

FQD6N50C / FQU6N50C

500V N-Channel MOSFET

General Description

These N-Channel enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using Fairchild's proprietary, planar stripe, DMOS technology.

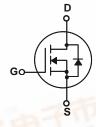
This advanced technology has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance, provide superior switching performance, and withstand high energy pulse in the avalanche and commutation mode. These devices are well suited for high efficiency switched mode power supplies, active power factor correction, electronic lamp ballasts based on half bridge topology.

Features

- 4.5A, 500V, $R_{DS(on)}$ = 1.2 Ω @V_{GS} = 10 V Low gate charge (typical 19nC)
- Low Crss (typical 15pF)
- Fast switching
- · 100% avalanche tested
- · Improved dv/dt capability







Absolute Maximum Ratings T_C = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter		FQD6N50C / FQU6N50C	Units
V _{DSS}	Drain-Source Voltage	0-11/6	500	V
I _D	Drain Current - Continuous (T _C = 25°C)	100	4.5	Α
	- Continuous (T _C = 100°C	()	2.7	Α
I _{DM}	Drain Current - Pulsed	(Note 1)	18	Α
V _{GSS}	Gate-Source Voltage		± 30	V
E _{AS}	Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy	(Note 2)	300	mJ
I _{AR}	Avalanche Current	(Note 1)	4.5	Α
E _{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy	(Note 1)	6.1	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt	(Note 3)	4.5	V/ns
	Power Dissipation (T _A = 25°C)*		2.5	W
P_{D}	Power Dissipation (T _C = 25°C)	470	61	W
	- Derate above 25°C		0.49	W/°C
T_J , T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature Range		-55 to +150	°C
TL	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds		300	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Тур	Max	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	-	2.05	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient *	-	50	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	-	110	°C/W

When mounted on the minimum pad size recommended (PCB Mount)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
aracteristics					
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	500			V
Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I_D = 250 μ A, Referenced to 25°C		0.8		V/°C
7 0 1 1/11 5 1 0 1	V _{DS} = 500 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			1	μΑ
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current				10	μΑ
Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward	V _{GS} = 30 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			100	nA
Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse	V _{GS} = -30 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			-100	nA
aracteristics		"			
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu\text{A}$	2.0		4.0	V
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 2.25A		1.0	1.2	Ω
Forward Transconductance	V _{DS} = 40 V, I _D = 2.25A (Note 4)		4.5		S
Input Capacitance Output Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V},$ f = 1.0 MHz		540 80	700 105	pF pF
Input Capacitance	V _{DS} = 25 V, V _{GS} = 0 V,		540	700	pF
' '	1 = 1.0 WH2				pF
ing Characteristics			10	20	
•	$V_{DD} = 250 \text{ V}, I_D = 4.5\text{A},$		_		ns
	$R_G = 25 \Omega$				ns
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	V 400 V 1 4 5 4				nC
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Cate Brain Gharge	(, . ,		0.0		110
Source Diode Characteristics ar	nd Maximum Ratings				
Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current				4.5	Α
maximum continuous brain course bra	Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current				
	Forward Current			18	Α
	Forward Current V _{GS} = 0 V, I _S = 4.5 A			18 1.4	A V
Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode F				-	
	Breakdown Voltage Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse Bracteristics Gate Threshold Voltage Static Drain-Source On-Resistance Forward Transconductance ic Characteristics Input Capacitance Output Capacitance Reverse Transfer Capacitance Turn-On Delay Time Turn-On Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Turn-Off Fall Time Total Gate Charge Gate-Drain Charge Gate-Drain Charge	aracteristicsDrain-Source Breakdown Voltage $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 250 \text{ μA}$ Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient $I_D = 250 \text{ μA}$, Referenced to 25°CZero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 500 \text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse $V_{GS} = 30 \text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$ Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse $V_{GS} = 30 \text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$ Aracteristics $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 250 \text{ μA}$ Static 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μA}$ 2.0 4.0 Static Drain-Source On-Resistance $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 2.25 \text{ A}$ 1.0 1.2 Forward Transconductance $V_{DS} = 40 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 2.25 \text{ A}$ 1.0 1.2 ic Characteristics Input Capacitance $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{$

 $[\]label{eq:Notes:Notes:} \textbf{Notes:} \\ \textbf{1. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature } \textbf{2. L} = 26.6 \text{ mH}, $|_{AS} = 4.5A,$|_{VDD} = 50V,$|_{RG} = 25 \Omega,$|_{SA} \text{ starting } T_J = 25^{\circ}C$|_{SA} = 25^{\circ}C$|_{SA}$

Typical Characteristics

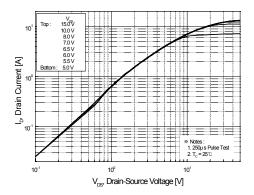


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

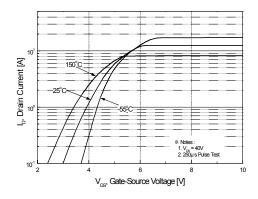


Figure 2. Transfer Characteristics

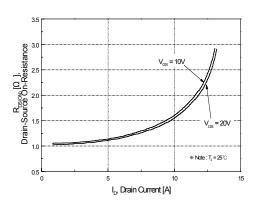


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

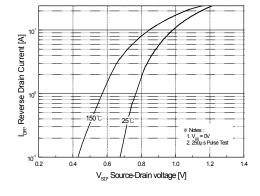


Figure 4. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature

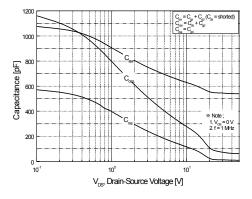


Figure 5. Capacitance Characteristics

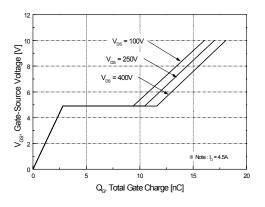


Figure 6. Gate Charge Characteristics

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Typical Characteristics (Continued)

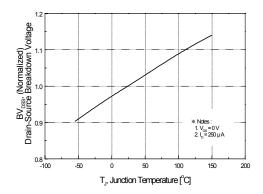


Figure 7. Breakdown Voltage Variation vs Temperature

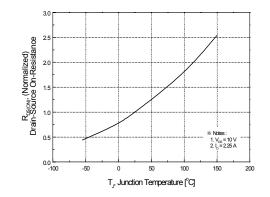


Figure 8. On-Resistance Variation vs Temperature

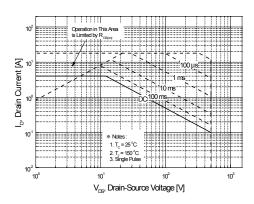


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area

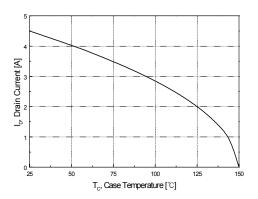


Figure 10. Maximum Drain Current vs Case Temperature

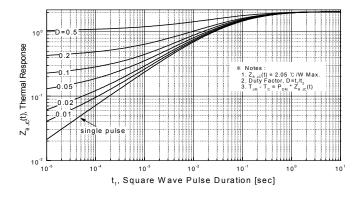
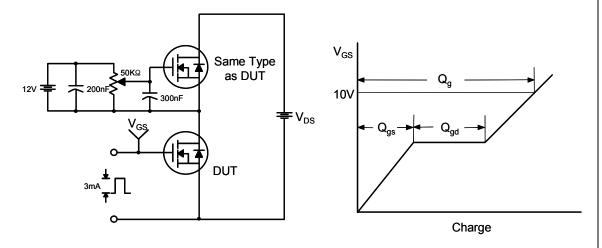


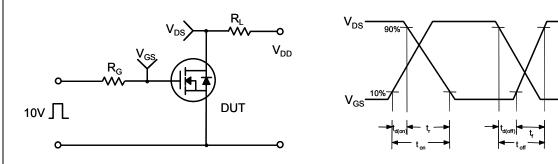
Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve

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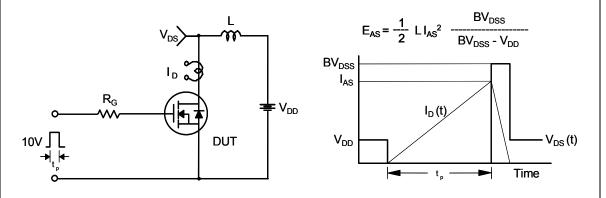
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

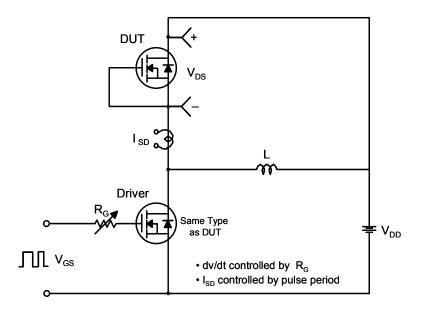


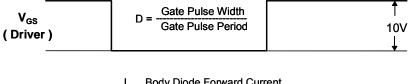
Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

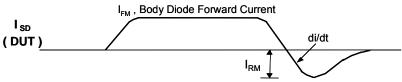


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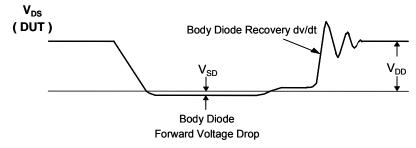
Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit & Waveforms



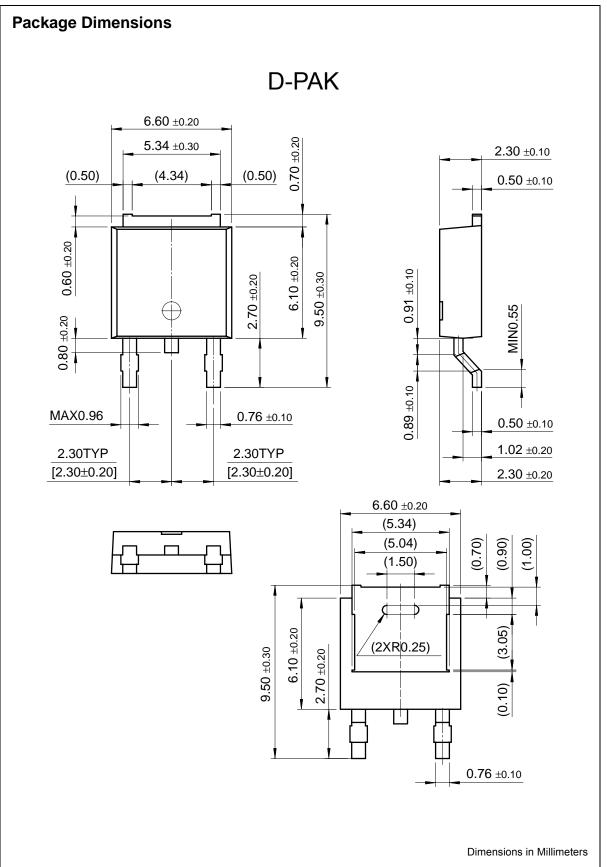


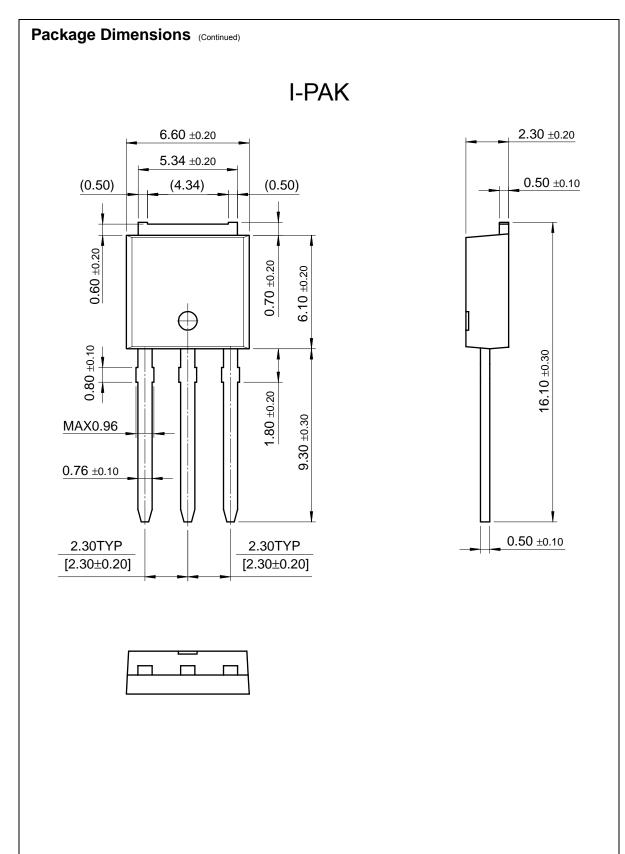


Body Diode Reverse Current



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Dimensions in Millimeters

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FACT™	ImpliedDisconnect™	OCXPro™	μSerDes™	UltraFET [®]
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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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