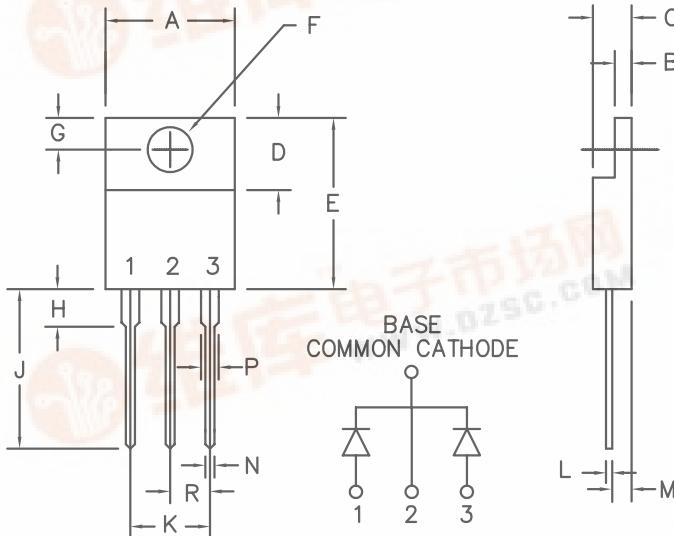


20 Amp Schottky Barrier Rectifiers

FST2135 – FST2145



Dim.	Inches		Millimeter		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	
A	.390	.415	9.91	10.54	
B	.045	.055	1.14	1.40	
C	.180	.190	4.57	4.83	
D	.245	.260	6.22	6.60	
E	.550	.650	13.97	16.51	
F	.139	.161	3.53	4.09	Dia.
G	.100	.135	2.54	3.43	
H	---	.250	---	6.35	
J	.500	.580	12.70	14.73	
K	.190	.210	4.83	5.33	
L	.014	.022	.357	.559	
M	.080	.115	2.03	2.92	
N	.015	.040	.380	1.02	
P	.045	.070	1.14	1.78	
R	.090	.110	2.29	2.79	

PLASTIC TO-220AB

Microsemi Catalog Number	Industry Part Number	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	Transient Peak Reverse Voltage
FST2135		35V	35V
FST2140		40V	40V
FST2145		45V	45V

- Schottky barrier rectifier
- Guard ring for reverse protection
- Low power loss, high efficiency
- High surge capacity
- V_{RRM} 35 to 45 Volts

Electrical Characteristics

Average Forward Current per pkg. $I_F(AV)$ 20 Amps
 Average Forward Current per leg $I_F(AV)$ 10 Amps
 Maximum Surge Current per leg I_{FSM} 225 Amps
 Max. Peak Forward Voltage per leg V_{FM} .45 Volts
 Max. Peak Forward Voltage per leg V_{FM} .56 Volts
 Max. Peak Reverse Current per leg I_{RM} 2 mA
 Typical Junction Capacitance C_J 575 pF

$T_C = 117^\circ\text{C}$, Square wave, $R_{\theta JC} = 1.2^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
 $T_C = 117^\circ\text{C}$, Square wave, $R_{\theta JC} = 2.4^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
 8.3ms, half sine, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
 $I_{FM} = 10\text{A}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ *
 $I_{FM} = 10\text{A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ *
 V_{RRM} , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 $VR = 5.0\text{V}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

*Pulse test: Pulse width 300 μsec Duty cycle 2%

Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Storage temp range	T_{STG}	-55°C to 150°C
Operating junction temp range	T_J	-55°C to 150°C
Max thermal resistance per leg	$R_{\theta JC}$	$2.4^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Max thermal resistance per pkg.	$R_{\theta JC}$	$1.2^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Mounting torque		8–12 inch pounds maximum (6–32 screw)
Weight		.08 ounces (2.3 grams) typical

FST2135 - FST2145

Figure 1
Typical Forward Characteristic – Per Leg

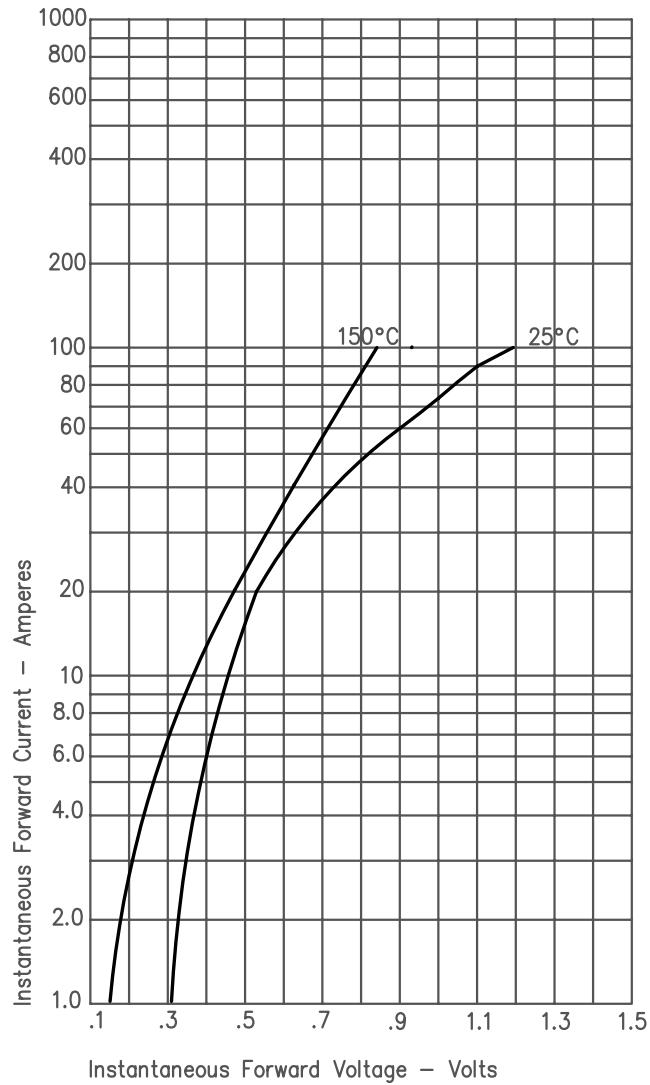


Figure 2
Typical Reverse Characteristics – Per Leg

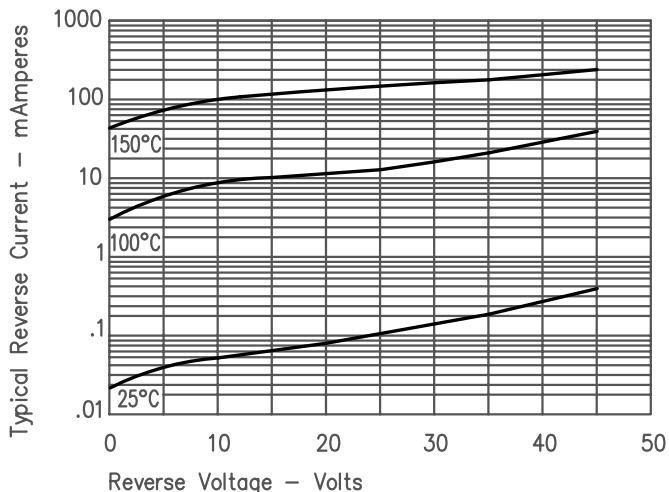


Figure 3
Typical Junction Capacitance – Per Leg

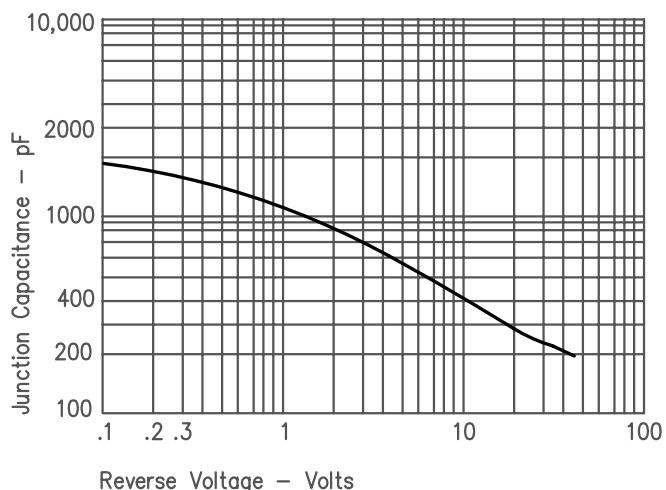


Figure 4
Forward Current Derating – Per Leg

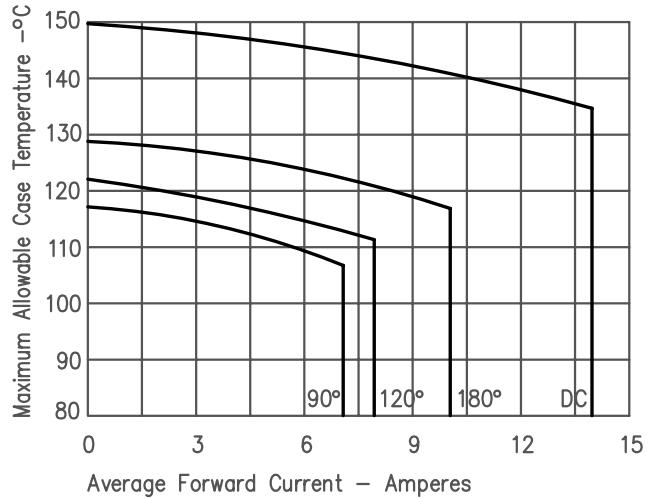


Figure 5
Maximum Forward Power Dissipation – Per Leg

