

April 2002

# **FDC6392S**

# 20V Integrated P-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET and Schottky Diode

## **General Description**

The FDC6392S combines the exceptional performance of Fairchild's PowerTrench MOSFET technology with a very low forward voltage drop Schottky barrier rectifier in an SSOT-6 package.

This device is designed specifically as a single package solution for DC to DC converters. It features a fast switching, low gate charge MOSFET with very low onstate resistance. The independently connected Schottky diode allows its use in a variety of DC/DC converter topologies.

# **Features**

### MOSFET:

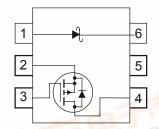
- -2.2 A, -20V.  $R_{DS(ON)}$  = 150 m $\Omega$  @  $V_{GS}$  = -4.5V  $R_{DS(ON)}$  = 200 m $\Omega$  @  $V_{GS}$  = -2.5V
- Low Gate Charge (3.7nC typ)
- Compact industry standard SuperSOT<sup>™</sup>-6 package

### Schottky:

• V<sub>F</sub> < 0.45 V @ 1 A



SuperSOT™-6



## Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	(CA)//6	Ratings	Units
V <sub>DSS</sub>	MOSFET Drain-Source Voltage	100	-20	V
V <sub>GSS</sub>	MOSFET Gate-Source Voltage		±12	V
I <sub>D</sub>	Drain Current - Continuous	(Note 1a)	-2.2	Α
	- Pulsed		-6	
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation for Single Operation	(Note 1a)	0.96	W
		(Note 1b)	0.9	17.10
		(Note 1c)	0.7	777
T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	Operating and Storage Junction Temperat	ure Range	_55 to +150	°C
$V_{RRM}$	Schottky Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage		20	V
Io	Schottky Average Forward Current	(Note 1a)	1	Α

## Thermal Characteristics

R <sub>θJA</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	(Note 1a)	130	°C/W
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	(Note 1)	60	

Package Marking and Ordering Information

П	Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
	.392	FDC6392S	7"	8mm	3000 units
_					

Symbol	Parameter	Test Co	nditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Off Char	acteristics	1			l.	1	
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain–Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 V$ , $I_D$	= -250 µA	-20			V
ΔBV <sub>DSS</sub> ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250 \mu\text{A},  \text{Ref}$			-16		mV/°C
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = -16 \text{ V},  V_{C}$	as = 0 V			-1	μA
I <sub>GSSF</sub>	Gate–Body Leakage, Forward	V <sub>GS</sub> = 12 V, V <sub>E</sub>				100	nA
I <sub>GSSR</sub>	Gate–Body Leakage, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -12 \text{ V}, V_{D}$				-100	nA
On Chara	acteristics (Note 2)					•	
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D}$	= –250 μA	-0.6	-1.0	-1.5	V
$\Delta V_{GS(th)} \over \Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250 \mu\text{A},  \text{Ref}$			3		mV/°C
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain–Source On–Resistance	$V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V},  I_D$ $V_{GS} = -2.5 \text{ V},  I_D$ $V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V},  I_D = -4.5 \text{ V}$	= -1.8 A		101 152 132	150 200 211	mΩ
I <sub>D(on)</sub>	On-State Drain Current	$V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}, V_{D}$	<sub>IS</sub> = -5 V	-6			Α
<b>g</b> FS	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = -5 \text{ V},  I_{D}$			6		S
Dynamic	Characteristics						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>DS</sub> = -10 V, V <sub>O</sub>	00 = 0 V		369		pF
Coss	Output Capacitance	f = 1.0 MHz	35 <b>0 •</b> ,		80		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				39		pF
R <sub>G</sub>	Gate Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> = -15 mV, f =	: 1.0 MHz		7.6		Ω
Switchin	g Characteristics (Note 2)	,		1	I	<u> </u>	
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = -10 \text{ V},  I_{D}$	= -1 A		8	16	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn–On Rise Time	$V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}, R_0$			11	20	ns
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time	-			13	23	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	-			4	8	ns
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, I_{D}$	= -2 2 A		3.7	5.2	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate–Source Charge	$V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V},  I_D = -2.2 \text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$			1	0.2	nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge	-			1		nC
			D-4'				110
<u>Drain–Sc</u> I <sub>s</sub>	Durce Diode Characteristics  Maximum Continuous Drain–Source			T		-0.8	Α
V <sub>SD</sub>	Drain–Source Diode Forward Voltage		= -0.8 A(Note 2)		-0.8	-1.2	V
t <sub>rr</sub>	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> = -2.2 A,			5.4		nS
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$d_{iF}/d_t = 100 \text{ A/µs}$			1.2	<u> </u>	nC
		1		1			
<del>Scnottky</del> I <sub>R</sub>	Diode Characteristics Reverse Leakage	V <sub>R</sub> = 20 V	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C		148	400	μА
чK	1.0.100 Leanage	VR - 20 V	$T_J = 25 \text{ C}$ $T_J = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$		140	20	μA mA
		V <sub>R</sub> = 10V	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C		55	200	μА
		7,6 104	$T_J = 100^{\circ}C$		5.2	10	mΑ
V <sub>F</sub>	Forward Voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 500mA	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C		0.34	0.4	V
•			T <sub>J</sub> = 100°C		0.26	0.35	
		I <sub>F</sub> = 1 A	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C		0.40	0.45	V
	1	1 <sub>F</sub> = 1 /\	111 - 23 0		0.40	0.40	v

## **Electrical Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted

#### Notes

 R<sub>8JA</sub> is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. R<sub>8JC</sub> is guaranteed by design while R<sub>8CA</sub> is determined by the user's board design.



a) 130 °C/W when mounted on a 0.125 in² pad of 2 oz. copper.



b) 140°C/W when mounted on a .004 in² pad of 2 oz copper



c) 180°C/W when mounted on a minimum pad.

Scale 1: 1 on letter size paper

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300μs, Duty Cycle < 2.0%

# **Typical Characteristics**

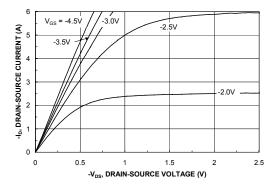


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

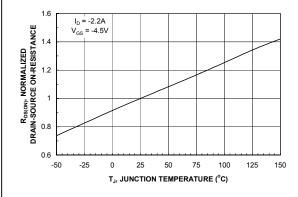


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

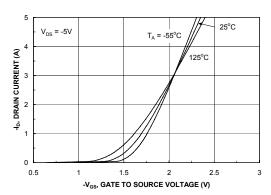


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

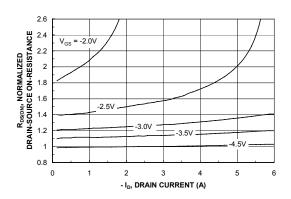


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

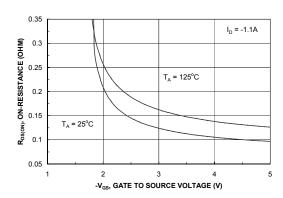


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

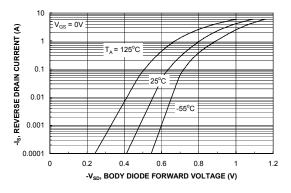
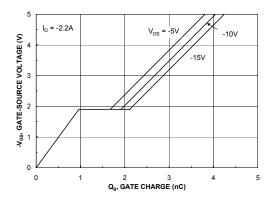


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

# **Typical Characteristics**



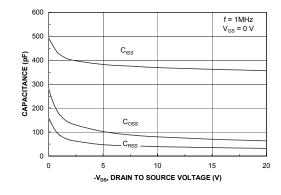


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.

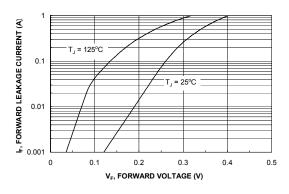


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.

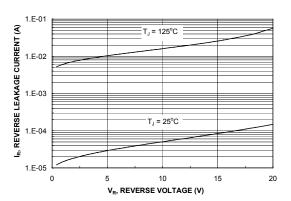


Figure 9. Schottky Diode Forward Voltage.

Figure 10. Schottky Diode Reverse Current.

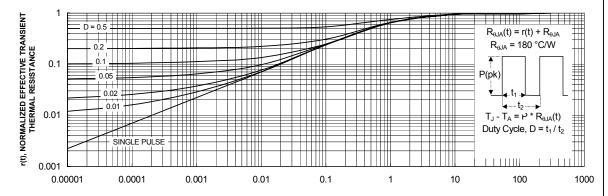


Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve.

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1c. Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.

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DOME™	HiSeC™	Power247™	SuperSOT™-3	
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