

### General Description

The MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 ultra-low-noise, lowdropout (LDO) linear regulators are designed to deliver up to 120mA continuous output current from a tiny 5-pin SC70 plastic package. These regulators achieve a low 120mV dropout for 120mA load current. The MAX8510 uses an advanced architecture to achieve ultra-low output voltage noise of 11µV<sub>RMS</sub> and PSRR of 54dB at 100kHz.

The MAX8511 does not require a bypass capacitor, hence achieving the smallest PC board area. The MAX8512's output voltage can be adjusted with an external divider.

The MAX8510/MAX8511 are preset to a variety of voltages in the 1.5V to 4.5V range. Designed with a Pchannel MOSFET series pass transistor, the MAX8510/ MAX8511/MAX8512 maintain very low ground current  $(40\mu A)$ .

The regulators are designed and optimized to work with low-value, low-cost ceramic capacitors. The MAX8510 requires only 1µF (typ) of output capacitance for stability with any load. When disabled, current consumption drops to below 1µA.

## **Applications**

Cellular and Cordless Phones

PDA and Palmtop Computers

**Base Stations** 

Bluetooth Portable Radios and Accessories

Wireless LANs

Digital Cameras

Personal Stereos

Portable and Battery-Powered Equipment

# **Features**

- Space-Saving 5-Pin SC70 Package
- ↑ 11µVRMS Output Noise at 100Hz to 100kHz Bandwidth (MAX8510)
- → 78dB PSRR at 1kHz (MAX8510)
- 120mV Dropout at 120mA Load
- ♦ Stable with 1µF Ceramic Capacitor for Any Load
- ♦ Guaranteed 120mA Output
- Only Need Input and Output Capacitors (MAX8511)
- ♦ Output Voltages: 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.6V, 2.7V, 2.8V, 2.85V, 3V, 3.3V, 4.5V (MAX8510/MAX8511) and Adjustable (MAX8512)
- ◆ Low 40µA Ground Current
- **♦ Excellent Load/Line Transient**
- Overcurrent and Thermal Protection

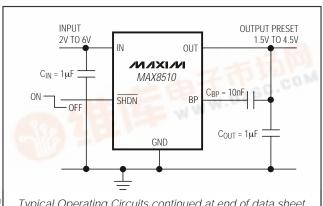
## Ordering Information

PART*	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE		
MAX8510EXKxy-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5		
MAX8511EXKxy-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5		
MAX8512EXK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70-5		

\*xy is the output voltage code (see Output Voltage Selector Guide). Other versions between 1.5V and 4.5V are available in 100mV increments. Contact factory for other versions.

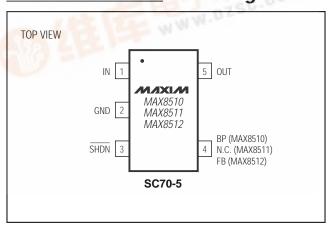
Output Voltage Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.

## Typical Operating Circuits



Typical Operating Circuits continued at end of data sheet.

### Pin Configuration



Maxim Integrated Products 1

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

IN to GND0.3V to +7V	f
Output Short-Circuit DurationInfinite	
OUT, SHDN to GND0.3V to (IN + 0.3V)	(
FB, BP, N.C. to GND0.3V to (OUT + 0.3V)	J
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)	
5-Pin SC70 (derate 3.1mW/°C above +70°C)0.247W	l

	324°C/W
re Range	40°C to +85°C
÷	+150°C
Range	65°C to +150°C
oldering, 10s)	+300°C
	re Range Range

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.  $C_{IN} = 1\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ ,  $C_{BP} = 10nF$ . Typical values are at  $+25^{\circ}C$ ; the MAX8512 is tested with 2.45V output, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	VIN			2		6	V
		$I_{OUT} = 1$ mA, $T_A = +25$ °C	$I_{OUT} = 1$ mA, $T_{A} = +25$ °C			+1	
Output Voltage Accuracy		$I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$ to 80mA, $T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$		-2		+2	%
		$I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$ to $80mA$		-3		+3	
Maximum Output Current	lout			120			mA
Current Limit	ILIM	OUT = 90% of nominal value	ue	130	200	300	mA
		V <sub>OUT</sub> ≥ 3V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 80mA			80	170	
		V <sub>OUT</sub> ≥ 3V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 120mA			120		
Dropout Voltage (Note 2)		$2.5V \le V_{OUT} < 3V$ , $I_{OUT} = 8$	80mA		90	200	
Dropout voltage (Note 2)		2.5V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> < 3V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 120mA			135		mV
		2V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> < 2.5V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 80mA			120	250	
		2V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> < 2.5V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 120mA			180		
Ground Current	lo	$I_{OUT} = 0.05 \text{mA}$			40	90	μΑ
Ground Current	ΙQ	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} \text{ (nom)} - 0.1V, I_{OUT} \text{ (nom)}$	OUT = 0mA		220	500	μΑ
Line Regulation	$V_{LNR}$	$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5V)$ to 6V, $I_{OUT} = 0.1$ mA			0.001		%/V
Load Regulation	V <sub>LDR</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA to 80mA			0.003		%/mA
Shutdown Supply Current	I <sub>SHDN</sub>	SHDN = 0V	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.003	1	μA
Shuldown Supply Current			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$		0.05		
	PSRR	f = 1kHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA	MAX8510		78		dB
Dinale Delection			MAX8511/MAX8512		72		
		f = 10kHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA	MAX8510		75		
Ripple Rejection			MAX8511/MAX8512		65		
		f = 100kHz, IOUT = 10mA	MAX8510		54		
		I - TOUKHZ, IOUT = TUITA	MAX8511/ MAX8512		46		

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.  $C_{IN} = 1\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ ,  $C_{BP} = 10nF$ . Typical values are at  $+25^{\circ}C$ ; the MAX8512 is tested with 2.45V output, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Noise Voltage		f = 100Hz to 100kHz,	MAX8510		11		
		I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 10mA	MAX8511/MAX8512		230		μν
(RMS)		f = 100Hz to 100kHz,	MAX8510		13		
		I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 80mA	MAX8511/MAX8512		230		
Shutdown Exit Delay		$R_{LOAD} = 50\Omega$ (Note3)				300	μs
SHDN Logic Low Level		$V_{IN} = 2V \text{ to } 6V$				0.4	V
SHDN Logic High Level		$V_{IN} = 2V \text{ to } 6V$		1.5			V
OUDNI L D' O		V <sub>IN</sub> = 6V, <del>SHDN</del> = 0V or 6V	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$				μΑ
SHDN Input Bias Current			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$		0.01		
FB Input Bias Current		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.006		
(MAX8512)		$V_{IN} = 6V, V_{FB} = 1.3V$	$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$		0.01		μA
Thermal Shutdown					160		°C
Thermal-Shutdown Hysteresis					10		°C

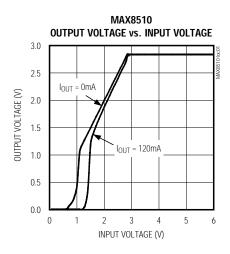
Note 1: Limits are 100% tested at +25°C. Limits over operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

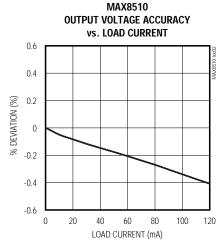
Note 2: Dropout is defined as V<sub>IN</sub> - V<sub>OUT</sub> when V<sub>OUT</sub> is 100mV below the value of V<sub>OUT</sub> for V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub> + 0.5V.

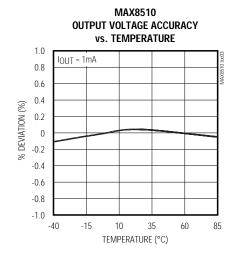
Note 3: Time needed for V<sub>OUT</sub> to reach 90% of final value.

# \_Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5V, C_{IN} = 1\mu F, C_{OUT} = 1\mu F, C_{BP} = 10nF, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

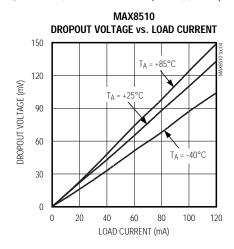


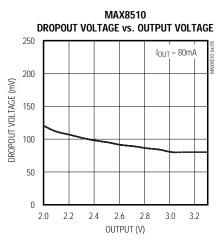


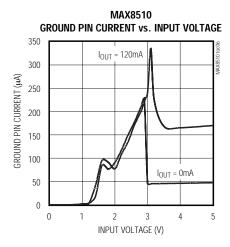


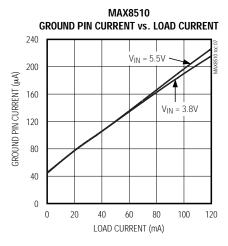
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

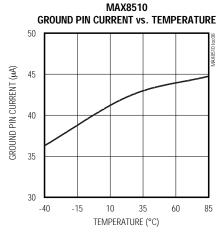
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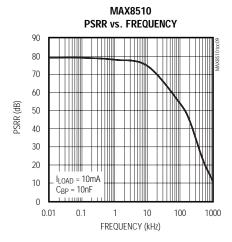


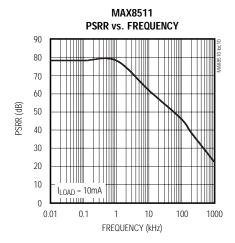


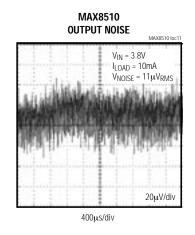


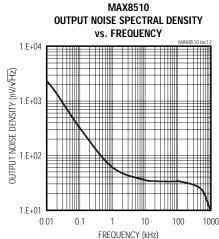






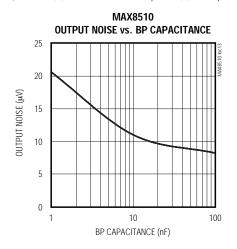


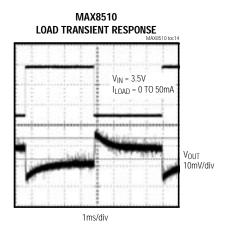


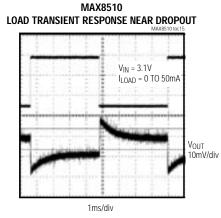


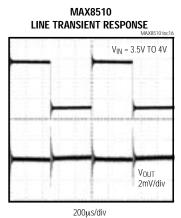
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

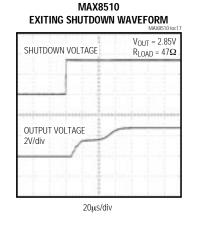
 $(V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5V, C_{IN} = 1\mu F, C_{OUT} = 1\mu F, C_{BP} = 10nF, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

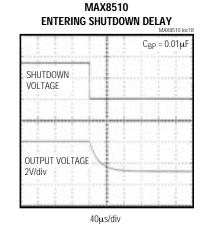


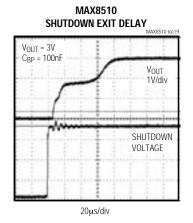


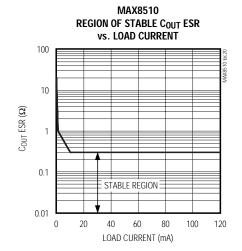












Pin Description

	PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
MAX8510	MAX8511	MAX8512	INAIVIE	FUNCTION
1	1	1	IN	Unregulated Input Supply
2	2	2	GND	Ground
3	3	3	SHDN	Shutdown. Pull low to disable the regulator.
4	_	_	BP Noise Bypass for Low-Noise Operation. Connect a 10nF capacitor fr BP to OUT. It is short to OUT in shutdown mode.	
_	4	_	N.C. Not Internally Connected	
_	1	4	FB Adjustable Output Feedback Point	
5	5	5	OUT Regulated Output Voltage. Bypass with a capacitor to GND. See the Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability section for more details.	

### Detailed Description

The MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 are ultra-low-noise, low-dropout, low-quiescent current linear regulators designed for space-restricted applications. The parts are available with preset output voltages ranging from 1.5V to 4.5V in 100mV increments. These devices can supply loads up to 120mA. As shown in the *Functional Diagram*, the MAX8510/MAX8511 consist of an innovative bandgap core and noise bypass circuit, error amplifier, P-channel pass transistor, and internal feedback voltage-divider. The MAX8512 allows for adjustable output with an external feedback network.

The 1.225V bandgap reference is connected to the error amplifier's inverting input. The error amplifier compares this reference with the feedback voltage and amplifies the difference. If the feedback voltage is lower than the reference voltage, the pass-transistor gate is pulled low. This allows more current to pass to the output and increases the output voltage. If the feedback voltage is too high, the pass transistor gate is pulled high, allowing less current to pass to the output. The output voltage is fed back through an internal resistor voltage-divider connected to the OUT pin.

An external bypass capacitor connected to BP (MAX8510) reduces noise at the output. Additional blocks include a current limiter, thermal sensor, and shutdown logic.

#### Internal P-Channel Pass Transistor

The MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 feature a  $1\Omega$  (typ) P-channel MOSFET pass transistor. This provides several advantages over similar designs using a PNP pass transistor, including longer battery life. The P-channel MOSFET requires no base drive, which considerably reduces quiescent current. PNP-based regulators

waste considerable current in dropout when the pass transistor saturates. They also use high base-drive current under heavy loads. The MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 do not suffer from these problems and consume only  $40\mu A$  of quiescent current in light load and  $220\mu A$  in dropout (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

#### **Output Voltage Selection**

The MAX8510/MAX8511 are supplied with factory-set output voltages from 1.5V to 4.5V, in 100mV increments (see *Ordering Information*). The MAX8512 features a user-adjustable output through an external feedback network (see the *Typical Operating Circuits*).

To set the output of the MAX8512, use the following equation:

$$R1 = R2 \times \left( \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}} - 1 \right)$$

where R2 is chosen to be less than  $240k\Omega$  and  $V_{REF} = 1.225V$ . Use 1% or better resistors.

#### **Shutdown**

The MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 feature a low-power shutdown mode that reduces quiescent current less than 1µA. Driving SHDN low disables the voltage reference, error amplifier, gate-drive circuitry, and pass transistor (see the *Functional Diagram*), and the device output enters a high-impedance state. Connect SHDN to IN for normal operation.

#### **Current Limit**

The MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 include a current limiter, which monitors and controls the pass transistor's gate voltage, limiting the output current to 200mA.

MIXIM

For design purposes, consider the current limit to be 130mA (min) to 300mA (max). The output can be shorted to ground for an indefinite amount of time without damaging the part.

#### **Thermal-Overload Protection**

Thermal-overload protection limits total power dissipation in the MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512. When the junction temperature exceeds  $T_J = +160^{\circ}\text{C}$ , the thermal sensor signals the shutdown logic, turning off the pass transistor and allowing the IC to cool down. The thermal sensor turns the pass transistor on again after the IC's junction temperature drops by 10°C, resulting in a pulsed output during continuous thermal-overload conditions.

Thermal-overload protection is designed to protect the MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 in the event of a fault condition. For continual operation, do not exceed the absolute maximum junction temperature rating of  $T_J = +150^{\circ}C$ .

#### Operating Region and Power Dissipation

The MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the case and circuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and ambient, and the rate of airflow. The power dissipation across the device is:

The maximum power dissipation is:

$$P_{MAX} = (T_J - T_A) / (\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA})$$

where T<sub>J</sub> - T<sub>A</sub> is the temperature difference between the MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 die junction and the surrounding air,  $\theta_{JC}$  is the thermal resistance of the package, and  $\theta_{CA}$  is the thermal resistance through the PC board, copper traces, and other materials to the surrounding air.

The GND pin of the MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 performs the dual function of providing an electrical connection to ground and channeling heat away. Connect the GND pin to ground using a large pad or ground plane.

#### **Noise Reduction**

For the MAX8510, an external 0.01 $\mu$ F bypass capacitor between BP and OUT with innovative noise bypass scheme reduces output noises dramatically, exhibiting 11 $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub> of output voltage noise with C<sub>BP</sub> = 0.01 $\mu$ F and C<sub>OUT</sub> = 1 $\mu$ F. Startup time is minimized by a power-on circuit that precharges the bypass capacitor.

### Applications Information

# Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability

Use a 1µF capacitor on the MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 input and a 1µF capacitor on the output. Larger input capacitor values and lower ESRs provide better noise rejection and line-transient response. Reduce output noise and improve load-transient response, stability, and power-supply rejection by using large output capacitors. Note that some ceramic dielectrics exhibit large capacitance and ESR variation with temperature. With dielectrics such as Z5U and Y5V, it may be necessary to use a 2.2µF or larger output capacitor to ensure stability at temperatures below -10°C. With X7R or X5R dielectrics, 1µF is sufficient at all operating temperatures. A graph of the region of stable COUT ESR vs. load current is shown in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*.

Use a  $0.01\mu F$  bypass capacitor at BP (MAX8510) for low-output voltage noise. The leakage current going into the BP pin should be less than 10nA. Increasing the capacitance slightly decreases the output noise. Values above  $0.1\mu F$  and below  $0.001\mu F$  are not recommended.

#### Noise, PSRR, and Transient Response

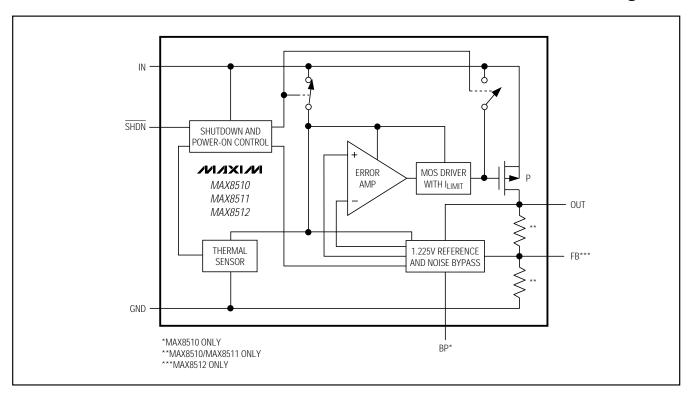
The MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 are designed to deliver ultra-low noise and high PSRR, as well as low dropout and low quiescent currents in battery-powered systems. The MAX8510 power-supply rejection is 78dB at 1kHz and 54dB at 100kHz. The MAX8511/MAX8512 PSRR is 72dB at 1kHz and 46dB at 100kHz (see the Power-Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

When operating from sources other than batteries, improved supply-noise rejection and transient response can be achieved by increasing the values of the input and output bypass capacitors, and through passive filtering techniques. The *Typical Operating Characteristics* show the MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 line- and load-transient responses.

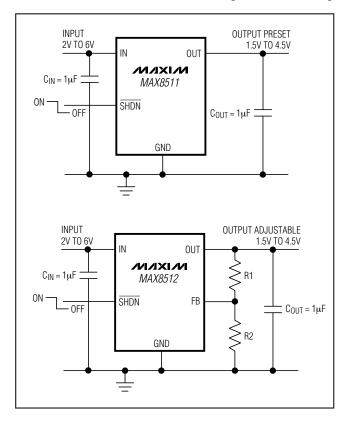
#### Dropout Voltage

A regulator's minimum dropout voltage determines the lowest usable supply voltage. In battery-powered systems, this determines the useful end-of-life battery voltage. Because the MAX8510/MAX8511/MAX8512 use a P-channel MOSFET pass transistor, their dropout voltage is a function of drain-to-source on-resistance (RDS(ON)) multiplied by the load current (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

Functional Diagram



### Typical Operating Circuits (continued)



## Output Voltage Selector Guide

PART	Vout (V)	TOP MARK
MAX8510EXK16-T	1.6	AEX
MAX8510EXK18-T	1.8	AEA
MAX8510EXK25-T	2.5	AEB
MAX8510EXK27-T	2.7	AEC
MAX8510EXK28-T	2.8	AED
MAX8510EXK29-T	2.85	ADS
MAX8510EXK30-T	3	ADT
MAX8510EXK33-T	3.3	AEE
MAX8510EXK45-T	4.5	AGC
MAX8511EXK15-T	1.5	ADU
MAX8511EXK18-T	1.8	AEF
MAX8511EXK25-T	2.5	ADV
MAX8511EXK26-T	2.6	AEG
MAX8511EXK28-T	2.8	AFA
MAX8511EXK29-T	2.85	AFQ
MAX8511EXK89-T	2.9	AEH
MAX8511EXK31-T	3.1	ARS
MAX8511EXK33-T	3.3	AEI
MAX8511EXK45-T	4.5	AEJ
MAX8512EXK-T	Adjustable	ADW

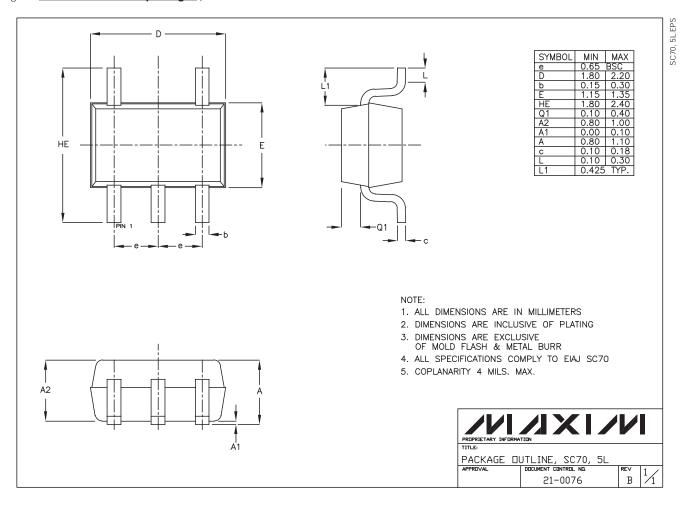
(**Note:** Standard output voltage options, shown in **bold**, are available. Contact the factory for other output voltages between 1.5V and 4.5V. Minimum order quantity is 15,000 units)

**Chip Information** 

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 284 PROCESS: BICMOS

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



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