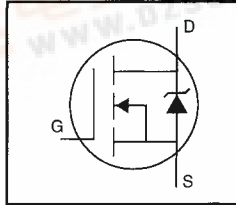


## HEXFET® Power MOSFET

- Isolated Package
- High Voltage Isolation= 2.5KVRMS ⑤
- Sink to Lead Creepage Dist.= 4.8mm
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- Low Thermal Resistance



$$V_{DSS} = 900V$$

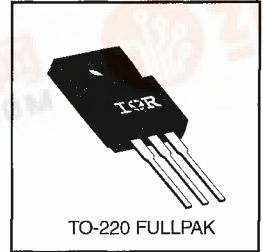
$$R_{DS(on)} = 3.7\Omega$$

$$I_D = 1.9A$$

### Description

Third Generation HEXFETs from International Rectifier provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.

The TO-220 Fullpak eliminates the need for additional insulating hardware in commercial-industrial applications. The moulding compound used provides a high isolation capability and a low thermal resistance between the tab and external heatsink. This isolation is equivalent to using a 100 micron mica barrier with standard TO-220 product. The Fullpak is mounted to a heatsink using a single clip or by a single screw fixing.



DATA SHEETS

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10 V$	1.9	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10 V$	1.2	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	7.6	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	35	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.28	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	220	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ①	1.9	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	3.5	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	1.5	V/ns
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10 lbf·in (1.1 N·m)	

### Thermal Resistance


	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	—	3.6	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	65	




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## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	900	—	—	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	1.1	—	$V/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D=1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	3.7	$\Omega$	$V_{GS}=10V, I_D=1.1A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu A$
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	1.7	—	—	S	$V_{DS}=50V, I_D=1.1A$ ④
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	100	$\mu A$	$V_{DS}=900V, V_{GS}=0V$
		—	—	500		$V_{DS}=720V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS}=-20V$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	—	78	nC	$I_D=3.6A$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	10		$V_{DS}=360V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	42		$V_{GS}=10V$ See Fig. 6 and 13 ④
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	14	—	ns	$V_{DD}=450V$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	25	—		$I_D=3.6A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	90	—		$R_G=12\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	30	—		$R_D=120\Omega$ See Figure 10 ④
$L_D$	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
$L_S$	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	1200	—	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	320	—		$V_{DS}=25V$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	200	—		$f=1.0\text{MHz}$ See Figure 5
$C$	Drain to Sink Capacitance	—	12	—	pF	$f=1.0\text{MHz}$

## Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

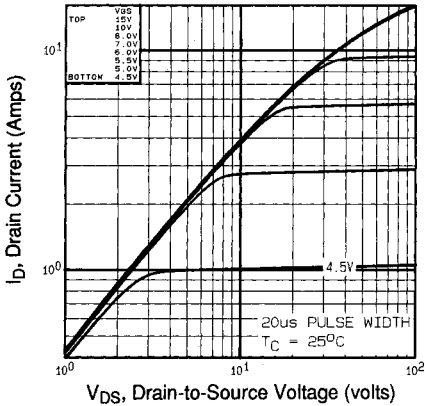
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	1.9	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	7.6		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.8	V	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, I_S=1.9A, V_{GS}=0V$ ④
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	430	650	ns	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, I_F=3.6A$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	1.4	2.1	$\mu C$	$di/dt=100A/\mu s$ ④
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S+L_D$ )				

Notes:

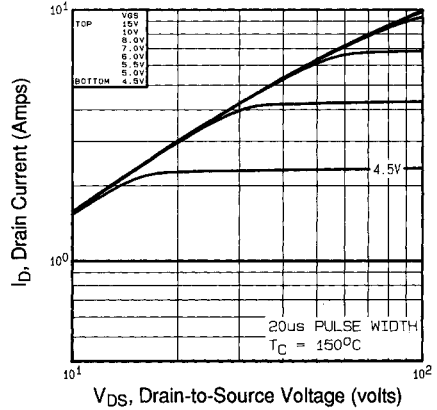
- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature (See Figure 11)
- ②  $V_{DD}=50V$ , starting  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L=115\text{mH}$ ,  $R_G=25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS}=1.9A$  (See Figure 12)
- ③  $I_{SD} \leq 3.6A$ ,  $di/dt \leq 70A/\mu s$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq 600V$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$
- ⑤  $t=60s$ ,  $f=60\text{Hz}$



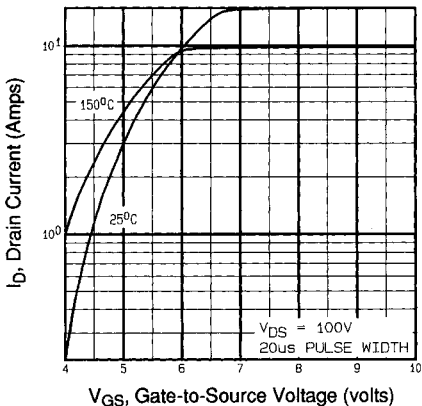
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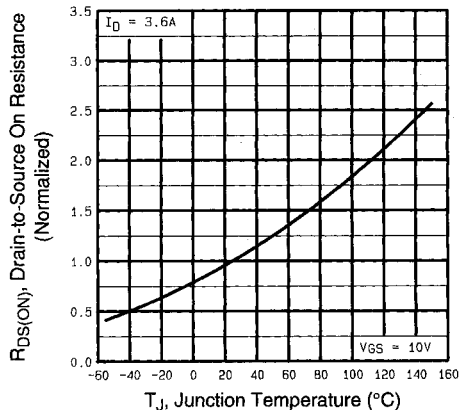
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$



**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_C=150^\circ\text{C}$

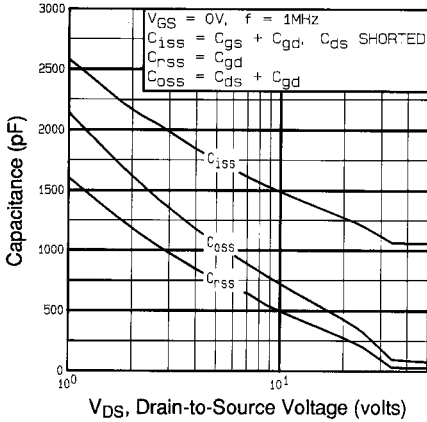


**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics

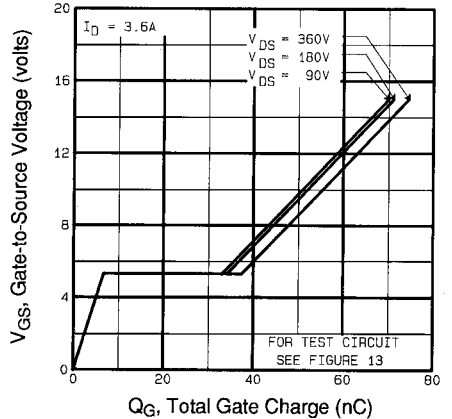


**Fig 4.** Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

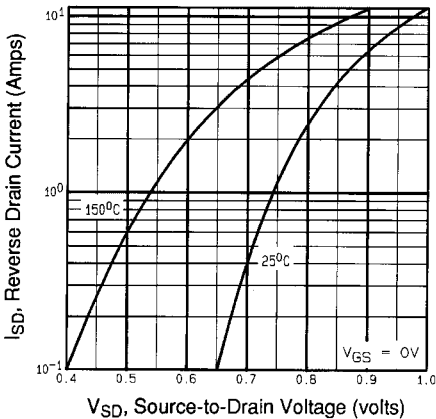
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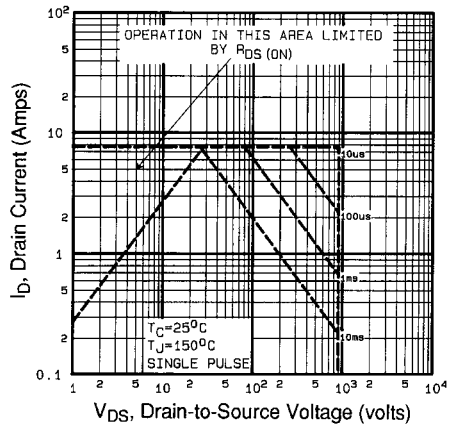
**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



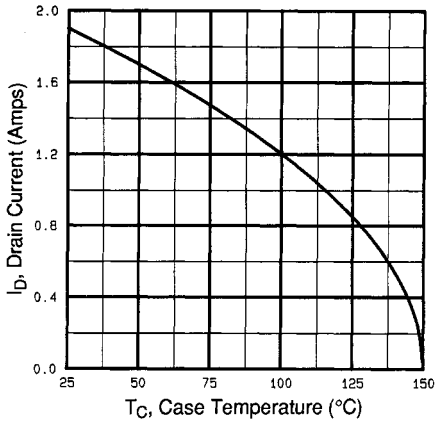
**Fig 6.** Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



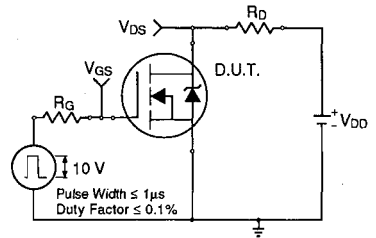
**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



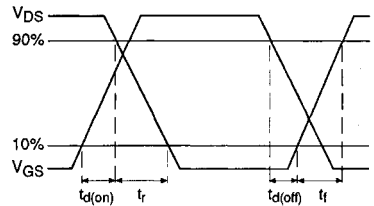
**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



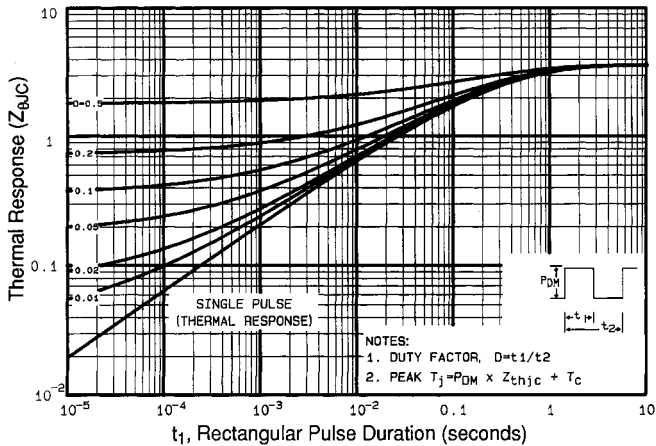
**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature



**Fig 10a.** Switching Time Test Circuit

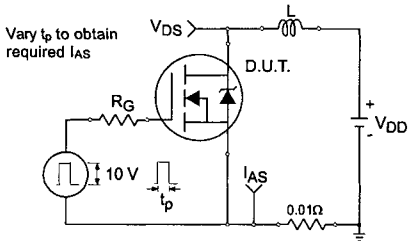


**Fig 10b.** Switching Time Waveforms

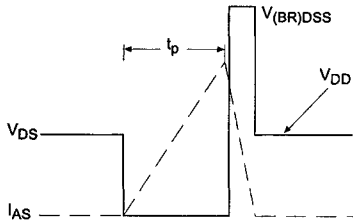


**Fig 11.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

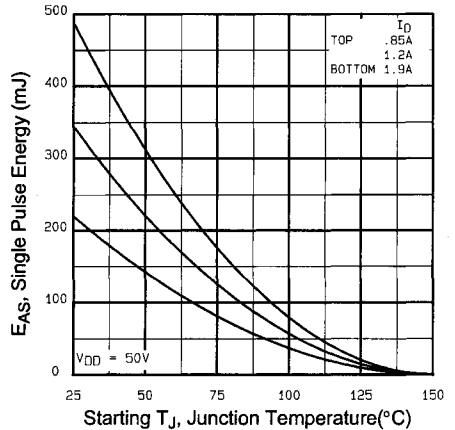
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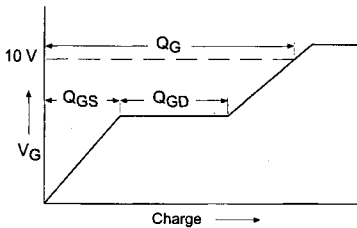
**Fig 12a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



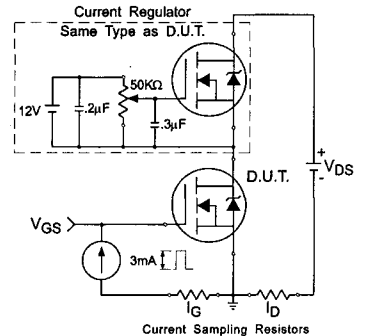
**Fig 12b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



**Fig 12c.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current



**Fig 13a.** Basic Gate Charge Waveform



**Fig 13b.** Gate Charge Test Circuit

**Appendix A:** Figure 14, Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit – See page 1505

**Appendix B:** Package Outline Mechanical Drawing – See page 1510

**Appendix C:** Part Marking Information – See page 1517