MIXIM

Precision, Quad, SPST Analog Switches

General Description

The MAX361/MAX362 are precision, guad, single-pole single-throw (SPST) analog switches. The MAX361 has four normally closed (NC) switches, and the MAX362 has four normally open (NO) switches. Both parts offer low channel on resistance (less than 85Ω), guaranteed to match within 3Ω between channels and to remain flat over the analog signal range ($\Delta 9\Omega$ max). Both parts also offer low leakage (less than 500pA at +25°C and less than 4nA at +85°C) and fast switching (turn-on time less than 250ns and turn-off time less than 170ns).

The MAX361/MAX362 are fabricated with Maxim's new improved 44V silicon-gate process. Design improvements guarantee extremely low charge injection (10pC), low power consumption (35µW), and electrostatic discharge (ESD) greater than 2000V. The 44V maximum breakdown voltage allows rail-to-rail analog signal handling capability.

These monolithic switches operate with a single positive supply ($\pm 10V$ to $\pm 30V$) or with split supplies ($\pm 4.5V$ to $\pm 20V$) while retaining CMOS-logic input compatibility and fast switching. CMOS inputs provide reduced input loading.

Applications

Sample-and-Hold Circuits Guidance and Control Systems Heads-Up Displays Test Equipment Communications Systems Battery-Operated Systems PBX, PABX

Features

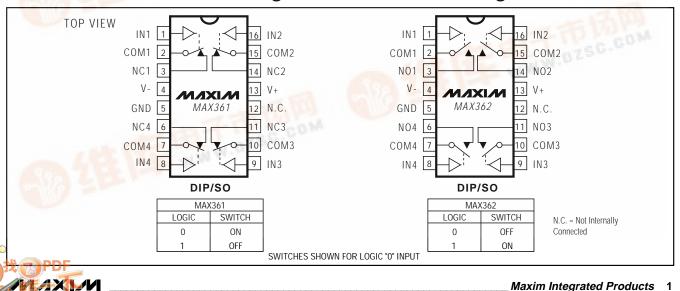
- Low On Resistance: < 45 Ω Typical (85 Ω Max)
- Guaranteed Matched On Resistance Between Channels: < 20
- Guaranteed Flat On Resistance over Analog Signal Range: $\Delta 9\Omega$ Max
- Guaranteed Charge Injection: < 10pC
- Guaranteed Off-Channel Leakage: <4nA at +85°C
- ESD Guaranteed > 2000V per Method 3015.7
- Single-Supply Operation (+10V to +30V) Bipolar-Supply Operation (±4.5V to ±20V)
- TTL-/CMOS-Logic Compatible
- Rail-to-Rail Analog Signal Handling Capability

Ordering Information

TEMP DANCE	
TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
0°C to +70°C	Dice*
10°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
10°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
10°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
0°C to +70°C	Dice*
10°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
10°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
10°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 40°C to +85°C 40°C to +85°C 40°C to +85°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 40°C to +85°C 40°C to +85°C 40°C to +85°C

Contact factory for dice specifications

Pin Configurations/Functional Diagrams/Truth Tables



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltage Referenced to V-
V+44V
GND25V
IN_, COM_, NO_, NC(V 2V) to (V+ + 2V) or 30mA
(whichever occurs first)
Continuous Current (any terminal)30mA
Peak Current COM, NO, NC
(pulsed at 1ms, 10% duty cycle max)100mA
ESD2000V

Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C) (Note 1) Plastic DIP (derate 10.53mW/°C above +70°C)842m\ Narrow SO (derate 8.70mW/°C above +70°C)696m\
CERDIP (derate 10.00mW/°C above +70°C)800mV
Operating Temperature Ranges:
MAX36_C0°C to +70°
MAX36_E40°C to +85°
MAX36_MJE55°C to +125°
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) +300°

Note 1: All leads are soldered or welded to PC board.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies

(V+ = 15V, V- = -15V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 2.4V, V_{INL} = 0.8V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG					•			
Analog-Signal Range	V _{COM_} , V _{NO_} , V _{NC_}	(Note 3)			-15		15	V
On Resistance (COM_ to NO_ or COM_ to NC_ terminals)	R _{ON}	$I_{(NO \text{ or } NC)} = -10\text{mA},$ $V_{COM} = 8.5\text{V or } -8.5\text{V},$ $V_{+} = 13.5\text{V}, V_{-} = -13.5\text{V}$	$T_A = +25$ °C $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T	MAX		50	85 100	Ω
On Resistance Match Between Channels (Note 4)	R _{ON}	I _(NO or NC) = -10mA, V _{COM} = 10V or -10V, V+ = 15V, V- = -15V	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T	MAX			2	Ω
On Resistance Flatness (Note 4)	R _{ON}	$I_{(NO \text{ or } NC)} = -10\text{mA},$ $V_{COM} = 5V \text{ or } -5V,$ $V_{+} = 15V, V_{-} = -15V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T	MAX			9 15	Ω
Off Lookage Current	I _{NO_} , I _{NC_}	$V_{COM} = \pm 15.5V,$ V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = \pm 15.5V,$ $V_{+} = 16.5V, V_{-} = -16.5V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		-0.50	0.01	0.50	
Off Leakage Current (NO_ or NC_ terminal)			$T_A = T_{MAX}$	C, E	-4		4	nA
(110_01110_10111111111)			· A · IVIAX	М	-20		20	
Off Lookago Current	ICOM	$V_{NC_{-}}$ or $V_{NO_{-}} = \pm 15.5V$,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		-0.50	0.01	0.50	
Off Leakage Current (COM terminal)		V _{COM} = ∓15.5V, V+ = 16.5V, V- = -16.5V	$T_A = T_{MAX}$	C, E	-4		4	nA
(OOM_ terminal)				М	-20		20	
On Leakage Current	I _{COM}	$V_{COM_} = \pm 15.5V,$ $V_{NC_}$ or $V_{NO_} = \pm 15.5V,$ $V_{+} = 16.5V, V_{-} = -16.5V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		-0.50	0.08	0.50	
(COM_ and NC_ or NO_			$ I_{\Delta} = I_{M\Delta X} $	C, E	-6		6	nA
terminal) I _{NO} , I _{NC}	I _{NO} , I _{NC}			М	-40		40	
DIGITAL						<u> </u>		
Input Current with Input Voltage High	I _{INH}	V _{IN} _ = 2.4V			-500	0.01	500	nA
Input Current with Input Voltage Low	I _{INH}	V _{IN} _ = 0.8V			-500	0.01	500	nA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (continued) $(V+=15V, V-=-15V, GND=0V, V_{INH}=2.4V, V_{INL}=0.8V, T_A=T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNITS
SUPPLY							
Power-Supply Range	V+, V-			±4.5		±20.0	V
Positive Supply Current	I+	All channels on or off, $V_{IN} = 0^{\circ}$ V+ = 16.5V, V- = -16.5V	V or 5V,		15	100	μA
No south or Company Company		All channels on or off,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-1	-0.0001	1	
Negative Supply Current	I-	V _{IN} = 0V or 5V, V+ = 16.5V, V- = -16.5V	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}	-5		5	μA
Ground Current	I _{GND}	All channels on or off, $V_{IN} = 0^{\circ}$ V+ = 16.5V, V- = -16.5V	V or 5V,	-100	-15		μA
DYNAMIC				Į.			
Turn-On Time	t _{ON}	Figure 1, $V_S = \pm 10V$, $R_L = 1k\Omega$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		150	250	ns
	t	MAX361, Figure 1, $V_{COM} = \pm 10V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		90	120	ns
Turr-Oil Time	t _{OFF}	MAX362, Figure 1, $V_{COM} = \pm 10V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		110	170	ns
Charge Injection	Q	$C_L = 1nF$, $V_{GEN} = 0V$, $R_{GEN} = 0\Omega$, Figure 2	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		5	10	рС
Off Isolation (Note 5)	OIRR	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, $f = 1MHz$, Figure 3	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		60		dB
Crosstalk (Note 6)		$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 1MHz, Figure 4	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		-100		dB
Off Capacitance NC or NO	C _(OFF)	f = 1MHz, Figure 5	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		4		pF
Off Capacitance COM_		f = 1MHz, Figure 5	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		4		pF
Channel-On Capacitance		f = 1MHz, Figure 5	T _A = +25°C		16		pF

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single Supply (V+ = 12V, V- = 0V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 2.4V, V_{INL} = 0.8V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNITS
SWITCH	•						
Analog-Signal Range	V _{COM_} , V _{NO_} , V _{NC_}	(Note 3)		0		12	V
On Resistance (COM_ to NO_ or COM_ to NC_ terminals)	R _{ON}	I _(NC or NO) = 1.0mA, V _{COM} = 3V, 8V, V+ = 10.8V	$T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{A} = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}$		100	160 200	Ω
SUPPLY	-	1 4 1 - 10.04		·			'
Power-Supply Range	V+			10		30	V
Positive Supply Current	I+	All channels on or off, $V_{IN} = 0$	V or 5V		15	100	μΑ
Negative Supply Current	I-	All channels on or off, $V_{IN} = 0V$ or $5V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-1 -5	-0.0001	1 +5	μΑ
Ground Current	I _{GND}	$T_{A} = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} All channels on or off, $V_{IN} = 0$ V or 5V		-100	-15	+3	μA
DYNAMIC							
Turn-On Time	t _{ON}	Figure 1, V _S = 8V	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		300	400	ns
Turn-Off Time	t _{OFF}	Figure 1, V _S = 8V	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		60	200	ns
Charge Injection	Q	$C_L = 1nF, V_{GEN} = 0V,$	T _A = +25°C		5	10	рС

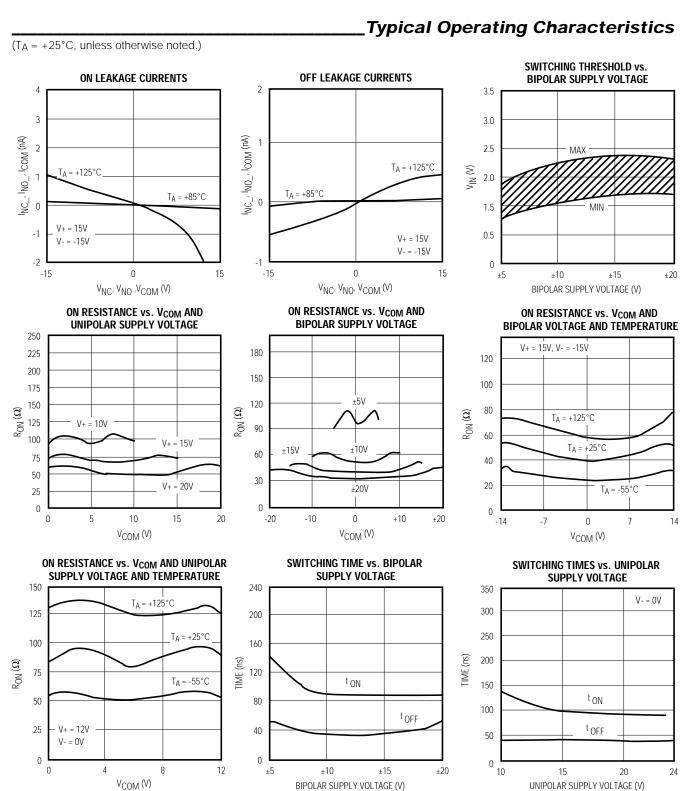
Note 2: The algebraic convention, where the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value a maximum, is used in this data sheet.

Note 3: Guaranteed by design.

Note 4: On resistance match between channels and flatness are guaranteed only with bipolar-supply operation.

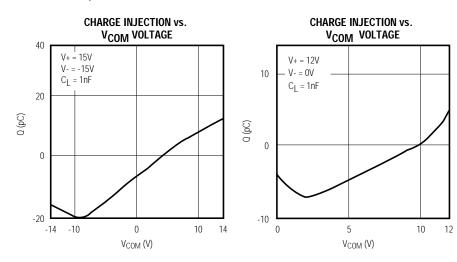
Note 5: See Figure 3. Off Isolation = $20 \log_{10} \left(\frac{V_{COM}}{V_{NC_{-}} \text{ or } V_{NO_{-}}} \right)$, $V_{COM} = \text{ output}$, $V_{NC_{-}} \text{ or } V_{NO_{-}} = \text{ input to off switch.}$

Note 6: Between any two switches. See Figure 4.



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$



Pin Description

	N.A	ME	FUNCTION	
PIN	MAX361	MAX362	FUNCTION	
1, 16, 9, 8	IN1-IN4	IN1-IN4	Logic-level input	
2, 15, 10, 7	COM1-COM4	COM1-COM4	Analog switch common terminal	
3, 14, 11, 6	NC1-NC4	NO1-NO4	NC (normally closed, MAX361) NO (normally open, MAX362) Analog switch terminal	
4	V-	V-	Negative supply voltage input	
5	GND	GND	Ground	
12	N.C.	N.C.	Not internally connected	
13	V+	V+	Positive supply voltage input—connected to substrate.	

_Applications Information

Operation with Supply Voltages Other Than ±15V_O

Using supply voltages other than $\pm 15\text{V}$ is reduces the analog signal range. The MAX361/MAX362 switches operate with bipolar supplies of $\pm 4.5\text{V}$ to $\pm 20\text{V}$. Typical operating characteristic graphs show typical on resistance for $\pm 15\text{V}$, $\pm 10\text{V}$, and $\pm 5\text{V}$ supplies. Switching times increase by a factor of two or more for $\pm 5\text{V}$ operation. The MAX361/MAX362 can also operate from $\pm 10\text{V}$ to $\pm 30\text{V}$ unipolar supplies. Both parts can also be powered from unbalanced supplies such as $\pm 24\text{V}$ and $\pm 5\text{V}$. Connect V- to 0V when operating with a single supply.

Proper power-supply sequencing is recommended for all CMOS devices. Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings, because stresses beyond the listed ratings may cause permanent damage to the devices. Always sequence V+ on first, followed by V-, and logic inputs. If power-supply sequencing is not possible, add two small signal diodes in series with the supply pins for overvoltage protection (Figure 6). Adding the diodes reduces the analog signal range to 1V below V+ and 1V below V-, but low switch resistance and low leakage characteristics are unaffected. Device operation is unchanged, and the difference from V+ to V-should not exceed +44V.

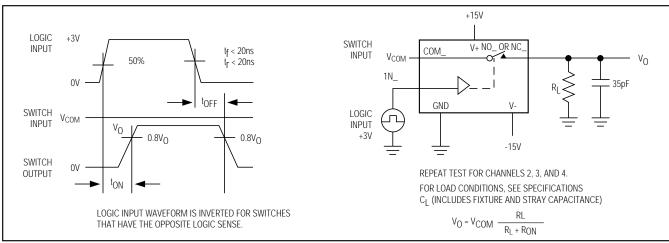


Figure 1. Switching-Time Test Circuit

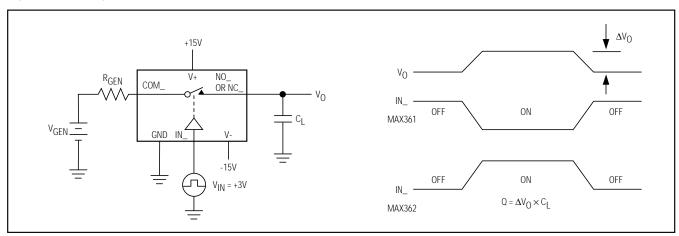


Figure 2. Charge-Injection Test Circuit

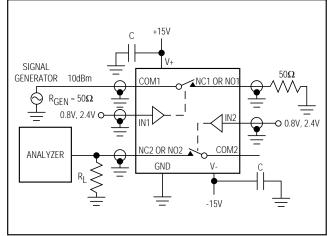


Figure 3. Crosstalk Test Circuit (repeat for channels 3 and 4)

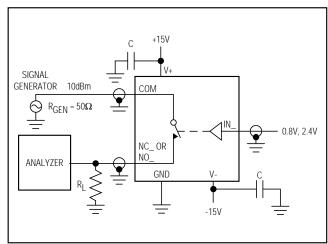


Figure 4. Off-Isolation Test Circuit

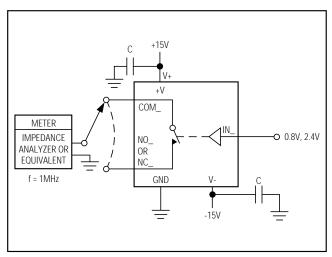


Figure 5. Channel Capacitance Test Circuit

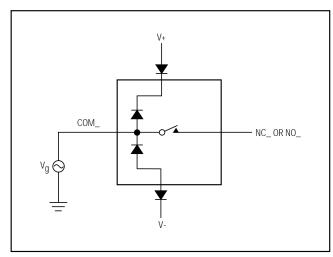
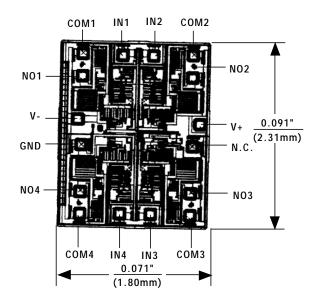


Figure 6. Overvoltage Protection Using Blocking Diodes

_____Chip Topography



TRANSISTOR COUNT: 126; SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO V+.

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