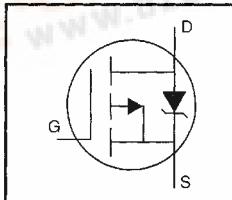


HEXFET® Power MOSFET

- Surface Mount
- Available in Tape & Reel
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- P-Channel
- Fast Switching
- Ease of Paralleling
- Simple Drive Requirements



$V_{DSS} = -200V$

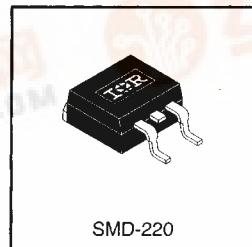
$R_{DS(on)} = 1.5\Omega$

$I_D = -3.5A$

Description

The HEXFET technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry and unique processing of the HEXFET design achieve very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance and extreme device ruggedness.

The SMD-220 is a surface mount power package capable of accommodating die sizes up to HEX-4. It provides the highest power capability and the lowest possible on-resistance in any existing surface mount package. The SMD-220 is suitable for high current applications because of its low internal connection resistance and can dissipate up to 2.0W in a typical surface mount application.



DATA SHEETS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_c = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ -10 V$	-3.5	
$I_D @ T_c = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ -10 V$	-2.0	A
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	-14	
$P_D @ T_c = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	40	
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation (PCB Mount)**	3.0	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.32	
	Linear Derating Factor (PCB Mount)**	0.025	W/ ^o C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
I_{LM}	Inductive Current, Clamp	-14	A
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	-5.0	V/ns
T_J, T_{STG}	Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
R_{JC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	3.1	
R_{JA}	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount)**	—	—	40	$^\circ C/W$
R_{JA}	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	62	

** When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material).

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-200	—	—	V	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	-0.22	—	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $I_D=-1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	1.5	Ω	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$, $I_D=-1.5\text{A}$ ④
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	-2.0	—	-4.0	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	1.0	—	—	S	$V_{DS}=-50\text{V}$, $I_D=-1.5\text{A}$ ④
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	-100	μA	$V_{DS}=-200\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$
		—	—	-500		$V_{DS}=-160\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS}=+20\text{V}$
		—	—	100		$V_{GS}=-20\text{V}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	22	nC	$I_D=-4.0\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	12		$V_{DS}=-160\text{V}$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	10		$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ See Fig. 6 and 12 ④
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	15	—	ns	$V_{DD}=100\text{V}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	25	—		$I_D=-1.5\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	20	—		$R_G=50\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	15	—		$R_D=67\Omega$ See Figure 10 ④
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L_s	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	350	—	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	100	—		$V_{DS}=-25\text{V}$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	30	—		$f=1.0\text{MHz}$ See Figure 5

Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	-3.5	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	-14		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	-7.0		$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S=-3.5\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	300	450	ns	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F=-3.5\text{A}$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	1.9	2.9	μC	$dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L_s+L_d)				

Notes:

① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature (See Figure 11)

③ $I_{SD}\leq-3.5\text{A}$, $dI/dt\leq95\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD}\leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$, $T_J\leq150^\circ\text{C}$

② Not Applicable

④ Pulse width $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

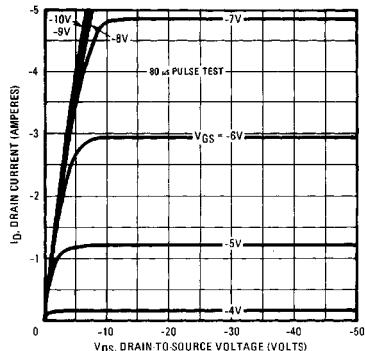


Fig. 1 — Typical Output Characteristics

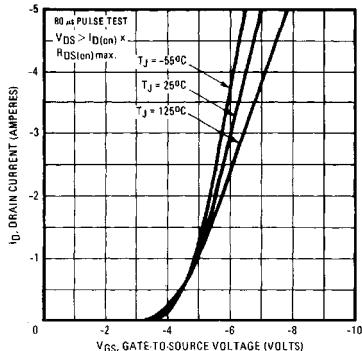


Fig. 2 — Typical Transfer Characteristics

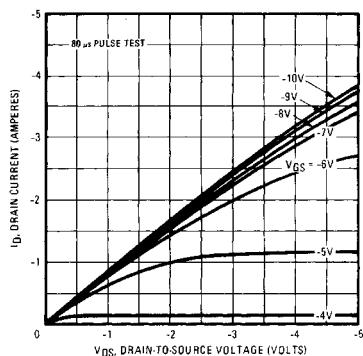


Fig. 3 — Typical Saturation Characteristics

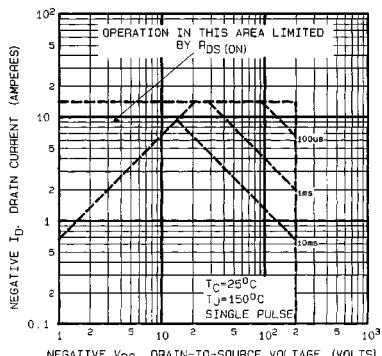


Fig. 4 — Maximum Safe Operating Area

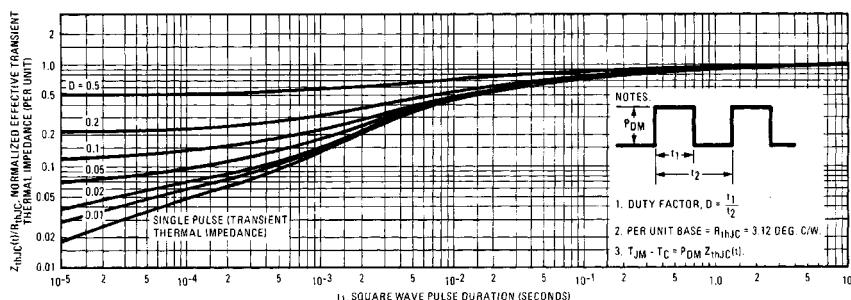


Fig. 5 — Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

IRF9620S

ICP

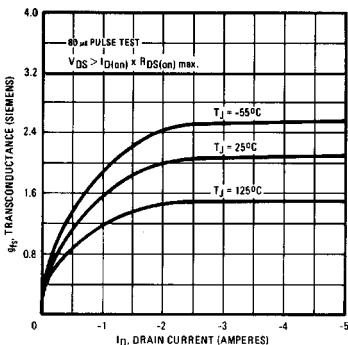


Fig. 6 — Typical Transconductance Vs.
Drain Current

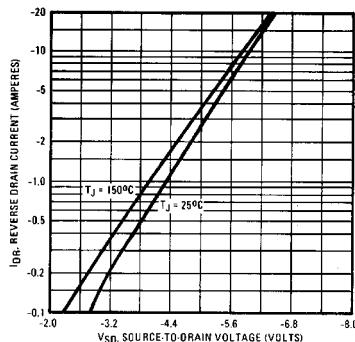


Fig. 7 — Typical Source-Drain Diode
Forward Voltage

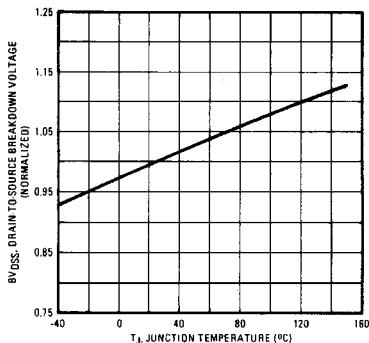


Fig. 8 — Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

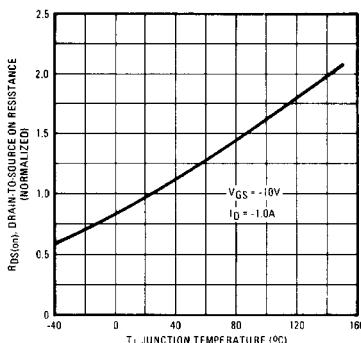


Fig. 9 — Normalized On-Resistance Vs.
Temperature

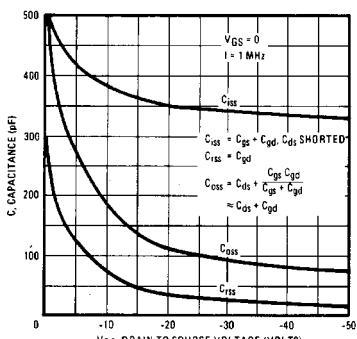


Fig. 10 — Typical Capacitance Vs.
Drain-to-Source Voltage

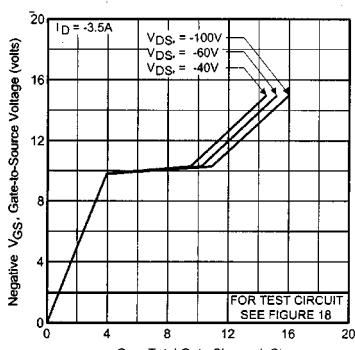


Fig. 11 — Typical Gate Charge Vs.
Gate-to-Source Voltage

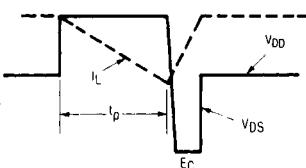
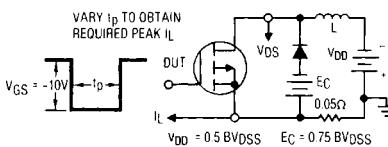
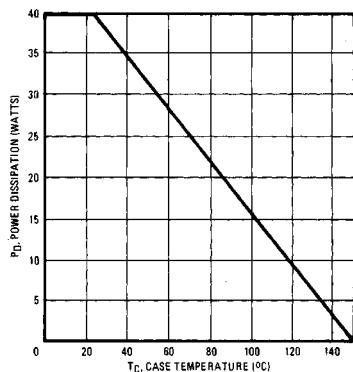
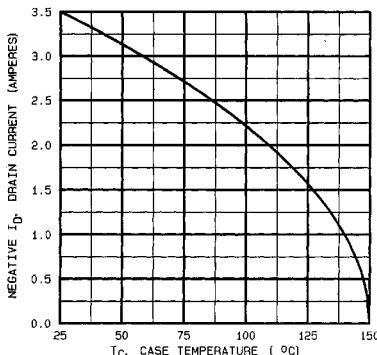
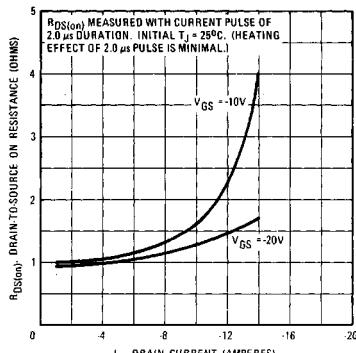


Fig. 15 — Clamped Inductive Test Circuit

Fig. 16 — Clamped Inductive Waveforms

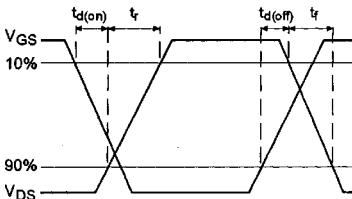
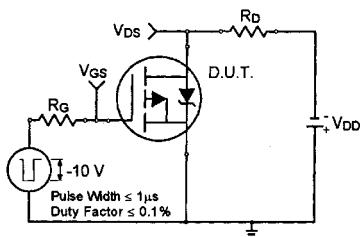


Fig. 17a — Switching Time Test Circuit

Fig. 17b — Switching Time Waveforms

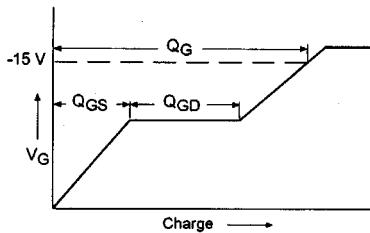


Fig. 18a — Basic Gate Charge Waveform

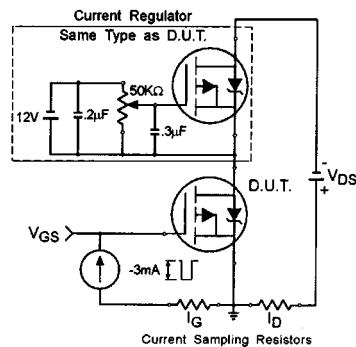


Fig. 18b — Gate Charge Test Circuit

Appendix A: Figure 14, Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit – See page 1506

Appendix B: Package Outline Mechanical Drawing – See page 1507

Appendix C: Part Marking Information – See page 1515

Appendix D: Tape & Reel Information – See page 1519