

# International **IR** Rectifier

## AUTOMOTIVE MOSFET

PD - 94499A

**IRFR3504**  
**IRFU3504**

### Features

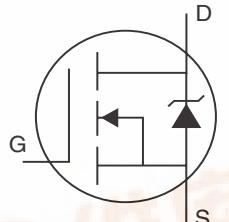
- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax

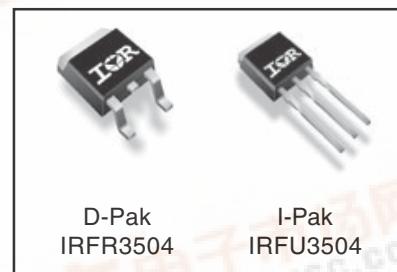
### Description

Specifically designed for Automotive applications, this HEXFET® Power MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of this product are a 175°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These features combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in Automotive applications and a wide variety of other applications.

The D-Pak is designed for surface mounting using vapor phase, infrared, or wave soldering techniques. The straight lead version (IRFU series) is for through-hole mounting applications. Power dissipation levels up to 1.5 watts are possible in typical surface mount applications.

### HEXFET® Power MOSFET

	$V_{DSS} = 40V$
	$R_{DS(on)} = 9.2m\Omega$
	$I_D = 30A$



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon limited)	87	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (See Fig.9)	61	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Package limited)	30	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	350	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	140	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.92	W/ $^\circ C$
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	240	mJ
$E_{AS}$ (tested)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ③	480	
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ④	See Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤		mJ
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	$^\circ C$
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case )	

### Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	1.09	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount) ⑥	—	50	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	110	

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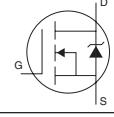
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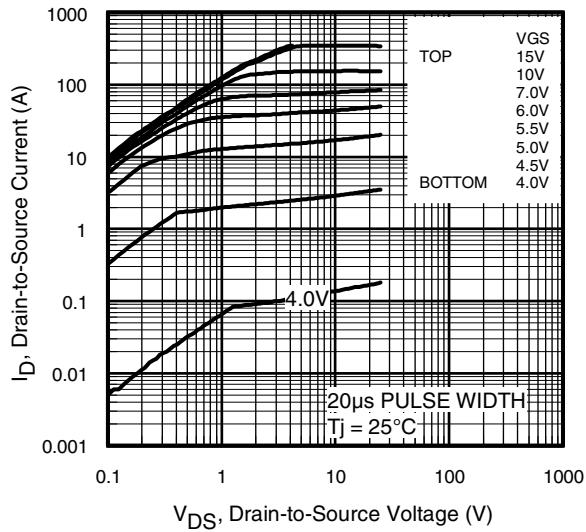
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## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

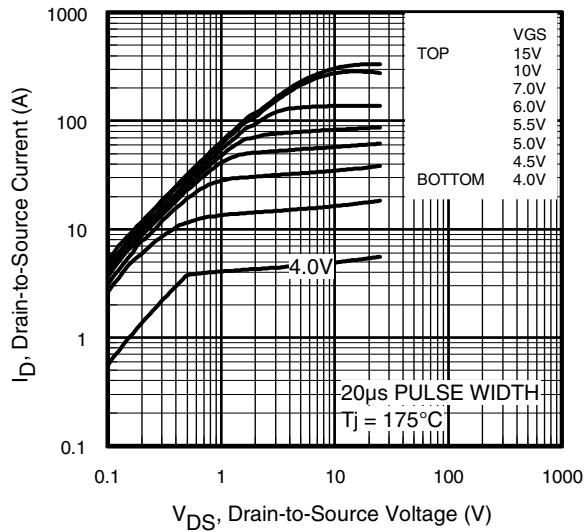
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	40	—	—	V	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}/\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.041	—	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	7.8	9.2	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 30\text{A}$ ④
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{\text{DS}} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	40	—	—	S	$V_{\text{DS}} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 30\text{A}$
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{\text{DS}} = 40\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	250		$V_{\text{DS}} = 40\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	nA	$V_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200		$V_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	48	71	nC	$I_D = 30\text{A}$
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	12	18		$V_{\text{DS}} = 32\text{V}$
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	13	20		$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}$ ④
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	11	—	ns	$V_{\text{DD}} = 20\text{V}$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	53	—		$I_D = 30\text{A}$
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	36	—		$R_G = 6.8\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	22	—		$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}$ ④
$L_D$	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
$L_S$	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	—	2150	—	pF	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	580	—		$V_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}$
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	46	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ , See Fig. 5
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	2830	—		$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 1.0\text{V}$ , $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	510	—		$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 32\text{V}$ , $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{\text{oss eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance ④	—	870	—		$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 0\text{V to } 32\text{V}$

## Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

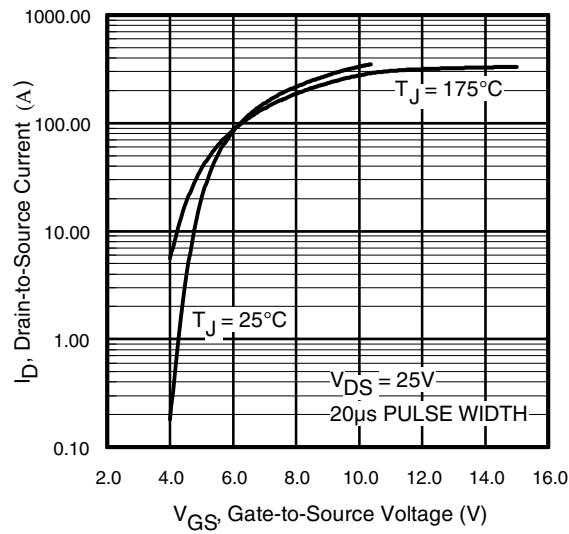
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	87	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
$I_{\text{SM}}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ④	—	—	350		
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 30\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$ ④
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	53	80	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 30\text{A}, V_{\text{DD}} = 20\text{V}$
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	86	130	nC	$dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
$t_{\text{on}}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S+L_D$ )				



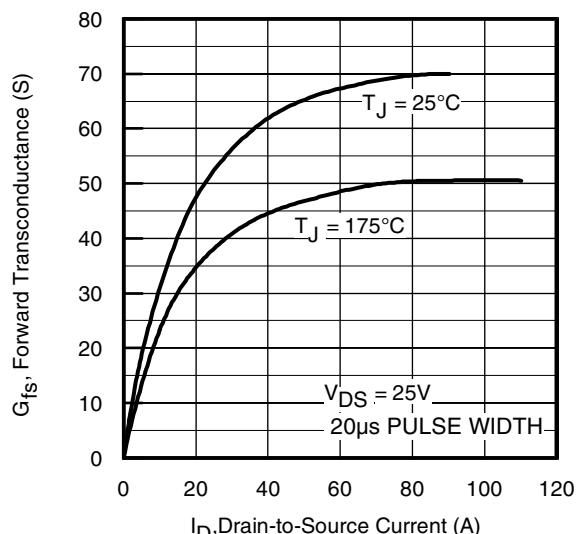
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics



**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics



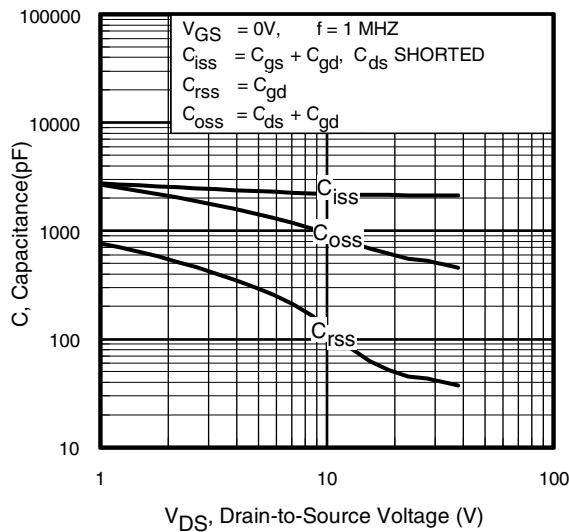
**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



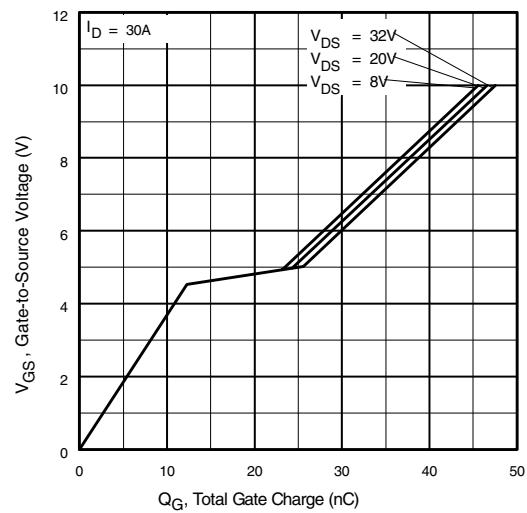
**Fig 4.** Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

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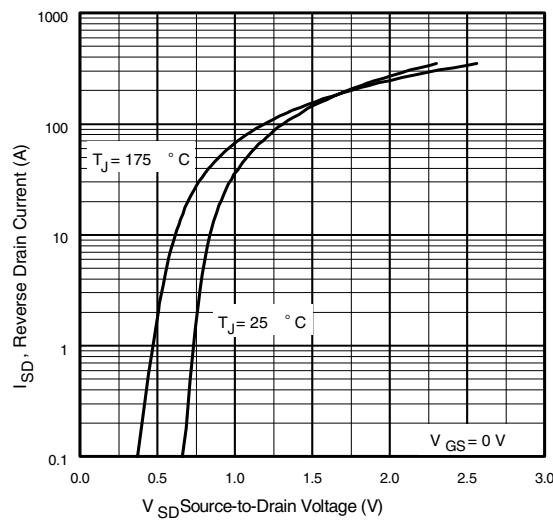
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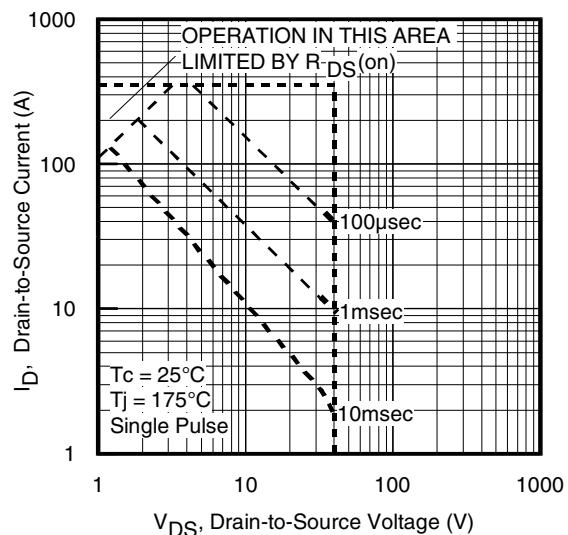
**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance Vs.  
Drain-to-Source Voltage



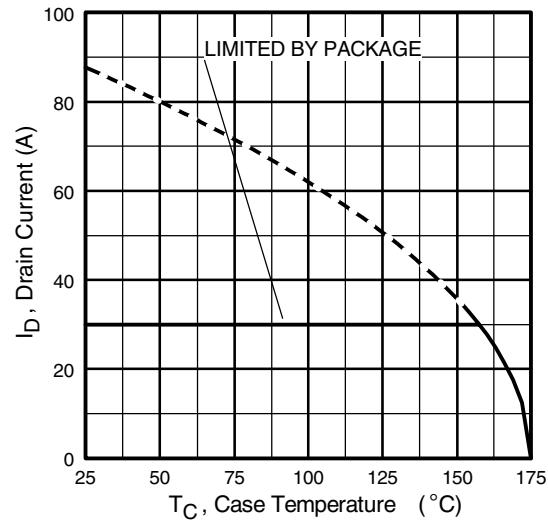
**Fig 6.** Typical Gate Charge Vs.  
Gate-to-Source Voltage



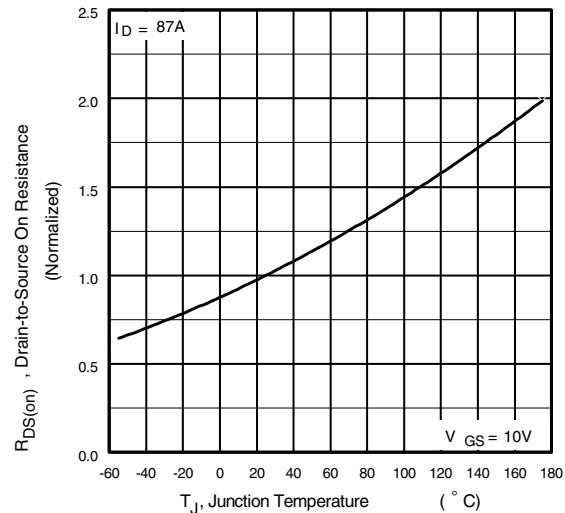
**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode  
Forward Voltage



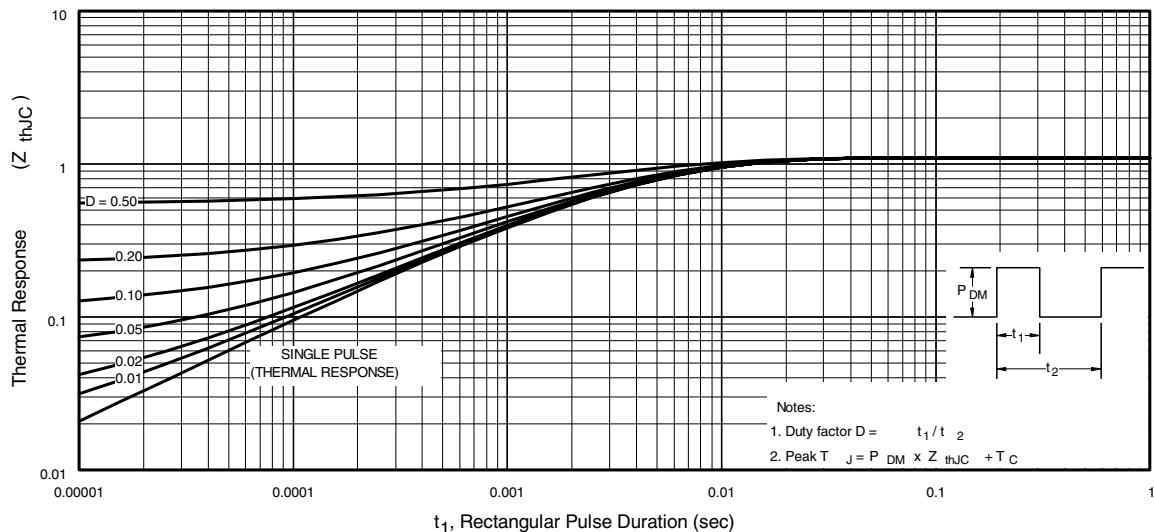
**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current Vs.  
Case Temperature



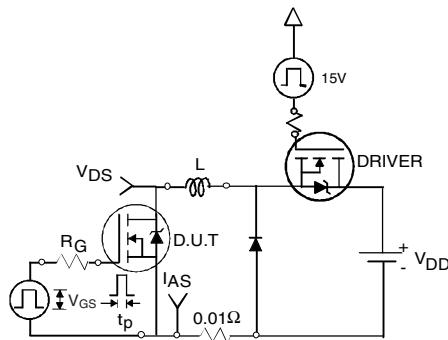
**Fig 10.** Normalized On-Resistance  
Vs. Temperature



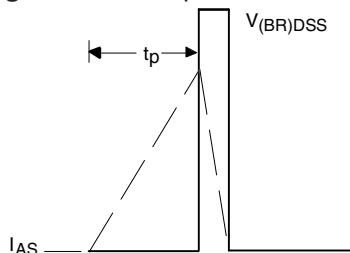
**Fig 11.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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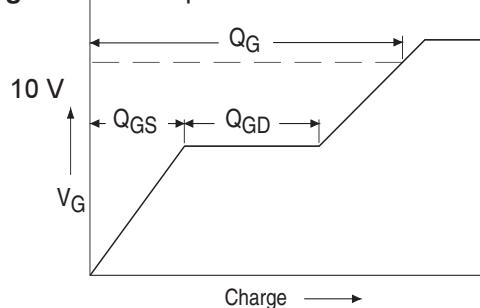
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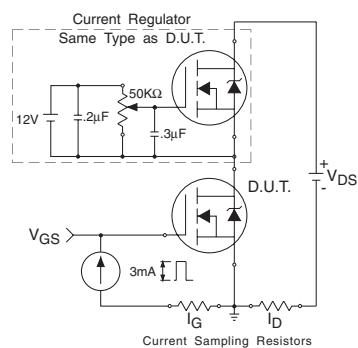
**Fig 12a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



**Fig 12b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

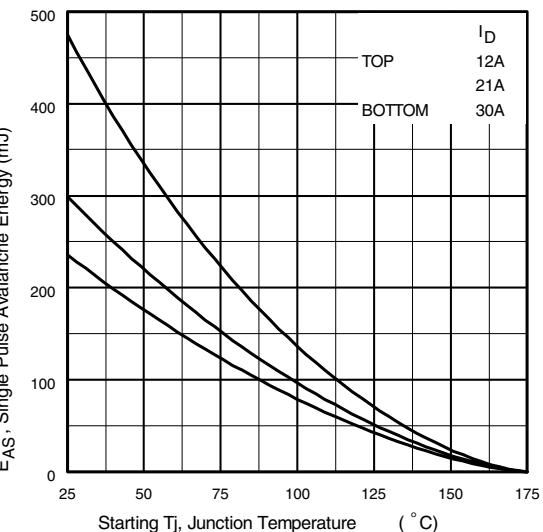


**Fig 13a.** Basic Gate Charge Waveform

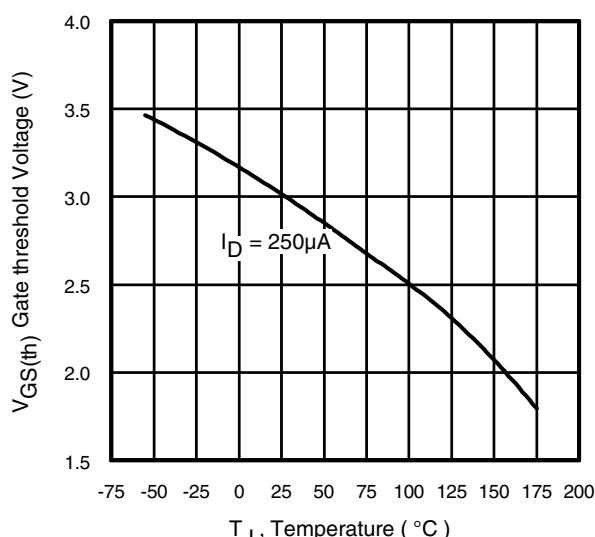


**Fig 13b.** Gate Charge Test Circuit

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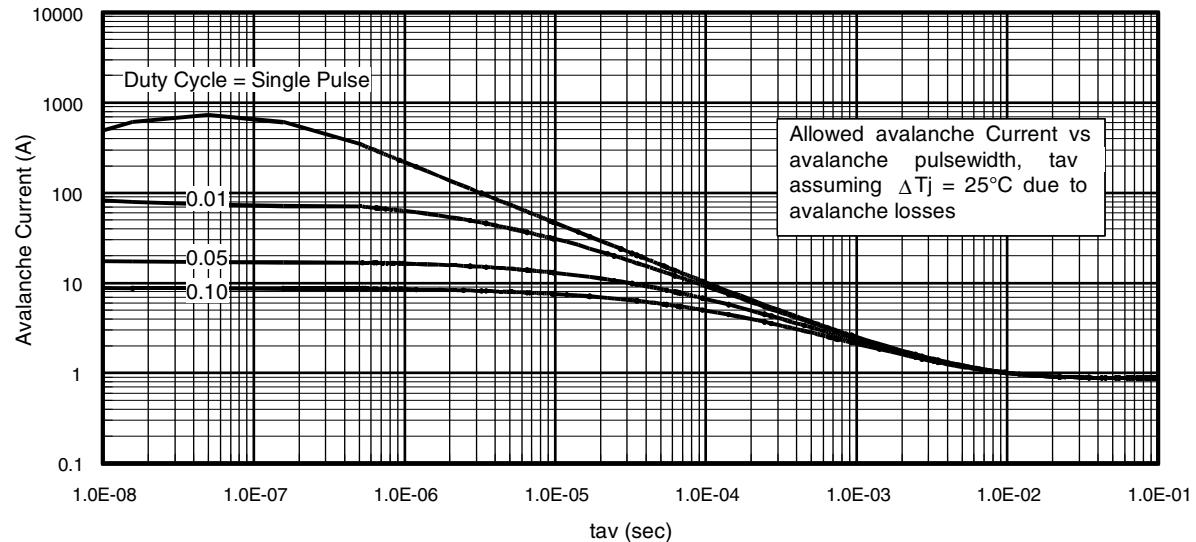


**Fig 12c.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

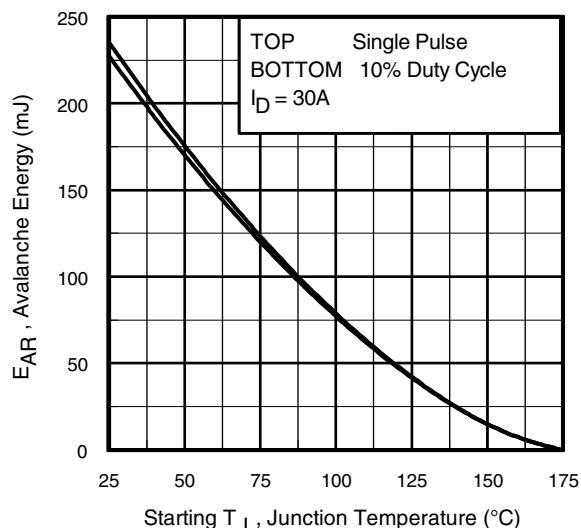


**Fig 14.** Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

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**Fig 15.** Typical Avalanche Current Vs.Pulsewidth



**Fig 16.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

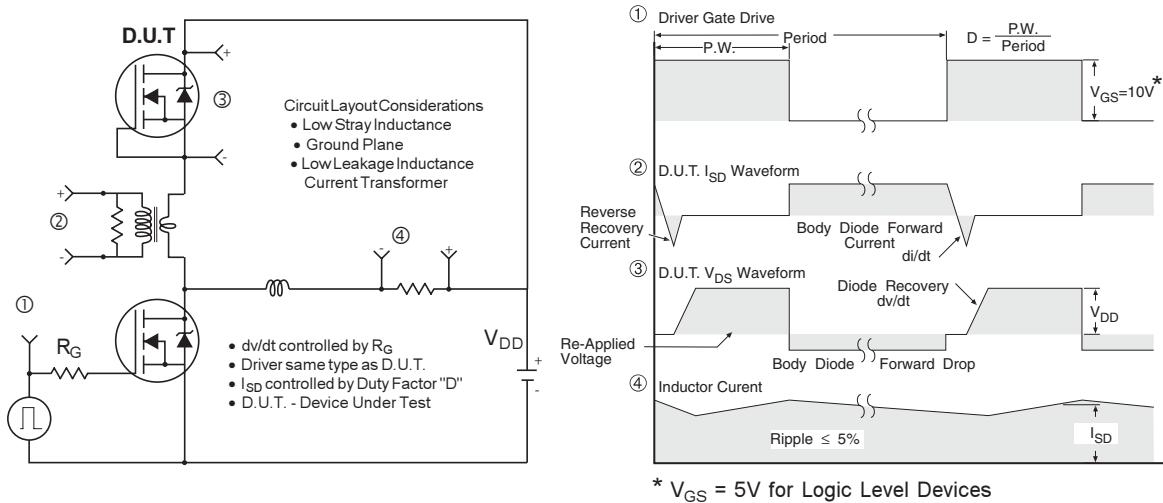
**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:  
 (For further info, see AN-1005 at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com))**

1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
 Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T<sub>jmax</sub>. This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T<sub>jmax</sub> is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
4. P<sub>D (ave)</sub> = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I<sub>av</sub> = Allowable avalanche current.
7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T<sub>jmax</sub> (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).
- t<sub>av</sub> = Average time in avalanche.
- D = Duty cycle in avalanche = t<sub>av</sub> · f
- Z<sub>thJC</sub>(D, t<sub>av</sub>) = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11

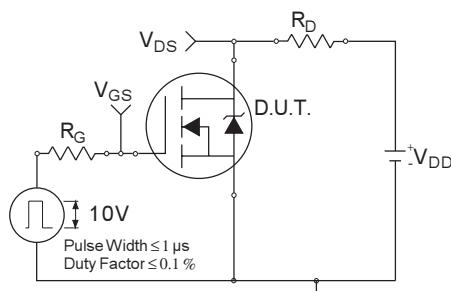
$$P_{D \text{ (ave)}} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

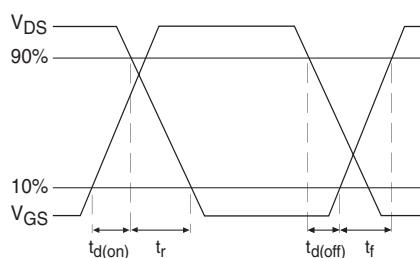
$$E_{AS \text{ (AR)}} = P_{D \text{ (ave)}} \cdot t_{av}$$



**Fig 17.** Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs



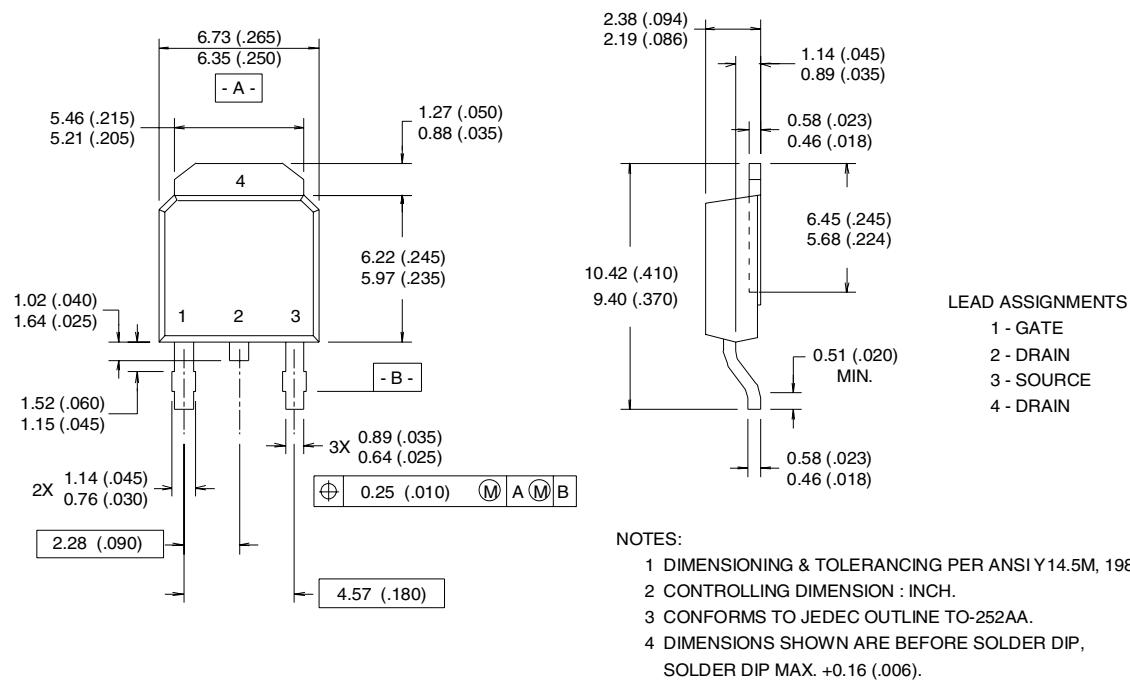
**Fig 18a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



**Fig 18b.** Switching Time Waveforms

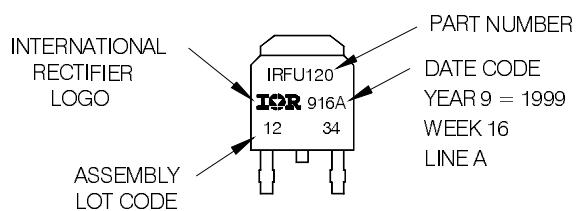
## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120  
 WITH ASSEMBLY  
 LOT CODE 1234  
 ASSEMBLED ON WW 16, 1999  
 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"

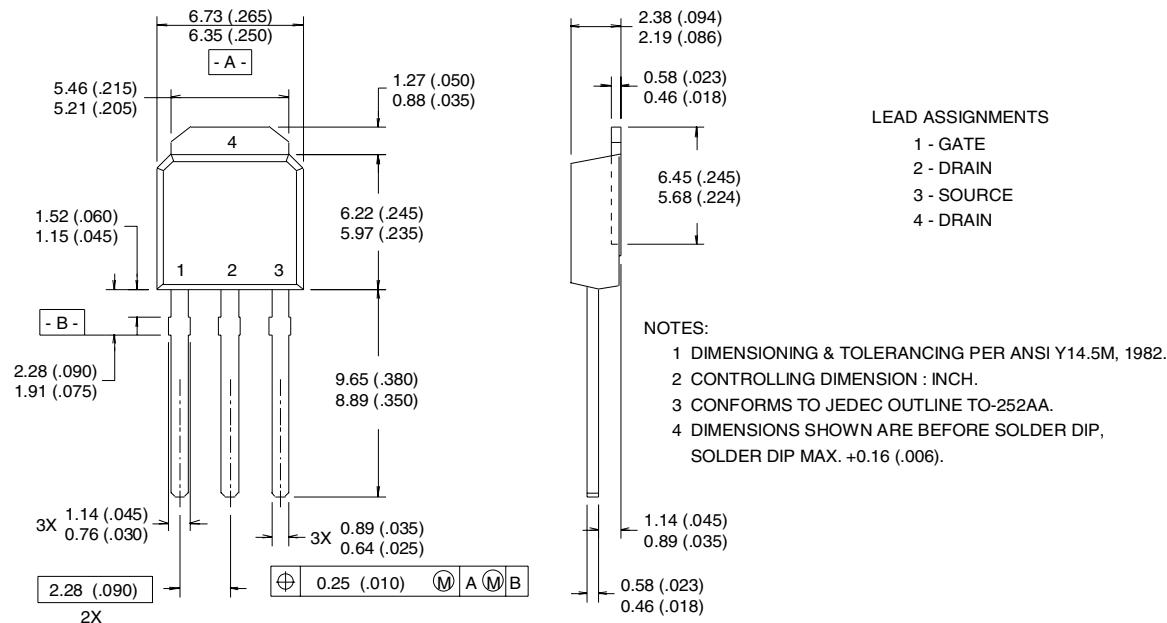


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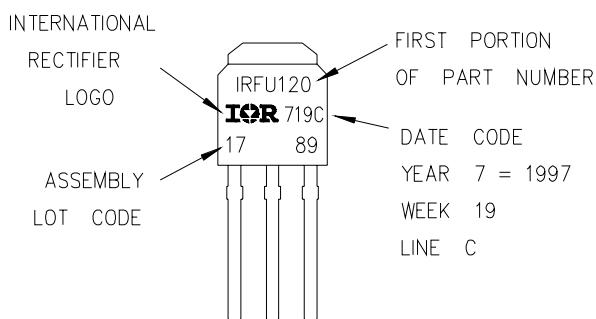
## I-Pak (TO-251AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



## I-Pak (TO-251AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFU120  
LOT CODE 1789  
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

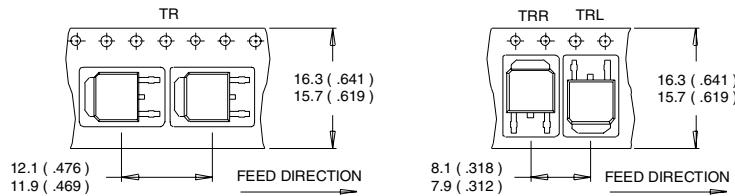


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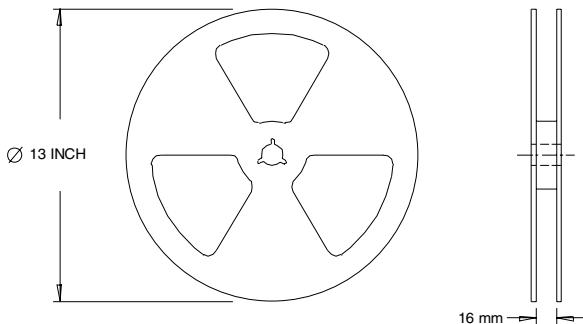
## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES :

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS ( INCHES ).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



NOTES :

1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

**Notes:**

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11).
- ② Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ C$ ,  $L = 0.52mH$ ,  $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 30A$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10V$ . Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ③  $I_{SD} \leq 30A$ ,  $di/dt \leq 170A/\mu s$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$ ,  $T_J \leq 175^\circ C$ .
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 1.0ms$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ⑤  $C_{OSS}$  eff. is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{OSS}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑥ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , see Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑦ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.
- ⑧ When mounted on 1" square PCB ( FR-4 or G-10 Material ). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for the Automotive [Q101] market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

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TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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