

# International IOR Rectifier

PD -2.458 rev. B 02/99

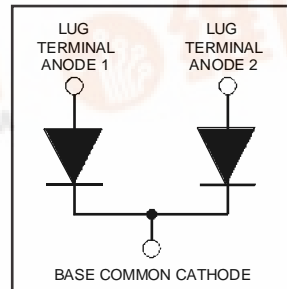
## HFA140NJ60C

HEXFRED™

Ultrafast, Soft Recovery Diode

### Features

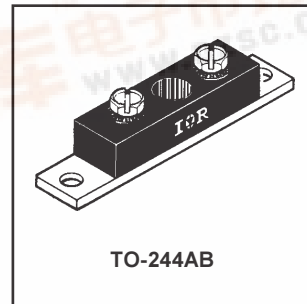
- Reduced RFI and EMI
- Reduced Snubbing
- Extensive Characterization of Recovery Parameters



|   |
|---|
| $V_R = 600V$  |
| $V_F(\text{typ.})^{\text{③}} = 1.2V$                  |
| $I_{F(AV)} = 140A$                                    |
| $Q_{rr}(\text{typ.}) = 340nC$                         |
| $I_{RRM}(\text{typ.}) = 8.5A$                         |
| $t_{rr}(\text{typ.}) = 33ns$                          |
| $di_{(rec)M}/dt(\text{typ.})^{\text{③}} = 220A/\mu s$ |

### Description

HEXFRED™ diodes are optimized to reduce losses and EMI/RFI in high frequency power conditioning systems. An extensive characterization of the recovery behavior for different values of current, temperature and di/dt simplifies the calculations of losses in the operating conditions. The softness of the recovery eliminates the need for a snubber in most applications. These devices are ideally suited for power converters, motors drives and other applications where switching losses are significant portion of the total losses.



### Absolute Maximum Ratings (per Leg)

|                           | Parameter  | Max.        | Units   |
|---------------------------|--|-------------|---------|
| $V_R$                     | Cathode-to-Anode Voltage                         | 600         | V       |
| $I_F @ T_C = 25^\circ C$  | Continuous Forward Current                       | 126         | A       |
| $I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Continuous Forward Current                       | 63          |         |
| $I_{FSM}$                 | Single Pulse Forward Current ①                   | 400         |         |
| $E_{AS}$                  | Non-Repetitive Avalanche Energy ②                | 220         | $\mu J$ |
| $P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$  | Maximum Power Dissipation                        | 310         | W       |
| $P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Maximum Power Dissipation                        | 125         |         |
| $T_J$<br>$T_{STG}$        | Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range | -55 to +150 | C       |

### Thermal - Mechanical Characteristics

|            | Parameter                               | Min.     | Typ.     | Max.     | Units               |
|------------|---|----------|----------|----------|---------------------|
| $R_{thJC}$ | Junction-to-Case, Single Leg Conducting | —        | —        | 0.40     | $^\circ C/W$<br>K/W |
|            | Junction-to-Case, Both Legs Conducting  | —        | —        | 0.20     |                     |
| $R_{thCS}$ | Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface     | —        | 0.10     | —        |                     |
| $Wt$       | Weight                                  | —        | 79 (2.8) | —        | g (oz)              |
|            | Mounting Torque ④                       | 30 (3.4) | —        | 40 (4.6) | lbf·in<br>(N·m)     |
|            | Mounting Torque Center Hole             | 12 (1.4) | —        | 18 (2.1) |                     |
|            | Terminal Torque                         | 30 (3.4) | —        | 40 (4.6) |                     |
|            | Vertical Pull                           | —        | —        | 80       | lbf·in              |
|            | 2 inch Lever Pull                       | —        | —        | 35       |                     |

Note: ① Limited by junction temperature  
②  $L = 100\mu H$ , duty cycle limited by max  $T_J$   
③  $125^\circ C$

④ Mounting surface must be smooth, flat, free of burrs or other protrusions. Apply a thin even film of thermal grease to mounting surface. Gradually tighten each mounting bolt in 5-10 lbf·in steps until desired or maximum torque limits are reached. Module



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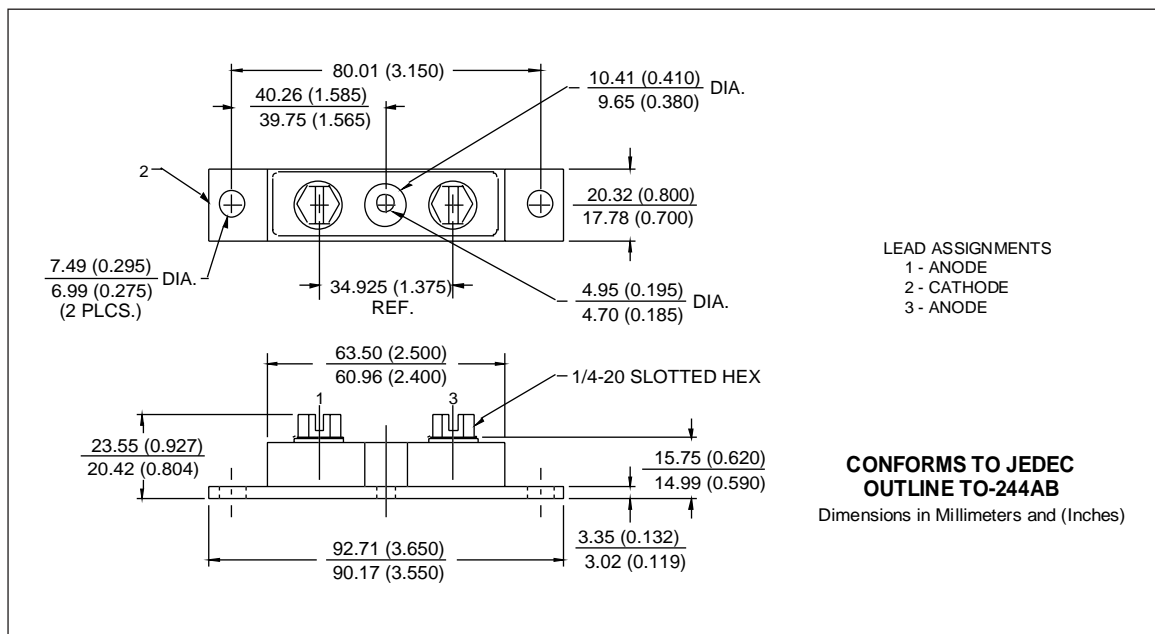
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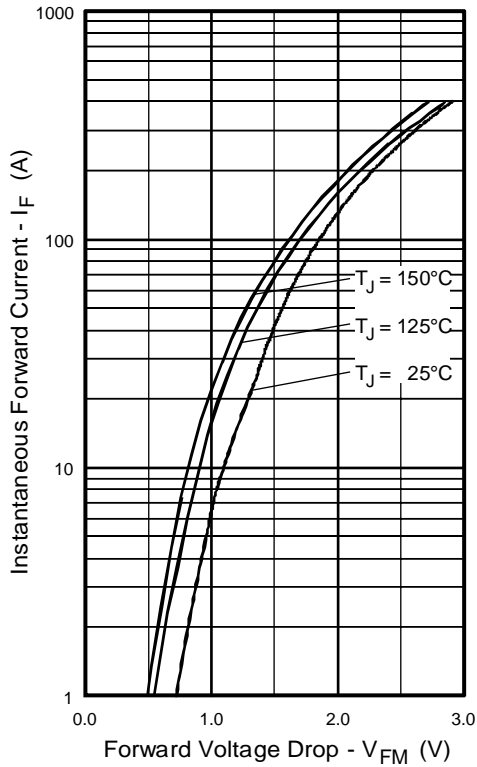
## Electrical Characteristics (per Leg) @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter       | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions                               |
|-----------------|------|------|------|-------|---|
| V <sub>BR</sub> | 600  | —    | —    | V     | I <sub>R</sub> = 100μA                        |
| V <sub>FM</sub> | —    | 1.3  | 1.5  | V     | I <sub>F</sub> = 70A                          |
|                 | —    | 1.5  | 1.7  |       | I <sub>F</sub> = 140A                         |
|                 | —    | 1.2  | 1.4  |       | I <sub>F</sub> = 70A, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C  |
| I <sub>RM</sub> | —    | 4.0  | 20   | μA    | V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>R</sub> Rated         |
|                 | —    | 1.0  | 4.0  | mA    | T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C, V <sub>R</sub> = 480V |
| C <sub>T</sub>  | —    | 140  | 250  | pF    | V <sub>R</sub> = 200V                         |
| L <sub>S</sub>  | —    | 7.0  | —    | nH    | From top of terminal hole to mounting plane   |

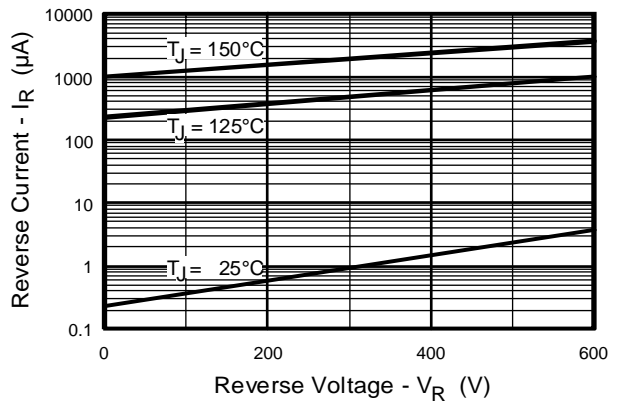
## Dynamic Recovery Characteristics (per Leg) @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                 | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions  |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|-------|--|
| t <sub>rr</sub>           | —    | 33   | —    | ns    | I <sub>F</sub> = 1.0A, di/dt = 200A/μs, V <sub>R</sub> = 30V |
| t <sub>rr1</sub>          | —    | 80   | 120  |       | T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C  |
| t <sub>rr2</sub>          | —    | 140  | 220  |       | T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C                                       |
| I <sub>R</sub> RM1        | —    | 8.5  | 15   | A     | T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C  |
| I <sub>R</sub> RM2        | —    | 14   | 25   |       | T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C                                       |
| Q <sub>rr1</sub>          | —    | 340  | 900  | nC    | T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C  |
| Q <sub>rr2</sub>          | —    | 980  | 2300 |       | T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C                                       |
| di <sub>(rec)M</sub> /dt1 | —    | 300  | —    | A/μs  | T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C  |
| di <sub>(rec)M</sub> /dt2 | —    | 220  | —    |       | T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C                                       |

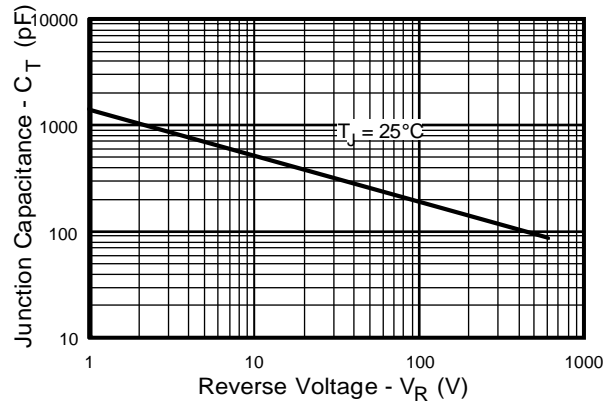




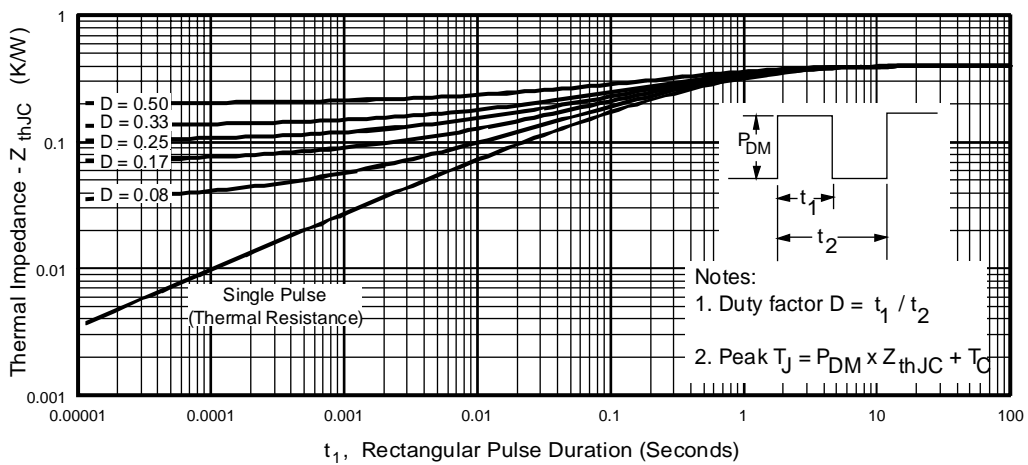
**Fig. 1 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current, (per Leg)**



**Fig. 2 - Typical Reverse Current vs. Reverse Voltage, (per Leg)**



**Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage, (per Leg)**

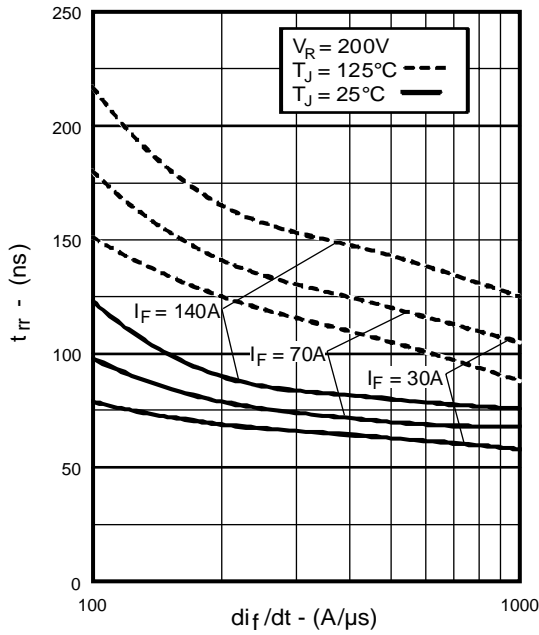


**Fig. 4 - Maximum Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJC}$  Characteristics, (per Leg)**

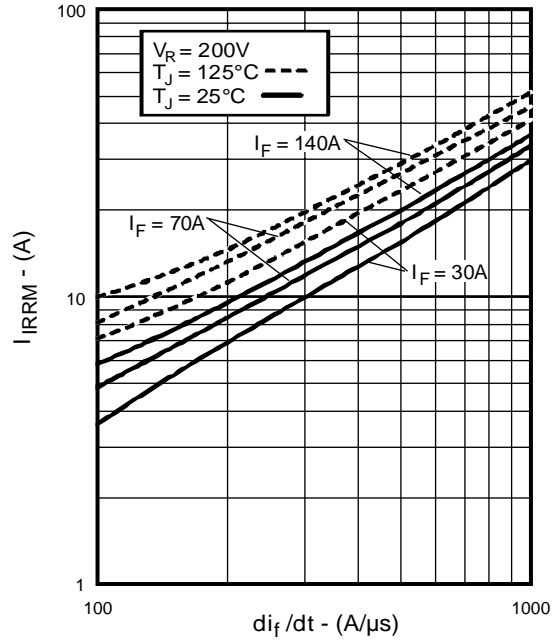
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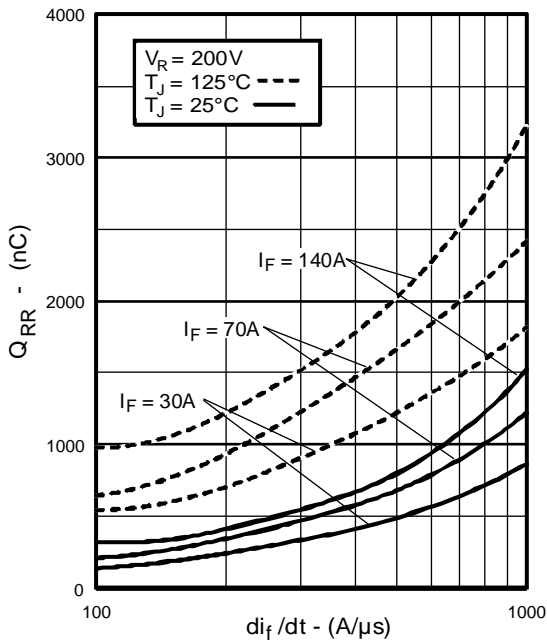
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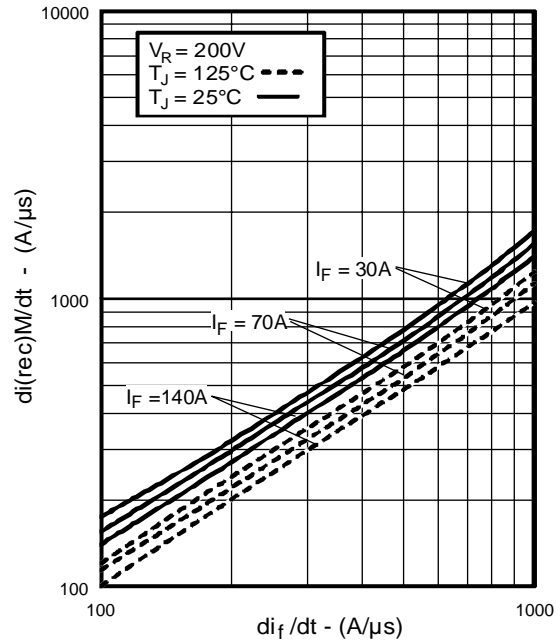
**Fig. 5** - Typical Reverse Recovery vs.  $di_f/dt$ , (per Leg)



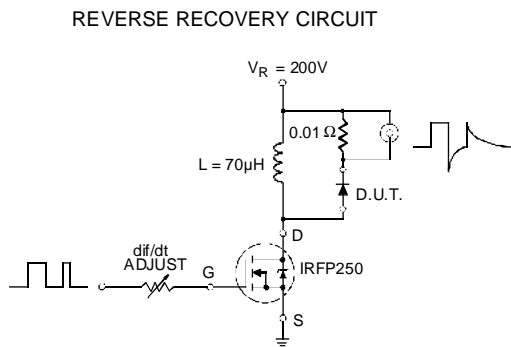
**Fig. 6** - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_f/dt$ , (per Leg)



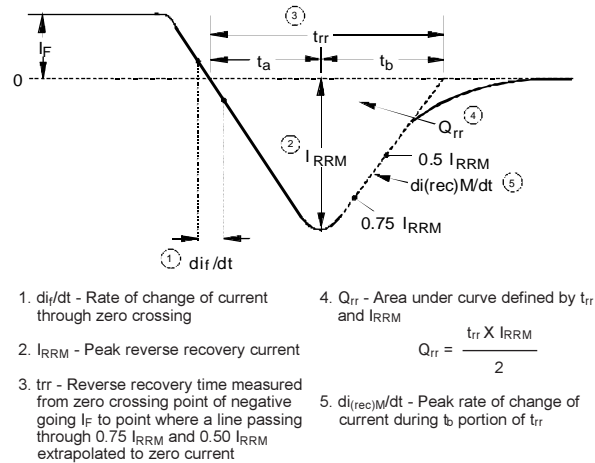
**Fig. 7** - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_f/dt$ , (per Leg)



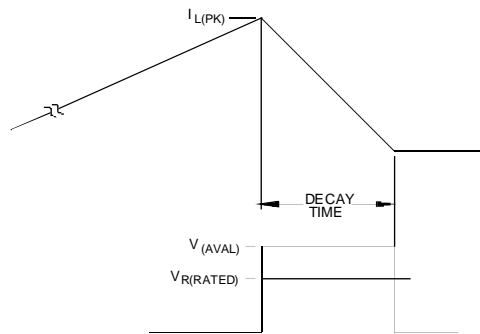
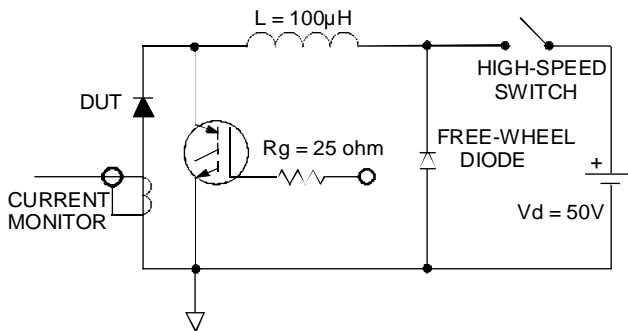
**Fig. 8** - Typical  $di_{(rec)M}/dt$  vs.  $di_f/dt$ , (per Leg)



**Fig. 9 - Reverse Recovery Parameter Test Circuit**



**Fig. 10 - Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions**



**Fig. 11 - Avalanche Test Circuit and Waveforms**