



July 2005

## FDS4435BZ

### 30 Volt P-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET

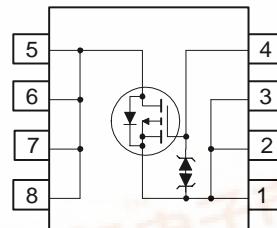
#### General Description

This P-Channel MOSFET is produced using Fairchild Semiconductor's advanced PowerTrench® process that has been especially tailored to minimize the on-state resistance.

This device is well suited for Power Management and load switching applications common in Notebook Computers and Portable Battery Packs.

#### Features

- 8.8 A, -30 V.  $R_{DS(ON)} = 20 \text{ m}\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 35 \text{ m}\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$
- Extended  $V_{GSS}$  range (-25V) for battery applications
- HBM ESD protection level of  $\pm 4.5 \text{ kV}$  typical (note 3)
- High performance trench technology for extremely low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- High power and current handling capability
- Termination is Lead-free and RoHS compliant



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
$V_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	-30	V
$V_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 25$	V
$I_D$	Drain Current – Continuous (Note 1a)	-8.8	A
	– Pulsed	-50	
$P_D$	Power Dissipation for Single Operation (Note 1a)	2.5	W
	(Note 1b)	1.2	
	(Note 1c)	1.0	
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

#### Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	50	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	25	°C/W

#### Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
FDS4435BZ	FDS4435BZ	13"	12mm	2500 units

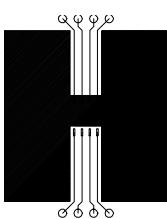
## Electrical Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

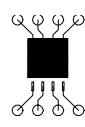
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Off Characteristics</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain–Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = -250 \mu\text{A}$	-30			V
$\Delta BV_{DSS}$ $\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250 \mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		-24		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = -24 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$			-1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate–Body Leakage	$V_{GS} = \pm 25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$			$\pm 10$	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>On Characteristics</b> (Note 2)						
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = -250 \mu\text{A}$	-1	-1.9	-3	V
$\Delta V_{GS(\text{th})}$ $\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250 \mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		5		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static Drain–Source On–Resistance	$V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = -8.8 \text{ A}$		16	20	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = -6.7 \text{ A}$		25	35	
		$V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = -8.8 \text{ A}$ , $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		23	29	
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = -5 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = -8.8 \text{ A}$		24		S
<b>Dynamic Characteristics</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		1365		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			240		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			200		pF
<b>Switching Characteristics</b> (Note 2)						
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn–On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = -15 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = -1 \text{ A}$ , $V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}$ , $R_{GEN} = 6 \Omega$		12	23	ns
$t_r$	Turn–On Rise Time			13	24	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn–Off Delay Time			68	109	ns
$t_f$	Turn–Off Fall Time			38	61	ns
$Q_{g(\text{TOT})}$	Total Gate Charge, $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = -8.8 \text{ A}$		29.0	41	nC
$Q_{g(\text{TOT})}$	Total Gate Charge, $V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$			16.5	23	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate–Source Charge			4.4		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate–Drain Charge			7.3		nC
<b>Drain–Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings</b>						
$I_S$	Maximum Continuous Drain–Source Diode Forward Current			-2.1		A
$V_{SD}$	Drain–Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $I_S = -2.1 \text{ A}$ (Note 2)		-0.76	-1.2	V
$t_{RR}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = -8.8 \text{ A}$ , $dI_F/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		24		ns
$Q_{RR}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		(Note 2)	9		nC

### Notes:

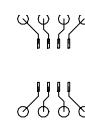
- $R_{iJA}$  is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins.  $R_{iJC}$  is guaranteed by design while  $R_{iCA}$  is determined by the user's board design.



a)  $50^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  (10 sec)  
 $62.5^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  steady state  
when mounted on a  
 $1\text{in}^2$  pad of 2 oz  
copper



b)  $105^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  when  
mounted on a  $0.04 \text{ in}^2$   
pad of 2 oz copper



c)  $125^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  when mounted on a  
minimum pad.

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width <  $300\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle < 2.0%

3. The diode connected between the gate and source serves only as protection against ESD. No gate overvoltage rating is implied.

## Typical Characteristics

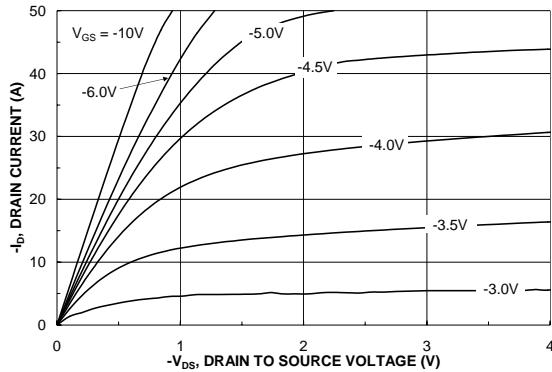


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

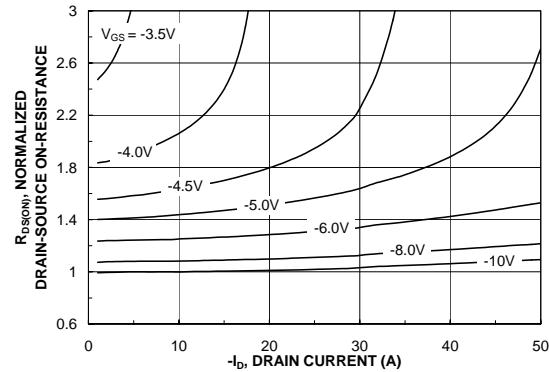


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

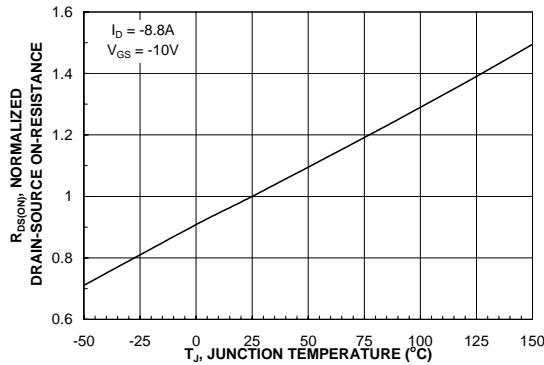


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

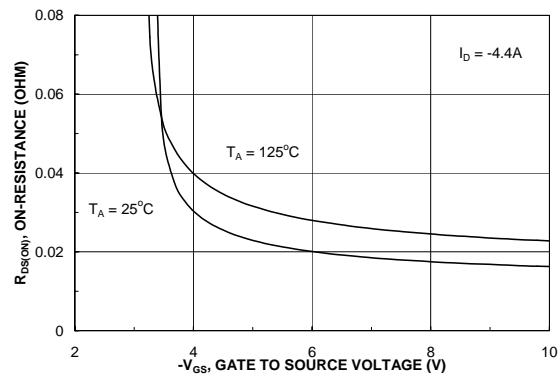


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

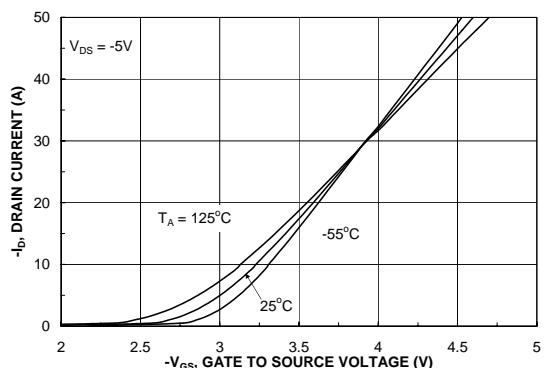


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

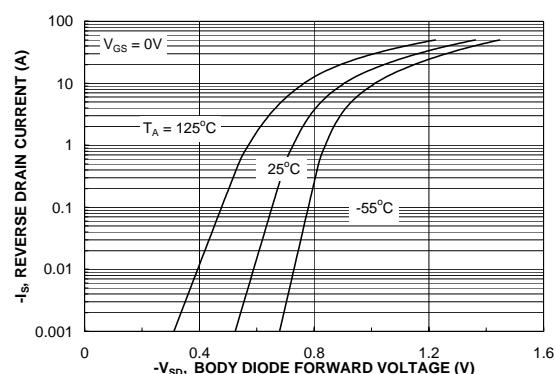
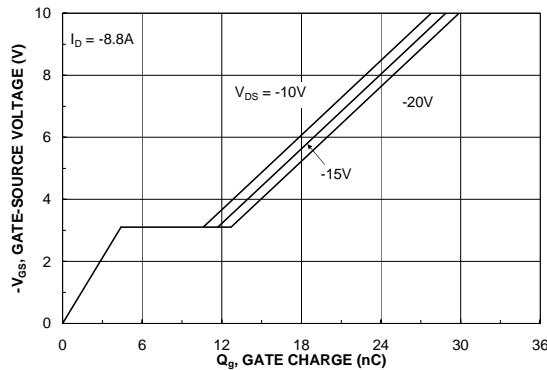
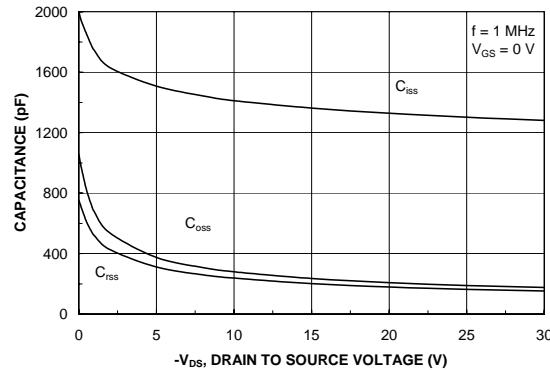


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

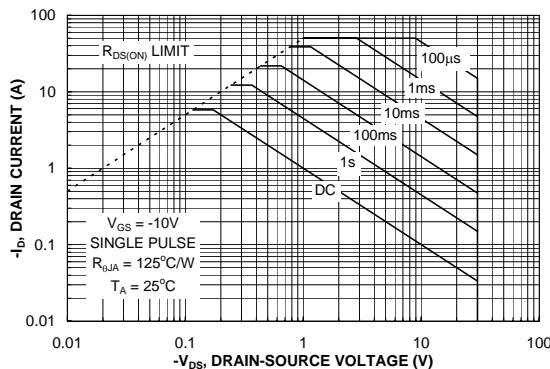
## Typical Characteristics



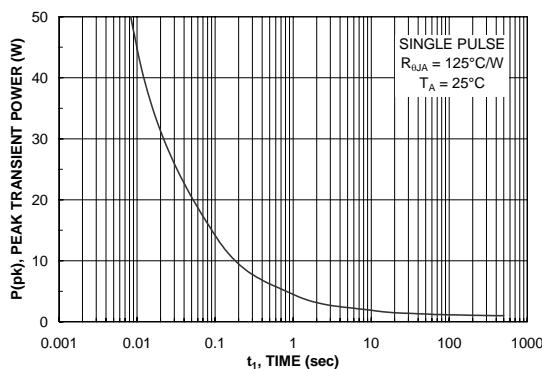
**Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.**



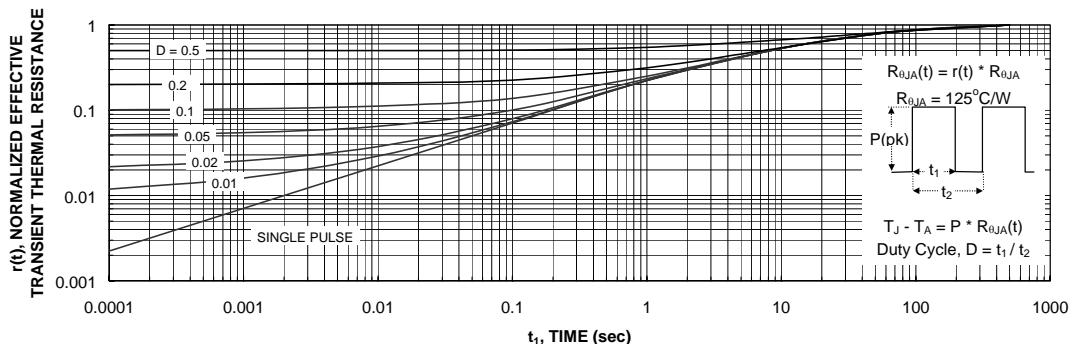
**Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.**



**Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.**



**Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.**



**Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve.**

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1c.  
Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.