

Patent Number: 64097, 86474, 113235(R.O.C.), 5424740(U.S.A.)

Features

- Universal specification
- Operating voltage: 2.0V~5.5V
- · Low standby current
- Low memory retention current: 0.1µA (Typ.)
- Tone/pulse switchable
- · Interface with LCD driver
- 32 digits for redialing
- 32 digits for the SA memory dialing
- One-key redialing
- Pause and $P \rightarrow T$ key for PBX
- 4×5 keyboard matrix
- 3.58MHz crystal or ceramic resonator
- Hand-free control

- Hold-line control
- WWW.DZSG.CO Pause, P→T can be saved for redialing
- Lock function
- Keytone function
- **Resistor options:**
 - M/B ratio
 - Flash function and flash time (86ms~600ms)
 - Pause and $P \rightarrow T$ duration
 - Pulse number
 - Keyboard operated IDD lock function
 - Keyboard form
- HT9315A/HT9315AL: 18-pin DIP package HT9315B/HT9315BL: 22-pin SKDIP package HT9315C/HT9315CL: 20-pin DIP package HT9315D/HT9315DL: 24-pin SKDIP package

General Description

The HT9315 series tone/pulse dialers are CMOS LSIs for telecommunication systems. They are designed to meet various dialing specifications through resistor option matrix.

The HT9315 series are offered in two different versions. They are HT9315x normal version and

SE WWW.DZSC

HT9315xL lock version, with keyboard-operated IDD lock function. The two versions also supply the following functions: Hold-line, Hand-free and LCD dialing number display interface, all of which are suitable for feature phone applications.

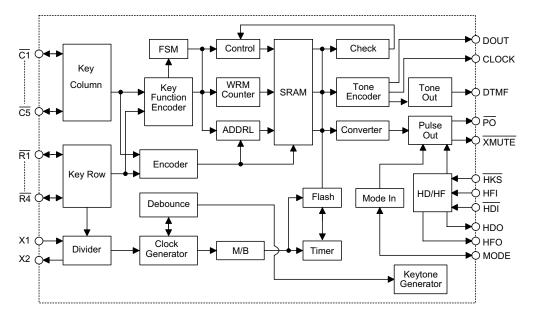
Selection Table

Function Item	Lock Function	Hold-Line	Hand-Free	LCD Interface	Min. Flash Time	Package
HT9315x	(Normal version)		/		
HT9315A		12.00	5A			18 DIP
HT9315B	W INTER	N N	\checkmark	_	- 98ms	22 SKDIP
HT9315C	_	_		V		20 DIP
HT9315D	_		\checkmark	V		24 SKDIP
HT9315xL	(Mechanical and	d Keyboard Oper	rated Lock Versi	on)	100	7701
HT9315AL	Lock 0				SE BE	18 DIP
HT9315BL	Lock 0, 9 Lock All Keyboard Operated Lock		\checkmark	4-3		22 SKDIP
HT9315CL		-		V	98ms	20 DIP
HT9315DL		\checkmark		\checkmark	1	24 SKDIP

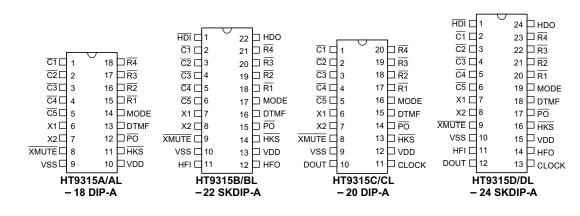




Block Diagram

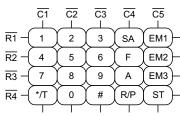


Pin Assignment HT9315x/xL version



Keyboard Information

Form A



Form B

	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5
R1 -(1)	2)	3)	(P)	EM1)-
R2 -(4	5	6	F	EM2
R3 -(7	8	9	\overline{A}	EM3
R4 -(*/T	\bigcirc	(#)	R	ST_
	\top	\neg	\neg	\neg	\top



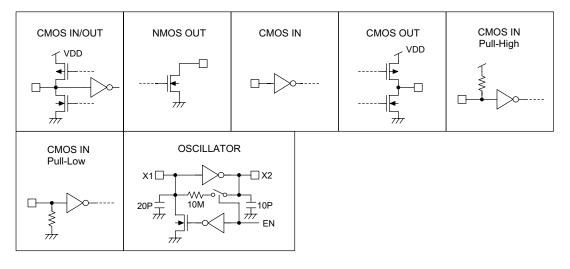
Pin Description

Pin Name	I/O	Internal Connection	Description
<u>C1~C5</u> R1~R4	I/O	CMOS IN/OUT	These pins form a 4×5 keyboard matrix which can perform keyboard input detection and dialing specification setting functions. When on-hook (\overline{HKS} =high) all the pins are set high. While off-hook the column group ($\overline{C1} \sim \overline{C5}$) remains low and the row group ($\overline{R1} \sim \overline{R4}$) is set high for key input detection. An inexpensive single contact 4×5 keyboard can be used as an input device. Pressing a key connects a single column to a single row, and actuates the system os- cillator that results in a dialing signal output. If more than two keys are pressed at the same time, no response occurs. The key-in debounce time is 20ms. Refer to the key- board information for keyboard arrangement and to the functional description for dial- ing specification selection.
X1	I		The system oscillator consists of an inverter, a bias resistor and the necessary
X2	0	OSCILLATOR	load capacitor on chip. Connecting a standard 3.579545MHz crystal or ceramic resonator to the X1 and X2 terminals can implement the oscillator function. The oscillator is turned off in the standby mode, and is actuated whenever a keyboard entry is detected.
XMUTE	0	NMOS OUT	XMUTE is an NMOS open drain structure pulled to VSS during dialing signal transmission. Otherwise, it is an open circuit. XMUTE is used to mute the speech circuit when transmitting the dial signal.
HKS	I	CMOS IN	This pin is used to monitor the status of the hook-switch and its combination with HFI/HDI can control the PO pin output to make or break the line. HKS=VDD: On-hook state (PO=low). Except for HFI/HDI (hand-free/hold-line control input), other functions are all disabled. HKS=VSS: Off-hook state (PO=high). The chip is in the standby mode and ready to receive the key input.
PO	0	CMOS OUT	This pin is a CMOS output structure which by receiving the HKS and HFO/HDO signals, control the dialer to connect or disconnect the telephone line. PO outputs a low to break line when HKS is high (on-hook) and HFO/HDO is low. PO outputs a high to make line when HKS is low (off-hook) or HFO is high or HDO is high. During the off-hook state, this pin also outputs the dialing pulse train in pulse mode dialing. While in the tone mode, this pin is always high.
MODE	I/O	CMOS IN/OUT	This is a three-state input/output pin, use for dialing mode selection, either Tone mode or Pulse mode, 10pps/20pps MODE=VDD: Pulse mode, 10pps MODE=OPEN: Pulse mode, 20pps MODE=VSS: Tone mode During the pulse mode dialing, switching this pin to the tone mode changes the subsequent digit entry to tone mode. When the chips are in tone mode, switching to pulse mode will also be recognized.
DTMF	0	CMOS OUT	This pin is active only when the chip transmits tone dialing signals. Otherwise, it always outputs a low. The pin outputs tone signals to drive the external transmitter amplifier circuit. The load resistor should not be less than $5k\Omega$.
HDI	I	CMOS IN Pull-High	This pin is a Schmitt trigger input structure. Active low. Applying a negative going pulse to this pin can toggle the HDO output once. An external RC network is recommended for input debouncing. The pull-high resistance is $200k\Omega$ typ.
HDO	0	CMOS OUT	The HDO is a CMOS output structure. Its output is toggle- controlled by a negative transition on \overline{HDI} . When HDO is toggled high, \overline{PO} keeps high to hold the line. The hold function can be released by setting HFO high or by an on/off hook operation or by another \overline{HDI} input. Refer to the functional description for the hold-line function.



Pin Name	I/O	Internal Connection	Description
HFI	I	CMOS IN Pull-Low	This pin is a Schmitt trigger input structure. Active high. Applying a positive pulse to HFI can toggle the HFO once and hence control the hand-free function. The pull-low resistance of HFI is $200 k\Omega$ typ. An external RC network is recommended for input debouncing.
HFO	0	CMOS OUT	The HFO is a CMOS output structure. Its output is toggle- controlled by a positive transition on HFI pin. When HFO is high, the hand-free function is enabled and PO outputs a high to connect the line. The hand-free function can be released by setting HDO high or by an on-off-hook operation or by another HFI input. Refer to the functional description for the hand-free functional operation.
DOUT	0	NMOS OUT	NMOS open drain output pin. It outputs the BCD code of the dialing digits to the LCD driver chip (HT16XX series) or MCU for dialing number display. Refer to the functional description for the detailed timing.
CLOCK	0	NMOS OUT	NMOS open drain output. When dialing, it outputs a series of pulse trains for DOUT data synchronization. DOUT data is valid at the falling edge of the clock.
VDD	_		Positive power supply, 2.0V~5.5V for normal operation
VSS	_		Negative power supply, ground

Approximate internal connection circuits



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage0.3V to 6V	Input Voltage $V_{SS} – 0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3 V$
Storage Temperature50°C to 125°C	Operating Temperature20°C to 75°C

Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.



Electrical Characteristics

F_{OSC}=3.5795MHz, Ta=25°C

Sumbal	Devenuetor	Test Conditions			Min	-		11
Symbol	Parameter	V _{DD}	D Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V_{DD}	Operating Voltage	_		_	2		5.5	V
			Pulse	Off-hook	_	0.2	1	mA
I _{DD}	Operating Current	2.5V	Tone	Keypad entry No load	_	0.6	2	mA
I _{STB}	Standby Current	1V	On-hoc No entr	ok, no load ry	_		1	μA
V_{R}	Memory Retention Voltage	_		_	1		5.5	V
I _R	Memory Retention Current	1V	On-hoo	ok	_	0.1	0.2	μA
VIL	Input Low Voltage			_	V _{SS}		$0.2V_{DD}$	V
VIH	Input High Voltage	—		—	0.8V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
I _{XMO}	XMUTE Leakage Current	—	VXMUTE	=12V, No entry	_	—	1	μA
I _{OLXM}	XMUTE Sink Current	2.5V	VXMUTE	=0.5V	1	_	_	mA
I _{HKS}	HKS Pin Input Current	2.5V	V _{HKS} =2	2.5V	_		0.1	μA
R _{HFI}	HFI Pull-Low Resistance	2.5V	V _{HFI} =2	.5V	_	200		kΩ
R _{HDI}	HDI Pull-High Resistance	2.5V	V _{HDI} =0	V		200	_	kΩ
I _{OH1}	Keypad Pin Source Current	2.5V	V _{OH} =0	V	-4	_	-40	μA
I _{OL1}	Keypad Pin Sink Current	2.5V	V _{OL} =2.	5V	200	400	_	μA
I _{OH2}	HFO Pin Source Current	2.5V	V _{OH} =2	V	-1		_	mA
I _{OL2}	HFO Pin Sink Current	2.5V	V _{OL} =0.	5V	1		_	mA
I _{OH3}	HDO Pin Source Current	2.5V	V _{OH} =2	V	-1	—	_	mA
I _{OL3}	HDO Pin Sink Current	2.5V	V _{OL} =0.	5V	1		_	mA
T _{FP}	Pause Time After Flash		Control	key	_	0.2	_	
166			 Digit key		_	1		S
T _{RP}	One-key Redialing Pause Time		One-ke	ey redialing	_	1	_	s
T _{DB}	Key-in Debounce Time	_			_	20	_	ms
T _{BRK}	Break Time for One-key Redialing	_	One-ke	ey redialing	_	1.2	_	s
Fosc	System Frequency	_	Crystal	=3.5795MHz	3.5759	3.5795	3.5831	MHz



Pulse Mode Electrical Characteristics

F_{OSC}=3.5795MHz, Ta=25°C

Complexed.	Demonster	Test Conditions		Min	T		Unit	
Symbol	Parameter	V_{DD}	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
I _{POH}	PO Output Source Current	2.5V	V _{OH} =2V	-0.2		_	mA	
IPOL	PO Output Sink Current	2.5V	V _{OL} =0.5V	0.2	0.6	_	mA	
	Dulas Data		MODE pin is connected to V_{DD}	_	10	_		
PR	Pulse Rate	_	MODE pin is opened		20	_	pps	
M/D			A resistor is linked between $\overline{R2}$ and $\overline{C1}$		33:66		0/	
M/B	M/B Make/Break Ratio	Make/Break Ratio –		No resistor is linked between R2 and C1		40:60		%
-	PDP Pre-digit-pause Time			M/B ratio=40:60	_	40 (10pps) 20 (20pps)	_	
I PDP		_	M/B ratio=33:66	_	33 (10pps) 17 (20pps)	_	ms	
–	Inter disit source Time		Pulse rate=10pps	_	800	_		
T _{IDP}	Inter-digit-pause Time	_	Pulse rate=20pps	_	500	_	ms	
т	Dulas Malas Duratian		A resistor is linked between R2 and C1		33 (10pps) 17 (20pps)			
IM	T _M Pulse Make Duration		No resistor is linked between $\overline{R2}$ and $\overline{C1}$	_	40 (10pps) 20 (20pps)	_	ms	
т_	Pulse Break Duration		A resistor is linked between R2 and C1		66 (10pps) 33 (20pps)			
Τ _Β	Pulse Break Duration		No resistor is linked between $\overline{R2}$ and $\overline{C1}$		60 (10pps) 30 (20pps)		ms	

Tone Mode Electrical Characteristics

F_{OSC}=3.5795MHz, Ta=25°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Min.	Turn	Max.	Unit	
Symbol	Parameter	\mathbf{V}_{DD}	Conditions	wiin.	Тур.	wax.	Unit	
V _{TDC}	DTMF Output DC Level	_		$0.45V_{DD}$	_	0.7V _{DD}	V	
I _{TOL}	DTMF Sink Current	2.5V	V _{DTMF} =0.5V	0.1	_	_	mA	
VTAC	DTMF Output AC Level	_	Row group, R_L =5k Ω	0.12	0.155	0.18	Vrms	
RL	DTMF Output Load	2.5V	THD≤–23dB	5	_	_	kΩ	
A _{CR}	Column Pre-emphasis	2.5V	Row group=0dB	1	2	3	dB	
THD	Tone Signal Distortion	2.5V	$R_L=5k\Omega$		-30	-23	dB	
T _{TMIN}	Minimum Tone Duration	_	Auto-redial		82.5	_	ms	
T _{ITPM}	Minimum Inter-tone Pause	—	Auto-redial		85.5		ms	

THD (Distortion) (dB) = 20 log $\left(\sqrt{V1^2 + V2^2 + ... + Vn^2} / \sqrt{Vi^2 + Vh^2}\right)$

Vi, Vh: Row group and column group signals

V1, V2, ... Vn: Harmonic signals (BW=300Hz~3500Hz)



Functional Description

Keyboard matrix

 $\overline{C1} \sim \overline{C5}$ and $\overline{R1} \sim \overline{R4}$ form a keyboard matrix. Together with a standard 4×5 keyboard, the keyboard matrix is used for dialing entries. In addition, the keyboard matrix provides resistor option for different dialing specification selections. The keyboard arrangement for each of the HT9315 series are shown in the Keyboard Information.

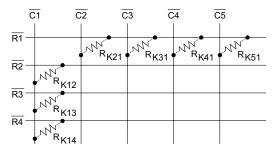
Tone frequency

Tone Name	Output Free	% Error	
Tone Name	Specified	Actual	
R1	697	699	+0.29%
R2	770	766	-0.52%
R3	852	847	-0.59%
R4	941	948	+0.74%
C1	1209	1215	+0.50%
C2	1336	1332	-0.30%
C3	1477	1472	-0.34%

Note:% Error does not contain the crystal frequency drift

Dialing specification selection

Various dialing specifications can be selected by adding resistors across keyboard matrix pins. The allowable option resistor connections are shown on the table.



All the resistors are $330k\Omega$. The resistor option functions and the default specifications without option resistors are listed below.

Option Resistor		Default (No Resistor)	
R _{K12}	Make/Break Ratio Selection	40:60	
R _{K13}	Flash Function and	Flash= control function	
R _{K14}	Flash Time Selection	Flash time= 600ms	
R _{K21}	Pause & P→T Duration Selection	T _P = 3.6s T _{P→T} = 3.6s	
R _{K31}	Pulse Number	N or Keyboard	
R _{K41} Selection or IDD Lock Selection		Operated Lock	
R _{K51}	Keypad Form	FormA	

M/B ratio selection table

R _{K12}	M/B Ratio (%)		
No	40:60		
Yes	33.3:66.6		

Flash function/time (duration) selection table

• HT9315x

R _{K13}	R _{K14}	Flash Function	Flash Time (T _F)
No	No	Control	600ms
No	Yes	Digit	600ms
Yes	No	Digit	98ms
Yes	Yes	Digit	300ms

• HT9315xL

R _{K13}	R _{K14}	Flash Function	Flash Time (T _F)
No	No	Control	600ms
No	Yes	Control	600ms
Yes	No	Control	98ms
Yes	Yes	Control	300ms

Pause and $P \rightarrow T$ duration selection table

R _{K21}	T _P (sec)	$T_{P ightarrow T}$ (sec)
No	3.6	3.6
Yes	2	1

Pulse number selection table

• This table shows pulse number selections for HT9315x. The table for HT9315xL is used to select IDD lock function.

R _{K31}	R _{K41}	Pulse Number
No	No	Ν
No	Yes	N+1
Yes	No	10–N
Yes	Yes	



Pulse number table

Keypad	Output Pulse Number				
Digit Key	Normal N	New Zealand (10N)	Sweden/ Denmark (N+1)		
1	1	9	2		
2	2	8	3		
3	3	7	4		
4	4	6	5		
5	5	5	6		
6	6	4	7		
7	7	3	8		
8	8	2	9		
9	9	1	10		
0	10	10	1		
*/T	P→T	P→T	P→T		
#	Ignored	Ignored	Ignored		

The keyboard arrangement selection table

R _{K51}	Keypad Form		
No	Form A (see keyboard information)		
Yes	Form B (see keyboard information)		

Hand-free function operation

- Hand-free function execution
 When HFO is low, a rising edge triggers the HFI, enabling the Hand-free function (HFO becomes high).
- Reset Hand-free function When HFO is high, the Hand-free function is enabled and can be reset by:
 - Off-hook
 - Applying a rising edge to HFI
 - Changing the HDO pin from low to high
- Hand-free function table

Cur	Current State		Input			Next	State
HKS	HFO	HDO	HDI	HFI	HKS	HFO	HDO
Н	L	Х	н	L	An	L	An
Н	L	х	н	Á	An	н	L
Н	н	х	н	Á	An	L	An
Н	х	L	н	L	L	L	L
L	L	х	н	L	An	L	An
L	L	х	н	Á	An	н	L
L	н	L	н	Ā	An	L	An
L	х	х	н	L	н	An	An
Х	Х	L	₹	L	An	L	Н
H: Logic HIGH X: Don't care L: Logic LOW An: Unchanged ↓: Falling edge							

Hold-line function operation

• Hold-line function execution

When HDO is low, a falling edge triggers the $\overline{\text{HDI}}$, enabling the Hold-line function (HDO becomes high). The $\overline{\text{XMUTE}}$ remains low when HDO is high.

Reset Hold-line function

When HDO is high, the Hold-line function is enabled and can be reset by:

- Off-hook
- Applying a falling edge to HDI
- Changing the HFO pin from low to high
- Hold-line function table

Cu	rrent S	tate	Input			Next State	
HKS	HDO	HFO	HFI	HDI	HKS	HDO	HFO
н	L	х	L	н	An	L	An
н	L	х	L	₹	An	н	L
н	н	L	L	V	An	L	An
н	х	х	L	н	L	L	L
L	L	х	L	н	An	L	An
L	L	х	L	₹	An	Н	L
L	н	L	L	₹	An	L	An
L	х	х	L	н	н	An	An
х	х	L		н	An	L	н
H: Logic HIGH X: Don't care L: Logic LOW An: Unchanged							

DOUT BCD code

When dialing, the corresponding 4-bit BCD codes are serially presented on DOUT from MSB to LSB. The data of DOUT is valid at the falling edge of the CLOCK pin. The following table lists the BCD codes corresponding to the keyboard input.

Key-In	BCD Code	Key-In	BCD Code
1	0001	8	1000
2	0010	9	1001
3	0011	0	1010
4	0100	*/T	1101
5	0101	#	1100
6	0110	F	1011
7	0111	Р	1110



LOCK function

The function aims to detect locked dialing number to prevent a long distance call. The dialing output of the chip is disabled if the first input key after on-off-hook is the locked number when the lock function is enabled. The lock function selection is listed below. This function is implemented on the HT9315xL. The HT9315x does not support this function.

R _{K31}	R _{K41}	Function
No	No	Keyboard operated IDD lock
No	Yes	Lock 0
Yes	No	Lock 0, 9
Yes	Yes	All keys are locked

Key definition

• 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9 keys

These are dialing number input keys for both the pulse mode and the tone mode operations.

• */T

This key executes the P \rightarrow T function and waits a T_{P \rightarrow T} duration in the pulse mode. On the other hand, the */T key executes the * function in the tone mode.

• #

This is a dialing signal key for the tone mode only, no response in the pulse mode.

• SA

Pressing this key can save the preceding dialing telephone numbers. The saved number is redialed if it is pressed again. SA will also redial the saved number if it is the first key pressed at the off-hook state. During the dialing signal transmission, the SA key is inhibited. • F

The flash key can be selected as a digit or as a control key by the option resistors $R_{K13} \& R_{K14}$. Pressing the F key will force the \overrightarrow{PO} pin to be low for the T_F duration and is then followed by T_{FP} (sec). T_F can also be selected by R_{K13} , R_{K14} .

• P

Pause key. The execution of this key pauses the output for the $T_{\rm P}$ duration. $T_{\rm P}$ can be selected by $R_{K21}.$

• R

Redial key. Executes redialing as well as one-key redial function.

• ST

Store key. The execution of this key actuates the store memory function with (or without) dialing output and it can store lock number with personal code in IDD lock operation. During the dialing signal transmission, the ST key is inhibited.

• R/P

Redial and pause function key. If it is pressed as the first key after off-hook, this key executes the redial function. Otherwise, it works as the pause key.

• EM1~EM3

One-touch memory dialing key. For speed-calling convenience, they provide memory dialing in either pulse or tone mode.

• A

Auto key. When this key is pressed before pressing any one of the digital keys (0~9) it executes the two-touch memory function.



Keyboard operation

The following operations are described under an on/off- hook or on-hook condition with the hand-free active condition.

• Normal dialing

```
- Pulse mode

    Tone mode

  (a) without */T
                                                       (a) without */T
     Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn
                                                          Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn
     Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn
                                                          Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn
     RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
                                                          RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
     SAM: Unchanged
                                                          SAM: Unchanged
  (b) with */T
                                                       (b) with */T
     Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ...
                                                          Keyboard input: [D1] [D2] ... [Dn] [*/T] [Dn+1] ...
                     Dm
                                                                          Dm
                                                          Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1 ... Dm
     Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn TPT Dn+1 ... Dm
                       Pulse
                                                          RM: D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1 ... Dm
                                           Tone
     RM: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ... Dm
                                                          SAM: Unchanged
     SAM: Unchanged
```

Note: The maximum capacity of the RM memory is 32 digits. When more than 32 digits are entered, the signal is transmitted but the redial function is inhibited.

Redial

```
Pulse mode

(a) without */T
RM contents: D1 D2 ... Dn
Keyboard input: [R] or R/P]
Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn
RM: Unchanged
(b) with */T
RM contents: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ... Dm
Keyboard input: [R] or R/P]
Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn TP T Dn+1 ... Dm
Pulse Tone
RM: Unchanged
SAM: Unchanged
```

Tone mode

(a) without */T
RM contents: D1 D2 ... Dn
Keyboard input: [R] or R/P]
Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn
RM: Unchanged
SAM: Unchanged
(b) with */T
RM contents: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ... Dm
Keyboard input: [R] or R/P]
Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1 ... Dm
RM: Unchanged
SAM: Unchanged



```
    One-key redial
```

```
- Pulse mode

    Tone mode

  (a) without */T
                                                      (a) without */T
     Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn R
                                                         Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn R
     Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn TBRK TRP
                                                         Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn TBRK TRP D1 D2
                   D1 D2 ... Dn
                                                                       ... Dn
     RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
                                                         RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
     SAM: Unchanged
                                                         SAM: Unchanged
  (b) with */T
                                                      (b) with */T
     Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ...
                                                         Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ...
                    Dm R
                                                                        Dm R
     Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn TP
                                    T Dn+1 ... Dm
                                                         Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1 ... Dm
                       Pulse
                                         Tone
                                                                       TBRK TRP D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1
                   TBRK TRP D1 D2 ... Dn TP T
                                                                        ... Dm
                                Pulse
                                                         RM: D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1 ... Dm
                   Dn+1 ... Dm
                                                         SAM: Unchanged
                       Tone
     RM: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ... Dm
     SAM: Unchanged
```

Note: If the dialing number exceeds 32 digits, redialing is inhibited and PO=VDD

```
• SA copy
```

```
- Pulse mode

    Tone mode

  (a) without */T
                                                      (a) without */T
     Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn SA
                                                         Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn SA
     Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn
                                                         Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn
     RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
                                                         RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
     SAM: D1 D2 ... Dn
                                                         SAM: D1 D2 ... Dn
  (b) with */T
                                                      (b) with */T
     Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ...
                                                         Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn //T Dn+1 ...
                    Dm SA
                                                                         Dm SA
                                                           Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1 ... Dm
     Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dŋ TP T Dn+1 ... Dm
                       Pulse
                                           Tone
                                                           RM: D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1 ... Dm
     RM: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ... Dm
                                                           SAM: D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1 ... Dm
     SAM: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ... Dm
```

Note: The maximum capacity of the RM memory is 32 digits. When more than 32 digits plus the "SA" key are entered, the SAVE function will not be executed, and all the existing data in the save memory will not be changed.



```
    SA dialing
```

Pulse mode

(a) without */T
SAM contents: D1 D2 ... Dn
Keyboard input: SA
Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn
RM: Unchanged
SAM: Unchanged
(b) with */T
SAM contents: D1 D2 ... Dn */T Dn+1 ... Dm
Keyboard input: SA
Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn TP T Dn+1 ... Dm
Pulse Tone
RM: Unchanged
SAM: Unchanged

Flash

- Flash as a digital key
 (a) The intervenient key
 Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn F Dn+1 ...
 Dm
 Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn T_F T_{FP} Dn+1 ...
 Dm
 RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
 SAM: Unchanged
 (b) The first key
 - Keyboard input: F D1 D2 ... Dn Dialing output: TF TFP D1 D2 ... Dn RM: Unchanged SAM: Unchanged
- Pause

Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn [P or R/P] Dn+1 ... Dm Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn TP Dn+1 ... Dm RM: D1 D2 ... Dn P Dn+1 ... Dm SAM: Unchanged

Tone mode

(a) without */T
SAM contents: D1 D2 ... Dn
Keyboard input: SA
Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn
RM: Unchanged
SAM: Unchanged

(b) with */T

SAM contents: D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1 ... Dm
Keyboard input: SA
Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn * Dn+1 ... Dm
RM: Unchanged
SAM: Unchanged
SAM: Unchanged

Flash as a control key
 Keyboard input: D1D2 ... Dn F Dn+1 ...
 Dm
 Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn TF TFP Dn+1 ...
 Dm
 RM: Dn+1 ... Dm
 SAM: Unchanged

Note: TF: break a flash time



- Memory store
 - One-touch memory store
 (a) without dialing output
 Keyboard input: STD1D2... DnSTEMa
 Dialing output:
 EMa: D1 D2 ... Dn
 RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
 (b) with dialing output
 - Keyboard input: D1 D2 ... Dn ST ST EMa Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn EMa: D1 D2 ... Dn RM: D1 D2 ... Dn SAM: Unchanged
- Two-touch memory store
 (a) without dialing output
 Keyboard input: STD1D2 ... Dn ST a
 Dialing output:
 Ma: D1 D2 ... Dn
 RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
 (b) with dialing output
 Keyboard input: D1D2 ... Dn ST ST a
 Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn
 Ma: D1 D2 ... Dn
 RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
 RM: D1 D2 ... Dn
 SAM: Unchanged

Note: If the dialing number exceeds 32 digits, the memory store is inhibited. However, if the dialing number is not more than 32 digits the memory will store a max. of 18 digits. EMa=EM1~EM3, Ma=M0~M9, a=0~9

• Memory dialing

EMa contents: D1 D2 ... Dn Keyboard input: EMa Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn EMa: Unchanged RM: D1 D2 ... Dn SAM: Unchanged Note: EMa=EM1~EM3. Ma=M0~M9, a=0~9. Ma contents: D1 D2 ... Dn Keyboard input: A a Dialing output: D1 D2 ... Dn Ma: Unchanged RM: D1 D2 ... Dn SAM: Unchanged

Chain dialing

EM1 contents: D1 D2 ... Dn EM2 contents: Dn+1 ... Dm M1 contents: Dm+1 ... Dl M2 contents: Dl+1 ... Dk Keyboard input: D1 D2 D3 A 1 A 2 EM1 EM2 Dialing output: D1 D2 D3 Dm+1 ... Dl Dl+1 ... Dk D1 D2 ... Dn Dn+1 ... Dm EM1/EM2/M1/M2: Unchanged RM: D1 D2 D3 Dm+1 ... Dl Dl+1 ... Dk D1 D2 ... Dn Dn+1 ... Dm SAM: Unchanged

Note: The maximum capacity of the RM memory is 32 digits. When the dialing number exceeds 32 digits, redialing is inhibited and PO=VDD

Note:

RM: Redial memory SAM: Save dialing memory D1 D2 ... Dn: 0~9 Dn+1 ... Dm: 0~9, *, #



• Keyboard operated IDD lock function (2 locked numbers or a max. of 3 digits/numbers)

- Personal/Lock No.1/Lock No.2 input operation

```
(a) Personal code doesn't exist
```

```
Stores Personal Code: ST D1 D2 D3 ST * 0
Stores Lock No.1: ST D4 D5 D6 ST * 1
Stores Lock No.2: ST D7 D8 D9 ST * 2
```

```
(b) Personal code exist
```

```
Changes Personal Code: ST D1 D2 D3 ST # ST D4 D5 D6 ST * 0

(Old personal code) (New personal code)

Changes Lock No.1: ST D1 D2 D3 ST # ST D4 D5 D6 ST * 1

(Personal code) (Lock No.1)

Changes Lock No.2: ST D1 D2 D3 ST # ST D7 D8 D9 ST * 2

(Personal code) (Lock No.2)

Changes Personal Code, Lock No.1 and Lock No.2 at one time

ST D1 D2 D3 ST # ST D4 D5 D6 ST * 0 (continued)

(Old personal code) (New personal code)

ST D7 D8 D9 ST * 1 ST D10 D11 D12 ST * 2
```

```
(Lock No.1) (Lock No.2)
```

Personal/Lock No.1/Lock No.2 cancel operation

```
Cancels Personal code: ST D1 D2 D3 ST # ST # 0
Cancels Lock No.1: ST D1 D2 D3 ST # ST # 1
Cancels Lock No.2: ST D1 D2 D3 ST # ST # 2
```

```
Temporary release both of the locked numbers (Lock No.1, Lock No.2):
ST D1 D2 D3 ST # Dm Dm+1 Dm+2 Dl ... Dn
```

(Personal code)

Note: D1~D12 = 0~9 Dm Dm+1 Dm+2 = 0~9 DI ... Dn = 0~9, *, #

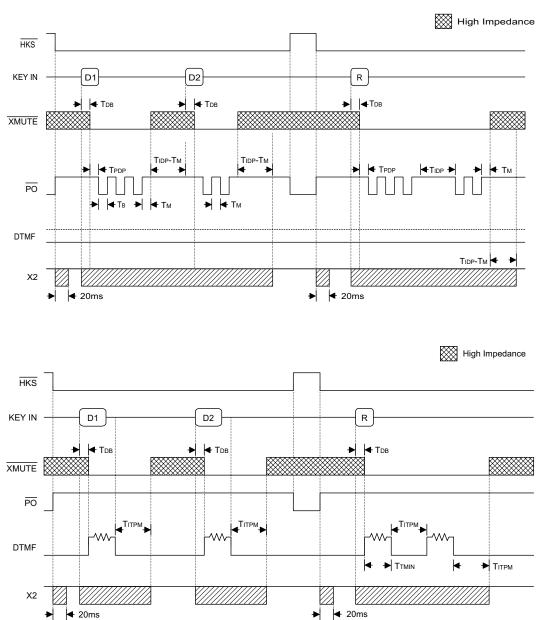
. Note:

RM: Redial memory SAM: Save dialing memory D1 D2 ... Dn: 0~9 Dn+1 ... Dm: 0~9, *, # Dm+1 ... DI: 0~9, *, # DI+1 ... DK: 0~9, *, #



Timing Diagrams Pulse mode

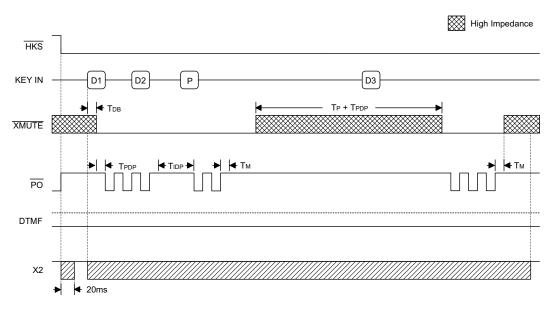
• Tone mode



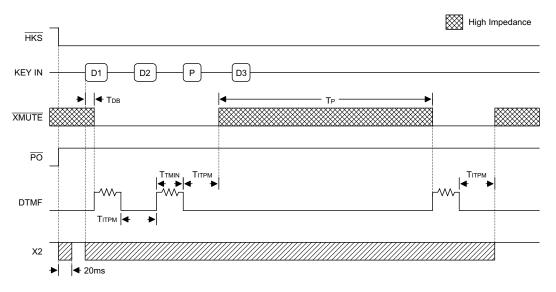


Dialing with pause key

Pulse mode

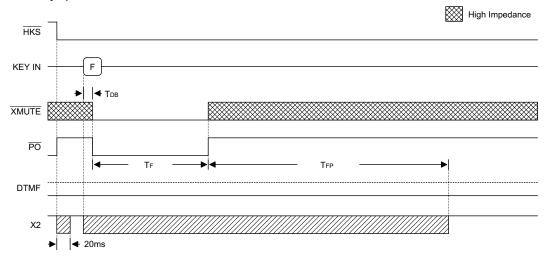


• Tone mode

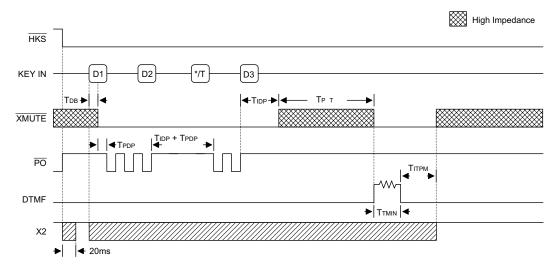




Flash key operation

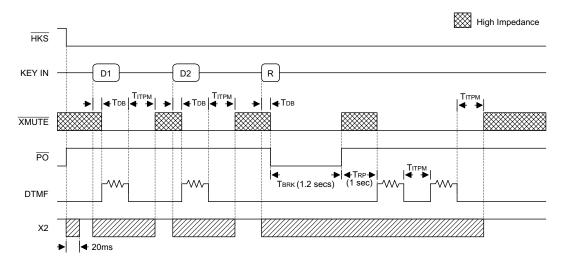


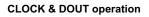
$\textbf{Pulse}{\rightarrow}\textbf{Tone operation}$

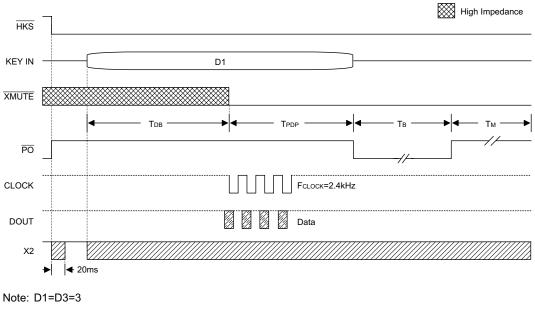




One-key redial operation



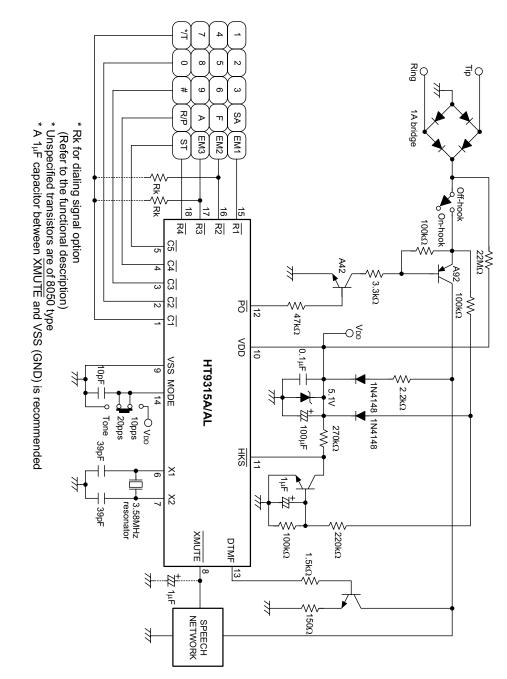




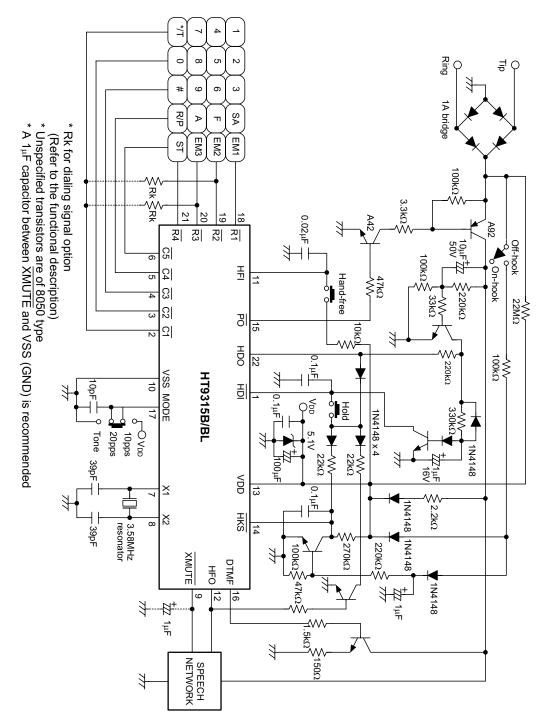
D2=2



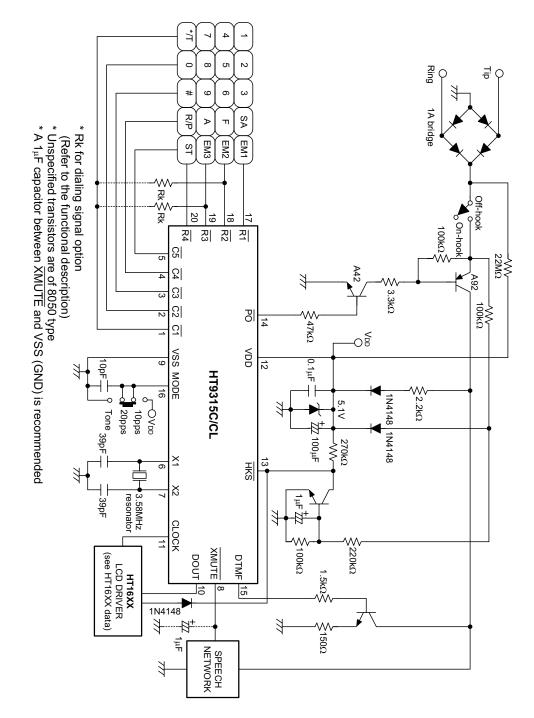
Application Circuits



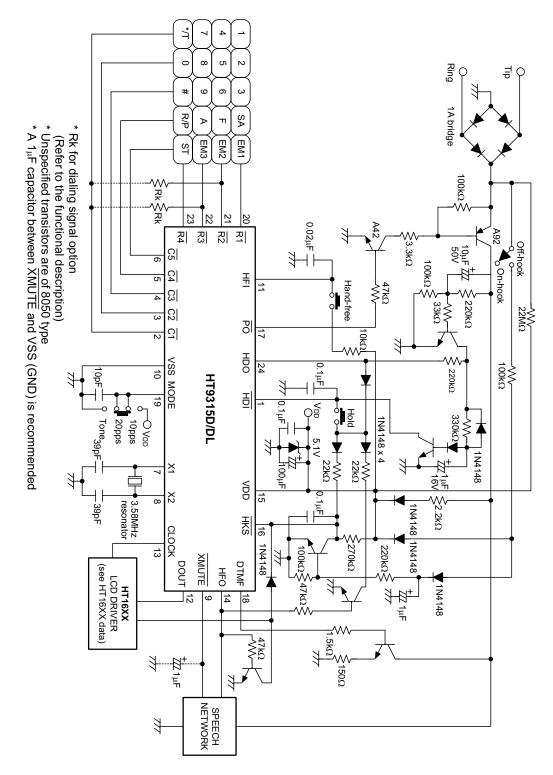








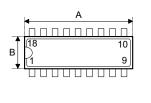


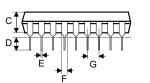




Package Information

18-pin DIP (300mil) outline dimensions



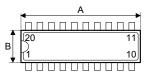


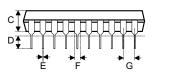


Symbol		Dimensions in mil	
Symbol	Min. Nom.		Max.
A	895	—	915
В	240	—	260
С	125	_	135
D	125	—	145
E	16	—	20
F	50	—	70
G	_	100	—
Н	295		315
I	335	_	375
α	0°		15°



20-pin DIP (300mil) outline dimensions



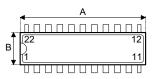


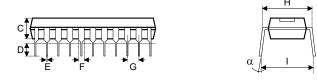


Symbol		Dimensions in mil	
Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	1020	—	1045
В	240	_	260
С	125	_	135
D	125	_	145
E	16		20
F	50	_	70
G		100	_
Н	295		315
I	335		375
α	0°		15°



22-pin SKDIP (300mil) outline dimensions

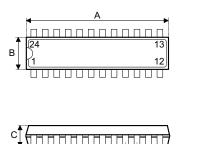




Symbol		Dimensions in mil	
Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	1085	—	1105
В	253	—	263
С	125		135
D	125	_	145
E	16	—	20
F	50	_	70
G	_	100	—
Н	295	_	315
1	330	—	375
α	0°		15°



24-pin SKDIP (300mil) outline dimensions



U

F

E

G



Symbol	Dimensions in mil		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	1235	_	1265
В	255	_	265
С	125		135
D	125	_	145
E	16	—	20
F	50		70
G	—	100	—
н	295		315
I	345		360
α	0°		15°



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