

IH6201

Dual CMOS Driver/Voltage Translator

April 1999

OBSOLETE PRODUCT
NO RECOMMENDED REPLACEMENT
Call Central Applications 1-800-442-7747
or email: centapp@harris.com

Features

- Driven Direct from TTL or CMOS Logic
- Translates Logic Levels Up to 30V Levels
- Switches 20V_{ACPP} Signals When Used in Conjunction with the IH401A Varafet (As An Analog Gate)
- $t_{ON} \leq 300ns$ & $t_{OFF} \leq 200ns$ for 30V Level Shifts
- Quiescent Supply Current $\leq 100\mu A$ for Any State (DC)
- Provides Both Normal & Inverted Outputs

Part Number Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE
IH6201CJE	0 to 70	16 Ld CerDIP
IH6201MJE	-55 to 125	16 Ld CerDIP
IH6201CPE	0 to 70	16 Ld PDIP

Description

The IH6201 is a CMOS, Monolithic, Dual Voltage Translator; it takes low level TTL or CMOS logic signals and converts them to higher levels (i.e. to $\pm 15V$ swings). This translator is typically used in making solid state switches, or analog gates.

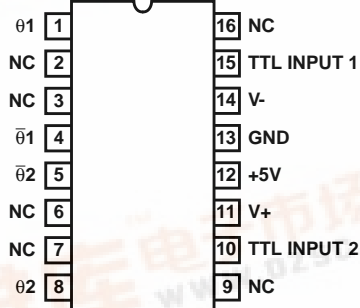
When used in conjunction with the IH401A Varafets, the combination makes a complete solid state switch capable of switching signals up to 22V_{P-P} and up to 20MHz in frequency. This switch is a "break-before-make" type (i.e. t_{OFF} time < t_{ON} time). The combination has typical $t_{OFF} \approx 80ns$ and typical $t_{ON} \approx 200ns$ for signals up to 20V_{P-P} in amplitude.

A TTL "1" input strobe will force the θ driver output up to $V+$ level; the $\bar{\theta}$ output will be driven down to the $V-$ level. When the TTL input goes to "0", the θ output goes to $V-$ and $\bar{\theta}$ goes to $V+$; thus θ and $\bar{\theta}$ are 180° out of phase with each other. These complementary outputs can be used to create a wide variety of functions such as SPDT and DPDT switches, etc.; alternatively the complementary outputs can be used to drive N and P channel MOSFETs, to make a complete CMOS analog gate.

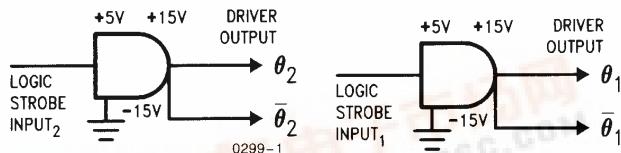
The driver typically uses +5V and $\pm 15V$ power supplies, however a wide range of $V+$ and $V-$ is also possible. It is necessary that $V+ > 5V$ for the driver to work properly, however.

Pinout

IH6201
(OUTLINE DWGS, JE, PE)
TOP VIEW



Functional Diagram



IH6201

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage (V+ to V-)	35V
V+	35V
V-	35V
V+ to V _{IN}	40V

Thermal Information




Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	300°C

Operating Conditions

Temperature Range	-55°C to 125°C
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CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

Electrical Specifications V+ = +15V, V- = -15V, V_L = +5V

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	IH6201CJE, CPE			IH6201MJE			UNITS
		0°C	25°C	70°C	-55°C	25°C	125°C	
θ or $\bar{\theta}$ Driver Output Swing	V _{IN} = 0V  + 3V, Figure 3B	-	28	-	-	28	-	V _{P-P}
V _{IN} Strobe Level ("1") for Proper Translation	$\theta \geq 14V$, $\bar{\theta} \geq -14V$	3.0	3.0	3.0	-	2.4	-	V _{DC}
V _{IN} Strobe Level ("0") for Proper Translation	$\theta \geq -14V$, $\bar{\theta} \geq 14V$	0.4	0.4	0.4	-	0.8	-	V _{DC}
I _{IN} Input Strobe Current Draw (for 0V - 5V Range)	V _{IN} = 0V or +5V	±1	±1	10	±1	±1	10	μA
t _{ON} Time	V _{IN} = 0V  C _L = 30pF Switching Turn-on Time, Figure 3B	-	500	-	-	500	-	ns
t _{OFF} Time	V _{IN} = 0V  C _L = 30pF Switching Turn-off Time, Figure 3B	-	500	-	-	500	-	ns
I+ (V+) Power Supply Quiescent Current	V _{IN} = 0V or +5V	100	100	100	100	100	100	μA
I- (V-) Power Supply Quiescent Current	V _{IN} = 0V or +5V	100	100	100	100	100	100	μA
I _L (V _L) Power Supply Quiescent Current	V _{IN} = 0V or +5V	100	100	100	100	100	100	μA

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$\pm 15\text{V}$ supplies), is that you will have a much lower $R_{DS(ON)}$ for the $V_P = 7$ JFET (i.e. for the 2N4391).

$$r_{DS(ON)} \approx 22\Omega \quad R_{DS(ON)} \approx 35\Omega$$

$$V_P = 7\text{V} \quad V_P = 5\text{V}$$

The IH6201 is a dual translator, each containing 4 CMOS FET pairs. The schematic of one-half of an IH6201, driving one-quarter of an IH401A, is shown in Figure 3A.

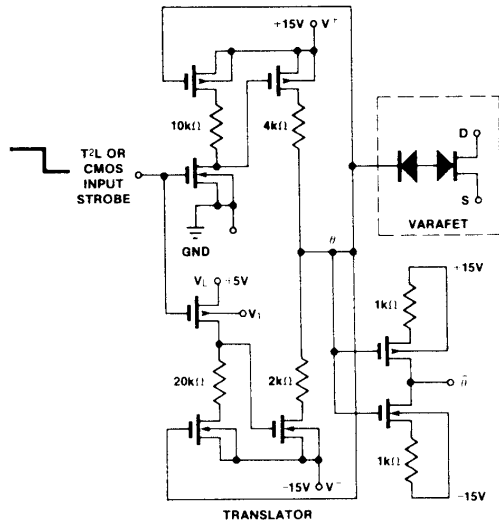
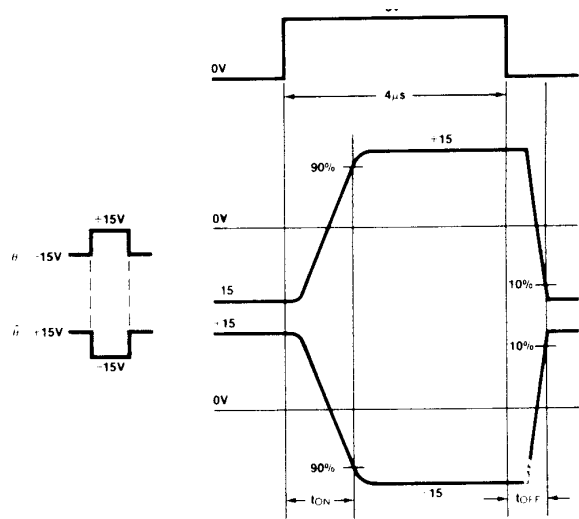


FIGURE 3A.



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FIGURE 3B.

NOTE: Each translator output has a θ and $\bar{\theta}$ output, θ is just the inverse of $\bar{\theta}$.

A very useful feature of this system is that one-half of an IH6201 and one-half of an IH401A can combine to make a SPDT switch, or an IH6201 plus an IH401A can make a dual SPDT analog switch (See Figure 6).

Switches

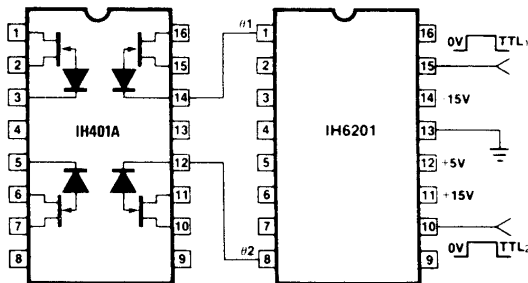


FIGURE 4. DUAL SPST ANALOG SWITCH

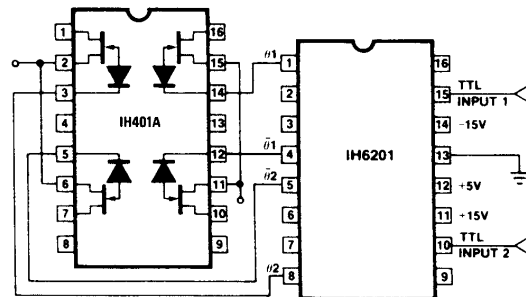


FIGURE 5. DPDT ANALOG SWITCH

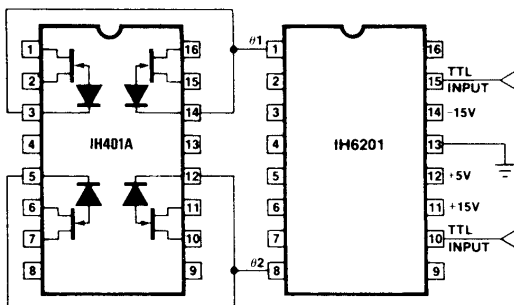


FIGURE 6. DUAL SPDT

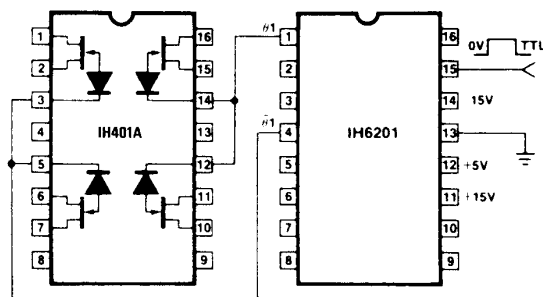


FIGURE 7. DUAL DPST