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# HI<mark>GH OUTPUT CURRENT</mark> CHARGE PUMP DOUBLER

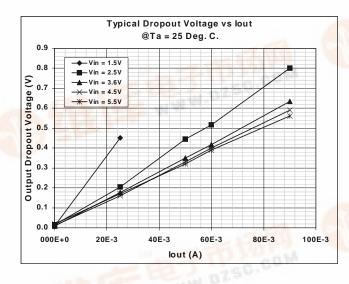
October 20, 2000

TEL:805-498-2111 FAX:805-498-3804 WEB:http://www.semtech.com

# DESCRIPTION

The SC1462 is a versatile charge pump designed for use in battery operated power supply applications over the wide input range of 1.65 to 5.5 volts. A simple, low quiescent current charge pump doubler can be implemented without costly inductors or capacitors. Internal MOSFETs and control circuitry eliminate the need for costly board space and design time. The small 6 lead SOT-23 package helps minimize board space.

The SC1462 charge pump can be used for applications that require up to 80mA of output current with  $V_{IN}$ = 2.5V to 5.5V. Typical dropout voltage (2\*Vin-Vout) is shown below for several values of Vin.



# TYPICAL APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

# FEATURES

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- Input supply voltage range of 1.65V to 5.5V
- Small size 6 pin SOT-23 package
  - Typical efficiency of : 91% @ Vin = 2.5V, lout = 45mA
    - 94% @ Vin = 3.6V, lout = 55mA
- Short circuit and over-temperature protection
- 140µA typical input current @ no load
- Shutdown current <1µA</li>
- Designed to work with ceramic or Tantalum capacitors
- Fixed frequency of 160kHz
- All specifications rated over full temperature range (-40°C to 85°C)

# **APPLICATIONS**

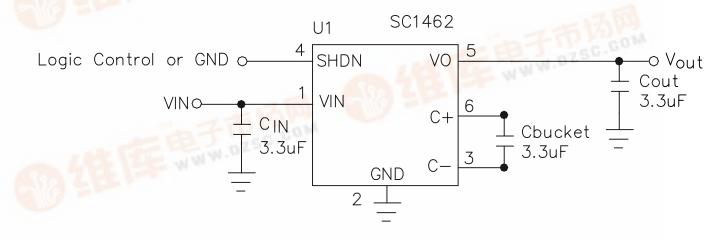
- Cellular phones
- Handheld devices

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

DEVICE <sup>(1)</sup>	PACKAGE	Temp. Range (T <sub>A</sub> )
SC1462ISKTR	SOT-23-6	-40°C to 85°C

Note:

(1) Only available in tape and reel packaging. A reel contains 3000 devices.







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# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Supply Voltage	VIN	-0.3 to +6.0	V
Output Voltage	VO	-0.3 to +12	V
V <sub>OUT</sub> Short Circuit Duration	SC	Indefinite	
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	θ <sub>JA</sub>	230	°C/W
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 to +150	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering) 10 seconds	TL	300	°C

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Unless specified:  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to 85°C, SHDN = GND,  $1.65V \le V_{IN} \le 5.5V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = C_{BUCKET} = 3.3\mu F$  (ESR =  $0.3\Omega$ ).

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	Units
Input Supply Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		1.65		5.5	V
Input Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	$I_0 = 0, V_{IN} = 2.5V \text{ freq} = 160 \text{kHz}$		140	260	μA
		$I_0 = 0, V_{IN} = 3.6V \text{ freq} = 160 \text{kHz}$		200	400	μA
		SHDN = V <sub>IN</sub>		0.1	1	μA
Output Resistance <sup>(5)</sup>	R <sub>out</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5V		9.5	13.5	Ω
Output Resistance <sup>(5)</sup>	R <sub>out</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V		7.5	10.5	Ω
Total Switch Resistance <sup>(6)</sup>	R <sub>sw</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5V		3	4.5	Ω
Total Switch Resistance <sup>(6)</sup>	R <sub>sw</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V		2	3	Ω
Output Current	Ι <sub>ο</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5V			80	mA
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V			80	mA
Oscillator Frequency	OSC	$1.65V \le V_{IN} \le 5.5V$	100	160	200	KHz
Short Circuit Current	I <sub>sc</sub>	V <sub>out</sub> = 0V		200		mA
Output Ripple (pk-pk) <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	V <sub>R</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> = 45mA, V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5V Frequency = 160kHz		75		mV
Power Efficiency <sup>(1)</sup>	η	$I_o = 45 \text{mA}, V_{IN} = 2.5 \text{V}$ freq = 160kHz	86			%



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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $\text{Unless specified: } \textbf{T}_{\text{A}} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to 85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ SHDN} = \text{GND}, \ 1.65\text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 5.5\text{V}, \ \ \textbf{C}_{\text{IN}} = \textbf{C}_{\text{OUT}} = \textbf{C}_{\text{BUCKET}} = 3.3\mu\text{F} \ (\text{ESR} = 0.3\Omega).$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Units
Maximum Output Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	V <sub>OUT</sub>	$I_{O} = 0mA$			2*V <sub>IN</sub>	V
Input High Threshold	V <sub>ih</sub>	SHDN pin, $2.5 \le V_{IN} \le 5.5$	1.6			V
Input Low Threshold	V <sub>il</sub>	SHDN pin, $2.5 \le V_{IN} \le 5.5$			0.4	V
Time to Regulation at Turn-on <sup>(2)</sup>	t <sub>on</sub>	$I_{o} = 0$ to 60 mA, $V_{IN} = 3.6V$ freq = 160kHz		500		μs
Over Temperature protection <sup>(3)</sup>	O.T.			140		°C
Over Temperature Hysteresis <sup>(3)</sup>	O.T.H			20		°C

#### NOTES:

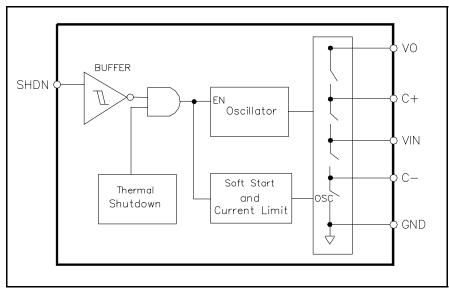
- (1) All electrical characteristics are for the application circuit on page 1.
- (2) Soft start functionality is performed along with short circuit protection. If  $V_{OUT}$  is less than  $V_{IN}$  200mV, then all switches are turned off and  $V_{OUT}$  is charged with a 200mA current source from  $V_{IN}$ . When  $V_{OUT}$  reaches  $V_{IN}$  200mV all switches are enabled.
- (3) Guaranteed by design.
- (4) This device is ESD sensitive. Use of standard ESD handling precautions is required.
- (5) The internal switch resistance, the capacitor ESR and the Oscillator's switching frequency all contribute to R<sub>out</sub>. See the CAPACITOR SELECTION section for information on applying the R<sub>out</sub> specification.
- (6) The parameter R<sub>sw</sub> is equal to the total resistance of all 4 internal switches. See the CAPACITOR SELECTION section for information on applying the R<sub>sw</sub> specification. This parameter was calculated from actual output resistance and the equation on page 7 for R<sub>out</sub>.



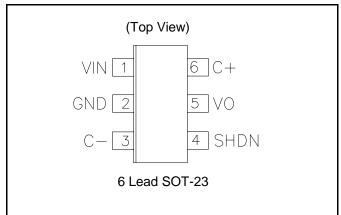
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# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# **PIN CONFIGURATION**



### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

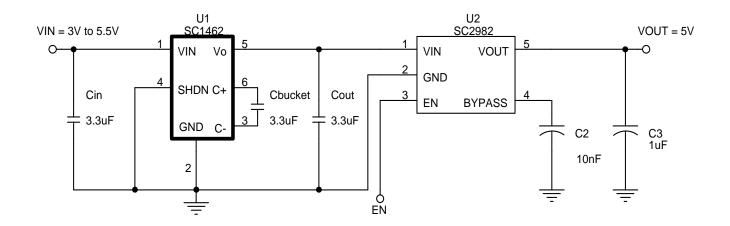
Pin # SOT-23-6	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	VIN	Supply voltage input.
2	GND	Ground.
3	C-	This pin should be connected to the negative terminal of the external charging capacitor.
4	SHDN	Shutdown pin. When this pin is connected to VIN, the device enters sleep mode.
5	VO	Voltage output.
6	C+	This pin should be connected to the positive terminal of the external charging capacitor.

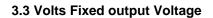


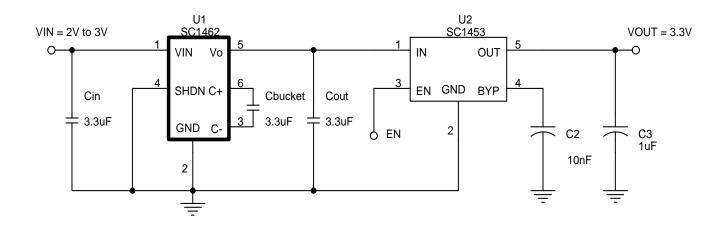
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**5 Volts Fixed output Voltage** 









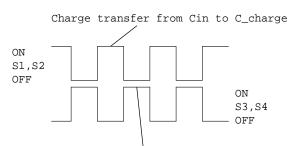
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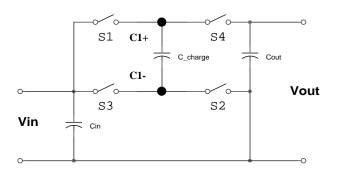
#### THEORY OF OPERATION

The SC1462 utilizes a switched capacitor charge pump, to generate an output voltage approximately 2xVin.

An internal oscillator generates two out of phase fixed frequency clock signals which turn on and off internal MOSFET switches. During phase1 of clock, the flying charge pump capacitor is charged to Vin through switches S1, and S2. During phase2 the flying charge pump capacitor is connected in series with the input voltage via S3, and S4, producing an output voltage.



Charge transfer from (Cin,and C\_charge) to Cout



### SHORT CIRCUIT / SOFT START

An internal current limit and soft start circuit provides protection against output short circuit and limits large current spikes generated during the initial start up to charge output capacitor.

If  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  is less than  $V_{\text{IN}}$  - 200mV, then all switches are turned off and  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  is charged with a 200mA current source from  $V_{\text{IN}}$ . When  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  reaches  $V_{\text{IN}}$  - 200mV, the current source is disconnected from output and the charge pump circuitry is enabled again.

#### **OUTPUT CURRENT**

The dropout voltage for a charge pump doubler is defined as 2\*Vin-Vout. The maximum output current is usually specified as that which will not cause the dropout voltage to exceed the requirements of the application. The calculation of the dropout voltage is given in the capacitor selection section on page 7. Typical dropout voltages versus lout are graphed on page 8.

#### **THERMAL SHUTDOWN**

The thermal shutdown circuit provides added protection to the SC1462. During a  $V_{OUT}$  short circuit condition or if the load is excessive, the over temperature circuitry will shut down the charge pump if the junction temperature exceeds approximately 140°C. The charge pump is enabled only if the junction temperature drops to approximately 120°C. The SC1462 will cycle in and out of thermal shut down until the short circuit or the excessive load condition on Vout is removed, therby improving device reliability. The junction temperature can be calculated from the following formula if the ambient temperature (Ta) and the charge pump power dissipation (Pdiss) are known.

$$T_J = T_a + P_{diss} * \theta JA$$
 ;  $\theta JA = 230 \text{ °C/W}$ 



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## CAPACITOR SELECTION

Capacitor selection is based on both the maximum acceptable ripple voltage and the maximum tolerable drop at the output.

#### <u>Ripple</u>

The peak to peak output ripple voltage is dependent on the following factors:

1- Oscillator Frequency

2- ESR of C<sub>OUT</sub>

3- Capacitance value of Cout

Item 1 is fixed and depend on the charge pump device used. Item 2, and 3 can be optimized for best performance and reduction of the output ripple.

The following formula could be used for an approximation for  $V_{\text{out\_ripple}}.$ 

$$V_{out\_ripple} = \frac{I_{out}}{2 x F_{osc} x C_{out}} + 2 x I_{out} x ESR\_C_{out}$$

Vout Drop

The voltage drop at the output is specified with the following equation:

Vout\_drop = lout \* Rout

Rout is dependent on the following factors:

1- Oscillator Frequency

2- ESR of C<sub>OUT</sub> & C<sub>bucket</sub>

3- Capacitance value of C<sub>OUT</sub> & C<sub>bucket</sub>

4- Internal switch resistance (Rsw = Total of all 4 switch resistances).

A good approximation for calculating the output resistance is shown below.

$$\mathbf{R}_{out} \cong \frac{1}{\mathbf{F}_{osc} \ x \ \mathbf{C}_{bucket}} + 2 \times \mathbf{R}_{SW} + 4 \times \mathbf{ESR}_{-} \ \mathbf{C}_{bucket} + \mathbf{ESR}_{-} \ \mathbf{C}_{out}$$

This equation can be used to calculate Cbucket for a specific Vout when Vin and lout are known. The maximum value for the Rsw from the Electrical Characteristics section on page 2 should be used in order to find a worst case number.

## LAYOUT CONSIDERATION

Standard power board layout should followed to ensure proper operation. Any stray inductance should be minimized, this can be achieved by using large power planes or traces, and reducing the distances between input, output and the load. All components should be placed as close as possible to the SC1462.

Following tables show typical capacitor characteristics, and capacitor manufactures.

Component	ESR (Ohms)	ESL (nH)
0.1 uF Ceramic 0603 package	0.050	1.60
1.0 uF Ceramic 1206 package	0.040	0.47
10 uF Ceramic 1206 package	0.075	0.5
47 uF, 16V Tantalum D case	0.100	0.60
330 uF, 6.3V "OSCON"	0.025	2.5
330 uF, 16V AI Electrolytic	0.143	2.37
820 uF, 4.0V "OSCON"	0.012	2.5
1000 uF, 10V AI Electrolytic	0.053	5

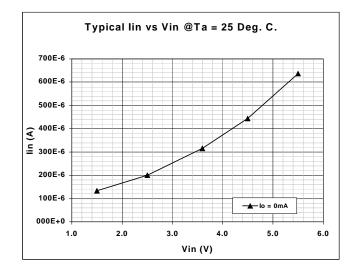
Capacitor Manufacturers	Phone
AVX Corp.	(803)-448-9411
VISHAY	(207)-324-4140
Nichicon Corp.	(708)-843-7500
muRata	(800)-831-9172
TOKIN	(408)-432-8020
Taiyo Yuden	(800)-348-2496
Sanyo	(619)-661-6835

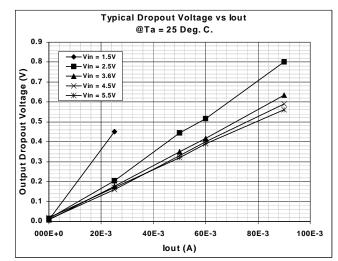


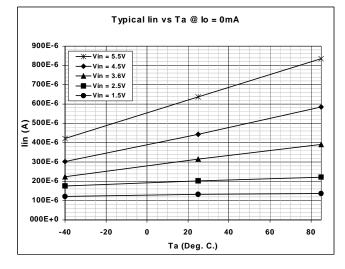
# SC1462

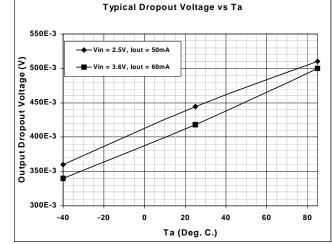
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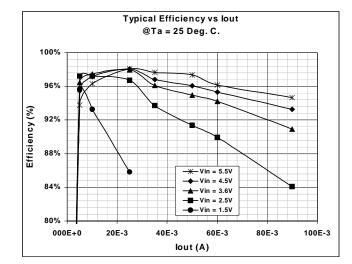
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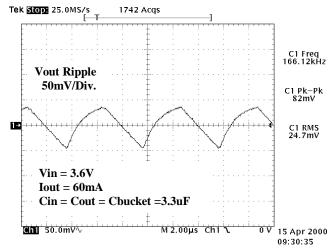










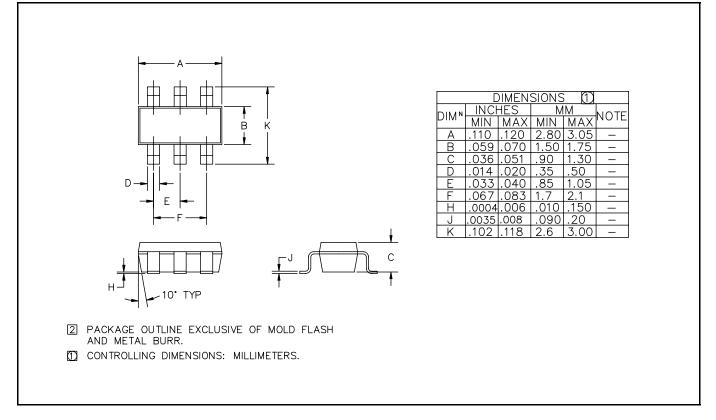




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# **DEVICE OUTLINE - SOT23-6L**



# **MINIMUM LAND PATTERN - SOT23-6L**

