

IC41C8512
IC41LV8512

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Document Title

512K x 8 bit Dynamic RAM with EDO Page Mode

Revision History

<u>Revision No</u>	<u>History</u>	<u>Draft Date</u>	<u>Remark</u>
0A	Initial Draft	September 28,2001	



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512K x 8 (4-MBIT) DYNAMIC RAM WITH EDO PAGE MODE

FEATURES

- Extended Data-Out (EDO) Page Mode access cycle
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs; tristate I/O
- Refresh Interval: 1024 cycles /16 ms
- Refresh Mode: $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -Only, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ (CBR), Hidden
- Single power supply:
5V \pm 10% (IC41C8512)
3.3V \pm 10% (IC41LV8512)
- Industrial Temperature Range -40°C to 85°C

DESCRIPTION

The *ICSI* IC41C8512 and IC41LV8512 is a 524,288 x 8-bit high-performance CMOS Dynamic Random Access Memories. The IC41C8512 offer an accelerated cycle access called EDO Page Mode. EDO Page Mode allows 1024 random accesses within a single row with access cycle time as short as 12 ns per 8-bit word.

These features make the IC41C8512 and IC41LV8512 ideally suited for, digital signal processing, high-performance audio systems, and peripheral applications.

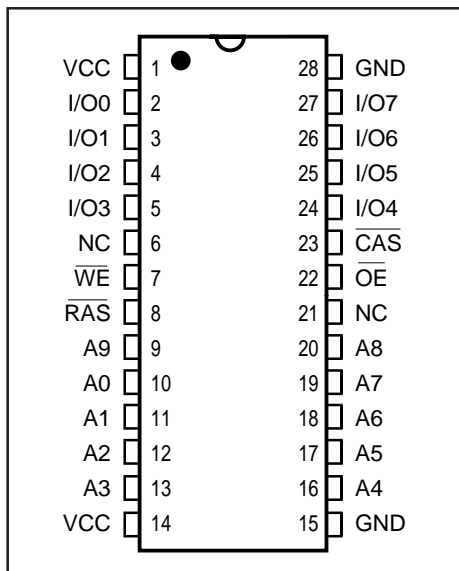
The IC41C8512 is packaged in a 28-pin 400mil SOJ and 400mil TSOP-2.

KEY TIMING PARAMETERS

Parameter	-35	-50	-60	Unit
Max. RAS Access Time (t_{RAC})	35	50	60	ns
Max. CAS Access Time (t_{CAC})	10	14	15	ns
Max. Column Address Access Time (t_{AA})	18	25	30	ns
Min. EDO Page Mode Cycle Time (t_{PC})	12	20	25	ns
Min. Read/Write Cycle Time (t_{RC})	60	90	110	ns

PIN CONFIGURATION

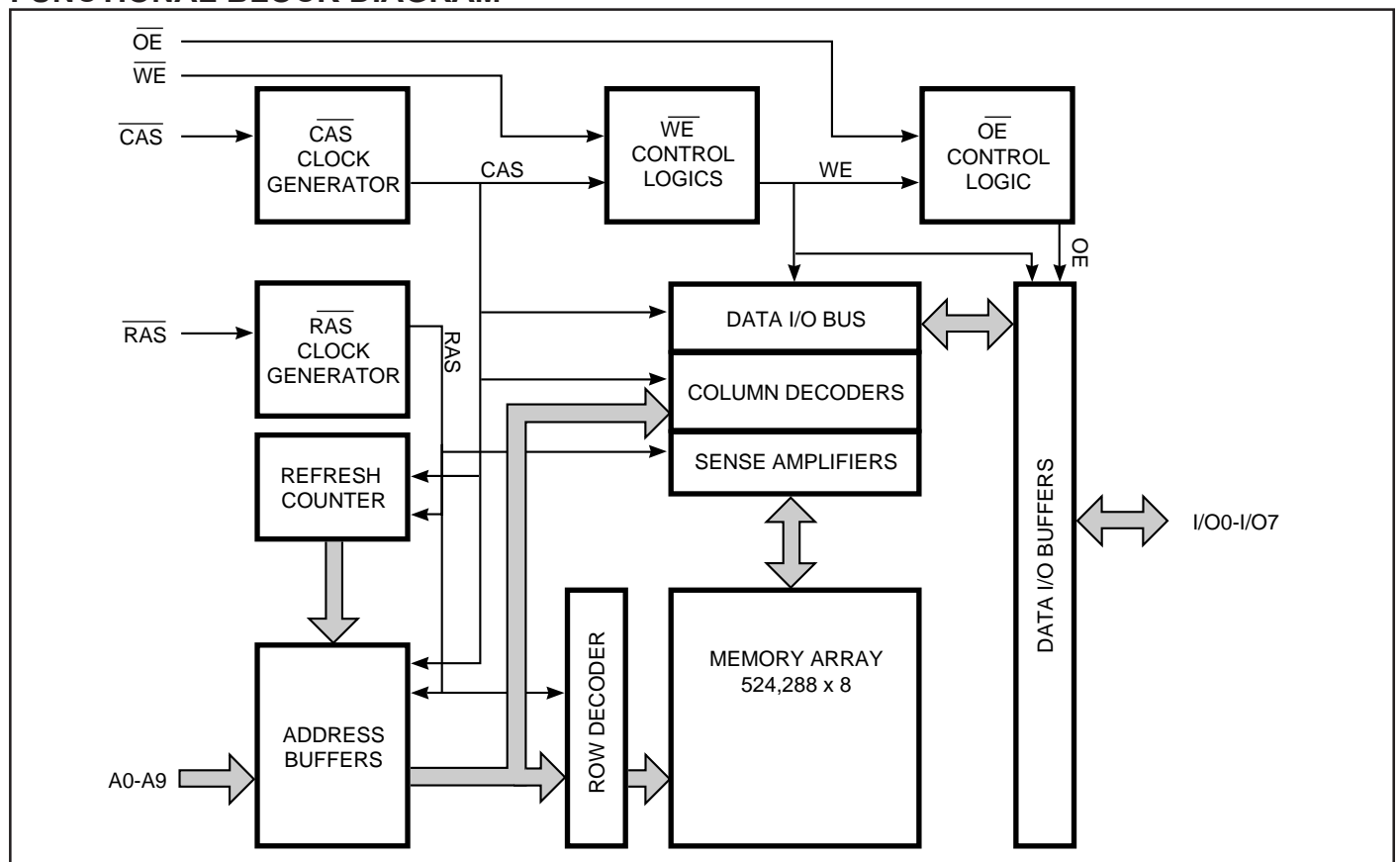
28 Pin SOJ, TSOP-2



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

A0-A9	Address Inputs
I/O0-7	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{\text{WE}}$	Write Enable
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$	Row Address Strobe
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$	Column Address Strobe
Vcc	Power
GND	Ground
NC	No Connection

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



TRUTH TABLE

Function		$\overline{\text{RAS}}$	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$	$\overline{\text{WE}}$	$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Address tr/tc	I/O
Standby		H	H	X	X	X	High-Z
Read:		L	L	H	L	ROW/COL	D _{OUT}
Write: (Early Write)		L	L	L	X	ROW/COL	D _{IN}
Read-Write		L	L	H→L	L→H	ROW/COL	D _{OUT} , D _{IN}
EDO Page-Mode Read	1st Cycle:	L	H→L	H	L	ROW/COL	D _{OUT}
	2nd Cycle:	L	H→L	H	L	NA/COL	D _{OUT}
	Any Cycle:	L	L→H	H	L	NA/NA	D _{OUT}
EDO Page-Mode Write	1st Cycle:	L	H→L	L	X	ROW/COL	D _{IN}
	2nd Cycle:	L	H→L	L	X	NA/COL	D _{IN}
EDO Page-Mode Read-Write	1st Cycle:	L	H→L	H→L	L→H	ROW/COL	D _{OUT} , D _{IN}
	2nd Cycle:	L	H→L	H→L	L→H	NA/COL	D _{OUT} , D _{IN}
Hidden Refresh	Read	L→H→L	L	H	L	ROW/COL	D _{OUT}
	Write	L→H→L	L	L	X	ROW/COL	D _{IN}
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -Only Refresh		L	H	X	X	ROW/NA	High-Z
CBR Refresh		H→L	L	X	X	X	High-Z

Functional Description

The IC41C8512 and IC41LV8512 is a CMOS DRAM optimized for high-speed bandwidth, low power applications. During READ or WRITE cycles, each bit is uniquely addressed through the 10 address bits. These are entered 10 bits (A0-A9) at a time. The row address is latched by the Row Address Strobe ($\overline{\text{RAS}}$). The column address is latched by the Column Address Strobe ($\overline{\text{CAS}}$). $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ is used to latch the first ten bits and $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ is used to latch the latter nine bits.

Memory Cycle

A memory cycle is initiated by bring $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ LOW and it is terminated by returning both $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ HIGH. To ensure proper device operation and data integrity any memory cycle, once initiated, must not be ended or aborted before the minimum t_{RAS} time has expired. A new cycle must not be initiated until the minimum precharge time t_{RP} , t_{CP} has elapsed.

Read Cycle

A read cycle is initiated by the falling edge of $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ or $\overline{\text{OE}}$, whichever occurs last, while holding $\overline{\text{WE}}$ HIGH. The column address must be held for a minimum time specified by t_{AR} . Data Out becomes valid only when t_{RAC} , t_{AA} , t_{CAC} and t_{OE} are all satisfied. As a result, the access time is dependent on the timing relationships between these parameters.

Write Cycle

A write cycle is initiated by the falling edge of $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{WE}}$, whichever occurs last. The input data must be valid at or before the falling edge of $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ or $\overline{\text{WE}}$, whichever occurs first.

Refresh Cycle

To retain data, 1024 refresh cycles are required in each 16 ms period. There are two ways to refresh the memory.

1. By clocking each of the 1024 row addresses (A0 through A9) with $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ at least once every 16 ms. Any read, write, read-modify-write or $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -only cycle refreshes the addressed row.
2. Using a $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh cycle. $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh is activated by the falling edge of $\overline{\text{RAS}}$, while holding $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ LOW. In $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh cycle, an internal 10-bit counter provides the row addresses and the external address inputs are ignored.

$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ is a refresh-only mode and no data access or device selection is allowed. Thus, the output remains in the High-Z state during the cycle.

Extended Data Out Page Mode

EDO page mode operation permits all 1024 columns within a selected row to be randomly accessed at a high data rate.

In EDO page mode read cycle, the data-out is held to the next $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ cycle's falling edge, instead of the rising edge. For this reason, the valid data output time in EDO page mode is extended compared with the fast page mode. In the fast page mode, the valid data output time becomes shorter as the $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ cycle time becomes shorter. Therefore, in EDO page mode, the timing margin in read cycle is larger than that of the fast page mode even if the $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ cycle time becomes shorter.

In EDO page mode, due to the extended data function, the $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ cycle time can be shorter than in the fast page mode if the timing margin is the same.

The EDO page mode allows both read and write operations during one $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ cycle, but the performance is equivalent to that of the fast page mode in that case.

Power-On

After application of the V_{CC} supply, an initial pause of 200 μs is required followed by a minimum of eight initialization cycles (any combination of cycles containing a $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ signal).

During power-on, it is recommended that $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ track with V_{CC} or be held at a valid V_{IH} to avoid current surges.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameters		Rating	Unit
V _T	Voltage on Any Pin Relative to GND	5V	-1.0 to +7.0	V
		3.3V	-0.5 to +4.6	
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	5V	-1.0 to +7.0	V
		3.3V	-0.5 to +4.6	
I _{OUT}	Output Current		50	mA
P _D	Power Dissipation		1	W
T _A	Commercial Operation Temperature		0 to +70	°C
	Industrial Operating Temperature		-40 to +85	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature		-55 to +125	°C

Note:

1. Stress greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Voltages are referenced to GND.)

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	5V	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
		3.3V	3.0	3.3	3.6	
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	5V	2.4	—	V _{CC} + 1.0	V
		3.3V	2.0	—	V _{CC} + 0.3	
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	5V	-1.0	—	0.8	V
		3.3V	-0.3	—	0.8	
T _A	Commercial Ambient Temperature		0	—	70	°C
	Industrial Ambient Temperature		-40	—	85	°C

CAPACITANCE^(1,2)

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Unit
C _{IN1}	Input Capacitance: A0-A9	5	pF
C _{IN2}	Input Capacitance: $\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$, $\overline{\text{WE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$	7	pF
C _{IO}	Data Input/Output Capacitance: I/O0-I/O7	7	pF

Notes:

1. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
2. Test conditions: T_A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS⁽¹⁾

(Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Speed	Min.	Max.	Unit
I _{IL}	Input Leakage Current	Any input $0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$ Other inputs not under test = 0V		-10	10	μA
I _{IO}	Output Leakage Current	Output is disabled (Hi-Z) $0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$		-10	10	μA
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage Level	I _{OH} = -2.5 mA		2.4	—	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage Level	I _{OL} = +2.1 mA		—	0.4	V
I _{CC1}	Standby Current: TTL	$\overline{RAS}, \overline{CAS} \geq V_{IH}$	5V 3.3V	—	2 0.5	mA
I _{CC2}	Standby Current: CMOS	$\overline{RAS}, \overline{CAS} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$	5V 3.3V	—	1 0.5	mA
I _{CC3}	Operating Current: Random Read/Write ^(2,3,4) Average Power Supply Current	$\overline{RAS}, \overline{CAS}$, Address Cycling, t _{RC} = t _{RC} (min.)	-35 -50 -60	—	120 110 100	mA
I _{CC4}	Operating Current: EDO Page Mode ^(2,3,4) Average Power Supply Current	$\overline{RAS} = V_{IL}, \overline{CAS}$, Cycling t _{PC} = t _{PC} (min.)	-35 -50 -60	—	100 90 80	mA
I _{CC5}	Refresh Current: RAS-Only ^(2,3) Average Power Supply Current	\overline{RAS} Cycling, $\overline{CAS} \geq V_{IH}$ t _{RC} = t _{RC} (min.)	-35 -50 -60	—	120 110 100	mA
I _{CC6}	Refresh Current: CBR ^(2,3,5) Average Power Supply Current	$\overline{RAS}, \overline{CAS}$ Cycling t _{RC} = t _{RC} (min.)	-35 -50 -60	—	120 110 100	mA

Notes:

1. An initial pause of 200 μs is required after power-up followed by eight \overline{RAS} refresh cycles (\overline{RAS} -Only or CBR) before proper device operation is assured. The eight \overline{RAS} cycles wake-up should be repeated any time the t_{REF} refresh requirement is exceeded.
2. Dependent on cycle rates.
3. Specified values are obtained with minimum cycle time and the output open.
4. Column-address is changed once each EDO page cycle.
5. Enables on-chip refresh and address counters.

AC CHARACTERISTICS^(1,2,3,4,5,6)

(Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter	-35		-50		-60		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
tRC	Random READ or WRITE Cycle Time	60	—	90	—	110	—	ns
tRAC	Access Time from RAS ^(6, 7)	—	35	—	50	—	60	ns
tCAC	Access Time from CAS ^(6, 8, 15)	—	10	—	14	—	15	ns
tAA	Access Time from Column-Address ⁽⁶⁾	—	18	—	25	—	30	ns
tRAS	RAS Pulse Width	35	10K	50	10K	60	10K	ns
tRP	RAS Precharge Time	20	—	30	—	40	—	ns
tCAS	CAS Pulse Width ⁽²⁶⁾	6	10K	8	10K	10	10K	ns
tCP	CAS Precharge Time ^(9, 25)	5	—	8	—	10	—	ns
tCSH	CAS Hold Time ⁽²¹⁾	35	—	50	—	60	—	ns
tRCD	RAS to CAS Delay Time ^(10, 20)	11	28	19	36	20	45	ns
tASR	Row-Address Setup Time	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tRAH	Row-Address Hold Time	6	—	8	—	10	—	ns
tASC	Column-Address Setup Time ⁽²⁰⁾	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tCAH	Column-Address Hold Time ⁽²⁰⁾	6	—	8	—	10	—	ns
tAR	Column-Address Hold Time (referenced to RAS)	30	—	40	—	40	—	ns
tRAD	RAS to Column-Address Delay Time ⁽¹¹⁾	10	20	14	25	15	30	ns
tRAL	Column-Address to RAS Lead Time	18	—	25	—	30	—	ns
tRPC	RAS to CAS Precharge Time	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tRSH	RAS Hold Time ⁽²⁷⁾	8	—	14	—	15	—	ns
tCLZ	CAS to Output in Low-Z ^(15, 29)	3	—	3	—	3	—	ns
tCRP	CAS to RAS Precharge Time ⁽²¹⁾	5	—	5	—	5	—	ns
tOD	Output Disable Time ^(19, 28, 29)	3	12	3	12	3	12	ns
tOE	Output Enable Time ^(15, 16)	0	10	0	15	—	15	ns
tOEHC	OE HIGH Hold Time from CAS HIGH	10	—	10	—	10	—	ns
tOEP	OE HIGH Pulse Width	10	—	10	—	10	—	ns
tOES	OE LOW to CAS HIGH Setup Time	5	—	5	—	5	—	ns
tRCS	Read Command Setup Time ^(17, 20)	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tRRH	Read Command Hold Time (referenced to RAS) ⁽¹²⁾	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tRCH	Read Command Hold Time (referenced to CAS) ^(12, 17, 21)	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tWCH	Write Command Hold Time ^(17, 27)	5	—	8	—	10	—	ns
tWCR	Write Command Hold Time (referenced to RAS) ⁽¹⁷⁾	30	—	40	—	50	—	ns
tWP	Write Command Pulse Width ⁽¹⁷⁾	5	—	8	—	10	—	ns
tWPZ	WE Pulse Widths to Disable Outputs	10	—	10	—	10	—	ns
tRWL	Write Command to RAS Lead Time ⁽¹⁷⁾	8	—	14	—	15	—	ns
tCWL	Write Command to CAS Lead Time ^(17, 21)	8	—	14	—	15	—	ns
tWCS	Write Command Setup Time ^(14, 17, 20)	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tDHR	Data-in Hold Time (referenced to RAS)	30	—	40	—	40	—	ns

AC CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)^(1,2,3,4,5,6)

(Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter	35		-50		-60		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
tACH	Column-Address Setup Time to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Precharge during WRITE Cycle	15	—	15	—	15	—	ns
toEH	OE Hold Time from $\overline{\text{WE}}$ during READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycle ⁽¹⁸⁾	8	—	10	—	15	—	ns
tDS	Data-In Setup Time ^(15, 22)	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tDH	Data-In Hold Time ^(15, 22)	6	—	8	—	10	—	ns
trWC	READ-MODIFY-WRITE Cycle Time	80	—	125	—	140	—	ns
trWD	RAS to $\overline{\text{WE}}$ Delay Time during READ-MODIFY-WRITE Cycle ⁽¹⁴⁾	45	—	70	—	80	—	ns
tcWD	CAS to $\overline{\text{WE}}$ Delay Time ^(14, 20)	25	—	34	—	36	—	ns
tAWD	Column-Address to $\overline{\text{WE}}$ Delay Time ⁽¹⁴⁾	30	—	42	—	49	—	ns
tpC	EDO Page Mode READ or WRITE Cycle Time ⁽²⁴⁾	12	—	20	—	25	—	ns
trASP	RAS Pulse Width in EDO Page Mode	35	100K	50	100K	50	100K	ns
tCPA	Access Time from $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Precharge ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	21	—	27	—	34	ns
tpRWC	EDO Page Mode READ-WRITE Cycle Time ⁽²⁴⁾	40	—	47	—	56	—	ns
tCOH	Data Output Hold after $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ LOW	5	—	5	—	5	—	ns
toFF	Output Buffer Turn-Off Delay from $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ or $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ ^(13,15,19, 29)	3	15	3	15	3	15	ns
tWHZ	Output Disable Delay from $\overline{\text{WE}}$	3	15	3	15	3	15	ns
tCLCH	Last $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ going LOW to First $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ returning HIGH ⁽²³⁾	10	—	10	—	10	—	ns
tCSR	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Setup Time (CBR REFRESH) ^(30, 20)	8	—	10	—	10	—	ns
tCHR	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Hold Time (CBR REFRESH) ^(30, 21)	8	—	10	—	10	—	ns
toRD	OE Setup Time prior to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ during HIDDEN REFRESH Cycle	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
tREF	Refresh Period (512 Cycles)	—	8	8	—	8	—	ms
tr	Transition Time (Rise or Fall) ^(2, 3)	1	50	1	50	1	50	ns

AC TEST CONDITIONS

Output load: Two TTL Loads and 50 pF ($V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 10\%$)
One TTL Load and 50 pF ($V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$)

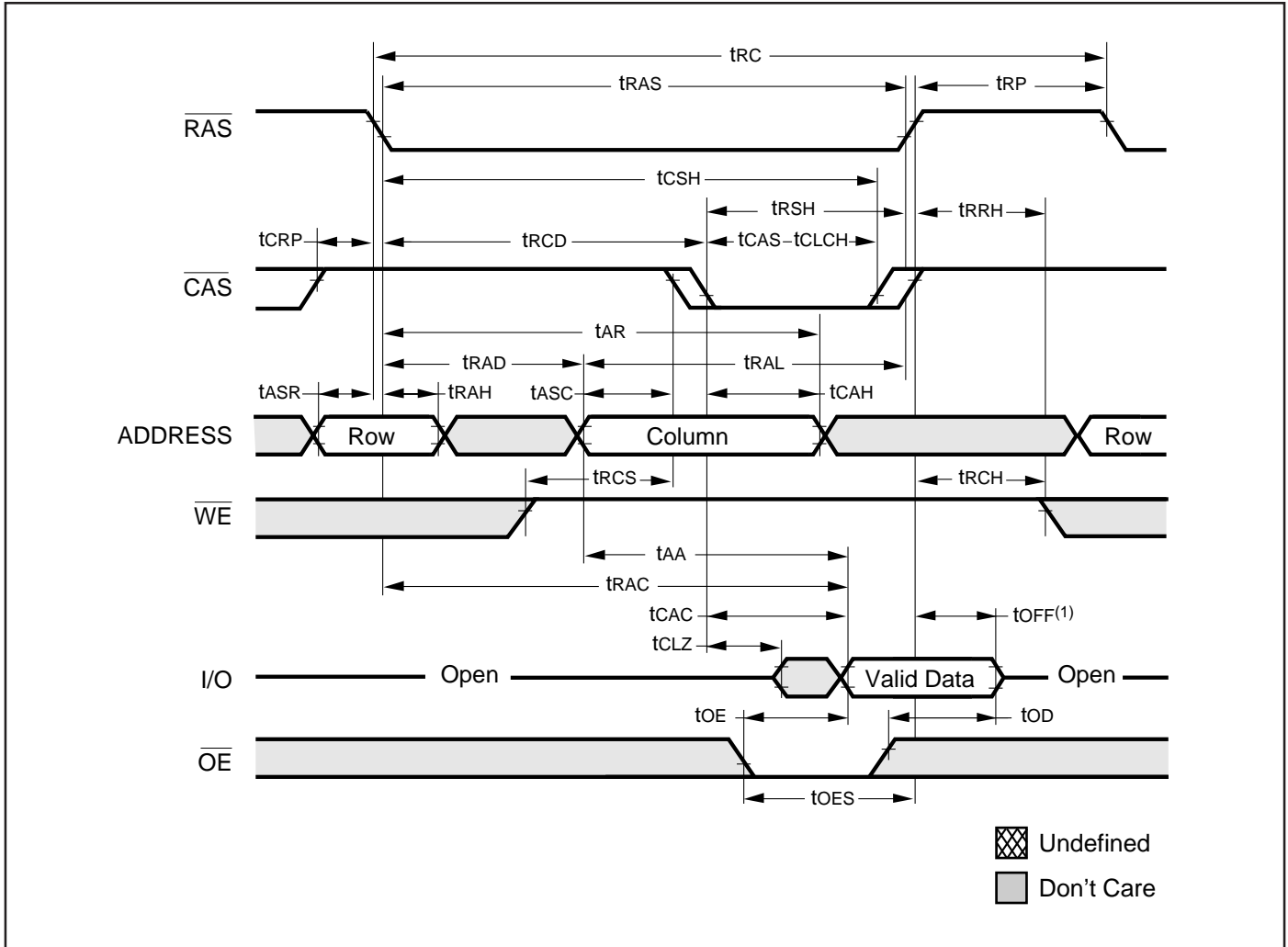
Input timing reference levels: $V_{IH} = 2.4V$, $V_{IL} = 0.8V$ ($V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 10\%$);
 $V_{IH} = 2.0V$, $V_{IL} = 0.8V$ ($V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$)

Output timing reference levels: $V_{OH} = 2.0V$, $V_{OL} = 0.8V$ ($V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $3.3V \pm 10\%$)

Notes:

1. An initial pause of 200 μ s is required after power-up followed by eight $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh cycle ($\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -Only or CBR) before proper device operation is assured. The eight $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ cycles wake-up should be repeated any time the t_{REF} refresh requirement is exceeded.
2. V_{IH} (MIN) and V_{IL} (MAX) are reference levels for measuring timing of input signals. Transition times, are measured between V_{IH} and V_{IL} (or between V_{IL} and V_{IH}) and assume to be 1 ns for all inputs.
3. In addition to meeting the transition rate specification, all input signals must transit between V_{IH} and V_{IL} (or between V_{IL} and V_{IH}) in a monotonic manner.
4. If $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{RAS}} = V_{\text{IH}}$, data output is High-Z.
5. If $\overline{\text{CAS}} = V_{\text{IL}}$, data output may contain data from the last valid READ cycle.
6. Measured with a load equivalent to one TTL gate and 50 pF.
7. Assumes that $t_{\text{RC}} \leq t_{\text{RC}}(\text{MAX})$. If t_{RC} is greater than the maximum recommended value shown in this table, t_{RC} will increase by the amount that t_{RC} exceeds the value shown.
8. Assumes that $t_{\text{RC}} \geq t_{\text{RC}}(\text{MAX})$.
9. If $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ is LOW at the falling edge of $\overline{\text{RAS}}$, data out will be maintained from the previous cycle. To initiate a new cycle and clear the data output buffer, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ must be pulsed for t_{CP} .
10. Operation with the $t_{\text{RC}}(\text{MAX})$ limit ensures that $t_{\text{RC}}(\text{MAX})$ can be met. $t_{\text{RC}}(\text{MAX})$ is specified as a reference point only; if t_{RC} is greater than the specified $t_{\text{RC}}(\text{MAX})$ limit, access time is controlled exclusively by t_{CAC} .
11. Operation within the $t_{\text{RAD}}(\text{MAX})$ limit ensures that $t_{\text{RC}}(\text{MAX})$ can be met. $t_{\text{RAD}}(\text{MAX})$ is specified as a reference point only; if t_{RAD} is greater than the specified $t_{\text{RAD}}(\text{MAX})$ limit, access time is controlled exclusively by t_{AA} .
12. Either t_{RCH} or t_{RRH} must be satisfied for a READ cycle.
13. $t_{\text{OFF}}(\text{MAX})$ defines the time at which the output achieves the open circuit condition; it is not a reference to V_{OH} or V_{OL} .
14. t_{WCS} , t_{RWD} , t_{AWD} and t_{CWD} are restrictive operating parameters in LATE WRITE and READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycle only. If $t_{\text{WCS}} \geq t_{\text{WCS}}(\text{MIN})$, the cycle is an EARLY WRITE cycle and the data output will remain open circuit throughout the entire cycle. If $t_{\text{RWD}} \geq t_{\text{RWD}}(\text{MIN})$, $t_{\text{AWD}} \geq t_{\text{AWD}}(\text{MIN})$ and $t_{\text{CWD}} \geq t_{\text{CWD}}(\text{MIN})$, the cycle is a READ-WRITE cycle and the data output will contain data read from the selected cell. If neither of the above conditions is met, the state of I/O (at access time and until $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ or $\overline{\text{OE}}$ go back to V_{IH}) is indeterminate. $\overline{\text{OE}}$ held HIGH and $\overline{\text{WE}}$ taken LOW after $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ goes LOW result in a LATE WRITE ($\overline{\text{OE}}$ -controlled) cycle.
15. Output parameter (I/O) is referenced to corresponding $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ input.
16. During a READ cycle, if $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is LOW then taken HIGH before $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ goes HIGH, I/O goes open. If $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is tied permanently LOW, a LATE WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE is not possible.
17. Write command is defined as $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going low.
18. LATE WRITE and READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycles must have both t_{OD} and t_{OEH} met ($\overline{\text{OE}}$ HIGH during WRITE cycle) in order to ensure that the output buffers will be open during the WRITE cycle. The I/Os will provide the previously written data if $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ remains LOW and $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is taken back to LOW after t_{OEH} is met.
19. The I/Os are in open during READ cycles once t_{OD} or t_{OFF} occur.
20. The first $\chi\overline{\text{CAS}}$ edge to transition LOW.
21. The last $\chi\overline{\text{CAS}}$ edge to transition HIGH.
22. These parameters are referenced to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ leading edge in EARLY WRITE cycles and $\overline{\text{WE}}$ leading edge in LATE WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycles.
23. Last falling $\chi\overline{\text{CAS}}$ edge to first rising $\chi\overline{\text{CAS}}$ edge.
24. Last rising $\chi\overline{\text{CAS}}$ edge to next cycle's last rising $\chi\overline{\text{CAS}}$ edge.
25. Last rising $\chi\overline{\text{CAS}}$ edge to first falling $\chi\overline{\text{CAS}}$ edge.
26. Each $\chi\overline{\text{CAS}}$ must meet minimum pulse width.
27. Last $\chi\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to go LOW.
28. I/Os controlled, regardless $\overline{\text{CAS}}$.
29. The 3 ns minimum is a parameter guaranteed by design.
30. Enables on-chip refresh and address counters.

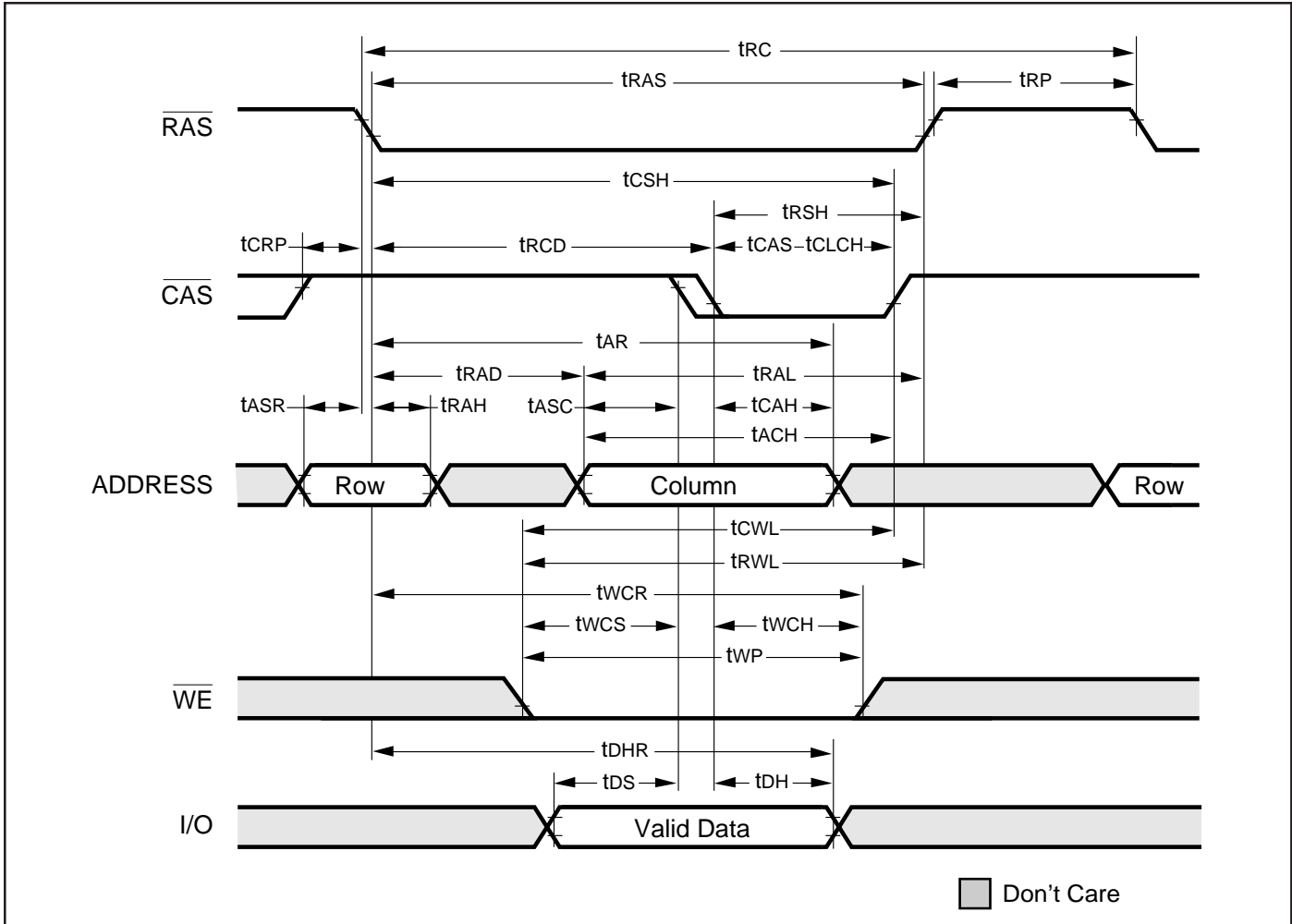
READ CYCLE



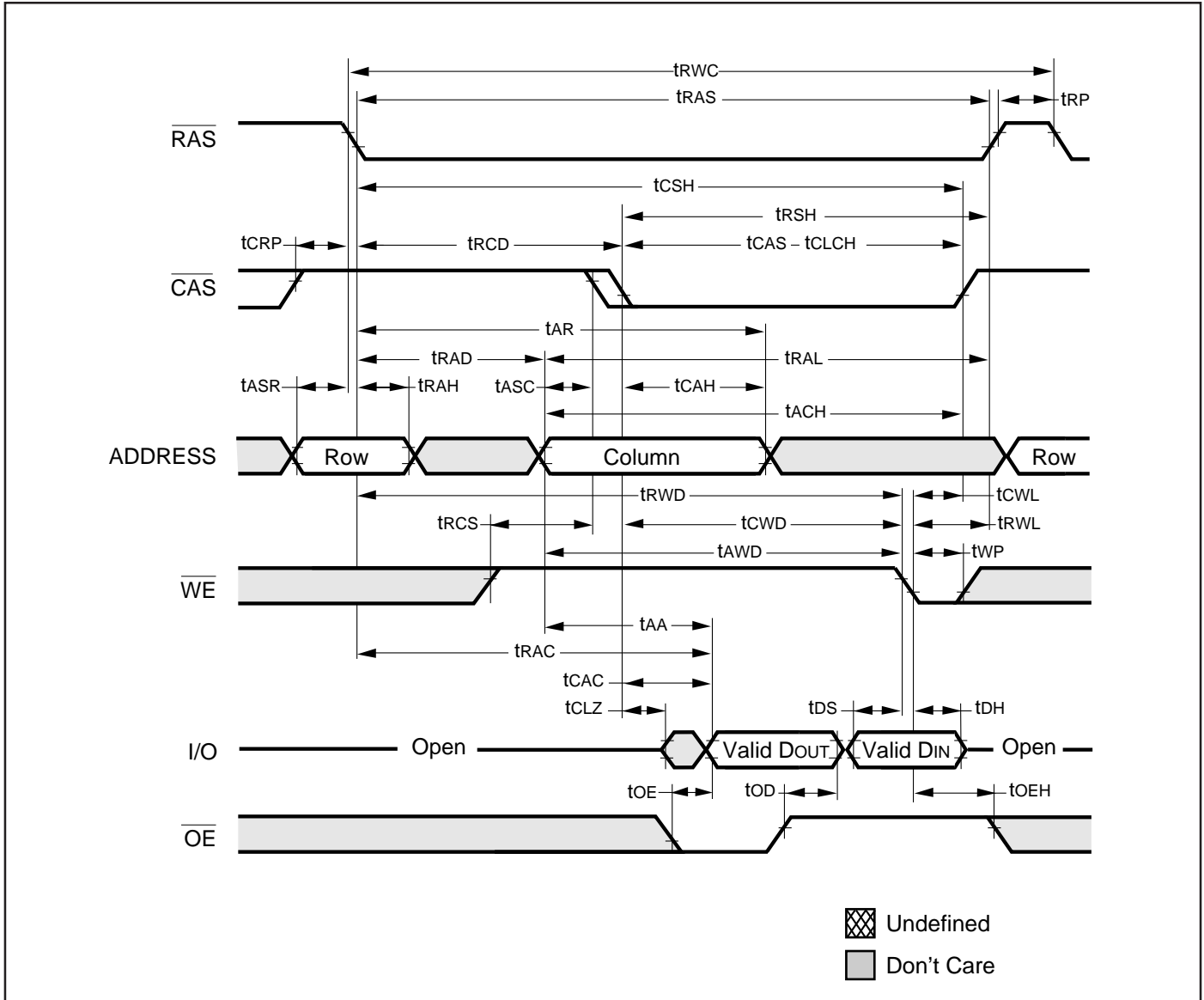
Note:

- t_{OFF} is referenced from rising edge of \overline{RAS} or \overline{CAS} , whichever occurs last.

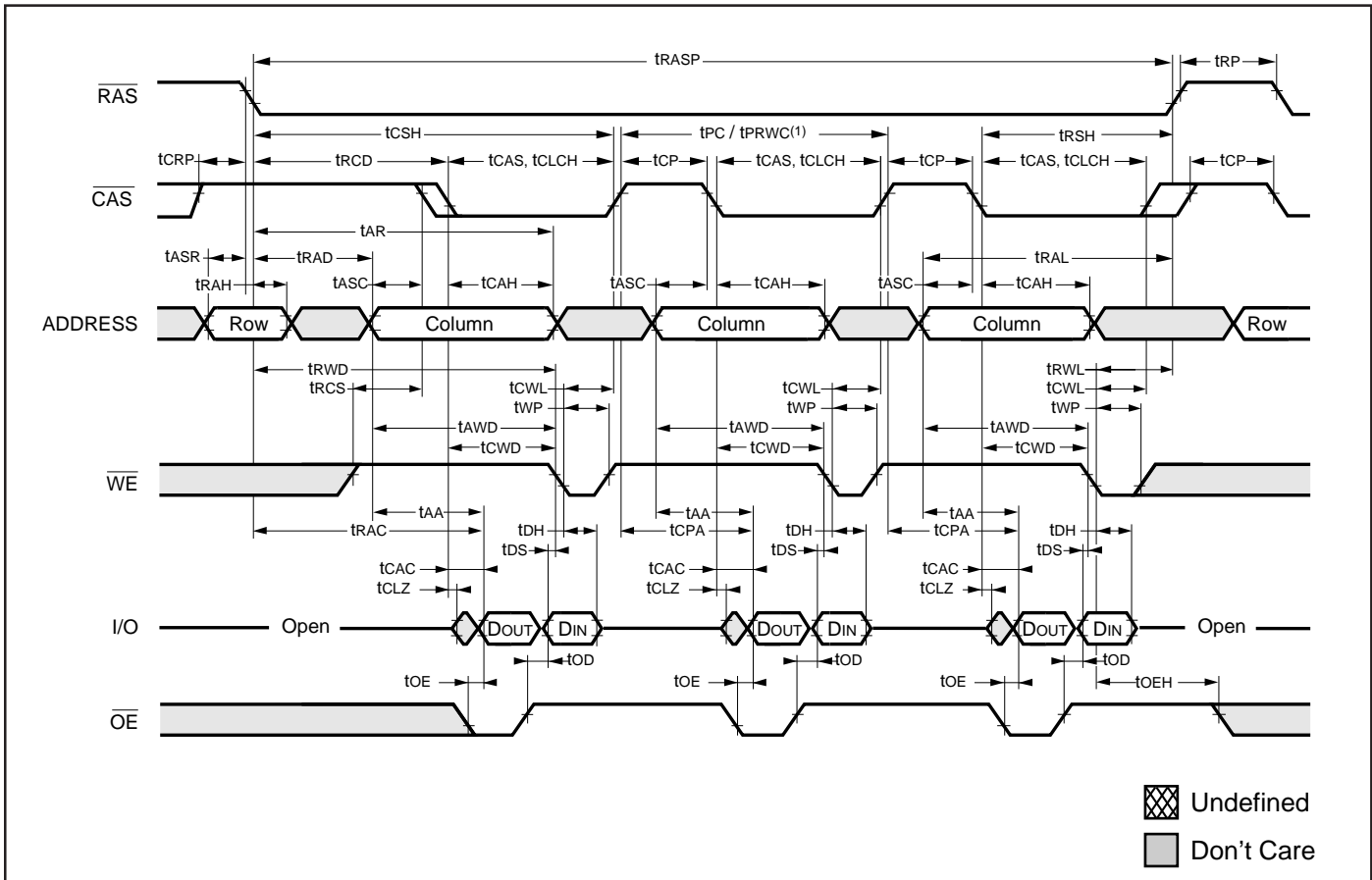
EARLY WRITE CYCLE (\overline{OE} = DON'T CARE)



READ WRITE CYCLE (LATE WRITE and READ-MODIFY-WRITE Cycles)

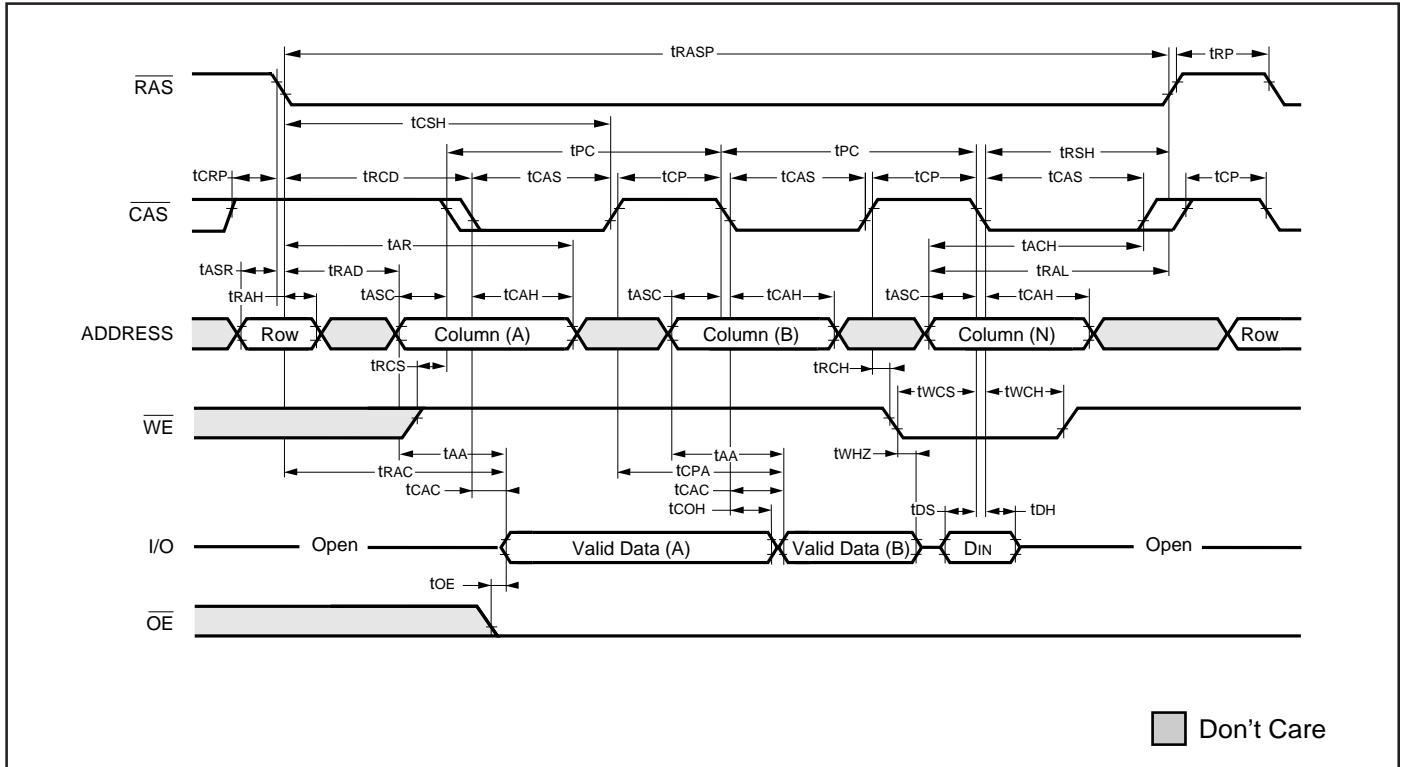


EDO-PAGE-MODE READ-WRITE CYCLE (LATE WRITE and READ-MODIFY WRITE Cycles)



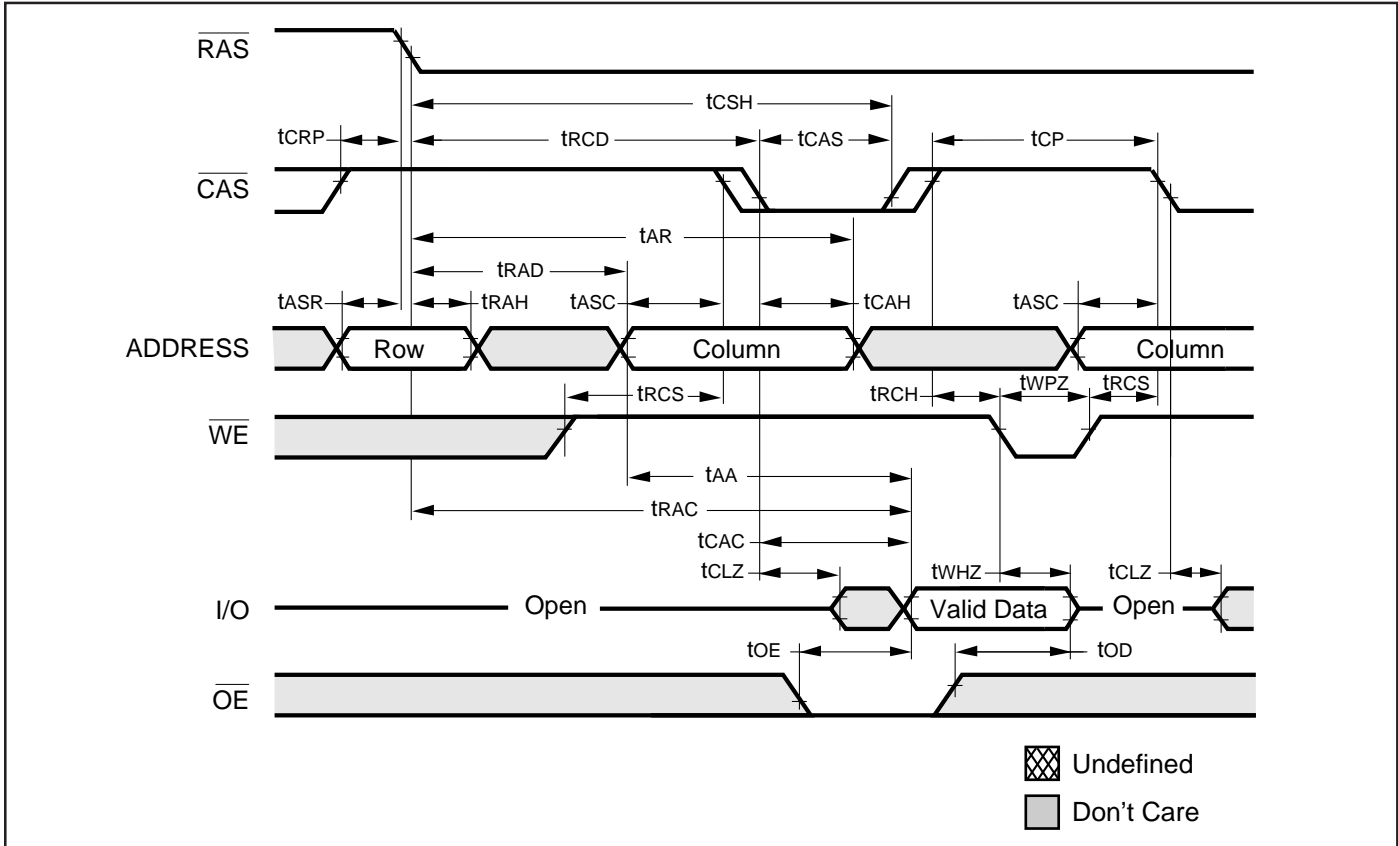
Note:
1. t_{PC} is for LATE write cycles only. t_{PC} can be measured from falling edge of \overline{CAS} to falling edge of \overline{CAS} , or from rising edge of \overline{CAS} to rising edge of \overline{CAS} . Both measurements must meet the t_{PC} specifications.

EDO-PAGE-MODE READ-EARLY-WRITE CYCLE (Psuedo READ-MODIFY WRITE)

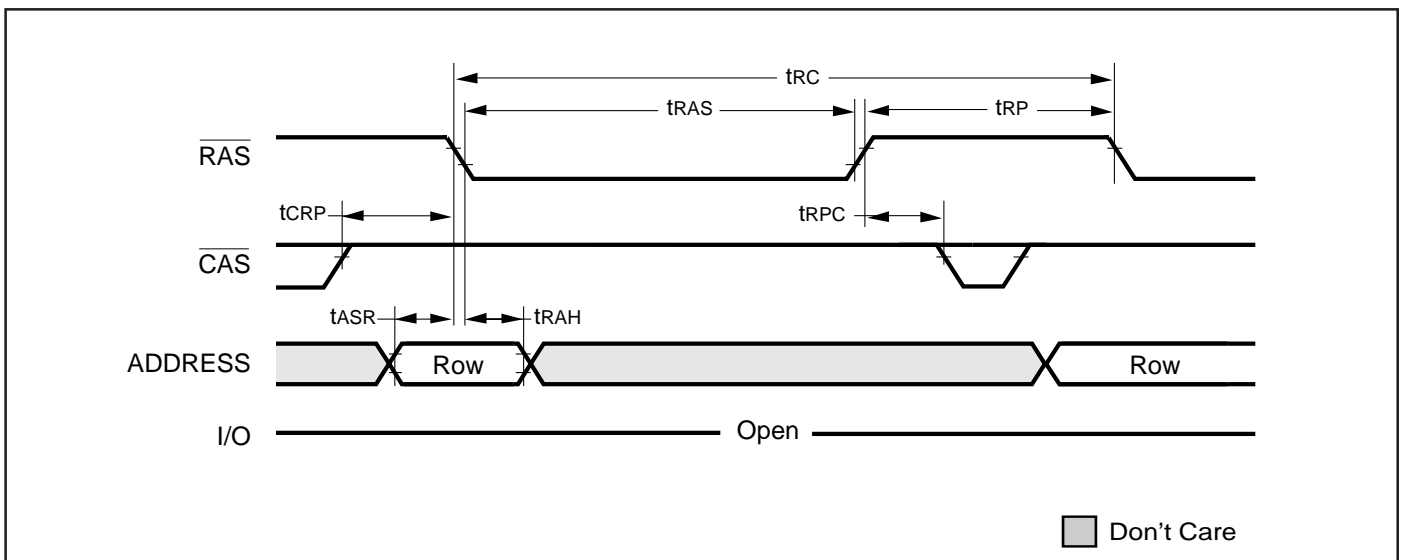


AC WAVEFORMS

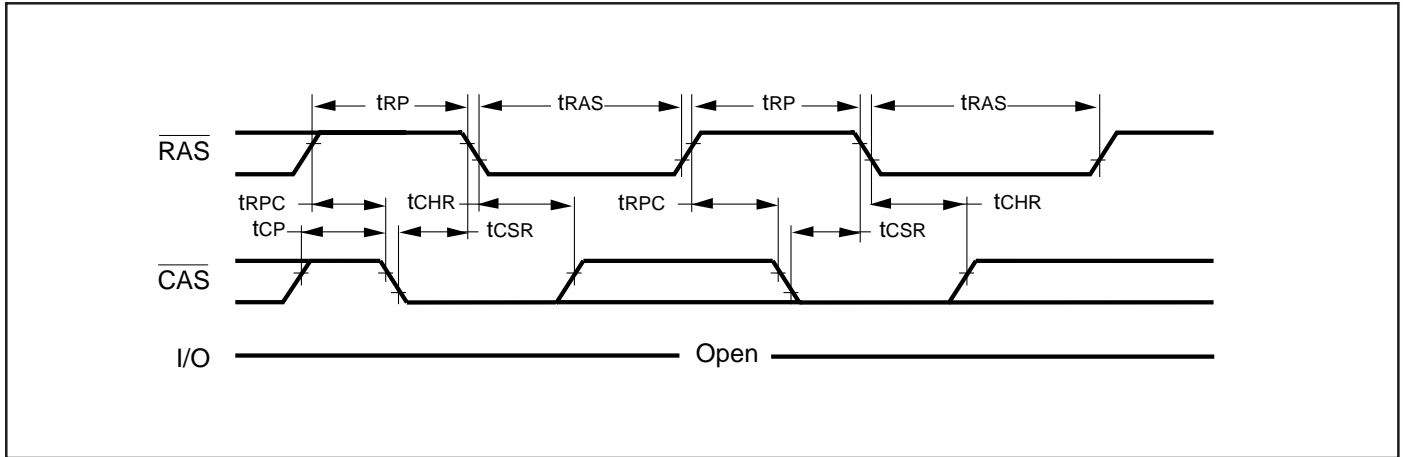
READ CYCLE (With \overline{WE} -Controlled Disable)



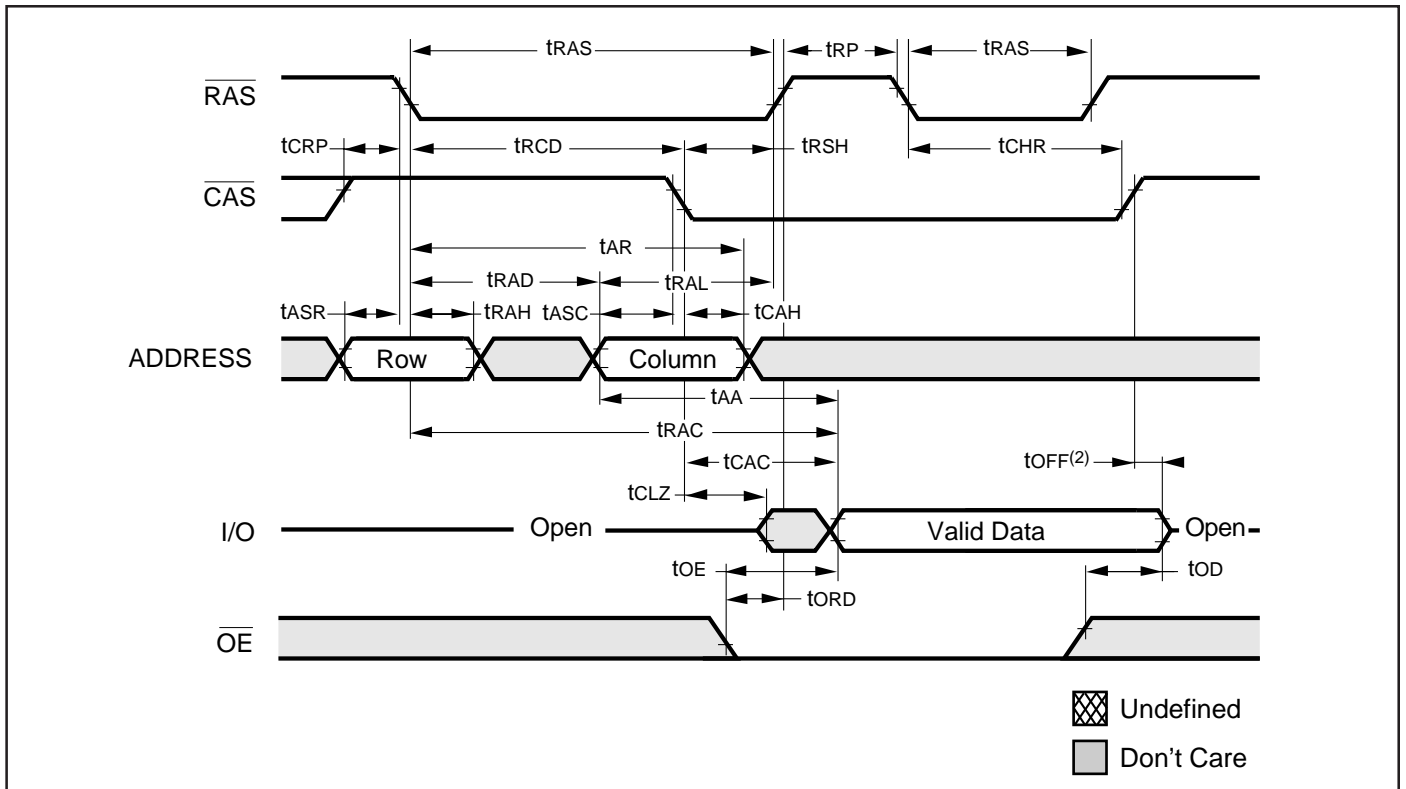
RAS-ONLY REFRESH CYCLE (\overline{OE} , \overline{WE} = DON'T CARE)



CBR REFRESH CYCLE (Addresses; \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} = DON'T CARE)



HIDDEN REFRESH CYCLE⁽¹⁾ (\overline{WE} = HIGH; \overline{OE} = LOW)



Notes:

1. A Hidden Refresh may also be performed after a Write Cycle. In this case, \overline{WE} = LOW and \overline{OE} = HIGH.
2. toff is referenced from rising edge of RAS or CAS, whichever occurs last.

**IC41C8512
IC41LV8512**



ORDERING INFORMATION

IC41C8512

Commercial Range: 0°C to 70°C

Speed (ns)	Order Part No.	Package
35	IC41C8512-35K	400mil SOJ
	IC41C8512-35T	400mil TSOP-2
50	IC41C8512-50K	400mil SOJ
	IC41C8512-50T	400mil TSOP-2
60	IC41C8512-60K	400mil SOJ
	IC41C8512-60T	400mil TSOP-2

ORDERING INFORMATION:

IC41LV8512

Commercial Range: 0°C to 70°C

Speed (ns)	Order Part No.	Package
35	IC41LV8512-35K	400mil SOJ
	IC41LV8512-35T	400mil TSOP-2
50	IC41LV8512-50K	400mil SOJ
	IC41LV8512-50T	400mil TSOP-2
60	IC41LV8512-60K	400mil SOJ
	IC41LV8512-60T	400mil TSOP-2

Industrial Range: -40°C to 85°C

Speed (ns)	Order Part No.	Package
35	IC41C8512-35KI	400mil SOJ
	IC41C8512-35TI	400mil TSOP-2
50	IC41C8512-50KI	400mil SOJ
	IC41C8512-50TI	400mil TSOP-2
60	IC41C8512-60KI	400mil SOJ
	IC41C8512-60TI	400mil TSOP-2

Industrial Range: -40°C to 85°C

Speed (ns)	Order Part No.	Package
35	IC41LV8512-35KI	400mil SOJ
	IC41LV8512-35TI	400mil TSOP-2
50	IC41LV8512-50KI	400mil SOJ
	IC41LV8512-50TI	400mil TSOP-2
60	IC41LV8512-60KI	400mil SOJ
	IC41LV8512-60TI	400mil TSOP-2

IC41C8512
IC41LV8512



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