

HT1602

40 Dot Matrix LCD Segment Driver

Features

- Operating voltage: 4.5V~5.5V
- LCD driving voltage: 8V~16V
- Applicable LCD duty cycle from 1/8 to 1/64
- Suitable for various types of LCD panel
- Bias voltage adjustable from an external source

Applications

- Electronic dictionaries
- Portable computers

- Remote controllers
- Calculators

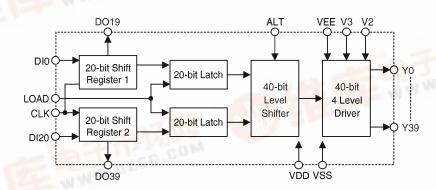
General Description

The HT1602 is a dot matrix LCD segment driver LSI implemented in CMOS technology. It is equipped with a 40-bit shift register (two 20-bit shift registers), a 40-bit latch (two 20-bit latches), a 40-bit level shifter, a 40-bit 4-level driver, and control circuits.

The HT1602 can convert serial data received from an LCD controller to parallel data and

then send them out as LCD driving waveforms to the LCD panel. The HT1602 can be applied up to 1/64 duty. Furthermore, the bias voltage which determines the LCD driving voltage can be optionally supplied from an external source, thus the chip is suitable for driving various types of LCD panel. These special features increase the versatility of the chip.

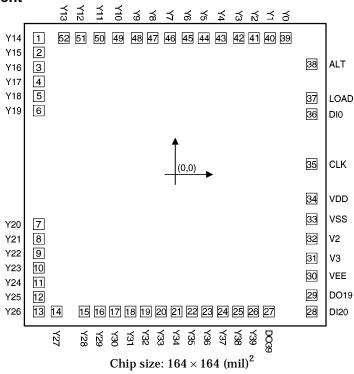
Block Diagram







Pad Assignment



* The IC substrate should be connected to VDD in the PCB layout artwork.

Pad Coordinates Unit: mil

Pad No.	X	Y	Pad No.	X	Y	Pad No.	X	Y
1	-76.23	76.23	19	-16.61	-76.23	37	75.78	42.66
2	-76.23	68.13	20	-8.10	-76.23	38	75.78	61.56
3	-76.23	60.03	21	0.5	-76.23	39	61.20	76.23
4	-76.23	51.93	22	9.10	-76.23	40	52.56	76.23
5	-76.23	43.83	23	17.60	-76.23	41	43.65	76.23
6	-76.23	35.73	24	26.15	-76.23	42	35.10	76.23
7	-76.23	-27.63	25	34.70	-76.23	43	25.20	76.23
8	-76.23	-35.73	26	43.25	-76.23	44	15.71	76.23
9	-76.23	-43.83	27	51.89	-76.23	45	6.66	76.23
10	-76.23	-51.93	28	75.78	-76.23	46	-3.06	76.23
11	-76.23	-60.03	29	75.78	-67.14	47	-12.83	76.23
12	-76.23	-68.13	30	75.78	-56.34	48	-21.60	76.23
13	-76.23	-76.23	31	75.78	-46.62	49	-32.04	76.23
14	-66.33	-76.23	32	75.78	-35.64	50	-42.48	76.23
15	-50.81	-76.23	33	75.78	-24.75	51	-52.92	76.23
16	-42.26	-76.23	34	75.78	-13.32	52	-62.15	76.23
17	-33.71	-76.23	35	75.78	6.03			
18	-25.16	-76.23	36	75.78	33.66			

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28th Aug '98



Pad Description

Pad No.	Pad Name	I/O	Description
1~26	Y14~Y39	О	LCD driver outputs for segments*
27	DO39	О	Shift register output for the 40th bit data
28	DI20	I	Input data of shift register 2
29	DO19	О	Shift register output for the 20th bit data
30	VEE	I	LCD power supply
31, 32	V3, V2	I	LCD bias supply voltage
33	VSS	_	Negative power supply
34	VDD	_	Positive power supply
35	CLK	I	Clock pulse input for the shift register
36	DI0	I	Input data of shift register 1
37	LOAD	I	Latching signal to latch shift register data
38	ALT	I	Alternate input signal for LCD driving waveforms
39~52	Y0~Y13	О	LCD driver outputs for segments*

^{*:} For Y0~Y39, any of VDD, V2, V3 or VEE can be selected as a display driving source according to the combination of latched data level and ALT signal. Refer to the following table:

Latched Data	ALT	Display Data Output Level
Н	Н	V_{EE}
11	L	V_{DD}
Ţ	Н	V3
L	L	V2

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Supply Voltage	0.3V to 6V	Storage Temperature	−50°C to 125°C
Input VoltageVSS-0.3V	to V _{DD} +0.3V	Operating Temperature	–20°C to 70°C

^{*}Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.



D.C. Characteristics

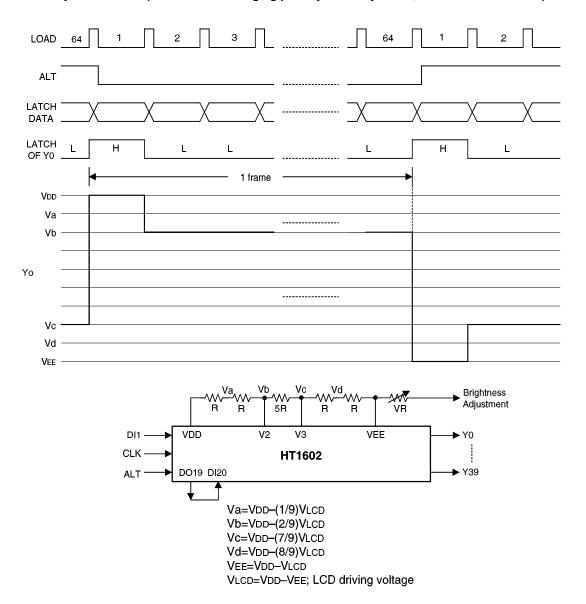
Ta=25°C

Symbol	Domomoton	Test	Conditions	M:	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Parameter	V _{DD}	Conditions	Min.			
V_{DD}	Operating Voltage	_	_	4.5	_	5.5	V
I_{DD}	Operating Current	5V	No load	_	100	300	μΑ
Istb	Standby Current	5V	_	_	1	5	μΑ
f_{LCD}	Max. Clock Frequency	5V	_	3.3	_	_	MHz
twclk	Clock Pulse Width	5V	_	125	_	_	ns
$V_{\rm IL}$	"L" Input Voltage	5V	_	_	_	$0.2V_{\mathrm{DD}}$	V
V _{IH}	"H" Input Voltage	5V	_	$0.8V_{\mathrm{DD}}$	_	_	V
V _{LCD}	LCD Driving Voltage	5V	_	8	_	16	V



Timing Diagrams

1/64 duty and 1/9 bias (with the ALT changing polarity for every frame, a frame=64 commons)





Application Circuits

1/32 duty and 1/7 bias

