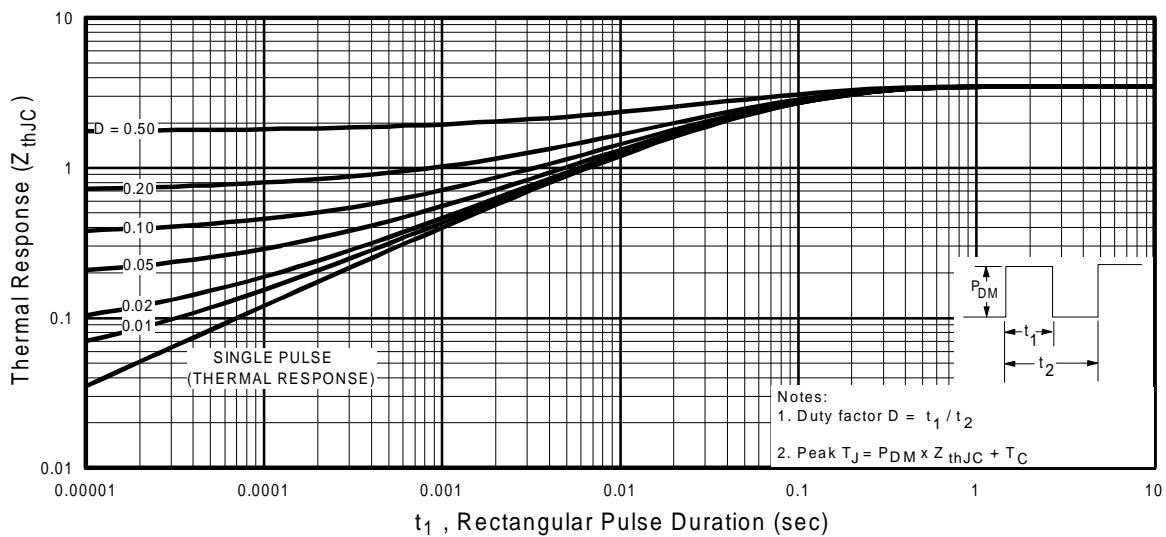


Fig. 6 - Maximum IGBT Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

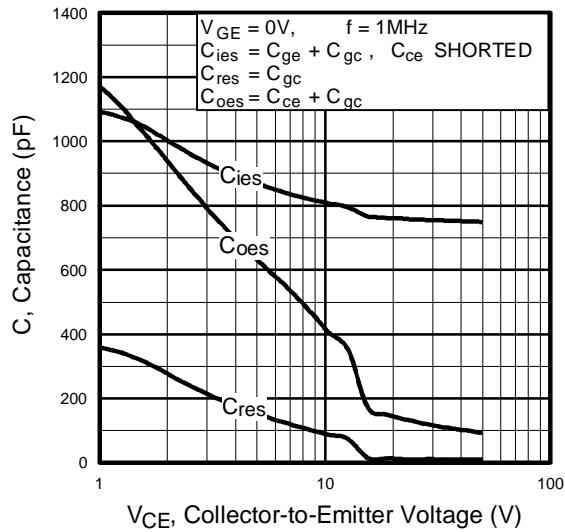


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

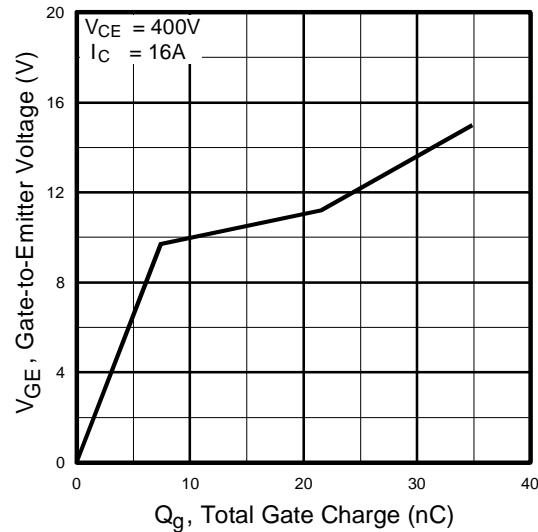


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

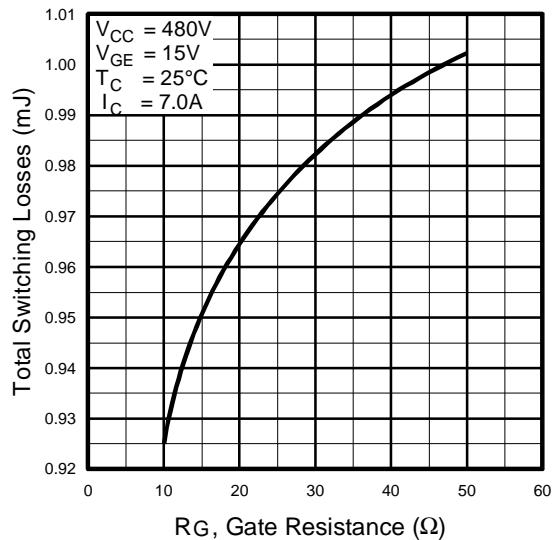


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

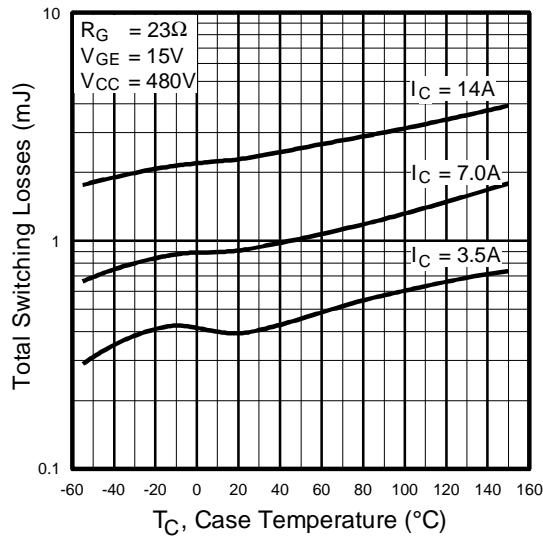


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Case Temperature

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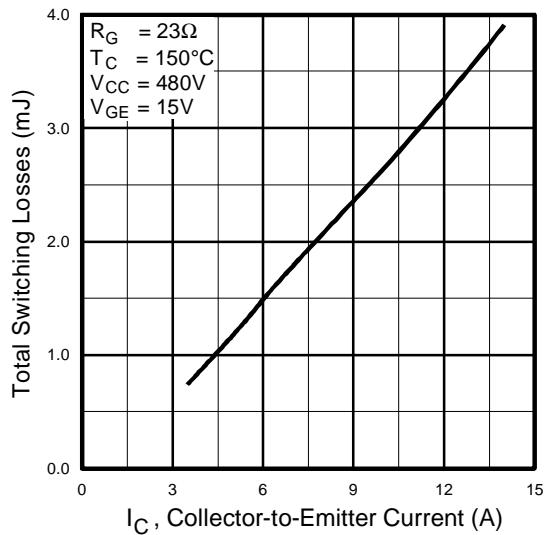


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

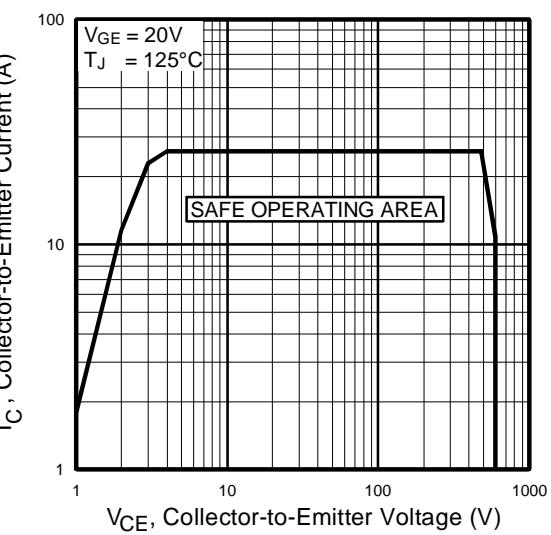


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

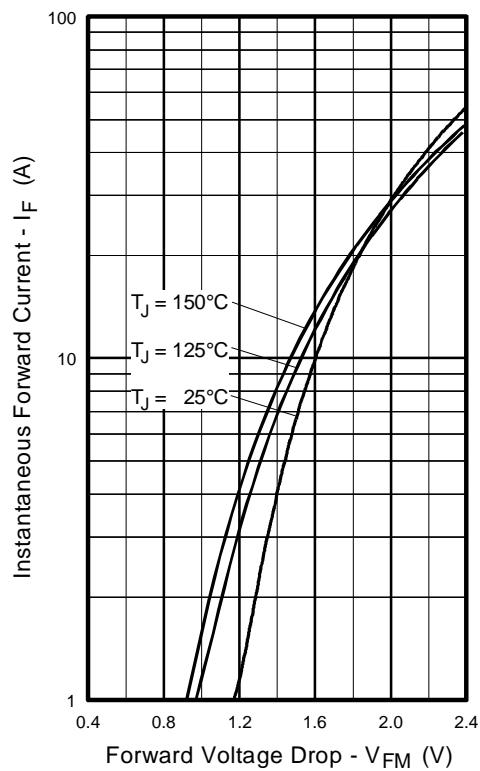


Fig. 13 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

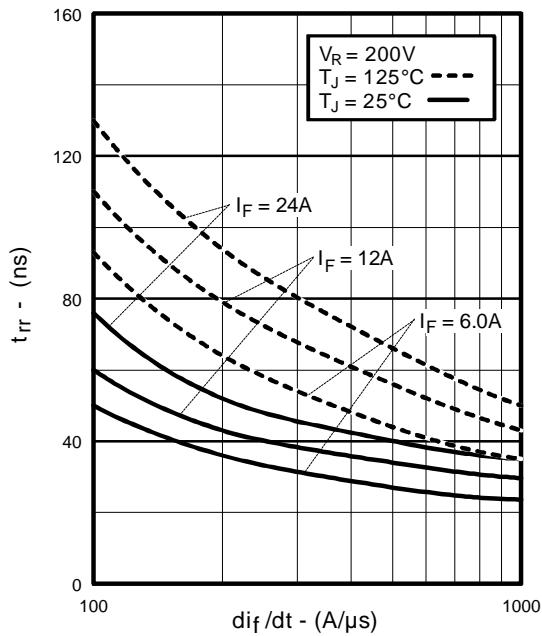


Fig. 14 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di_f/dt

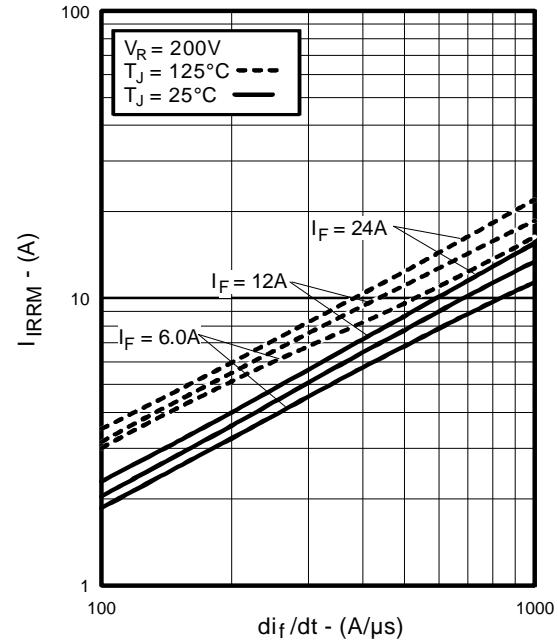


Fig. 15 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

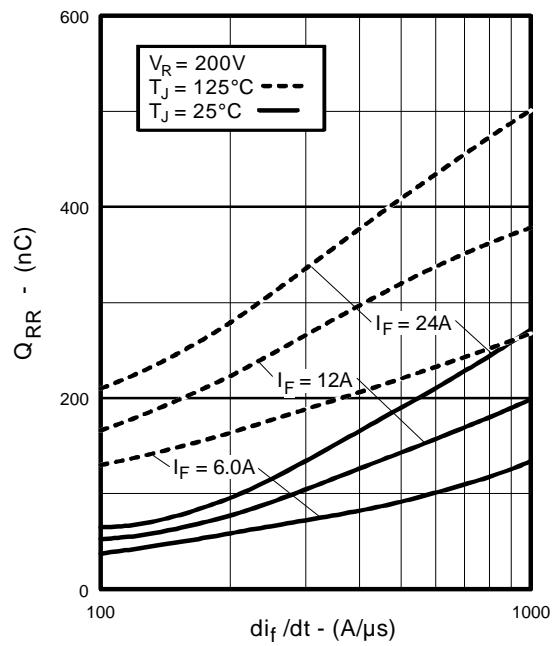


Fig. 16 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

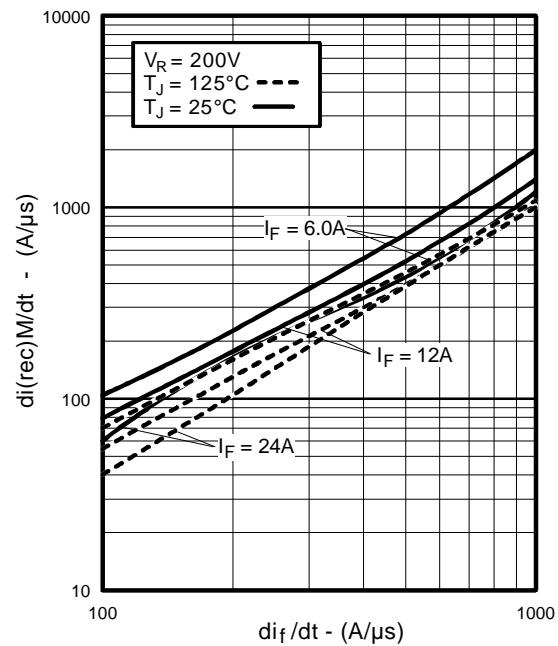


Fig. 17 - Typical $di_{(rec)}M/dt$ vs. di_f/dt

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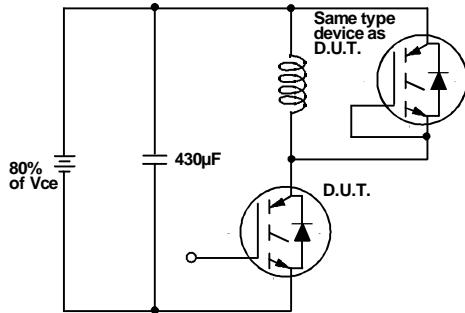


Fig. 18a - Test Circuit for Measurement of I_{LM} , E_{on} , $E_{off(diode)}$, t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr} , $t_d(on)$, t_r , $t_d(off)$, t_f

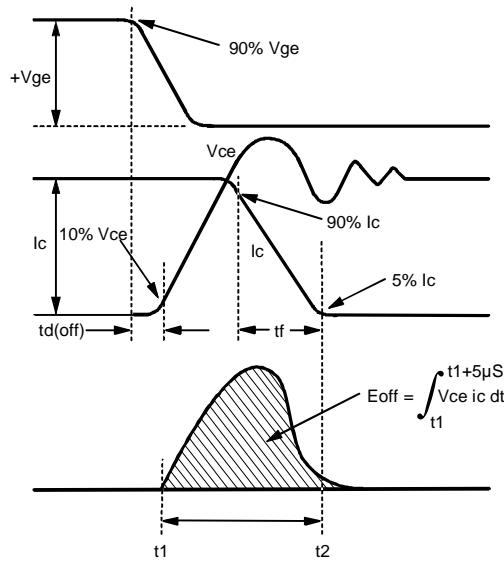


Fig. 18b - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{off} , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

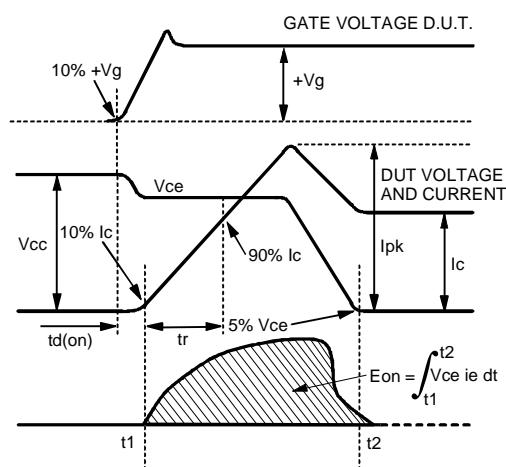


Fig. 18c - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{on} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r

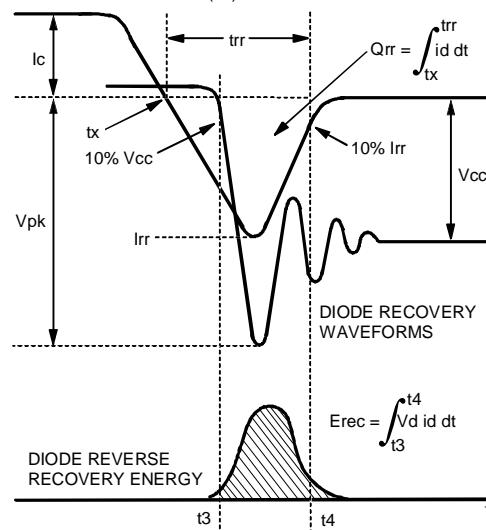


Fig. 18d - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{rec} , t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr}

Refer to Section D for the following:
Appendix D: Section D - page D-6

- Fig. 18e - Macro Waveforms for Test Circuit of Fig. 18a
- Fig. 19 - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit
- Fig. 20 - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

Package Outline 5 - IMS-2 Package (13 pins) **Section D - page D-14**