

FAN1539/FAN1540

1A/1.3A, LDO With Low Quiescent Current

Features

- Very Low Ground Current ($I_{GND} = 1\text{mA}$)
- Excellent Line Regulation
- Excellent Load Regulation
- Very Low Transient Overshoot
- Stable with low ESR Output Capacitor ($\text{ESR} = 0\text{m}\Omega$)
- Thermal Shutdown
- Current Limit
- Output Options: 3.3V and 1.8V

Applications

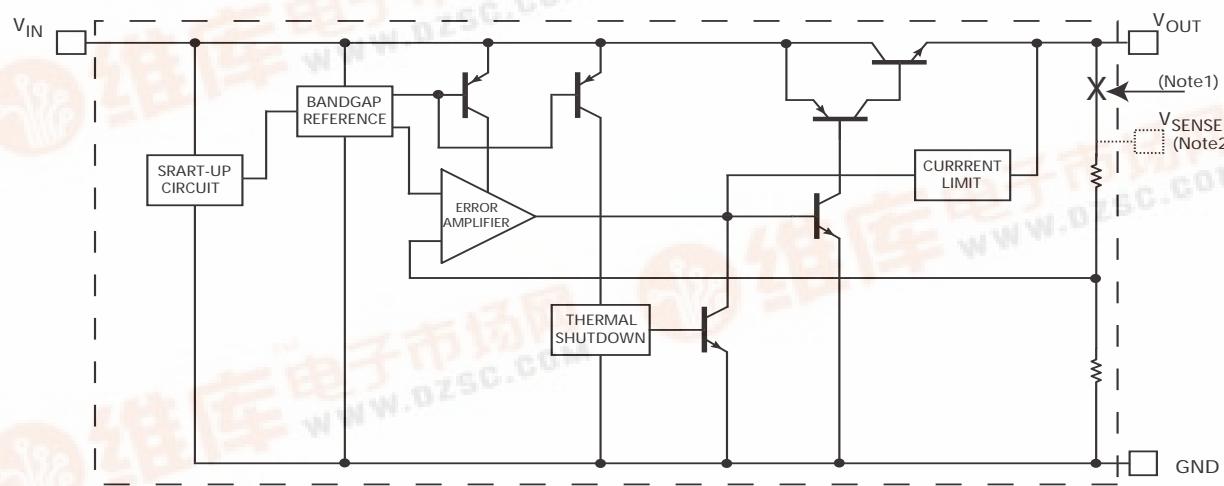
- Disk Drive Circuits
- Desktop Computers
- Laptop, Notebook Computers
- General purpose Three Terminal Regulator

Description

The FAN1539/FAN1540 series of high current LDO (1.0A and 1.3A) has been developed for portable applications where low quiescent current is an important requirement. The device features excellent line and load transient response which does not exceed 10% of nominal output value for full operating temperature range even during power ON cycle and short circuit removal. Internally trimmed, temperature compensated bandgap reference guarantees 2.5% accuracy for full range of input voltage, output current and temperature. Included on the chip are accurate current limit and thermal shutdown protection. Device stability is achieved with only two external low ESR ceramic capacitors.

The FAN1539/FAN1540 is available in thermally enhanced 3x3mm 6-lead MLP, 5x6mm 8-lead MLP package and 3-lead TO-252 packages. The 5x6mm MLP package version features separate Kelvin sense pin for high precision applications.

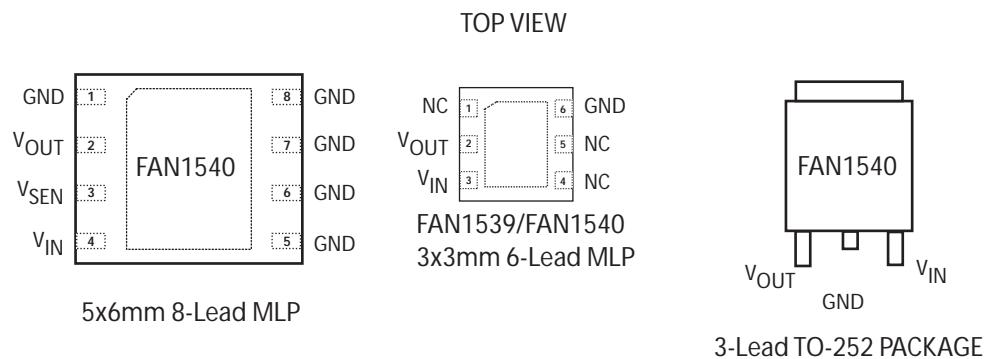
Block Diagram



Notes:

1. No connection for FAN1540MMPX.
2. V_SENSE available for FAN1540MMPX.

Pin Assignments



Pin Description

Symbol	Name And Function
V_{IN}	Input pin
GND	Ground Pin (Tab)
V_{OUT}	Output pin: Fixed Output Voltage
V_{SEN}	Output sense pin. Connect to V_{OUT} if Kelvin sensing is not required
NC	No Connection

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Operating Input Voltage	V_{IN}	10	V
Power Dissipation	P_D	Internally Limited	W
Short Circuit Output Current	I_{OSH}	Internally Limited	A
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T_J	0 to 150	°C
Thermal Resistance- Junction to Tab, TO-252	θ_{JC}	3	°C/W
Thermal Resistance- Junction to Tab, 3mmx3mm 6-lead MLP (Note 3)	θ_{JC}	8	°C/W
Thermal Resistance- Junction to Tab, 5mmx6mm 8-lead MLP (Note 3)	θ_{JC}	4	°C/W
Storage Temperature Range (Note 3)	T_{STG}	-65 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature (I.R. Reflow) 30Sec. (Note 4)	T_{LEAD}	240	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering) 10Sec. (Note 4)	T_{LEAD}	260	°C
Electrostatic Discharge Protection (Note 5)	HBM	4	kV
	CDM	2	

Notes:

3. Junction to ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA} is a strong function of PCB material, board thickness, thickness and number of copper plains, number of via used, diameter of via used, available copper surface, and attached heat sink characteristics. Thermal resistance(θ_{JA}), V_{IN} , I_{OUT} must be chosen not to exceed $T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$.
4. Soldering temperature should be 260°C for 10 second after 240°C for 30 second in I.R. reflow using 60/40 solder. Maximum rate of temperature rise is 3°C/SEC to within 100°C of the final temperature.
5. Using Mil Std. 883E, method 3015.7(Human Body Model) and EIA/JESD22C101-A (Charge Device Model).

Electrical Characteristics—FAN1539MPX, FAN1540MPX, FAN1540MMPX, FAN1540DX

Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 4.50V$ to $7V$, $T_j = 25^\circ C$, I_{MAX} (FAN1539) = $1.0A$, I_{MAX} (FAN1540) = $1.3A$. **Boldface** limits apply over operating junction temperature range of $0^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ C$.

		TEST CONDITIONS			TEST LIMITS			
Parameter	Symbol	V_{IN}	I_{OUT}		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage FAN1540	V_{OUT}	$4.75V \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.25V$	$5mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{MAX}$		3.234	3.300	3.366	V
					3.217		3.383	
Line Regulation	$REG_{(LINE)}$	$3.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.25V$	$5mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{MAX}$			2	15	mV
Load Regulation	$REG_{(LOAD)}$	4.75V	$5mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{MAX}$	FAN1539		25	35	mV
				FAN1540		30	40	
Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	V_D		$I_{OUT} = I_{MAX}$			0.9	1.2	V
Current Limit	I_S	5.5V				3.3		A
Min. Output Current for regulation ($\Delta V_{OUT} \leq 3\%$)	I_{OMIN}						0	mA
Temperature Stability	T_S		$I_{OUT} = 5mA$			0.3		%
RMS Output Noise (Note 7)	V_N		$I_{OUT} = I_{MAX}$		0.003			% V_{OUT}
Ripple Rejection Ratio (Note 8)	R_A	5V	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$	65	75		dB	
			$I_{OUT} = 100mA$	63	73			
			$I_{OUT} = I_{MAX}$	45	57			
Transient Response Change of V_{OUT} with step load change (Note 9)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	5V	1mA to I_{MAX} $t_r \geq 1\mu S$		2.0	10 (under-shoot or over-shoot of V_{OUT})	%	
			I_{MAX} to 1mA $t_f \geq 1\mu S$					
Transient Response Change of V_{OUT} with application of V_{IN} (Note 9)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	0 to 5V Step Input $t_r \geq 1\mu S$ 10% to 90%	$1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{MAX}$		5.0	10 (under-shoot or over-shoot of V_{OUT})		%

Electrical Characteristics—FAN1539MPX, FAN1540MPX, FAN1540MMPX, FAN1540DX (Continued)

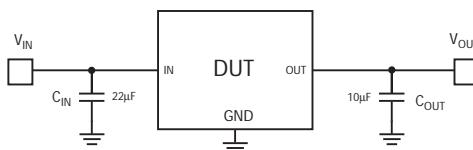
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		TEST CONDITIONS		TEST LIMITS			
Parameter	Symbol	V_{IN}	I_{OUT}	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Transient Response Short circuit Removal Response (Note 9)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$ @ I_{OUT} = short	5V	I_{OUT} = short to I_{OUT} = $10mA$		5.0	10 (overshoot or under- shoot of V_O)	%
Quiescent Current	I_{GND}	$V_{IN} \leq 7V$	$I_{OUT} = 0mA$		1.0	2.0	mA
Quiescent Current	I_{GND}	$V_{IN} \leq 7V$	$2mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{MAX}$		1.0	2.0	mA
Quiescent Current	I_{GND}	$V_{IN} = 5V$	$0mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 50mA$		1.0	2.0	mA
Thermal Shutdown	T_{jSD}	$3.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.25V$			160		°C
Thermal Hysteresis	T_{HYST}	$3.0 \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.25V$			15		°C

Notes:

6. Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential voltage at which the output voltage drops 1% below the nominal value measured at $V_{IN} = 5V$.
7. Measured within 10Hz to 10kHz bandwidth.
8. Measured at DC, specified at 120 Hz.
9. $C_{IN} = 22\mu F$, $C_{OUT} = 10\mu F$. Both capacitors are low ESR X7R type.

Test Circuit



Notes: 1. Use low ESR capacitors.
2. C_{IN} should be placed as close to V_{IN} as possible.

Electrical Characteristics—FAN1540D18X

Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.135V$ to $3.465V$, $T_j = 25^\circ C$, $I_{MAX} = 1.3A$. **Boldface limits** apply over operating junction temperature range of $0^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ C$.

		TEST CONDITIONS		TEST LIMITS			
Parameter	Symbol	V_{IN}	I_{OUT}	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	$3.15V \leq V_{IN} \leq 3.465V$	$5mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{MAX}$	1.755	1.800	1.845	V
Line Regulation	$REG_{(LINE)}$	$3.135V \leq V_{IN} \leq 3.465V$	$5mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{MAX}$		3	10	mV
Load Regulation	$REG_{(LOAD)}$	3.3V	$5mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{MAX}$		20	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 6)	V_D		$I_{OUT} = I_{MAX}$		0.9	1.2	V
Current Limit	I_S	3.3V			2.5		A
Min. Output Current for regulation ($\Delta V_{OUT} \leq 3\%$)	I_{OMIN}					0	mA
Temperature Stability	T_S		$I_{OUT} = 5mA$		0.3		%
RMS Output Noise (Note 7)	V_N		$I_{OUT} = I_{MAX}$		0.003		% V_{OUT}
Ripple Rejection Ratio (Note 8)	R_A	3.3V	$I_{OUT} = 500mA$	40			dB
Transient Response Change of V_{OUT} with step load change (Note 9)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	3.3V	1mA to I_{MAX} $t_r \geq 1\mu S$		2.0	10 (under-shoot or over-shoot of V_{OUT})	%
			I_{MAX} to 1mA $t_f \geq 1\mu S$				
Transient Response Change of V_{OUT} with application of V_{IN} (Note 9)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	0 to 1.8V Step Input $t_r \geq 1\mu S$ 10% to 90%	$1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{MAX}$		3.0	10 (under-shoot or over-shoot of V_{OUT})	%

Electrical Characteristics—FAN1540D18X (Continued)

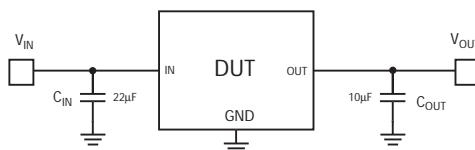
Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.135V$ to $3.465V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$. **Boldface limits** apply over operating junction temperature range of $0^\circ C \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ C$.

Parameter	Symbol	TEST CONDITIONS		TEST LIMITS			Units
		V_{IN}	I_{OUT}	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Transient Response Short circuit Removal Response (Note 9)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$ $@ I_{OUT} = \text{short}$	3.3V	$I_{OUT} = \text{short}$ to $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$		3.0	10 (over- shoot or un- der- shoot of V_O)	%
Quiescent Current	I_{GND}	3.3V	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$		1.0	2.0	mA
Quiescent Current	I_{GND}	3.3V	$2\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{MAX}$		1.0	2.0	mA
Thermal Shutdown	T_{JSD}				160		$^\circ C$
Thermal Hysteresis	T_{HYST}				10		$^\circ C$

Notes:

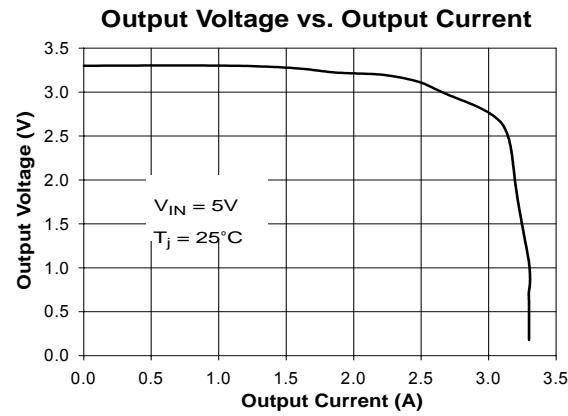
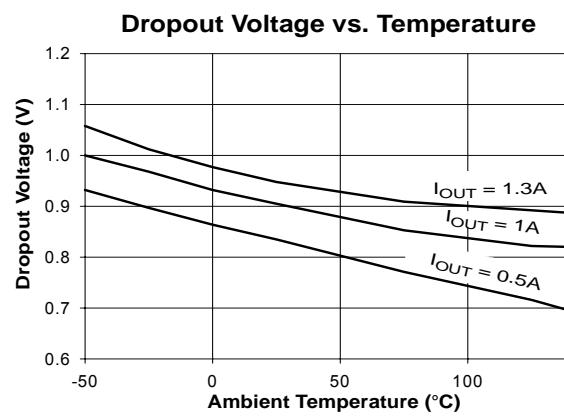
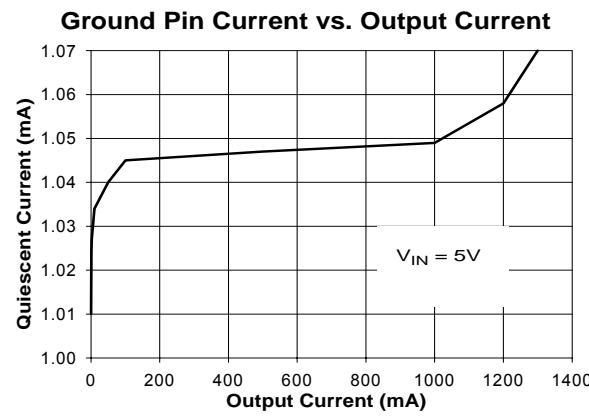
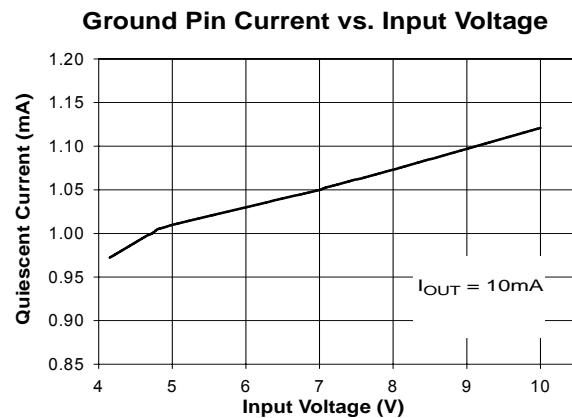
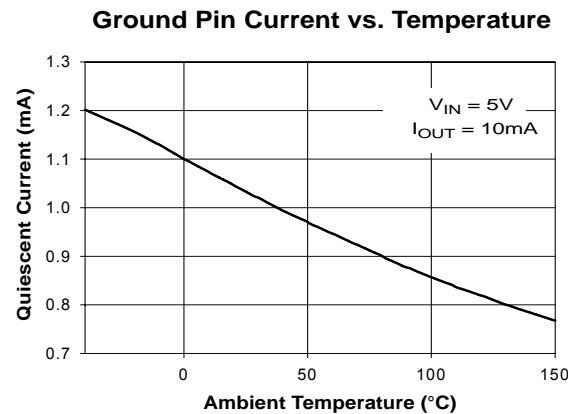
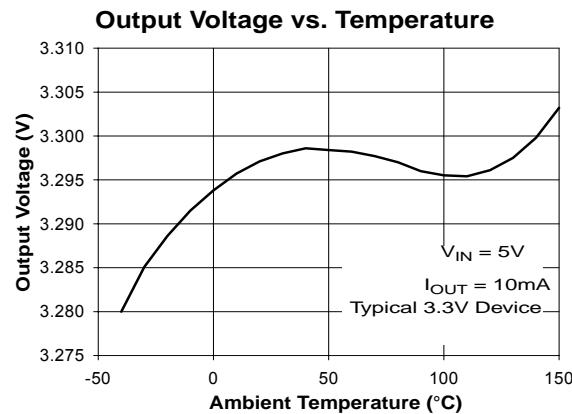
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7. Measured within 10Hz to 10kHz bandwidth.
8. Measured at DC, specified at 120 Hz.
9. $C_{IN} = 22\mu\text{F}$, $C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$. Both capacitors are low ESR X7R type.

Test Circuit



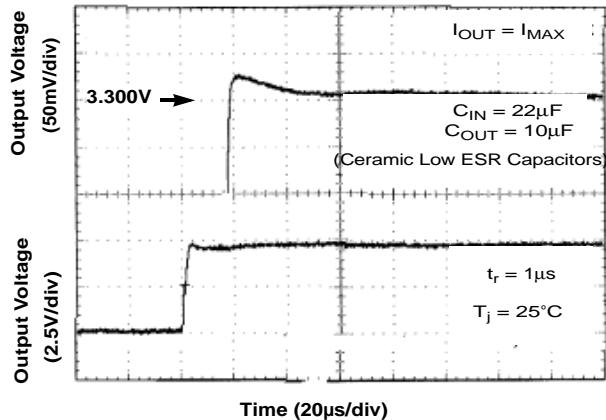
Notes: 1. Use low ESR capacitors.
2. C_{IN} should be placed as close to V_{IN} as possible.

Typical Performance Characteristics—FAN1539MPX, FAN1540MPX, FAN1540MMPX, FAN1540DX

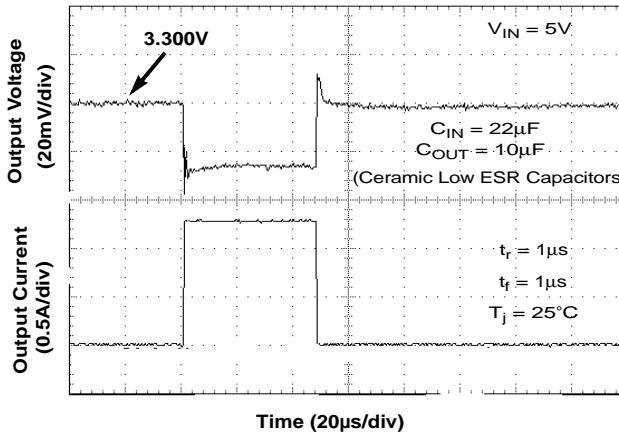


Typical Performance Characteristics—FAN1539MPX, FAN1540MPX, FAN1540MMPX, FAN1540DX (Continued)

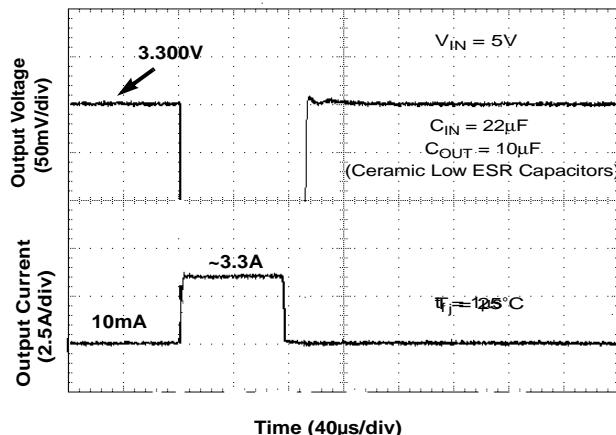
Line Transient Response



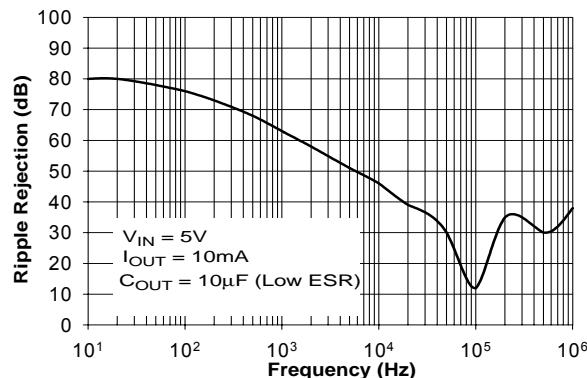
Load Transient Response



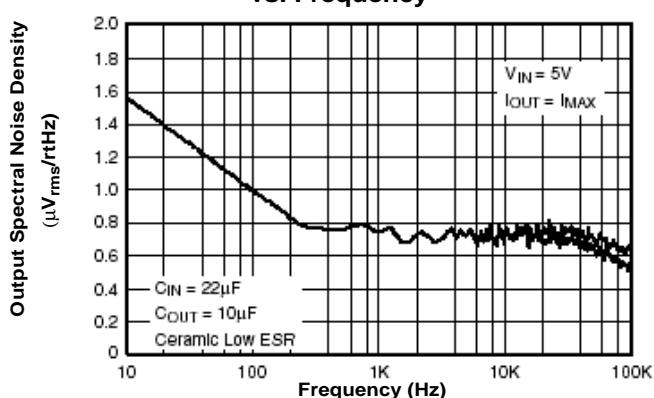
Short Circuit Removal Response



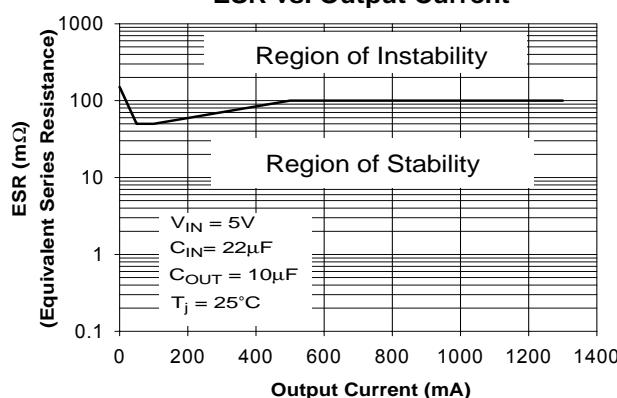
Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency



Output Spectral Noise Density vs. Frequency



Typical Region of Stability ESR vs. Output Current*

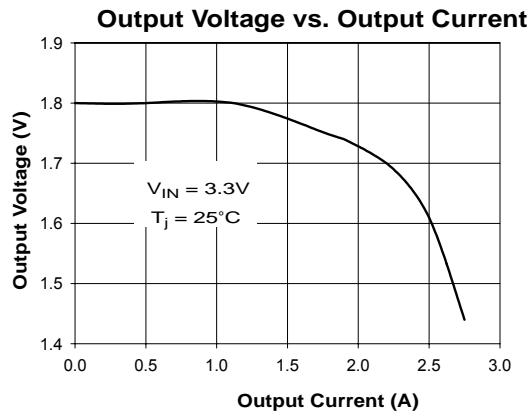
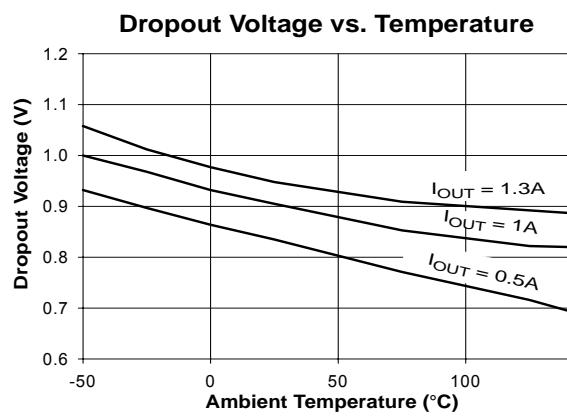
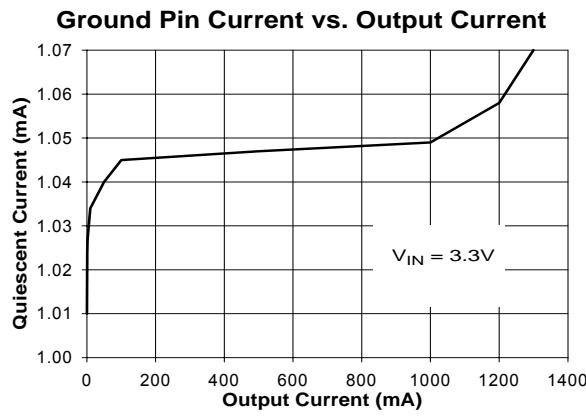
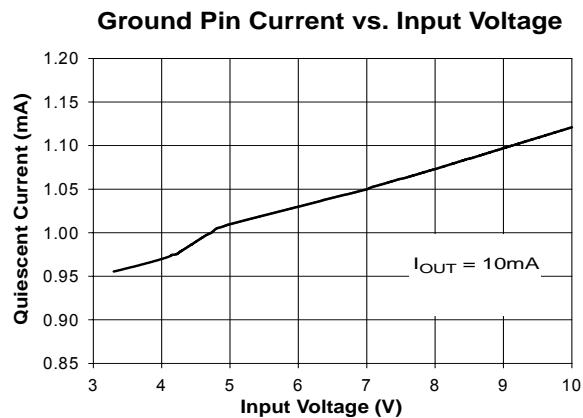
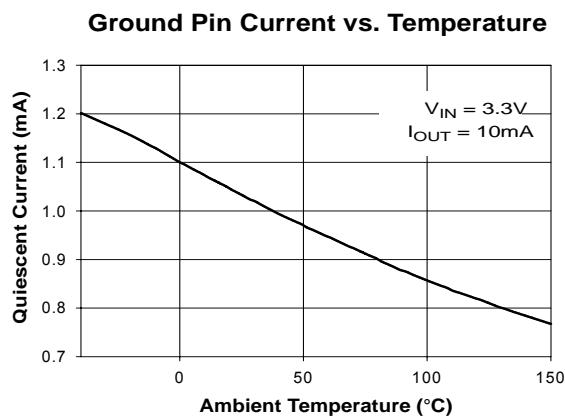
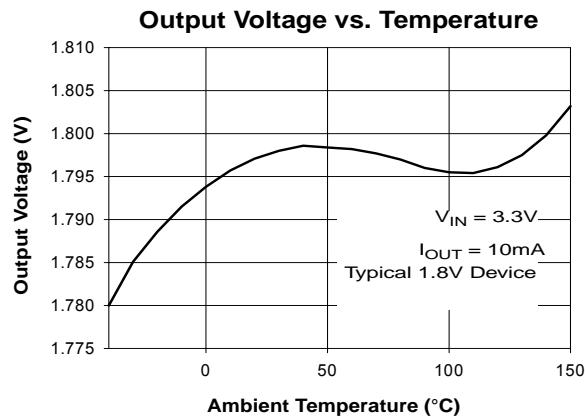


Note:

Transient response tests require short lead lengths and low resistance connections at source and load.

*Note: ESR Values measured at f=10kHz

Typical Performance Characteristics—FAN1540D18X



Applications Information

General Circuit Description

The FAN1539/FAN1540 is an advanced low dropout voltage regulator, specially designed for applications in portable computers, where high performance and low quiescent current is required. The device has an internal trimmed bandgap voltage reference and an internal output voltage sense divider. These two signals form the input to the error amplifier which regulates the output voltage.

The FAN1539/FAN1540 has a complete set of internal protection circuitry including thermal shutdown, short circuit current limit and electrostatic discharge protection. Low ESR ceramic capacitors are needed for input as well as output pins to maintain the circuit stability.

Short Circuit Current Limit

The device has internal over-current limit and short circuit protection. Under over-current conditions the device current is determined by the current limit threshold. Once the device is released from short circuit conditions, the normal level of current limit is gradually re-established as the device output voltage reaches normal levels. Special circuitry has been added to ensure that recovery from short circuit current conditions does not lead to excessive overshoot of the output voltage -- a phenomenon often encountered in conventional regulators.

Thermal Protection

The FAN1539/FAN1540 is designed to supply at least 1A/1.3A output currents. Excessive output load at high input - output voltage difference will cause the device temperature to increase and exceed maximum ratings due to power dissipation. During output overload conditions, when the die temperature exceeds the shutdown limit temperature of 160°C, an onboard thermal protection will disable the output until the temperature drops approximately 15°C below the limit, at which point the output is re-enabled.

Thermal Characteristics

The FAN1539/FAN1540 is designed to supply at least 1A/1.3A at the specified output voltage with an operating die (junction) temperature of up to 125°C. Once the power dissipation and thermal resistance is known, the maximum junction temperature of the device can be calculated. While the power dissipation is calculated from known electrical parameters, the actual thermal resistance depends on the thermal characteristics of the chosen package and the surrounding PC board copper to which it is mounted.

The power dissipation is equal to the product of the input-to-output voltage differential and the output current plus the ground current multiplied by the input voltage, or:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})I_{OUT} + V_{IN}I_{GND}$$

The ground pin current, I_{GND} can be found in the charts provided in the "Electrical Characteristics" section.

The relationship describing the thermal behavior of the package is:

$$P_{D(max)} = \left\{ \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}} \right\}$$

where $T_{J(max)}$ is the maximum allowable junction temperature of the die, which is 150°C, and T_A is the ambient operating temperature. θ_{JA} is dependent on the surrounding PC board layout and can be empirically obtained. While the θ_{JC} (junction-to-case) of the 6-lead MLP package is specified at 8°C /W, the θ_{JA} for a minimum PWB footprint will be in substantially higher. This can be improved upon by providing a heat sink of surrounding copper ground on the PWB. Depending on the size of the copper area, and the thickness of the copper layer, the resulting θ_{JA} can vary over a wide range. The addition of backside copper with through-holes, stiffeners, and other enhancements can also aid in reducing thermal resistance. ***Thermal simulations performed on a thermally optimized board layout indicate that θ_{JA} as low as 20°C /W can be achieved.*** For example, the heat contributed by the dissipation of other devices located nearby must be included in the design considerations.

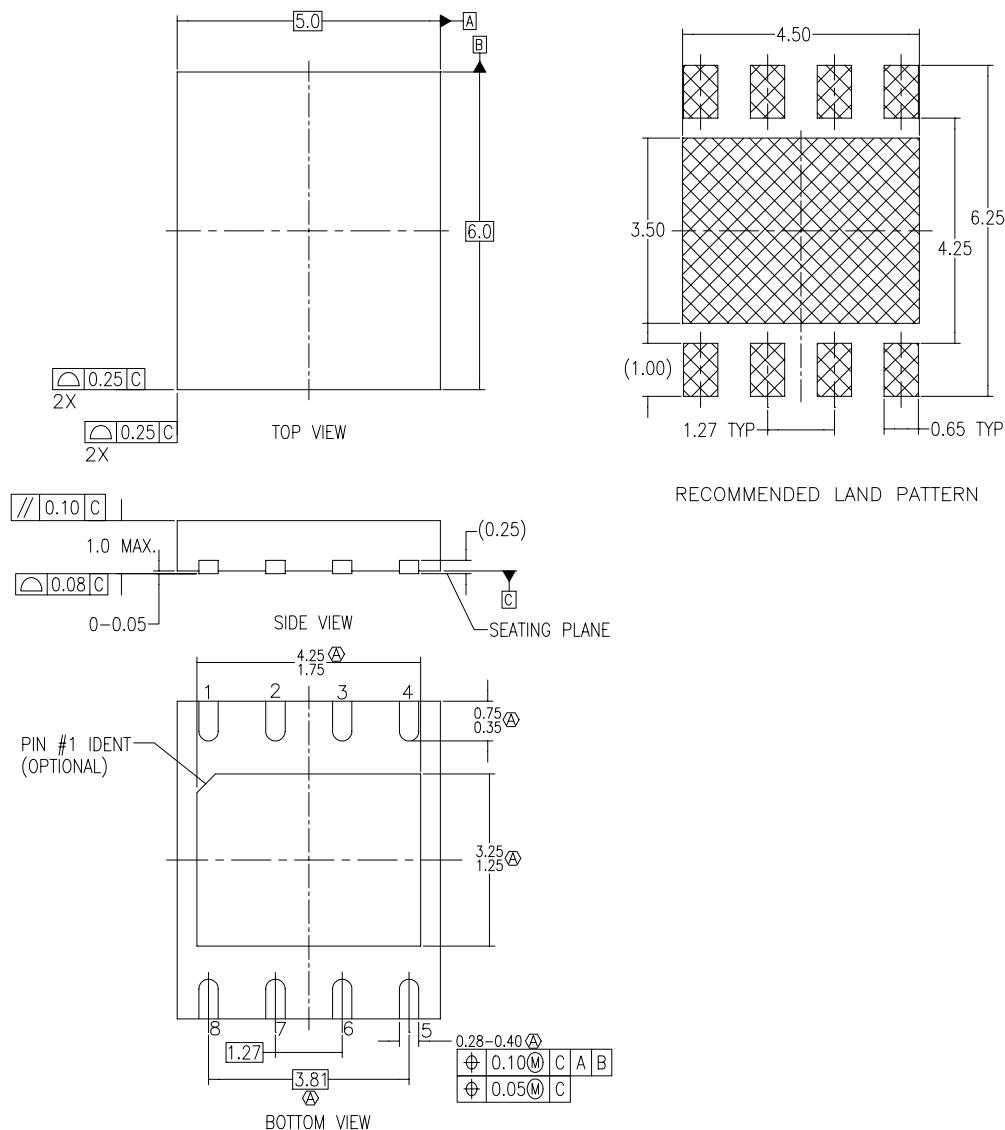
Overload conditions also need to be considered. It is possible for the device to enter a thermal cycling loop, in which the circuit enters a shutdown condition, cools, re-enables, and then again overheats and shuts down repeatedly due to a persistent fault condition.

Capacitor ESR and Printed Circuit Board Layout

The FAN1539/FAN1540 has been optimized to accommodate low ESR bypass capacitors down to 0 mΩ. For best results it is important to place *both* input and output bypass capacitors as near to the input and output pins as possible. Use of X7R types such as Murata's GRM31CR70J106KA01B (10µF) and GRM43ER71A226KE01B (22µF) or similar component from TDK. The capacitors should connect directly to the ground plane. Use of ground plane on the top and the bottom side of the PCB is recommended. As many via as possible should be used to minimize ground plane resistance.

Mechanical Dimensions

5x6mm 8-Lead MLP

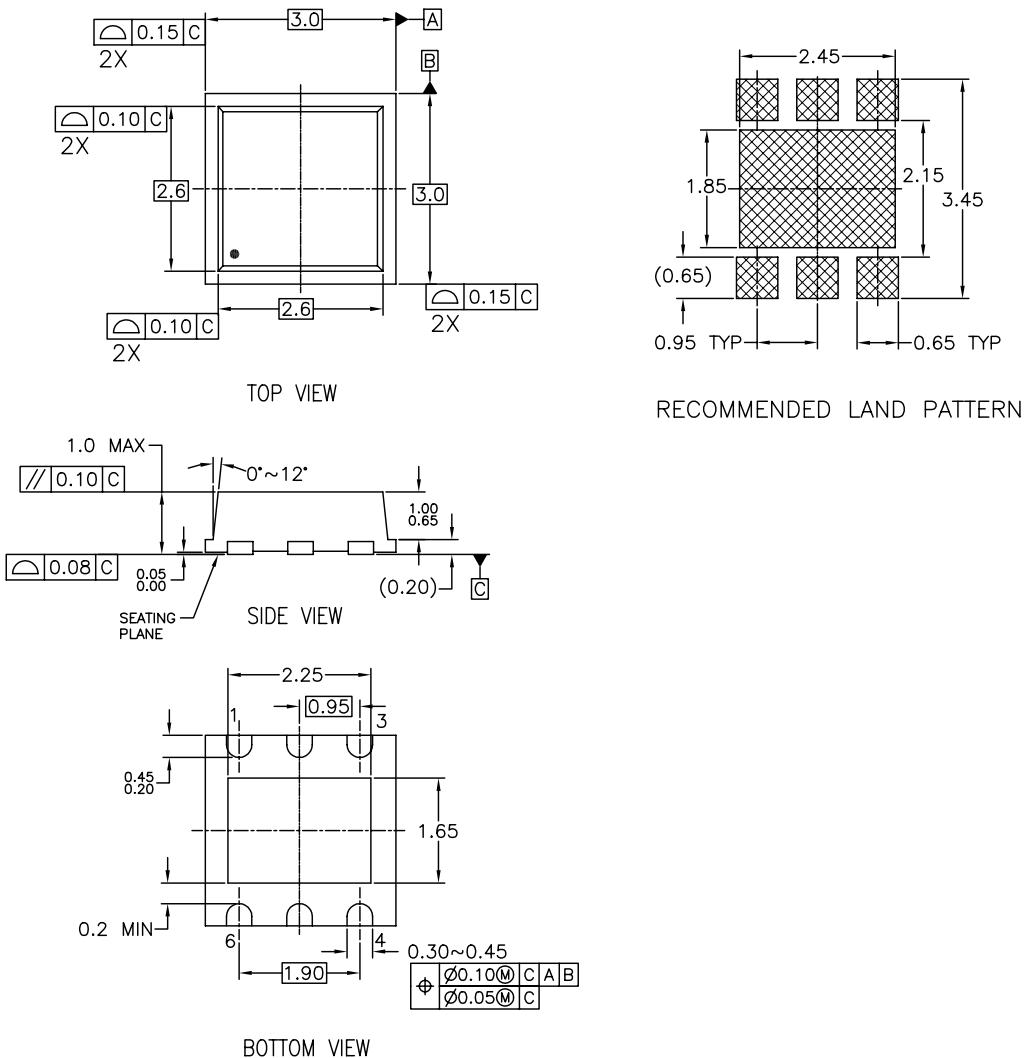


NOTES:

- Ⓐ DOES NOT FULLY CONFORM TO JEDEC REGISTRATION, MO-229, DATED 11/2001.
- B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994

Mechanical Dimensions

3x3mm 6-Lead MLP

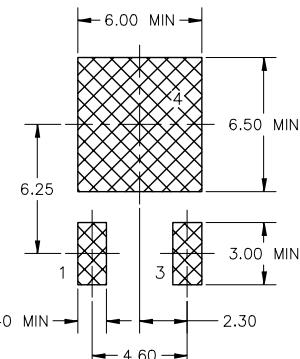
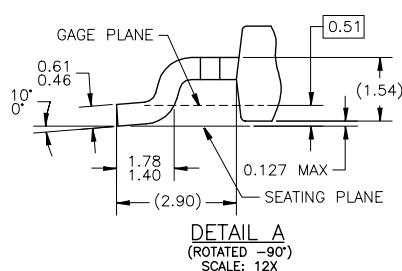
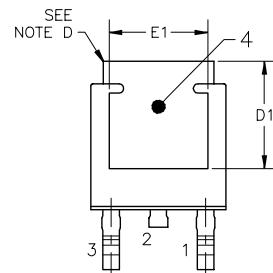
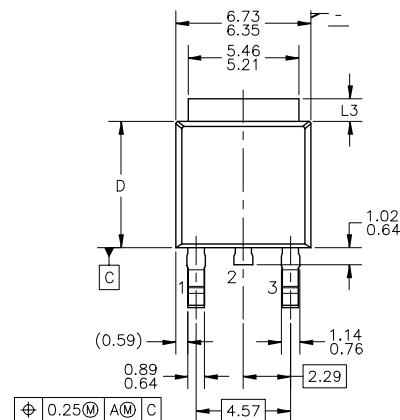


NOTES:

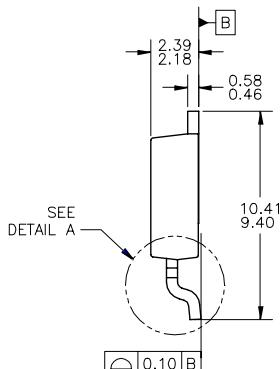
- A. CONFORMS TO JEDEC REGISTRATION MO-229,
VARIATION VEEA, DATED 11/2001
- B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER
ASME Y14.5M, 1994

Mechanical Dimensions

3-Lead TO-252



LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION



NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

A) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

B) THIS PACKAGE CONFORMS TO JEDEC, TO-252, ISSUE C, VARIATION AA & AB, DATED NOV. 1999.

C) DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.

D) HEAT SINK TOP EDGE COULD BE IN CHAMFERED CORNERS OR EDGE PROTRUSION.

E) DIMENSIONS L3,D,E1&D1 TABLE:

	OPTION AA	OPTION AB
L3	0.89–1.27	1.52–2.03
D	5.97–6.22	5.33–5.59
E1	4.32 MIN	3.81 MIN
D1	5.21 MIN	4.57 MIN

Ordering Information

Product Number	Output Voltage	Package
FAN1540MMPX	3.3V	5x6mm 8-Lead MLP in T&R
FAN1539MX	3.3V	3x3mm 6-Lead MLP in T&R
FAN1540MX	3.3V	3x3mm 6-Lead MLP in T&R
FAN1540DX	3.3V	3-Lead TO-252 in T&R
FAN1540D18X	1.8V	3-Lead TO-252 in T&R

Tape and Reel Information

Quantity	Reel Size	Width
3000	7"	8mm

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2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.