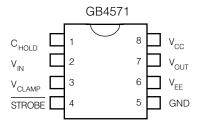
# GB4571 Video Buffer with Precision Strobed DC Restore

DATA SHEET

## **FEATURES**

- accurate clamping to within  $\pm$  1 mV
- · less than 1 mV clamping distortion
- variable clamping range ( $V_{\rm EE}$  + 3.0 V to  $V_{\rm CC}$  4.5 V)
- · ultra low differential gain and differential phase
- · fast recovery from sudden changes in DC offsets
- less than  $\pm$  0.15° phase delay variation at 3.58 MHz
- $\pm$  0.1 dB flatness to 80 MHz
- $\pm$  4.5 V to  $\pm$ 13.2 V supply voltage range

## **PIN CONNECTIONS**



## **AVAILABLE PACKAGING**



## ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Temperature Range			
GB4571-CDA	8 pin PDIP	0° to 70°C			
GB4571-CKA	8 pin SOIC	0° to 70°C			
GB4571-CTA	8 pin SOIC Tape	0° to 70°C			

## DESCRIPTION

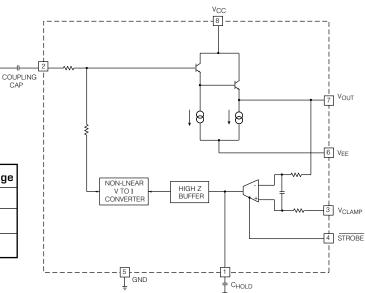
The GB4571 is a high performance video buffer with DC restore used primarily for accurate back porch clamping. Key features include operation from  $\pm 4.5$  V to  $\pm 13.2$  V supply voltages, fast recovery from sudden changes in DC offset,  $\pm 0.1$  dB flatness to 80 MHz and availability of industry standard DIP and SOIC packages.

In the typical back porch clamping application, a negative going back porch pulse from an external sync separator (such as the GS4881 or GS4882) is applied to the GB4571's  $\overline{\text{STROBE}}$  input. While  $\overline{\text{STROBE}}$  is low, the GB4571 determines the correct DC level shift that should be applied to the input signal by integrating over the entire back porch period. This reduces sensitivity to noise and improves the accuracy of the DC restoration compared to systems using sample and hold techniques. Typical clamping accuracy of  $\pm 1 \text{ mV}$  is achieved by the GB4571.

## **APPLICATIONS**

- Clamping of NTSC, PAL, SECAM & RGB Video Signals
- Multimedia Graphics Overlay
- Production Switchers
- Linear Keyers

## SIMPLIFIED CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



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# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER	VALUE/UNITS			
Supply Voltage	±13.5 V			
Operating Temperature Range	$0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$			
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C ≤ T <sub>S</sub> ≤150°C			
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 second	s) 260°C			
Differential Video Input Voltage	±5 V			
Strobe Input Voltage	$-V_S \le V_{STROBE} \le +V_S$			



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** $V_S = \pm 5 \text{ V}, T_A = 0^{\circ} \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C}, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 10 \text{ pF, unless otherwise shown.}$

	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
POWER SUPPLIES	Supply Voltage	<sup>±</sup> V <sub>S</sub>		±4.5	±5.0	±13.2	V
	+ Supply Current	I+		-	10	15	mA
	- Supply Current	I-		-	10	15	mA
	Small Signal B.W.	B.W.	±0.1 dB after insertion loss,	80	-	-	MHz
	(flattened response)		V <sub>IN</sub> =100 mV p-p				
	Phase Delay	Ø <sub>D</sub>	at 3.58 MHz and 4.43 MHz	-2.85	-3.0	-3.15	deg
	Differential Gain	∂g	at 3.58 MHz and 4.43 MHz	-	0.01	0.03	%
	Differential Phase	9p	at 3.58 MHz and 4.43 MHz	-	0.01	0.05	deg
	Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		$V_{EE}^{+3}$	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -3	V
	Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>		25	-	-	kΩ
	Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>		-	2.0	-	рF
	Output Resistance	R <sub>OUT</sub>	f= 0 to 1 MHz	-	8.6	10	Ω
			f= 100 MHz	-	20	40	Ω
	Insertion Loss	I.L.	f= 100 kHz	-	0.03	0.05	dB
SIGNAL PATH	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	f= 1 kHz	50	-	-	dB
			f= 10 MHz	20	-	-	dB
	PP Signal / RMS Noise	S/N	V <sub>SIG</sub> =1 Vp-p	75	-	-	dB
	Strobe Pulse Width	t <sub>PWL</sub>	Active low	2.0	2.5	-	μs
	Accuracy		$V_{IN} = 0.5V$ to $2Vp-p$ ,	-	±1	±2	mV
			STROBE pulses at H rate				
	Recovery Time		Scan rate 15.7kHz & 2µs strobe pulses				
			0.5V offset	-	1	3	ms
			0.1V offset	-	190	600	μs
	Clamping Distortion		Distortion amplitude	-	-	±1	mV
			Distortion duration (amp. within 0.1 mV)	-	-	3	μs
V <sub>CLAMP</sub>	Clamp Voltage Range	VCLAMP	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1 Vp-p	V <sub>EE</sub> +3	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -4.5	V
STROBE	Input Logic High	V <sub>IH</sub>		1.8	-	-	V
	Input Logic Low	V <sub>II</sub>		-	-	0.8	V
	Strobe Input Current	$I_{IL}$ , $I_{IH}$		-	-	20	μА

NOTE:

- **1.**  $V_{A \text{ or } B} = +1 \text{ Vp-p output taken from OUTPUT}$ 
  - **2.**  $V_C = +1$  Vp-p output taken from  $V_A$  or  $V_B$

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#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

The GB4571 is intended for video applications requiring precision DC restoration. The GB4571's signal path consists of a simple Darlington emitter follower for maximum bandwidth performance. With this configuration, the GB4571's small signal frequency response remains with  $\pm$  0.1 dB of 0 dB out to 80 MHz.

Optimal frequency response for the GB4571 occurs with load capacitance in the range of 18 pF. For smaller loads, an external capacitor can be added to maintain the bandwidth of the device. As shown in Figure 1, a small resistor,  $R_{\text{OUT}}$ , should be included in series with the GB4571 output to obtain optimal response flatness. For a nominal load of 18 pF,  $R_{\text{OUT}}$  should be chosen to be approximately 30  $\Omega$ .

The DC restoration function is achieved through the use of a strobed operational transconductance amplifier (OTA). The OTA receives its input from a differential low pass filter. This filter has a corner frequency of 600 kHz which attenuates the color burst and any high frequency noise that may be present in the signal. One input to the low pass filter senses the output of the GB4571, while the other input is connected to the clamp voltage reference. When enabled by taking \$\overline{STROBE}\$ low, the OTA sources or sinks current depending on whether the output of the GB4571 is below or above VCI AMP respectively.

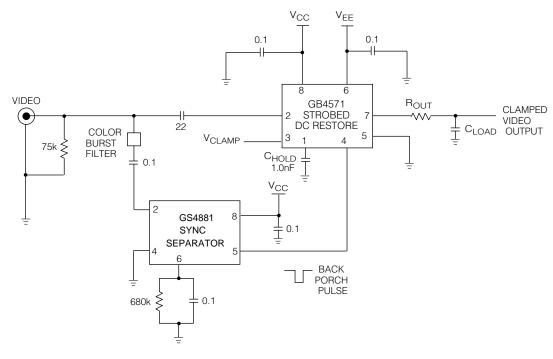
The output current from the OTA is integrated by the hold capacitor connected to pin 1,  $C_{HOLD}$ .  $C_{HOLD}$  develops a corrective voltage during the period when the clamp is enabled and holds the corrective voltage while the clamp is disabled.

The resulting voltage is buffered and fed back to the GB4571 input through a non-linear V to I converter. This feedback current transfers charge to the GB4571's input coupling capacitor which act as a DC reservoir for corrective level shifts.

The non - linear V to I converter feeds back larger corrective currents to the GB4571's input for larger differences between  $\rm V_{CLAMP}$  and  $\rm V_{IN}$  than it does for proportionally smaller differences between  $\rm V_{CLAMP}$  and  $\rm V_{IN}$  voltages. The non-linear V to I converter thus provides for substantially faster recovery from large changes in input signal DC offset while maintaining the overall stability of the device during near-steady-state operation.

A 400  $\Omega$  resistor in series with the input provides some phase advance to improve the stability of the DC restoration feedback loop. The ratio of the capacitors  $C_{IN}$ : $C_{HOLD}$  should be maintained at approximately 20,000:1 to ensure closed loop stability. Additional reductions in recovery time from changes in DC offset may be obtained by reducing the values of  $C_{IN}$  and  $C_{HOLD}$ .

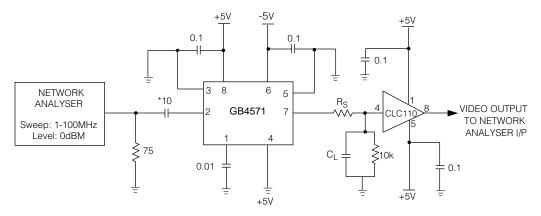
In the application shown in Figure 1, the STROBE signal is provided by the back porch pulse of the GS4881 sync separator. The GS4881 generates back porch pulses which remain at horizontal rate throughout the vertical interval. Constant rate STROBE pulses eliminate the possibility of introducing a DC offset due to a change in duty cycle.



All resistors in ohms, all capacitors in microfarads unless otherwise stated.

Fig. 1 GB4571 Typical Application Circuit

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All resistors in ohms, all capacitors in microfarads unless otherwise stated.

\* This input capacitor must be shorted when performing Differential Gain and Differential Phase tests.

Fig. 2 Frequency Response Test Circuit

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# **GB4571 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES** ( $V_S = \pm 5 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified)

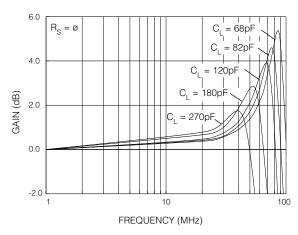


Fig. 3 Gain vs Frequency

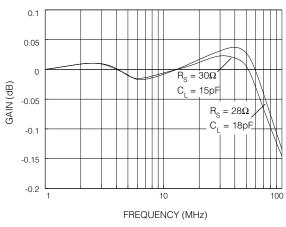


Fig. 5 Flattened Frequency Response

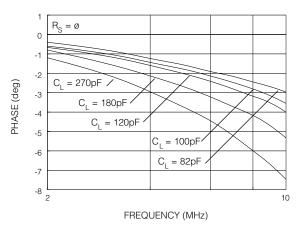


Fig. 4 Phase vs Frequency

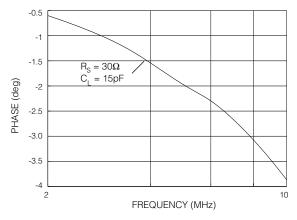


Fig. 6 Phase vs Frequency

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## DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION

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