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File Number

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# 12MHz, High Input Impedance Operational **Amplifiers**

HA-2600/2605 are internally compensated bipolar operational amplifiers that feature very high input impedance  $(500M\Omega, HA-2600)$  coupled with wideband AC performance. The high resistance of the input stage is complemented by low offset voltage (0.5mV, HA-2600) and low bias and offset current (1nA, HA-2600) to facilitate accurate signal processing. Input offset can be reduced further by means of an external nulling potentiometer. 12MHz unity gainbandwidth, 7V/µs slew rate and 150kV/V open-loop gain enables HA-2600/2605 to perform high-gain amplification of fast, wideband signals. These dynamic characteristics, coupled with fast settling times, make these amplifiers ideally suited to pulse amplification designs as well as high frequency (e.g. video) applications. The frequency response of the amplifier can be tailored to exact design requirements by means of an external bandwidth control capacitor.

In addition to its application in pulse and video amplifier designs, HA-2600/2605 are particularly suited to other high performance designs such as high-gain low distortion audio amplifiers, high-Q and wideband active filters and highspeed comparators. For more information, please refer to Application Note AN515.

The HA-2600 is offered as /883 Military Grade; product and data sheet are available upon request.

# Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. NO.
HA <mark>2-2</mark> 600-2	-55 to 125	8 Pin Metal Can	T8.C
HA2-2605-5	0 to 75	8 Pin Metal Can	T8.C
HA3-2605-5	0 to 75	8 Ld PDIP	E8.3

#### Features

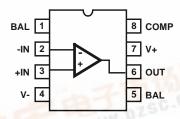
- Output Short Circuit Protection
- Unity Gain Stable

## **Applications**

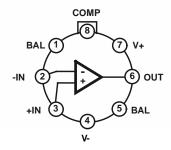
- Video Amplifier
- Pulse Amplifier
- Audio Amplifiers and Filters
- · High-Q Active Filters
- · High-Speed Comparators
- Low Distortion Oscillators

# **Pinouts**

HA-2605 (PDIP) TÔP VIẾW



HA-2600/05 (METAL CAN) TOP VIEW





## HA-2600, HA-2605

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

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## **Operating Conditions**

Temperature Range	
HA-2600-2	55°C to 125°C
HA-2605-5	0°C to 75°C

### **Thermal Information**

$\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)	$\theta_{JC}$ (oC/W)
165	80
96	N/A
Package)	175 <sup>0</sup> C
ackage)	150 <sup>o</sup> C
65	<sup>50</sup> C to 150 <sup>0</sup> C
0s)	300°C
	165 96 Package) Package)

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

#### NOTE:

### **Electrical Specifications** $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 15V$ , Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	TEMP. (°C)	HA-2600-2			HA-2605-5			
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	<u> </u>		!	!	!		!	
Offset Voltage	25	-	0.5	4	-	3	5	mV
	Full	-	2	6	-	-	MAX	mV
Average Offset Voltage Drift	Full	-	5	-	-	5	-	μV/ <sup>o</sup> C
Bias Current	25	-	1	10	-	5	25	nA
	Full	-	10	30	-	-	40	nA
Offset Current	25	-	1	10	-	5	25	nA
	Full	-	5	30	-	-	40	nA
Differential Input Resistance (Note 12)	25	100	500	-	40	300	-	МΩ
Input Noise Voltage Density (f = 1kHz)	25	-	11	-	-	11	-	nV/√Hz
Input Noise Current Density (f = 1kHz)	25	-	0.16	-	-	0.16	-	pA/√Hz
Common Mode Range	Full	±11	±12	-	±11	±12	-	V
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS	<u> </u>			'	<b>-</b>	-	·	
Large Signal Voltage Gain (Notes 3, 6)	25	100	150	-	80	150	-	kV/V
_arge Signal Voltage Gain (Notes 3, 6)	Full	70	-	-	70	-	-	kV/V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 4)	Full	80	100	-	74	100	-	dB
Minimum Stable Gain	25	1	-	-	1	-	-	V/V
Gain Bandwidth Product (Note 5)	25	-	12	-	-	12	-	MHz
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS	<u> </u>			'	<b>-</b>		·	
Output Voltage Swing (Note 3)	Full	±10	±12	-	±10	±12	-	V
Output Current (Note 6)	25	±15	±22	-	±10	±18	-	mA
Full Power Bandwidth (Notes 6, 13)	25	50	75	-	50	75	-	kHz
TRANSIENT RESPONSE (Note 10)	,							•
Rise Time (Notes 3, 7, 8, 9)	25	-	30	60	-	30	60	ns
Overshoot (Notes 3, 7, 8, 9)	25	-	25	40	-	25	40	%
Slew Rate (Notes 3, 7, 9, 14)	25	±4	±7	-	±4	±7	-	V/μs
Settling Time (Notes 3, 7, 15)	25	-	1.5	-	-	1.5	-	μs

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<sup>1.</sup>  $\theta_{\mbox{\scriptsize JA}}$  is measured with the component mounted on an evaluation PC board in free air.

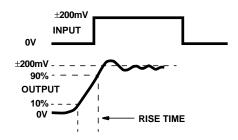
## **Electrical Specifications** $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 15V$ , Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

	TEMP.	HA-2600-2		HA-2605-5				
PARAMETER	(°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS								
Supply Current	25	-	3	3.7	-	3	4	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (Note 11)	Full	80	90	-	74	90	-	dB

#### NOTES:

- 2. Typical and minimum specifications for -9 are identical to those of -5. All maximum specifications for -9 are identical to those of -5 except for Full Temperature Bias and Offset Currents, which are 70nA Max.
- 3.  $R_1 = 2k\Omega$ .
- 4.  $V_{CM} = \pm 10V$ .
- 5. V<sub>OUT</sub> < 90mV.
- 6.  $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$ .
- 7.  $C_L = 100pF$ .
- 8.  $V_{OUT} = \pm 200 \text{mV}$ .
- 9.  $A_V = +1$ .
- 10. See Transient Response Test Circuits and Waveforms.
- 11.  $\Delta V_S = \pm 5V$ .
- 12. This parameter value guaranteed by design calculations.
- 13. Full Power Bandwidth guaranteed by slew rate measurement: FPBW =  $\frac{\text{Slew Rate}}{2\pi V_{\text{PEAK}}}$
- 14.  $V_{OUT} = \pm 5V$
- 15. Settling time is characterized at  $A_V = -1$  to 0.1% of a 10V step.

### Test Circuits and Waveforms



NOTE: Measured on both positive and negative transitions from 0V to +200mV and 0V to -200mV at the output.

FIGURE 1. TRANSIENT RESPONSE

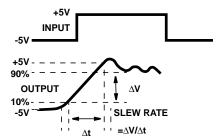


FIGURE 2. SLEW RATE

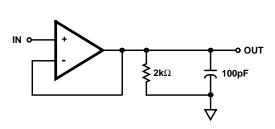
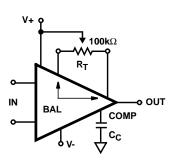


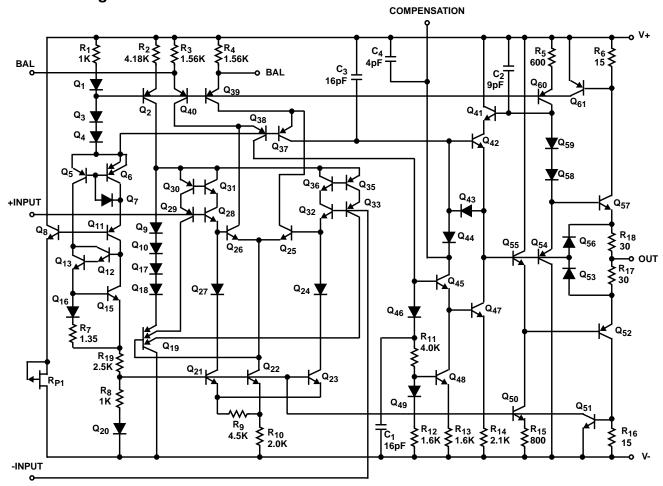
FIGURE 3. SLEW RATE AND TRANSIENT RESPONSE TEST **CIRCUIT** 



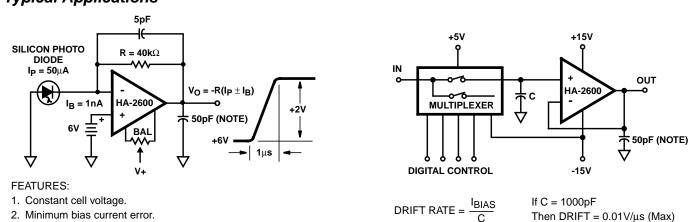
NOTE: Tested offset adjustment range is |VOS + 1mV| minimum referred to output. Typical ranges are  $\pm 10$ mV with R<sub>T</sub> = 100k $\Omega$ .

FIGURE 4. SUGGESTED VOS ADJUSTMENT AND **COMPENSATION HOOK UP** 

# Schematic Diagram



# Typical Applications

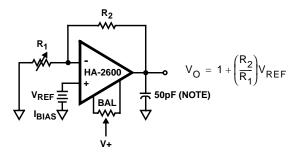


NOTE: A small load capacitance is recommended in all applications where practical to prevent possible high frequency oscillations resulting from external wiring parasitics. Capacitance up to 100pF has negligible effect on the bandwidth or slew rate.

FIGURE 5. PHOTO CURRENT TO VOLTAGE CONVERTER

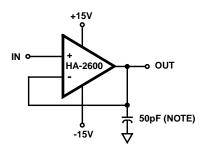
FIGURE 6. SAMPLE AND HOLD

# Typical Applications (Continued)



#### FEATURES:

- 1. Minimum bias current in reference cell.
- 2. Short Circuit Protection.



### **FEATURES**

- $\begin{array}{l} \text{1.} \ \ Z_{IN} = 10^{12}\Omega \ (\text{Min}). \\ \text{2.} \ \ Z_{OUT} = 0.01\Omega \ (\text{Max}), \ \text{B.W.} = 12\text{MHz} \ (\text{Typ}). \\ \text{3.} \ \ \text{Slew Rate} = 4\text{V/}\mu\text{s} \ (\text{Min}), \ \text{Output Swing} = \pm 10\text{V} \ (\text{Min}) \ \text{to } 50\text{kHz}. \end{array}$

NOTE: A small load capacitance is recommended in all applications where practical to prevent possible high frequency oscillations resulting from external wiring parasitics. Capacitance up to 100pF has negligible effect on the bandwidth or slew rate.

FIGURE 7. REFERENCE VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

FIGURE 8. VOLTAGE FOLLOWER

# **Typical Performance Curves** $V_S = \pm 15V$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , Unless Otherwise Specified

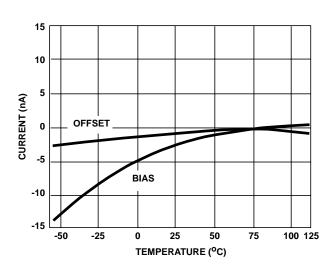


FIGURE 9. INPUT BIAS CURRENT AND OFFSET CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

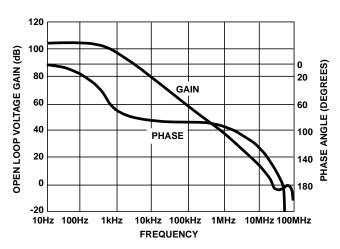


FIGURE 11. OPEN LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE

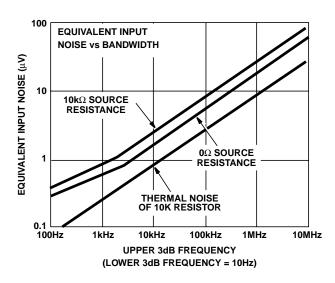


FIGURE 10. BROADBAND NOISE CHARACTERISTICS

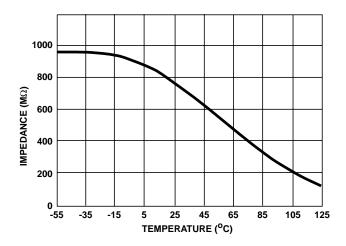


FIGURE 12. INPUT IMPEDANCE vs TEMPERATURE (100Hz)

# **Typical Performance Curves** $V_S = \pm 15 \text{V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ Unless Otherwise Specified}$ (Continued)

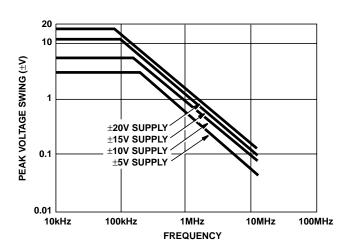


FIGURE 13. OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING vs FREQUENCY

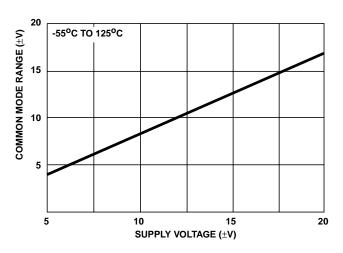


FIGURE 15. COMMON MODE VOLTAGE RANGE vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

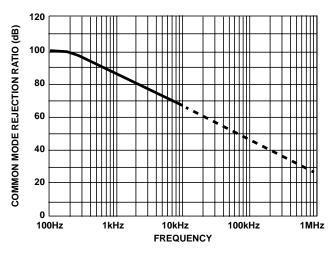
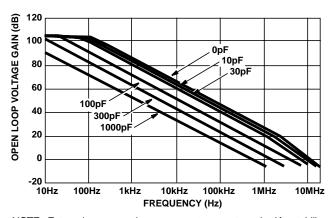


FIGURE 17. COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO vs FREQUENCY



NOTE: External compensation components are not required for stability, but may be added to reduce bandwidth if desired. If External Compensation is used, also connect 100pF capacitor from output to ground.

FIGURE 14. OPEN LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF CAPACITORS FROM COMPENSATION PIN TO GROUND

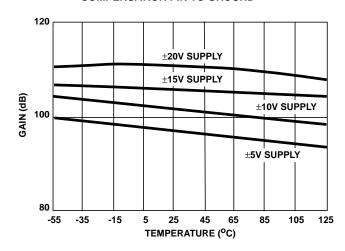


FIGURE 16. OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN vs TEMPERATURE

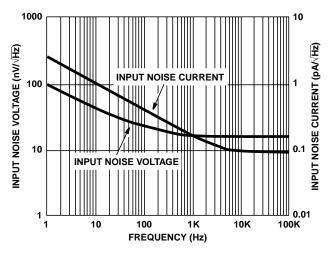


FIGURE 18. NOISE DENSITY vs FREQUENCY

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### Die Characteristics

#### **DIE DIMENSIONS:**

69 mils x 56 mils x 19 mils 1750μm x 1420μm x 483μm

### **METALLIZATION:**

Type: Al, 1% Cu

Thickness: 16kÅ ±2kÅ

### SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (Powered Up):

Unbiased

#### **PASSIVATION:**

Type: Nitride (Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>) over Silox (SiO<sub>2</sub>, 5% Phos.)

Silox Thickness: 12kÅ ±2kÅ Nitride Thickness: 3.5kÅ ±1.5kÅ

#### TRANSISTOR COUNT:

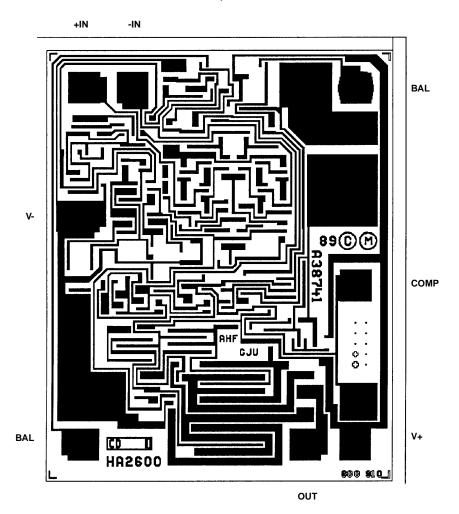
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### PROCESS:

Bipolar Dielectric Isolation

## Metallization Mask Layout

HA-2600, HA-2605



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