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IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16 IXDI404PI / I404SI / I404SI-16 IXDF404PI / F404SI / F404SI-16

4 Ampere Dual Low-Side Ultrafast MOSFET Drivers

#### Features

- Built using the advantages and compatibility of CMOS and IXYS HDMOS<sup>™</sup> processes
- Latch-Up Protected Over Entire Operating Range
- High Peak Output Current: 4A Peak
- Wide Operating Range: 4.5V to 25V
- High Capacitive Load Drive Capability: 1800pF in <15ns</li>
- Matched Rise And Fall Times
- Low Propagation Delay Time
- Low Output Impedance
- Low Supply Current
- Two Drivers in Single Chip

### **Applications**

- Driving MOSFETs and IGBTs
- Motor Controls
- Line Drivers
- Pulse Generators
- Local Power ON/OFF Switch
- Switch Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- DC to DC Converters
- Pulse Transformer Driver
- Class D Switching Amplifiers
- Limiting di/dt Under Short Circuit

### **General Description**

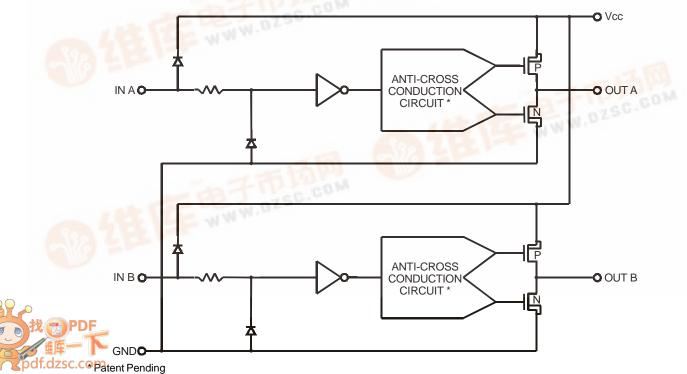
The IXDN404/IXDI404/IXDF404 is comprised of two 4 Ampere CMOS high speed MOSFET drivers. Each output can source and sink 4A of peak current while producing voltage rise and fall times of less than 15ns to drive the latest IXYS MOSFETs & IGBT's. The input of the driver is compatible with TTL or CMOS and is fully immune to latch up over the entire operating range. A patent-pending circuit virtually eliminates CMOS power supply cross conduction and current shoot-through. Improved speed and drive capabilities are further enhanced by very low, matched rise and fall times.

The IXDN404 is configured as a dual non-inverting gate driver, the IXDI404 is a dual inverting gate driver, and the IXDF404 is a dual inverting + non-inverting gate driver.

The IXDN404/IXDI404/IXDF404 family are available in the standard 8 pin P-DIP (PI), SOP-8 (SI) and SOP-16 (SI-16) packages.



#### Figure 1 - IXDN404 Dual 4A Non-Inverting Gate Driver Functional Block Diagram



### **IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16 IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16 IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16**

Figure 2 - IXDI404 Dual Inverting 4A Gate Driver Functional Block Diagram

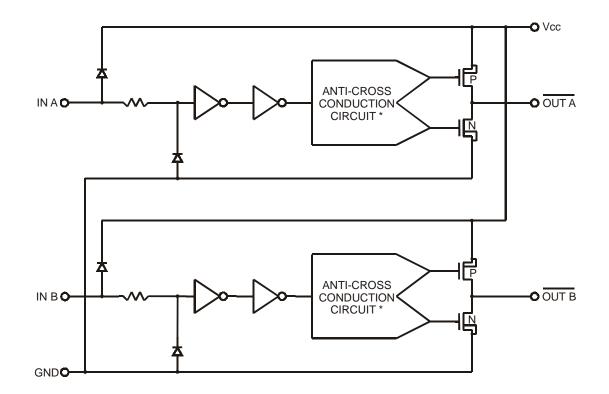
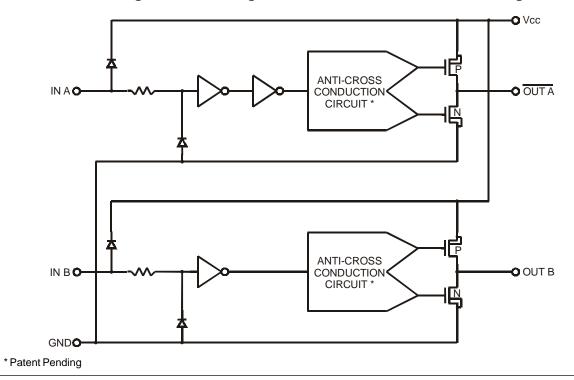


Figure 3 - IXDF404 Inverting + Non-Inverting 4A Gate Driver Functional Block Diagram



## **IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16 IXDI404PI / I404SI / I404SI-16 IXDI404PI / I404SI / I404SI-16**

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)		Operating Ratings		
Parameter	Value	Parameter	Value	
Supply Voltage	25V	Operating Temperature Range	-40 <sup>0</sup> C to 85 <sup>0</sup> C	
All Other Pins	-0.3V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V	Thermal Impedance (Junction To Ambient)		
Junction Temperature	150 <sup>0</sup> C	8 Pin PDIP (PI) (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	120 <sup>0</sup> C/W	
Storage Temperature	-65 <sup>0</sup> C to 150 <sup>0</sup> C	8 Pin SOIC (SI) (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	110 <sup>0</sup> C/W	
Soldering Lead Temperature	300 <sup>0</sup> C	16 Pin SOIC (SI-16) (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	110 <sup>0</sup> C/W	
(10 seconds maximum)				

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise noted,  $\rm T_{A}\,{=}\,25~^oC,~4.5V \leq V_{cc}\,\leq\,25V$  .

Symbol	Parameter	D. Device configured as described in <b>Test Conditions</b>	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>IH</sub>	High input voltage		3.5			V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low input voltage				0.8	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input voltage range	·	-5		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input current	$0V \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq V_{\text{CC}}$	-10		10	μA
V <sub>OH</sub>	High output voltage		V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.025			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low output voltage				0.025	V
R <sub>OH</sub>	Output resistance @ Output High	$I_{OUT}$ = 10mA, $V_{CC}$ = 18V	· · · · ·	1.5	3	Ω
R <sub>OL</sub>	Output resistance @ Output Low	$I_{OUT} = 10 mA, V_{CC} = 18 V$		1.5	3	Ω
I <sub>PEAK</sub>	Peak output current	V <sub>CC</sub> is 18V		4		А
I <sub>DC</sub>	Continuous output current				1	A
t <sub>R</sub>	Rise time	CL=1800pF Vcc=18V	11	12	15	ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Fall time	C <sub>L</sub> =1800pF Vcc=18V	12	14	17	ns
t <sub>ONDLY</sub>	On-time propagation delay	CL=1800pF Vcc=18V	33	34	38	ns
t <sub>OFFDLY</sub>	Off-time propagation delay	CL=1800pF Vcc=18V	28	30	35	ns
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply voltage	,	4.5	18	25	V
I <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.5V		1	3	mA
		$V_{IN} = 0V$ $V_{IN} = + V_{CC}$		0	10 10	μA

#### **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Package Type	Temp. Range	Configuration
IXDN404PI	8-Pin PDIP		
IXDN404SI	8-Pin SOIC	-40°C to +85°C Dual Non Inverting	
IXDN404SI-16	16-Pin SOIC		_
IXDI404PI	8-Pin PDIP		
IXDI404SI	8-Pin SOIC	-40°C to +85°C	Dual Inverting
IXDI404SI-16	16-Pin SOIC	7 I	
IXDF404PI	8-Pin PDIP		
IXDF404SI	8-Pin SOIC	-40°C to +85°C	Inverting + Non Inverting
IXDF404SI-16	16-Pin SOIC		_

NOTE: Mounting or solder tabs on all packages are connected to ground

### **IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16 IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16 IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16**

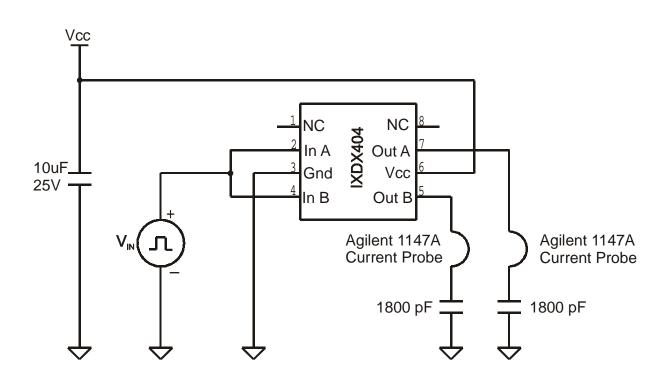
### **Pin Description**

SYMBOL	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
IN A	A Channel Input	A Channel Input signal-TTL or CMOS compatible.
GND	Ground	The system ground pin. Internally connected to all circuitry, this pin provides ground reference for the entire chip. This pin should be connected to a low noise analog ground plane for optimum performance.
IN B	B Channel Input	B Channel Input signal-TTL or CMOS compatible.
OUT B	B Channel Output	B Channel Driver output. For application purposes, this pin is connected via a resistor to a gate of a MOSFET/IGBT.
VCC	Supply Voltage	Positive power-supply voltage input. This pin provides power to the entire chip. The range for this voltage is from 4.5V to 25V.
OUT A	A Channel Output	A Channel Driver output. For application purposes, this pin is connected via a resistor to a gate of a MOSFET/IGBT.

### CAUTION: These devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge; follow proper ESD procedures when handling and assembling this component.

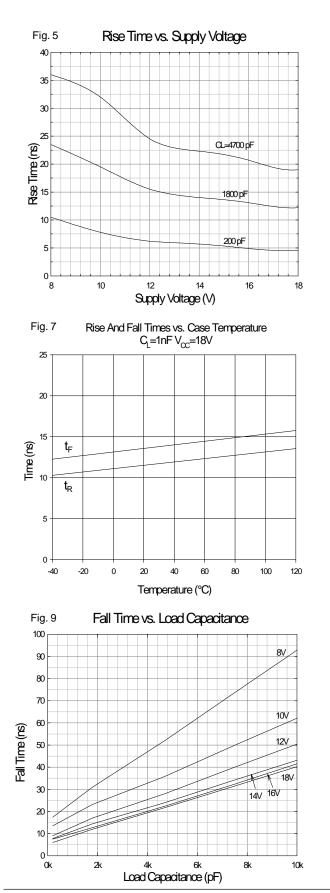
**Note 1:** Operating the device beyond parameters with listed "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Typical values indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. The guaranteed specifications apply only for the test conditions listed. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

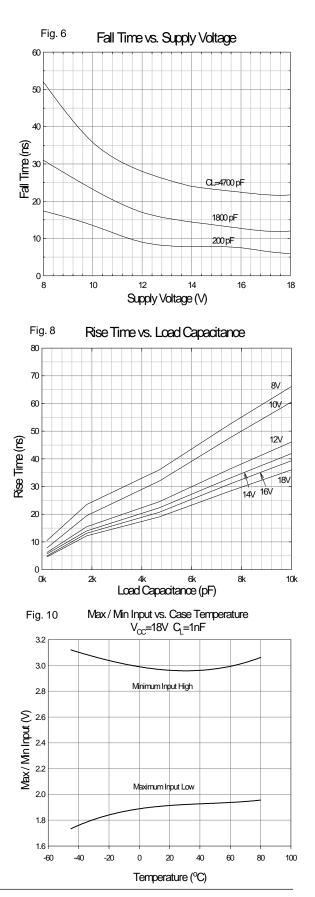
### Figure 4 - Characteristics Test Diagram



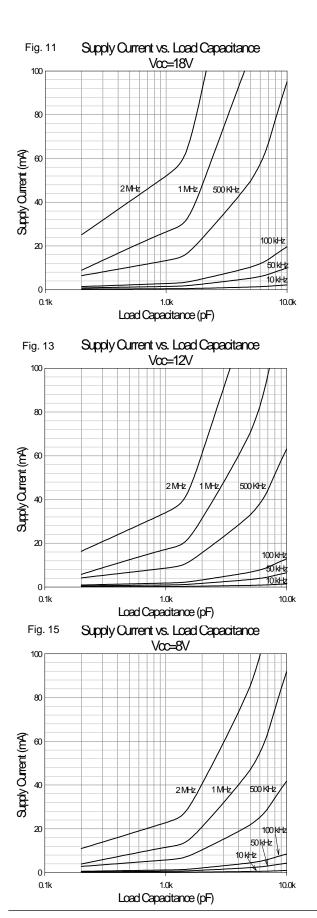
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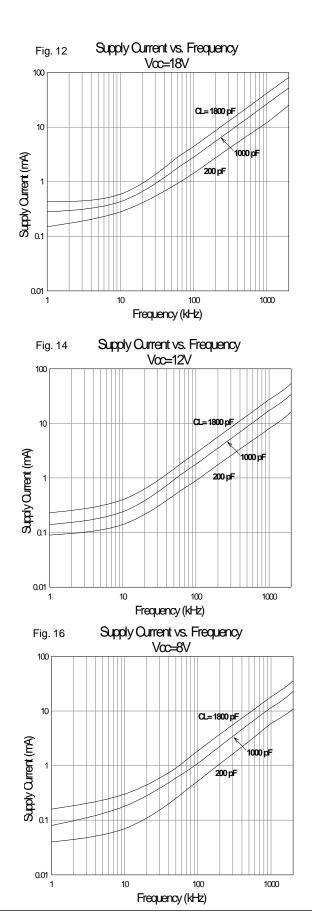




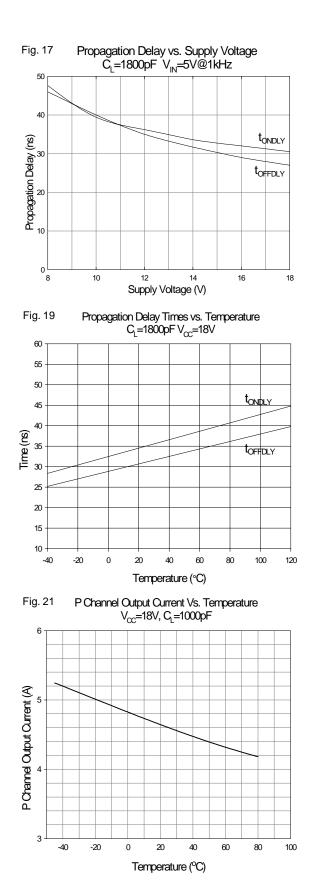


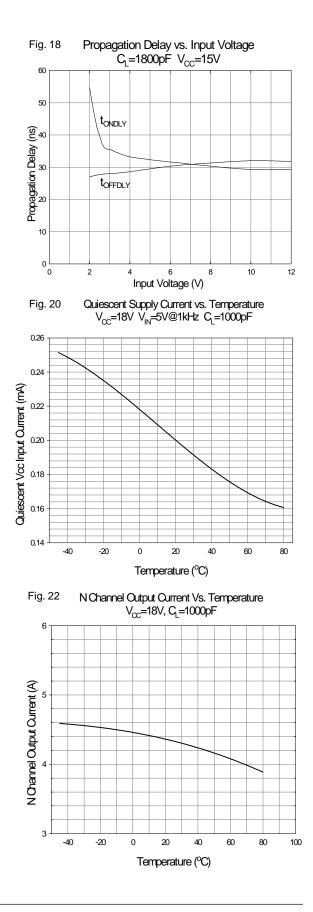
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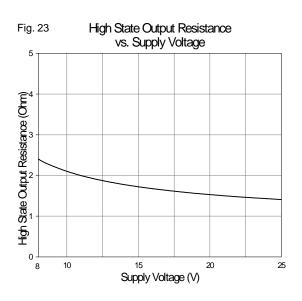


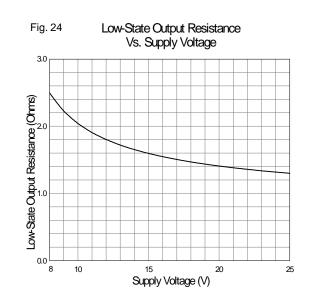
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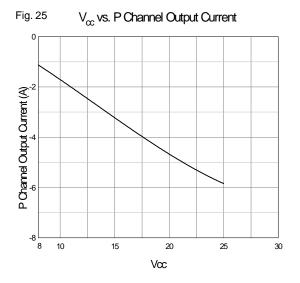




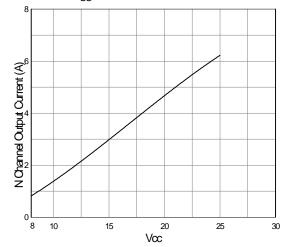
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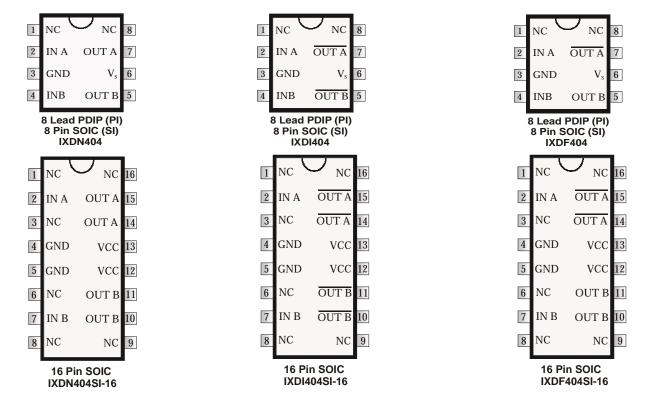




6 IXDI404PI / I404SI / I404SI-16

IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16 IXDF404PI / F404SI / F404SI-16

### **PIN CONFIGURATIONS**



### Supply Bypassing, Grounding Practices And Output Lead inductance

When designing a circuit to drive a high speed MOSFET utilizing the IXDN404/IXDI404/IXDF404, it is very important to observe certain design criteria in order to optimize performance of the driver. Particular attention needs to be paid to **Supply Bypassing**, **Grounding**, and minimizing the **Output Lead Inductance**.

Say, for example, we are using the IXDN404 to charge a 2500pF capacitive load from 0 to 25 volts in 25ns.

Using the formula:  $I = \Delta V C / \Delta t$ , where  $\Delta V=25V C=2500pF \& \Delta t=25ns$ , we can determine that to charge 2500pF to 25 volts in 25ns will take a constant current of 2.5A. (In reality, the charging current won't be constant, and will peak somewhere around 4A).

#### SUPPLY BYPASSING

In order for our design to turn the load on properly, the IXDN404 must be able to draw this 2.5A of current from the power supply in the 25ns. This means that there must be very low impedance between the driver and the power supply. The most common method of achieving this low impedance is to bypass the power supply at the driver with a capacitance value that is a magnitude larger than the load capacitance. Usually, this would be achieved by placing two different types of bypassing capacitors, with complementary impedance curves, very close to the driver itself. (These capacitors should be carefully selected, low inductance, low resistance, high-pulse current-service capacitors). Lead lengths may radiate at high frequency due to inductance, so care should be taken to keep the lengths of the leads between these bypass capacitors and the IXDN404 to an absolute minimum.

#### GROUNDING

In order for the design to turn the load off properly, the IXDN404 must be able to drain this 2.5A of current into an adequate grounding system. There are three paths for returning current that need to be considered: Path #1 is between the IXDN404 and its load. Path #2 is between the IXDN404 and its power supply. Path #3 is between the IXDN404 and whatever logic is driving it. All three of these paths should be as low in resistance and inductance as possible, and thus as short as practical. In addition, every effort should be made to keep these three ground paths distinctly separate. Otherwise, the returning ground current from the load may develop a voltage that would have a detrimental effect on the logic line driving the IXDN404.

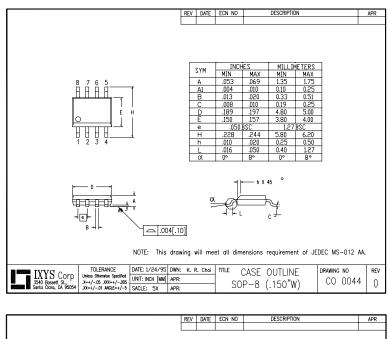
#### OUTPUTLEADINDUCTANCE

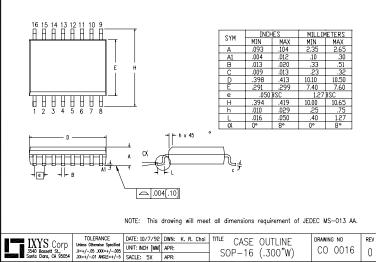
Of equal importance to Supply Bypassing and Grounding are issues related to the Output Lead Inductance. Every effort should be made to keep the leads between the driver and its load as short and wide as possible. If the driver must be placed farther than 2" (5mm) from the load, then the output leads should be treated as transmission lines. In this case, a twistedpair should be considered, and the return line of each twisted pair should be placed as close as possible to the ground pin of the driver, and connected directly to the ground terminal of the load.

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### IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16 IXDN404PI / N404SI / N404SI-16 IXDF404PI / F404SI / F404SI-16

#### DESCRIPTION REV DATE ECN NO APR רא רא ר MIN Ē1 Α A1 A2 .040 0 .040 32 A1 D1 b3 NOTE: THIS DRAWING MEETS ALL REQUIREMENT OF JEDEC OUTLINES MS-001 BA. DATE: 8/18/94 DWN: K. R. Choi TITLE TOLERANCE CASE OUTLINE OF DRAWING NO REV IXYS Corp 3540 Bassett St., Santa Clarg, CA 95054 UNIT: INCH [MM] APR: 8 LEAD 0.3"W P-DIP CO 0035 0





**IXYS** Corporation 3540 Bassett St; Santa Clara, CA 95054 Tel: 408-982-0700; Fax: 408-496-0670 e-mail: sales@ixys.net

IXYS Semiconductor GmbH Edisonstrasse15 ; D-68623; Lampertheim Tel: +49-6206-503-0; Fax: +49-6206-503627 e-mail: marcom@ixys.de

Directed Energy, Inc. An IXYS Company 2401 Research Blvd. Ste. 108, Ft. Collins, CO 80526 Tel: 970-493-1901; Fax: 970-493-1903 e-mail: deiinfo@directedenergy.com