

# HA13412

## Three-Phase Brushless Motor Driver

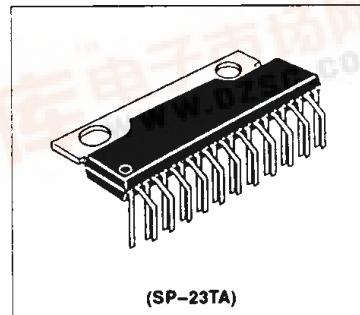
### Description

The HA13412 is a monolithic power IC developed for use as a three-phase brushless DC motor driver.

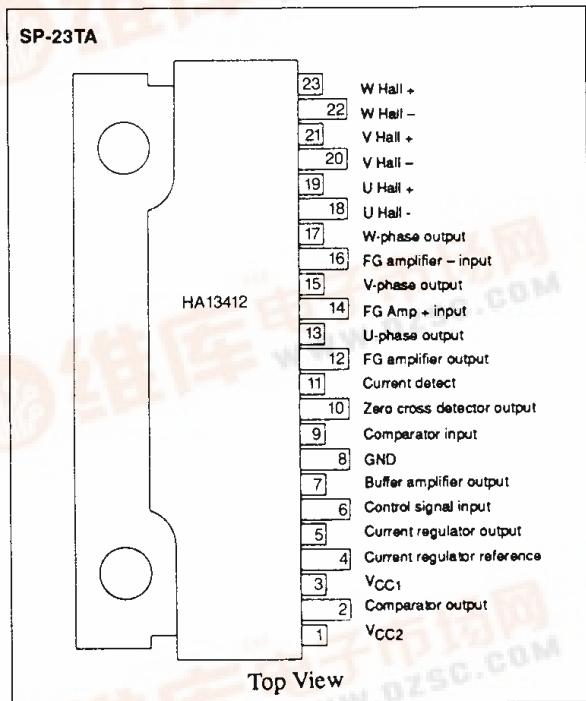
With a maximum output current of 1 A/phase and power supply voltage of 35 V, this device is ideal as a driver for printer positioning motors, etc.

### Features

- Hysteresis-compensating Hall amplifier
- Current limiter
- FG signal zero-cross detector
- Protection circuit disables the output transistor if the Hall amplifier input is cut
- Separate power supplies permit the control and output blocks each to be used over a wide range of voltages
  - Control block: 6–15 V
  - Output block: 5–30 V
- Overtemperature shutdown (OTSD)



### Pin Assignment

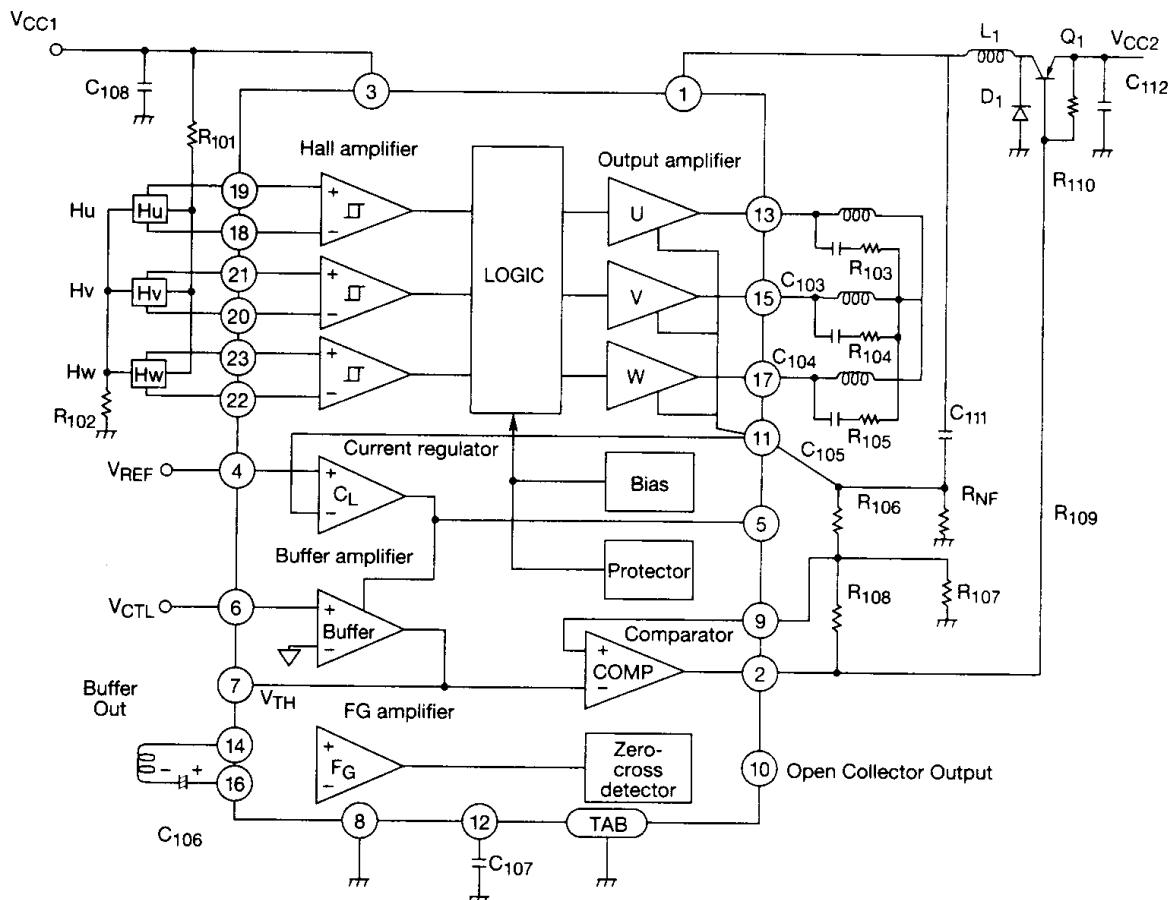


### Ordering Information

Type No.	Package
HA13412	SP-23TA

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## Block Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Note
Control block power supply voltage	V <sub>CC1</sub>	15	V	1
Output block power supply voltage	V <sub>CC2</sub>	35	V	1
Output current	I <sub>O</sub>	1.0	A	
Power Dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	10	W	
Thermal resistance Junction to case	$\theta_{j-c}$	4	°C/W	
Junction to air	$\theta_{j-a}$	40		
Hall amplifier input voltage	V <sub>H</sub>	0 to V <sub>CC1</sub>	V	
Control voltage	V <sub>CTL</sub>	0 to V <sub>CC1</sub>	V	
Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	150	°C	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20 to +70	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +125	°C	

The absolute maximum ratings are limiting values, to be applied individually, beyond which the device may be permanently damaged. Functional operation under any of these conditions is not guaranteed. Exposing a circuit to its absolute maximum rating for extended periods of time may affect the device's reliability.

## Note:

1. Recommended operating voltage range:

V<sub>CC1</sub> = 6–15 V

V<sub>CC2</sub> = 5–30 V

**Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, V<sub>CC1</sub> = 12 V, V<sub>CC2</sub> = 12 V)**

Parameter		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Conditions	Pin	Notes
Overall	Current consumption	—	18	25	mA	V <sub>CTL</sub> = 0 V V <sub>CC1</sub> = 15 V	3	
		—	27	36	mA	V <sub>CC2</sub> = 35 V, V <sub>CC1</sub> = 15 V	1	
Hall amplifier	Input current	—	—	±50	μA		18–23	
	In-phase voltage range	2.0	V <sub>CC1</sub> –	V	V <sub>CC1</sub> = 6–15 V		18–23	
				1.25				
Output amplifier	Hysteresis	10	—	30	mV	R <sub>g</sub> = 400 Ω	18–23	
	Common-mode error voltage	35	—	—	V	I <sub>O</sub> = 20 mA	13, 15, 17	
	Leakage current	—	—	±1.0	mV	V <sub>CE</sub> = 35 V	13, 15, 17	
	Saturation voltage	—	3.0	4.3	V	V <sub>CTL</sub> = V <sub>CC1</sub> , I <sub>O</sub> = 1.0 A	13, 15, 17	1
Buffer amplifier		—	2.0	2.7	V	I <sub>O</sub> = 0.6 A		
	Threshold voltage	0.9	1.0	1.1	V	I <sub>O</sub> = 10 mA, V <sub>CC1</sub> = 8–14 V	6	
	Input current	—	0	±12	μA	V <sub>CTL</sub> = V <sub>CC1</sub>	6	
		—	−100	—	12	μA	V <sub>CTL</sub> = 0.4 V	
Comparator	Voltage gain	−2	0	+2	dB	f = 500 Hz	6, 7	
	Input offset voltage	—	100	—	mV			
	Output leakage current	—	—	±1.0	mA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 42 V		
Current limiter	Output saturation voltage	—	1.0	—	V	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA		
	Offset voltage	−25	—	+25	mV	V <sub>Ref</sub> = 350 mV	11	
	Pulsewidth	—	90	—	μs	FG = 500 Hz/10 mVpp	10	2
FG zero-cross detector	Output leakage current	—	—	±10	μA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 15 V	10	
	Output low voltage	—	0.5	1.0	V	I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA	10	

**Notes:**

- Sum of the upper and lower saturation voltages.
- Change based on external constants.

**External Components**

Symbol	Recommended Value	Purpose	Notes
R <sub>101</sub> , R <sub>102</sub>	—	Hall element bias	1
R <sub>103</sub> , R <sub>104</sub> , R <sub>105</sub>	10 Ω	Stability	2
R <sub>106</sub> , R <sub>107</sub>	—	Setting of control gain	
R <sub>108</sub>	—	Setting of comparator hysteresis amplitude	3
R <sub>109</sub>	—	Comparator output current limiter	4
R <sub>110</sub>	—	Current leakage prevention	
R <sub>NF</sub>	—	Output current detection	5
C <sub>103</sub> , C <sub>104</sub> , C <sub>105</sub>	0.1 μF	Stability	2
C <sub>106</sub>	100 μF	AC coupling for FG amplifier	
C <sub>107</sub>	0.1 μF	Setting of zero cross detector output pulsewidth	
C <sub>112</sub> , C <sub>108</sub>	0.1 μF	Power supply filter	
C <sub>111</sub> , L <sub>1</sub>	47 μF/1.0 mH	Lowpass filter	6
D <sub>1</sub>	—	Flywheel diode	

**Notes:**

- Bias the Hall amplifiers so that the output voltage exceeds 50 mVpp.
- Not necessary if there are no incidental oscillations observed in the output waveform.
- The comparator's hysteresis amplitude (hys) is defined as follows:

$$hys = \frac{V_{CC2}}{\frac{R_{108} + R_{109}}{R_{106} + R_{107}}}$$

Keep hys in the 20–50 mV range.

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4. Select  $R_{109}$  so that a value of 10 mA is not exceeded.
5. The maximum output current permitted by the current regulator is defined by the following equation.  $V_{ref}$  is the voltage at pin 4.

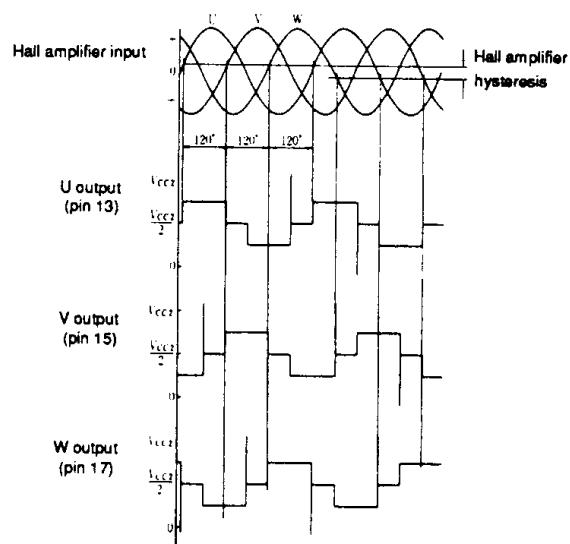
$$I_{max} = \frac{V_{ref}}{R_{NF}}$$

6. The  $Q_1$  switching frequency ( $f_c$ ) is defined by the following equation.

$$f_c = \frac{R_{NF}}{4L_1} \frac{R_{106}}{R_{106}}$$

## Timing Chart

### • Hall Amplifier and Output Voltages



### • FG Amplifier and Zero-Cross Detector Voltages

