ADE-207-126A (Z)

HA11560FP/T **VCR/VDP RF Modulator** WWW.DZSG.C



Rev. 1 Dec. 1993

This chip is designed for application as an RF modulator in VCRs and VDPs. A new type RF oscillator provides superior harmonic characteristics.

Features

- · Superior harmonic characteristics allow easy pattern design.
- Sharp white chip characteristics with no • distortion
- The use of miniature surface mount packaging allows substrate miniaturization (TSOP).

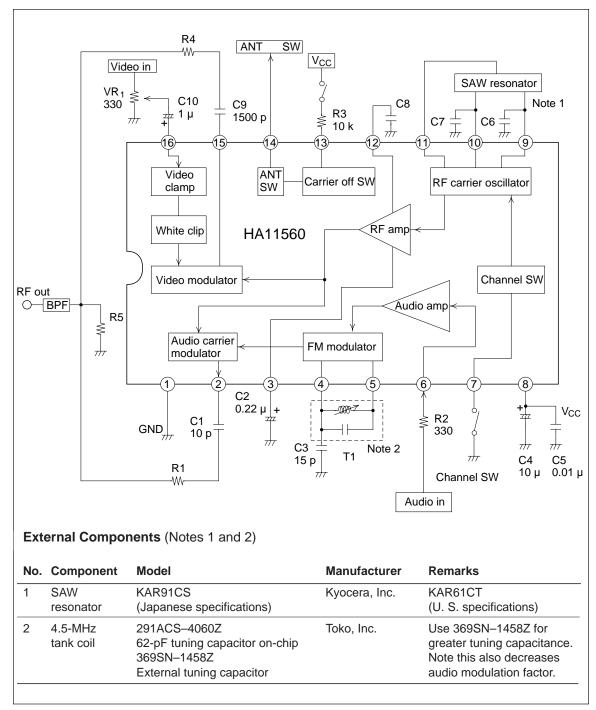
Ordering Information

Туре No.	Package		
HA11560FP	16 pin plastic SOP		
HA11560T	16pin plastic TSOP		

Functions

- Video modulator
- RF carrier oscillator
- White clip
- Channel switch
- ANT switch driver
 Carrier off switch
- · Carrier off switch

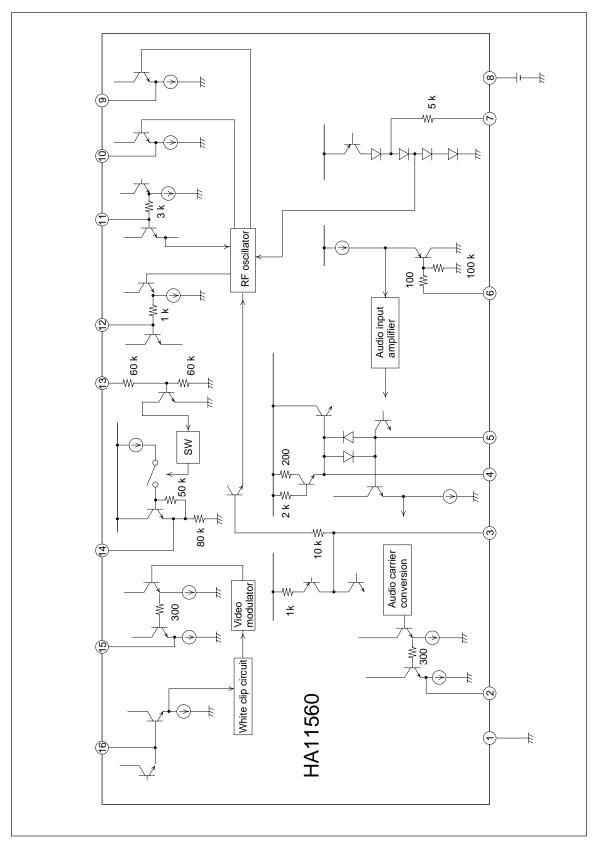
Block Diagram



Pin Functions

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Voltage Pin	Remarks	
1	GND	GND	GND		
2	AUDIO RF OUT	Audio RF signal output pin	3.2 V	Output Level = 85 dBµV	
3	RF OSCILLATOR BIAS	RF oscillator voltage control pin	(3.1 V)	RF oscillator active state	
4	FM MOD COIL	FM modulator tank coil connector pin	4.1 V	Reference voltage pin	
5	FM MOD COIL	FM modulator tank coil connector pin	4.1 V	Swing Level ≒ 1.0 Vp-p	
6	AUDIO IN	Audio signal input pin	0 V		
7	CHANNEL SW	RF oscillation frequency channel switch	2.8 V (when open)	Pin 9 output (when open)	
8	V _{CC}	V _{CC}	5V		
9	SAW.R LOW CHANNEL	SAW resonator connector pin (low ch)	3.7 V	Swing Level ≒ 80 mVp-p	
10	SAW.R HIGH CHANNEL	SAW resonator connector pin (high ch)	3.7 V		
11	SAW.R COMMON	SAW resonator connector pin (common)	3.2 V		
12	DP Adj.	Video differential phase and harmonic level adjust pin	2.6 V	Good oscillating stability smaller capacitance value	
13	CARRIER OFF SW	RF switch driver and RF oscillator switch pin	0 to 5 V	0 V (when open)	
14	ANT SW DRIVER	RF switch driver drive pin	0 to 3.6 V	Maximum output current = 30 mA	
15	VIDEO RF OUT	Video RF signal output pin	3.1 V	Note: Output level = 91.5 dBµV	
16	VIDEO IN	Video signal input pin	1.6 V		

Note:	Channel	Carrier frequency
	JPN1	91.25 MHz
	JPN2	97.25 MHz
	US3	61.25 MHz
	US4	67.25 MHz



Block Operation Descriptions

The following describes the operation of each block and external circuits.

Video Clamp

The video clamp circuit employs a sync peak value clamp. Input impedance is at a level of approximately 30 k Ω to reduce compression of the sync pulse. Note that sag is generated in the sync pulse when a capacitor of 0.47 μF or lower is used for C10 at pin 16.

White Clip Circuit

The white clip level is set to 92.5%. A circuit that produces a sharp white clip is used in order to produce high linearity characteristics for the video. Increasing the white clip frequency characteristic by another 5 MHz eliminates video carrier cutoff by the chroma signal and prevents deterioration of audio buzz characteristics.

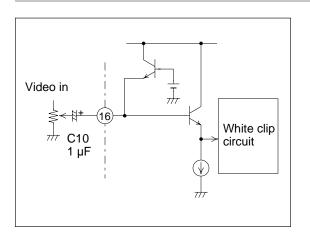


Figure 1 Video Input Circuit

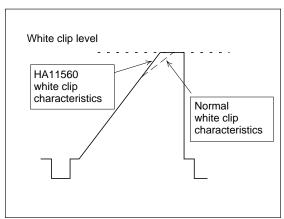


Figure 2 White Clip Characteristics

RF Oscillator/Channel Switch

A new type RF oscillator is employed to reduce RF harmonics to a level that is dramatically lower than previous available Hitachi products.

Note that using a capacitor lower than 0.22 μ F at pin 3 causes an increase in sync pulse sag.

The input resistance at pin 11, which is the oscillator input pin, is $3 k\Omega$. Pins 9 and 10 are oscillator output pins, and are NPN transistor emitter-follower types.

The oscillator frequency is selectable by switching the pin 7 channel switch between SAW resonator low channel and high channel. When the channel switch is open, oscillation output is performed from pin 9, while grounding the switch causes output from pin 10. The switching voltage of the channel switch is approximately 2.1 V. When the channel switch is grounded, a current of 30 μ A flows through pin 7, which is sufficient to drive an electronic switch.

Antenna Switch

The antenna switch links the drive circuit that switches the RF switch on and off with the chip's

RF oscillator on/off operation.

Opening the switch at pin 13 stops oscillation of the RF oscillator and the antenna switch drive output at pin 14 becomes 0 V. The audio system is operating in this state, which acts to suppress generation of popping noise in the audio as the antenna switches between on and off.

When pin 13 is connected to V_{CC} by a closed switch, the RF oscillator is operational and the antenna switch drive output DC level at pin 14 is high.

Pin 13 should be connected to V_{CC} when the antenna switch is not used. A maximum current of 30 mA can be obtained from the antenna switch driver.

Be sure to connect 10 k Ω for R3 at pin 13 when the antenna switch is being used. R2 is used as protective resistance when the antenna switch power supply is switched on before the chip power supply.

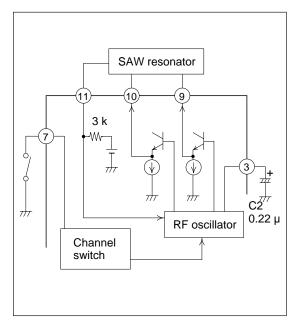


Figure 3 RF Oscillator Interface Circuit

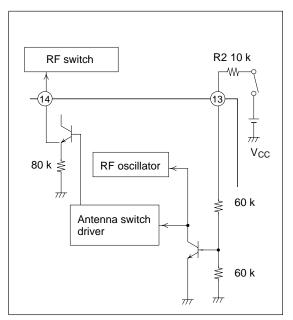


Figure 4 Antenna Switch Interface Circuit

Audio Modulator

Pins 4 and 5 make up the reference oscillator for the 4.5 MHz audio modulator. Pin 4 is the oscillator's reference bias source. A 15 pF capacitor must be used for C3 at pin 4 to cut the ac signal. The oscillation frequency is determined by an external tank circuit. An external cuppling capacitor is not required when pin 6, which is the audio input pin, is almost equal to ground potential and the audio input signal dc level is ground potential. The ground potential of the input pin results in a circuit configuration that reduces pin 6 voltage fluctuations and suppresses popping noise.

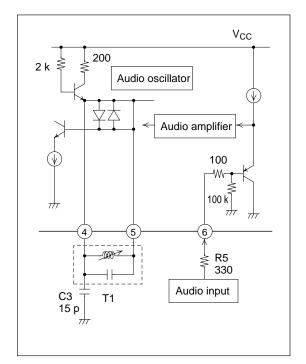


Figure 5 Audio Modulator Interface Circuit

Absolute Maximum Ratings $(1a = 25^{\circ}C)$					
Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit		
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	6.0	V		
Power dissipation	PT	400 (HA11560FP)	mW		
		275 (HA11560T)			
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C		
Operating temperature	Topr	-20 to +70	°C		

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($Ta = 25^{\circ}C$)

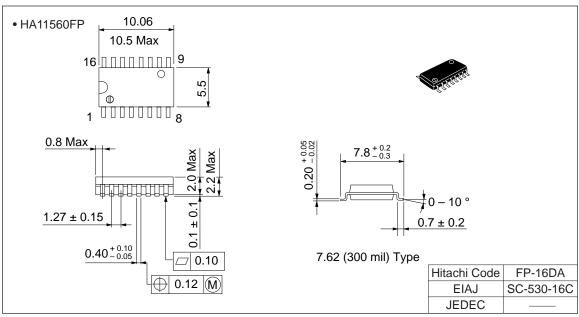
Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25° C)

			_				Application
Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions	Terminal
Supply current	I _{SS}	9	13	18	mA		8
Video output level	Vo	89.5	91.5	94.5	dBµ	No input	15
Video modulation	V _M	73	_	79	%	Video input = 0.635 Vp-p	15
factor		77	80	83			
		81	—	87			
Video output channel difference	ΔV_{O}	-2	0	2	dB		15
Video modulation factor channel difference	ΔV_{M}	-2	0	2	%		15
Video output S/N	V _{SN}		55	_	dB	VM = 50%	15
White clip level	V _W	89	92.5	96	%		15
Differential gain	DG		2	5	%	80% modulation at upper part of chroma signal 20 IRE	15
Differential phase	DP		2	5	deg		15
Audio output P/S ratio	A _O	5.0	6.5	8.0	dB		2, 15
Audio modulation factor	A _M	22.4	24.4	26.4	± kHz/ dev	Input 0.14 Vp-p	2
Audio S/N	ASN	50	60	_	dB	Audio modulation = 60 %	5
Video input impedance	R _V	10	30	—	kΩ		16
Audio input impedance	R _A	75	100	145	kΩ		6
Spurious response within band	Sin	_	-75	-65	dB	Measurement of spurious response between $f_{\rm V}$ and $f_{\rm A}$	2, 15
920-kHz beat	cb	_	-68	-61	dB	0.635 Vp-pinput	2, 15
Antenna switch pin voltage	A _{SV}	3.1	3.4	3.7	V	Load current = 15 mA when supply voltage = 5 V	14

ltem	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Test Conditions	Application Terminal
Antenna switch residual voltage	A _{SRV}	0	0	0.1	V	When supply voltage = 5 V	14
Carrier-off switch carrier off voltage	C _{OFF}	0	_	0.5	V		13
Carrier-off switch carrier on voltage	C _{ON}	2.5	_	5.0	V		13

Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25° C) (cont)

Package Dimensions



Unit : mm

