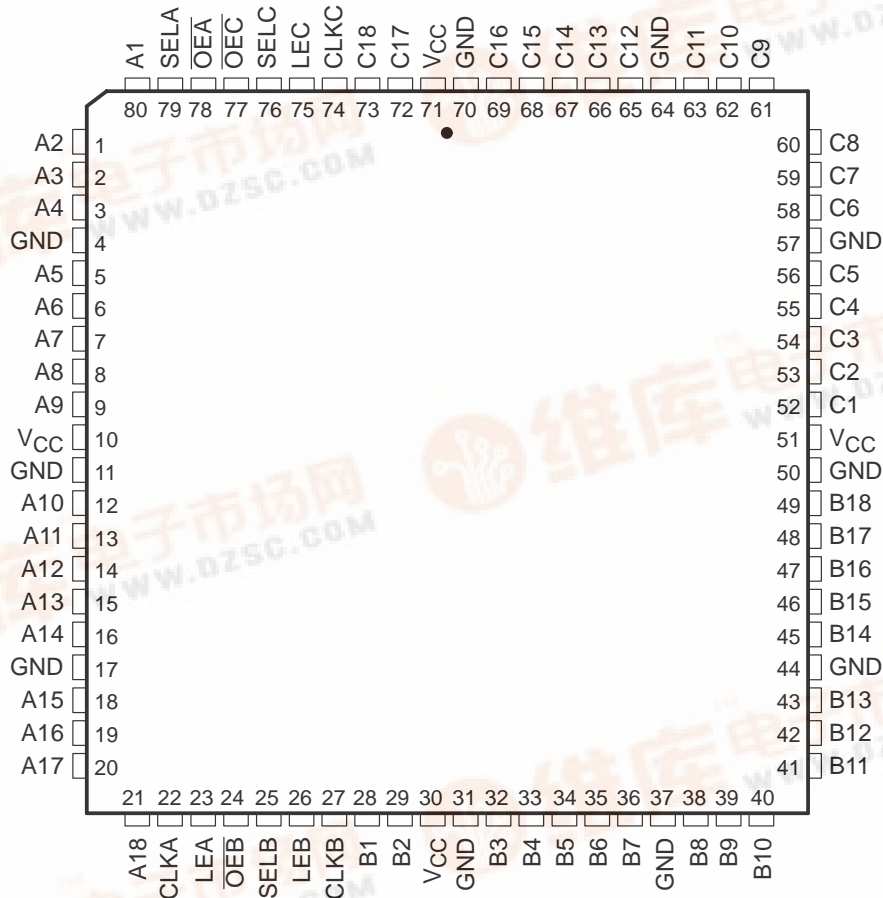


SN54ABTH32318, SN74ABTH32318 18-BIT TRI-PORT UNIVERSAL BUS EXCHANGERS

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- **Members of the Texas Instruments Widebus+™ Family**
- **State-of-the-Art EPIC-II™ BiCMOS Design Significantly Reduces Power Dissipation**
- **UBE™ (Universal Bus Exchanger) Combines D-Type Latches and D-Type Flip-Flops for Operation in Transparent, Latched, or Clocked Mode**
- **Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 500 mA Per JEDEC Standard JESD-17**
- **Typical V_{OLP} (Output Ground Bounce) < 0.8 V at $V_{CC} = 5$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$**
- **High-Impedance State During Power Up and Power Down**
- **Distributed V_{CC} and GND Pin Configuration Minimizes High-Speed Switching Noise**
- **High-Drive Outputs (-32 -mA I_{OH} , 64 -mA I_{OL})**
- **Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors**
- **Package Options Include 80-Pin Plastic Thin Quad Flat (PN) Package With 12×12 -mm Body Using 0.5 -mm Lead Pitch and 84-Pin Ceramic Quad Flat (HT) Package**

SN74ABTH32318 . . . PN PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



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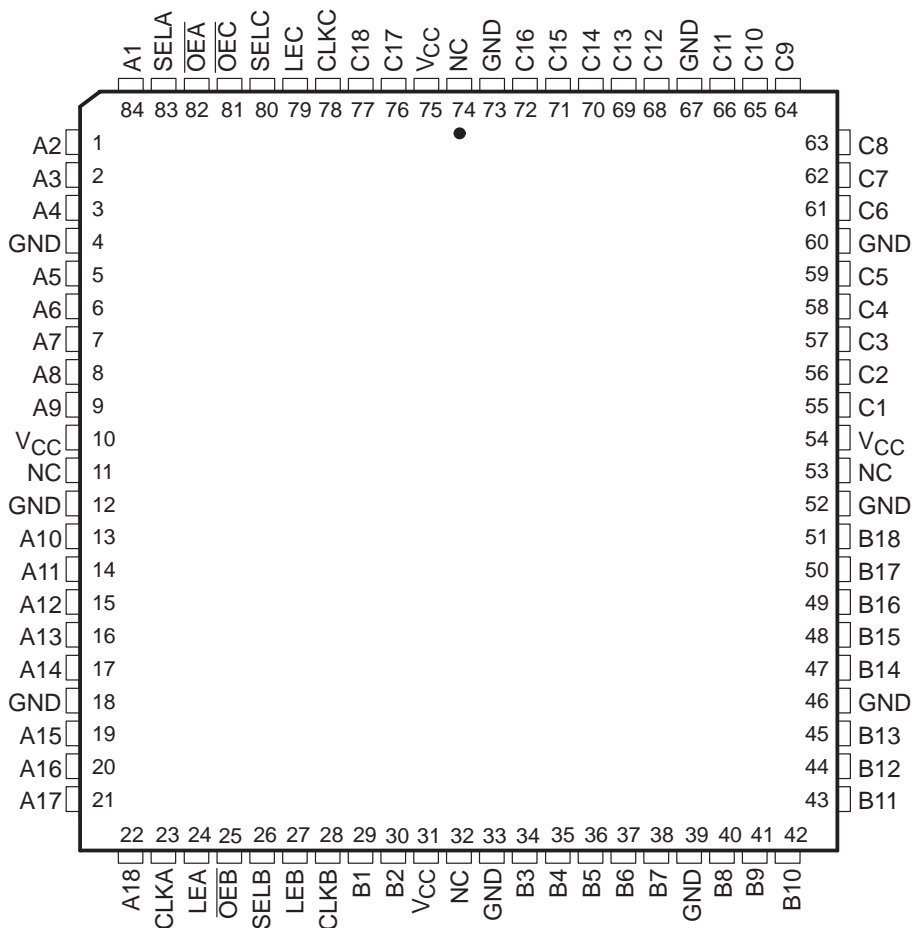
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SN54ABTH32318 . . . HT PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection

description

The 'ABTH32318 consist of three 18-bit registered input/output (I/O) ports. These registers combine D-type latches and flip-flops to allow data flow in transparent, latch, and clock modes. Data from one input port can be exchanged to one or more of the other ports. Because of the universal storage element, multiple combinations of real-time and stored data can be exchanged among the three ports.

Data flow in each direction is controlled by the output-enable (\overline{OEA} , \overline{OEB} , and \overline{OEC}), select-control (SELA, SELB, and SELC), latch-enable (LEA, LEB, and LEC), and clock (CLKA, CLKB, and CLKC) inputs. The A data register operates in the transparent mode when LEA is high. When LEA is low, data is latched if CLKA is held at a high or low logic level. If LEA is low, data is stored on the low-to-high transition of CLKA. Output data selection is accomplished by the select-control pins. All three ports have active-low output enables, so when the output-enable input is low, the outputs are active; when the output-enable input is high, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

When V_{CC} is between 0 and 2.1 V, the device is in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 2.1 V, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

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description (continued)

The SN54ABTH32318 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55°C to 125°C . The SN74ABTH32318 is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C .

Function Tables

STORAGE[†]

INPUTS			OUTPUT
CLKA	LEA	A	
↑	L	L	L
↑	L	H	H
H	L	X	Q_0^{\ddagger}
L	L	X	Q_0^{\ddagger}
X	H	L	L
X	H	H	H

[†] A-port register shown. B and C ports are similar but use CLKB, CLKC, LEB, and LEC.

[‡] Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established

A-PORT OUTPUT

INPUTS		OUTPUT A
$\overline{\text{OEA}}$	SELA	
H	X	Z
L	H	Output of C register
L	L	Output of B register

B-PORT OUTPUT

INPUTS		OUTPUT B
$\overline{\text{OEB}}$	SELB	
H	X	Z
L	H	Output of A register
L	L	Output of C register

C-PORT OUTPUT

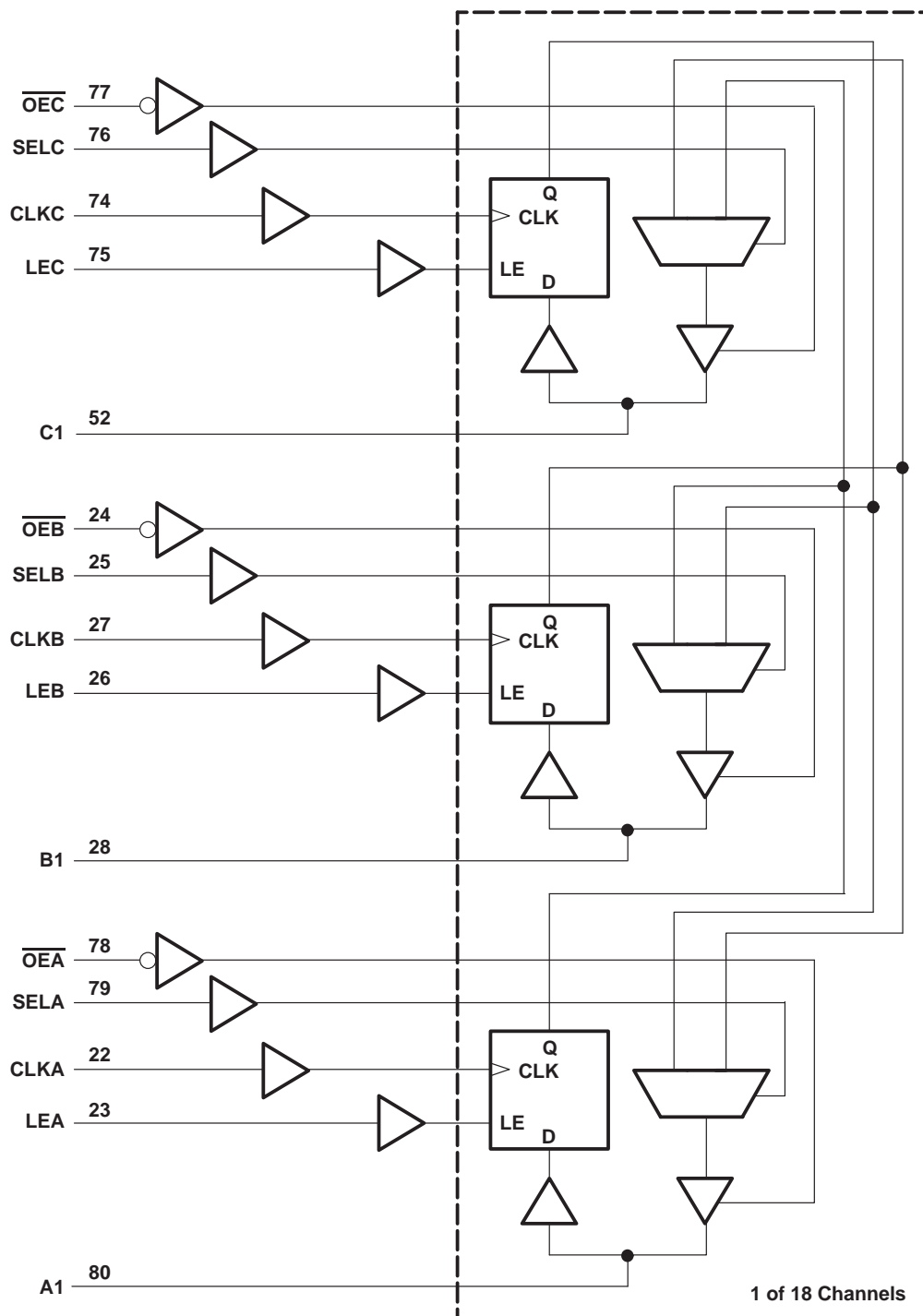
INPUTS		OUTPUT C
$\overline{\text{OEC}}$	SELC	
H	X	Z
L	H	Output of B register
L	L	Output of A register

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logic diagram (positive logic)



Pin numbers shown are for the PN package.

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage range, V_{CC}	–0.5 V to 7 V
Input voltage range, V_I (except I/O ports) (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or power-off state, V_O	–0.5 V to 5.5 V
Current into any output in the low state, I_O : SN54ABTH32318	96 mA
SN74ABTH32318	128 mA
Input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$)	–18 mA
Output clamp current, I_{OK} ($V_O < 0$)	–50 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Note 2): PN package	62°C/W
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
2. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with EIA/JEDEC Std JESD51.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 3)

		SN54ABTH32318		SN74ABTH32318		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	4.5	5.5	4.5	5.5	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	2		2		V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		0.8		0.8	V
V_I	Input voltage	0	V_{CC}	0	V_{CC}	V
I_{OH}	High-level output current		–24		–32	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current		48		64	mA
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled			10	ns/V
$\Delta t/\Delta V_{CC}$	Power-up ramp rate	200		200		μs/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	–55	125	–40	85	°C

NOTE 3: Unused control pins must be held high or low to prevent them from floating.

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	SN54ABTH32318			SN74ABTH32318			UNIT
			MIN	TYP†	MAX	MIN	TYP†	MAX	
V_{IK}		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_I = -18\text{ mA}$			-1.2			-1.2	V
V_{OH}		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -3\text{ mA}$	2.5			2.5			V
		$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -3\text{ mA}$	3			3			
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -24\text{ mA}$	2						
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -32\text{ mA}$				2			
V_{OL}		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 48\text{ mA}$			0.55			0.55	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 64\text{ mA}$			0.55			0.55	
V_{hys}			100			100			mV
I_I	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 0\text{ to }5.5\text{ V}$, $V_I = V_{CC}\text{ or GND}$			± 1			± 1	μA
	A, B, or C ports	$V_{CC} = 2.1\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $V_I = V_{CC}\text{ or GND}$			± 20			± 20	
$I_I(\text{hold})$	A, B, or C ports	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_I = 0.8\text{ V}$	100			100			μA
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_I = 2\text{ V}$	-100			-100			
I_{OZPU}^\ddagger		$V_{CC} = 0\text{ to }2.1\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$, $\overline{OE} = X$			± 50			± 50	μA
I_{OZPD}^\ddagger		$V_{CC} = 2.1\text{ V to }0$, $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$, $\overline{OE} = X$			± 50			± 50	μA
I_{off}		$V_{CC} = 0$, $V_I\text{ or }V_O \leq 4.5\text{ V}$			± 100			± 100	μA
I_{CEX}		$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 5.5\text{ V}$, Outputs high			50			50	μA
I_O^\S		$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$	-50	-100	-180	-50	-100	-180	mA
I_{CC}	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$, $I_O = 0$, $V_I = V_{CC}\text{ or GND}$	Outputs high			2			2	mA
		Outputs low			45			45	
		Outputs disabled			1			1	
ΔI_{CC}^\P		$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$, One input at 3.4 V, Other inputs at $V_{CC}\text{ or GND}$			0.5			0.5	mA
C_i	Control inputs	$V_I = 2.5\text{ V or }0.5\text{ V}$			3			3	pF
C_{io}	A, B, or C ports	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V or }0.5\text{ V}$			11.5			11.5	pF

† All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

‡ This parameter is specified by characterization.

§ Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed one second.

¶ This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than V_{CC} or GND.

timing requirements over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

			SN54ABTH32318		SN74ABTH32318		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f_{clock}	Clock frequency			150		150	MHz
t_w	Pulse duration	LE high	3.3		3.3		ns
		CLK high or low	3.3		3.3		
t_{su}	Setup time	A, B, or C before CLK↑	2.4		2.4		ns
		A, B, or C before LE↓	2.1		2.1		
t_h	Hold time	A, B, or C after CLK↑	1.4		1.4		ns
		A, B, or C after LE↓	2.1		2.1		

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switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $C_L = 50$ pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	SN54ABTH32318		SN74ABTH32318		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f_{max}			150		150		MHz
t_{PLH}	A, B, or C	C, B, or A	1.4	6.5	1.4	6.1	ns
t_{PHL}			1.1	6.8	1.1	6.6	
t_{PLH}	SEL	A, B, or C	1.4	6.7	1.4	6.5	ns
t_{PHL}			1.8	6.8	1.8	6.5	
t_{PLH}	LE	A, B, or C	2.6	8	2.6	7.5	ns
t_{PHL}			2.6	7.4	2.6	6.9	
t_{PLH}	CLK	A, B, or C	2.5	8	2.5	7.4	ns
t_{PHL}			2.5	7.2	2.5	6.7	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	A, B, or C	1.4	6.9	1.4	6.8	ns
t_{PZL}			2.4	7.2	2.4	7.1	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	A, B, or C	1	6.4	1	6.2	ns
t_{PLZ}			2	6.4	2	6	

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From Output Under Test

$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$
(see Note A)

500Ω

500Ω

S1

7 V

Open

GND

Timing diagram for a 3V CMOS input signal. The signal transitions from 0V to 1.5V and back to 0V. The pulse width is labeled t_w . The signal is labeled "Input".

The diagram illustrates the timing characteristics of a CMOS inverter. It consists of three vertically stacked waveforms:

- Input:** A square wave switching between 3 V and 0 V. The transition region is marked with a 1.5 V level.
- Output (top):** The output of the inverter, which is a square wave switching between V_{OH} and V_{OL} . The transition region is also marked with a 1.5 V level.
- Output (bottom):** A second output waveform, identical to the first but phase-shifted by 180 degrees, representing the inverting nature of the circuit.

Propagation delays are indicated by horizontal double-headed arrows:

- t_{PLH} (Low-to-High delay): Measured from the input rising edge to the output rising edge.
- t_{PHL} (High-to-Low delay): Measured from the input falling edge to the output falling edge.

The diagram shows three signals over time:

- Output Control:** A square wave switching between 3 V and 0 V. It has two transitions, each with a 1.5 V overshoot. The time from the rising edge to the output reaching $V_{OL} + 0.3 V$ is t_{PZL} . The time from the falling edge to the output reaching $V_{OH} - 0.3 V$ is t_{PLZ} .
- Output Waveform 1 (S1 at 7 V):** A square wave switching between 3.5 V and V_{OL} . The time from the rising edge to the output reaching $V_{OL} + 0.3 V$ is t_{PHZ} . The time from the falling edge to the output reaching V_{OL} is t_{PZH} .
- Output Waveform 2 (S1 at Open):** A square wave switching between V_{OH} and $\approx 0 V$. The time from the rising edge to the output reaching $V_{OH} - 0.3 V$ is t_{PHZ} . The time from the falling edge to the output reaching $\approx 0 V$ is t_{PZH} .

NOTES:

- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 10$ MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r \leq 2.5$ ns, $t_f \leq 2.5$ ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.



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