

INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER



T-39-11

HEXFET® TRANSISTORS IRFZ20

N-Channel 50 Volt Power MOSFETs



IRFZ22

50 Volt, 0.1 Ohm HEXFET TO-220AB Plastic Package

The HEXFET technology has expanded its product base to serve the low voltage, very low RDS(on) MOSFET transistor requirements. International Rectifier's highly efficient geometry and unique processing of the HEXFET have been combined to create the lowest on resistance per device performance. In addition to this feature all HEXFETs have documented reliability and parts per million quality !

The HEXFET transistors also offer all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling, and temperature stability of the electrical parameters.

They are well suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers, high energy pulse circuits, and in systems that are operated from low voltage batteries, such as automotive, portable equipment, etc.

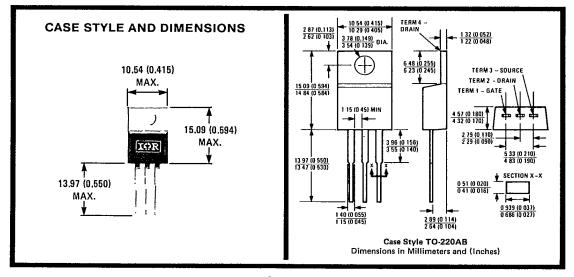
Product Summary

Part Number	V _{DS}	R _{DS(on)}	I _D
IRFZ20	50V	0.10Ω	15A
IRFZ22	50V	0.12Ω	14A



Features:

- Extremely Low RDS(on)
- Compact Plastic Package
- Fast Switching
- Low Drive Current
- Ease of Paralleling
- Excellent Temperature Stability
- Parts Per Million Quality



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		IRFZ20	IRFZ22	Units
V _{DS}	Drein - Source Voltage ①	50	50	V
VDGR	Drain - Gate Voltage (RGS = 20 KQ) ①	60	50	V
D @ TC = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	15	14	A
D @ TC = 100°C		10	9.0	Α
DM _	Pulsed Drain Current ①	60	56	Α
/GS	Gate - Source Voltage		V	
O @ TC = 25°C		40 (Se	W	
D 68 1C - 10 5	Linear Derating Factor	0.32 (S	W/K €	
LM	Inductive Current, Clamped	(See Fig. 15 ar	A	
LM		60	56	^
T _J	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-68	°C	
Lead Temperature		300 (0,063 in. (1.6n	°C	

Electrical Characteristics @ T_C = 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Parameter	Type	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Co	rditions	
3V _{DSS}	Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage	IRFZ20	50	-	1	>	V _{GS} = 0V		
D 00		IRFZ22	50		_	٧	I _D = 250 μA		
VGS(th)	Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	2.0	-	4.0	٧	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 250 \mu A$		
GSS	Gate-Source Leakage Forward	ALL	_		500	nA.	V _{GS} = 20V		
GSS	Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	ALL		_	-500	nΑ	V _{GS} =-20V		
DSS	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	1	_	_	250	μΑ	VDS = Max. Rating, VGS =	0V	
000		ALL	-	_	1000	μА	V _{DS} = Max. Rating × 0.8, \	$I_{GS} = 0V, T_{C} = 125^{\circ}C$	
D(on)	On-State Drain Current ②	IRFZ20	15			Α	V _{DS} > I _{D(on)} × R _{DS(on)max.} , V _{GS} = 10V		
Dioni		IRFZ22	14	- T	_	Α	*DS > 1D(on) \ 11DS(on)ma	x./ 'G5	
DS(on)	Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance @	IRFZ20		0.080	0.100	8	$V_{GS} = 10V, t_{D} = 9.0A$		
DOION		IRFZ22	_	0.110	0.120	Ω	45 -		
9fs	Forward Transconductance ②	ALL	5.0	6.0	-	S(0)	VDS > ID(on) × RDS(on) m	_{BX.,} I _D = 9.0A	
Ciss	Input Capacitance	ALL	-	560	850	pF	V _{GS} = 0V, V _{DS} = 25V, f =	1.0 MHz	
Coss	Output Capacitance	ALL.	_	250	350	pF	See Fig. 10		
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	_	60	100	рF			
td(on)	Turn-On Delay Time	ALL.		15	30	ns	$V_{DD} \cong 25V$, $I_D = 9.0A$, $Z_0 = 10$	= 50Ω	
t _r	Rise Time	ALL	_	45	90	ПS	See Fig. 17		
td(off)	Turn-Off Delay Time	ALL	_	20	40	ns	(MOSFET switching times are	essentially independent of	
t _f	Fall Time	ALL		15	30	ПS	operating temperature.)		
og .	Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source Plus Gate-Drain)	ALL	_	1:2	17	пC	V _{GS} = 10V, I _D = 20A, V _{DS} See Fig. 18 for test circuit. (C	= 0.8 Max. Rating. late charge is essentially	
Q _{gs}	Gate-Source Charge	ALL	Γ-	9,0	_	nC	independent of operating tem	perature.)	
Q _{ad}	Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	ALL	T	3.0		nC			
LD	Internal Drain Inductance		- "	3.5	-	nH	Measured from the contact screw on tab to center of die.	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the internal device	
		ALL	_	4.5	-	nН	Measured from the drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.	Inductances.	
LS	Internal Source Inductance	ALL	-	7.5		nH	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to source bonding pad.	8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

Thermal Resistance

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RthJC Junction-to-Case	ALL		_	3.12	K/W @	
RthCS Case-to-Sink	ALL	_	1.0	_	K/W @	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased.
R. L. Junction-to-Ambient	ALL			80	K/W @	Typical socket mount

IRFZ20, IRFZ22 Devices

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Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

 							
ls	Continuous Source Current	IRFZ20	_	<u> </u>	15	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral o
	(Body Diode)	IRFZ22	_	_	14	A	reverse PN junction rectifier.
ISM Pulse Source Current	IRFZ20			60	Α	1	
	(Body Diode) 3	IRFZ22		_	56	A	
V _{SD} Diode Forward Voltage ②	IRFZ20	-	 -	1.5	V	T _C = 25°C, I _S = 15A, V _{GS} = 0V	
		IRFZ22			1.4	V	T _C = 25°C, I _S = 14A, V _{GS} = 0V
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	_	100	_	ns	T _{.J} = 150°C, I _E = 15A, dI _E Att = 100A/ _{LB}
α_{RR}	Reverse Recovered Charge	ALL		0.4	_	μC	$T_{\rm J} = 150^{\rm o}$ C, $I_{\rm F} = 15$ A, $dI_{\rm F}$ dt = 100 A/ μ S
ton	Forward Turn-on Time	ALL Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by Lg + LD.					

① $T_J = 25$ °C to 150°C.

K/W = °C/W
W/K = W/°C

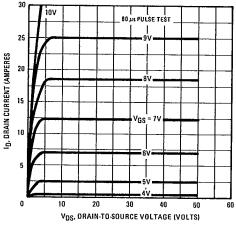


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics

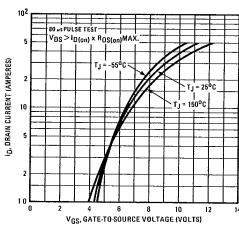


Fig. 2 — Typical Transfer Characteristics

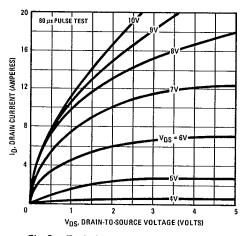


Fig. 3 — Typical Saturation Characteristics

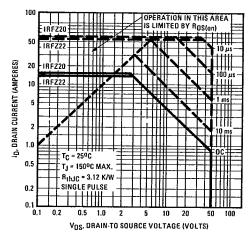


Fig. 4 - Maximum Safe Operating Area

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Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. Junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Fig. 5).

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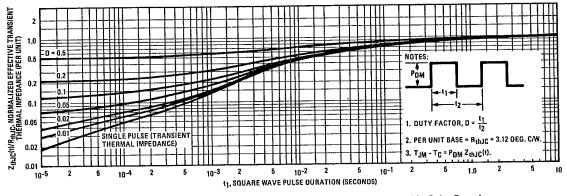


Fig. 5 — Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

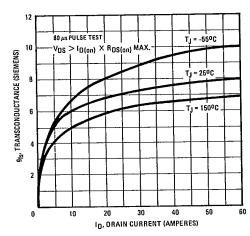


Fig. 6 - Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

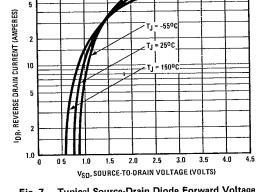


Fig. 7 — Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

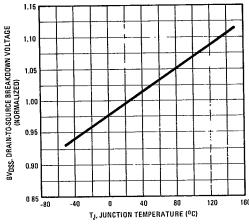


Fig. 8 - Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

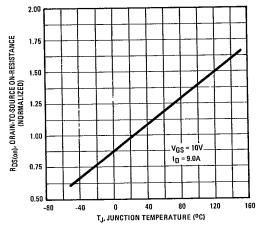


Fig. 9 — Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

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IRFZ20, IRFZ22 Devices

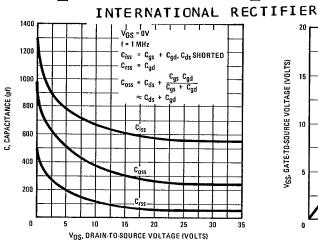
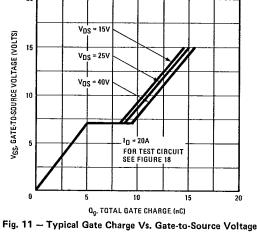


Fig. 10 — Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage





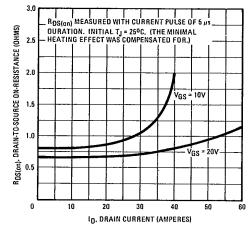


Fig. 12 - Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

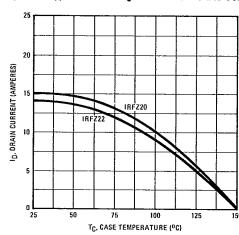


Fig. 13 - Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

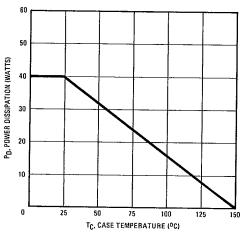


Fig. 14 — Power Vs. Temperature Derating Curve

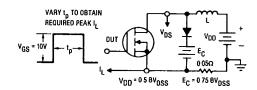


Fig. 15 — Clamped Inductive Test Circuit

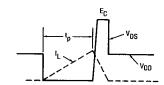


Fig. 16 — Clamped Inductive Waveforms

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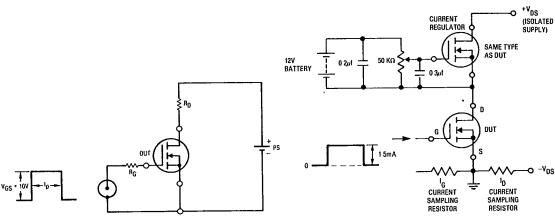
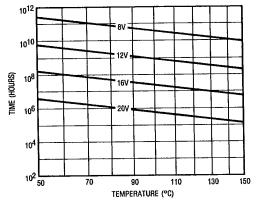
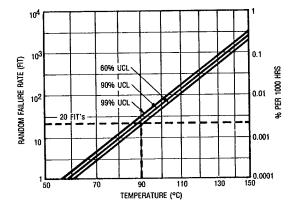


Fig. 17 — Switching Time Test Circuit

Fig. 18 — Gate Charge Test Circuit





*Fig. 19 — Typical Time to Accumulated 1% Failure

*Fig. 20 — Typical High Temperature Reverse Bias (HTRB) Failure Rate

^{*}The data shown is correct as of April 15, 1987. This information is updated on a quarterly basis; for the latest reliability data, please contact your local IR field office.