

## MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR **2SK3116**

### SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The 2SK3116 is N-channel DMOS FET device that features a low gate charge and excellent switching characteristics, and designed for high voltage applications such as switching power supply, AC adapter.

#### **FEATURES**

•Low gate charge

 $Q_G = 26 \text{ nC TYP.}$  (ID = 7.5 A,  $V_{DD} = 450 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$ )

- •Gate voltage rating ±30 V
- •Low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)} = 1.2 \Omega MAX. (V_{GS} = 10 V, I_{D} = 3.75 A)$ 

Avalanche capability ratings

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE			
2SK3116	TO-220AB			
2SK3116-S	TO-262			
2SK3116-ZJ	TO-263			

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage (Vgs = 0 V)	VDSS	600	V
Gate to Source Voltage (Vps = 0 V)	Vgss	±30	V
Drain Current (DC)	I <sub>D(DC)</sub>	±7.5	Α
Drain Current (pulse) Note1	ID(pulse)	±30	Α
Total Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)	P <sub>T1</sub>	1.5	W
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)	P <sub>T2</sub>	70	W
Channel Temperature	Tch	150	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C
Single Avalanche Current Note2	las	7.5	Α
Single Avalanche Energy Note2	Eas	37.5	mJ
Diode Recovery dv/dt Note3	dv/dt	3.5	V/ns

**Notes 1.** PW  $\leq$  10  $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  1%

- 2. Starting Tch = 25°C, VDD = 150 V, Rg = 25  $\Omega$  , Vgs = 20  $\rightarrow$  0 V
- **3.** If  $\leq 3.0$  A, V<sub>clamp</sub> = 600 V, di/dt  $\leq 100$  A/  $\mu$ s, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

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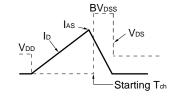


**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)** 

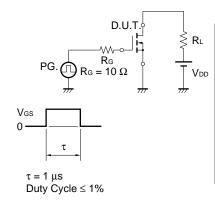
CHRACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	Ipss	Vps = 600 V, Vgs = 0 V			100	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	Igss	Vgs = ±30 V, Vps = 0 V			±100	nA
Gate Cut-off Voltage	V <sub>GS(off)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA	2.5		3.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	yfs	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.75 A	2.0			S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	RDS(on)	Vgs = 10 V, Ib = 3.75 A		0.9	1.2	Ω
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V		1100		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	Vgs = 0 V		200		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		20		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 150 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.75 A		18		ns
Rise Time	tr	Vgs = 10 V		15		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$R_G = 10 \Omega$		50		ns
Fall Time	<b>t</b> f	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 Ω		15		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 450 V		26		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	Vgs = 10 V		6		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>	ID = 7.5 A		10		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>F(S-D)</sub>	IF = 7.5 A, VGS = 0 V		1.0		V
Reverse Recovery Time	Trr	IF = 7.5 A, VGS = 0 V		1.6		μs
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 50 A/ μs		7.6		μC

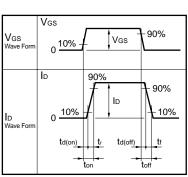
#### **TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY**

# $\begin{array}{c} \text{D.U.T.} \\ \text{RG} = 25 \ \Omega \\ \text{VGS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 \ V \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{D.U.T.} \\ \text{S} \\ \text{S} \\ \text{S} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{M} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{D.U.T.} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{M} \end{array}$

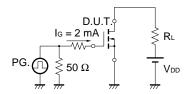


#### **TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME**



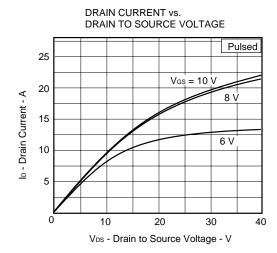


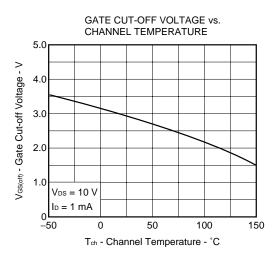
#### **TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE**

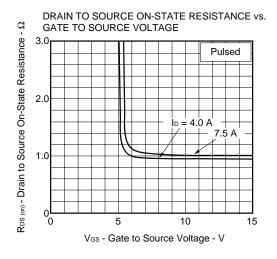




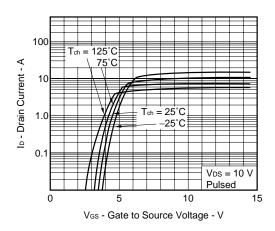
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

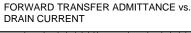


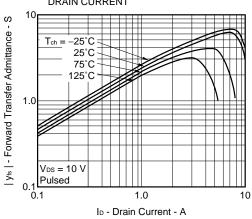




#### FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS







 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{DS}(\mathsf{on})}$  - Drain to Source On-State Resistance -  $\Omega$ Pulsed 3.0 2.0 Vgs = 10 V 1.0

10

ID - Drain Current - A

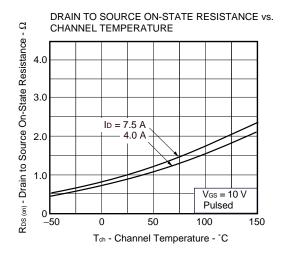
1.0

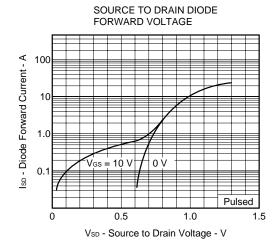
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE

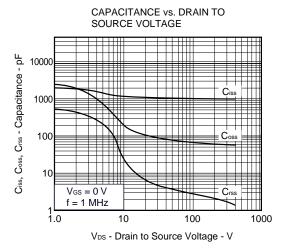
RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

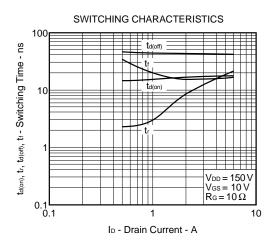
100

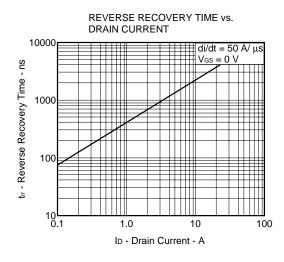
0

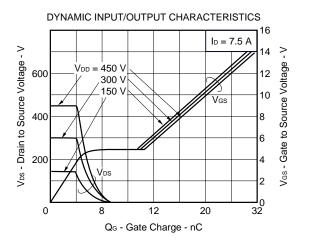




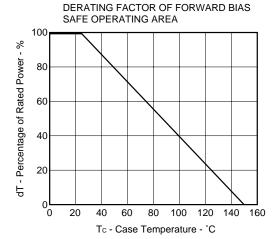




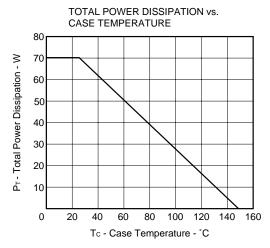




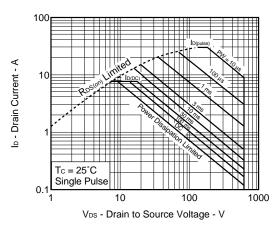




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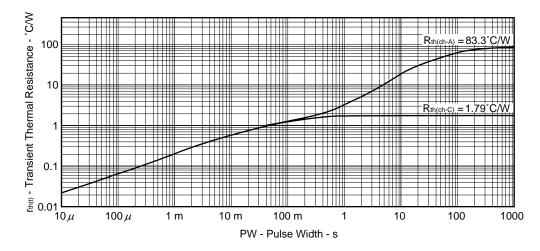


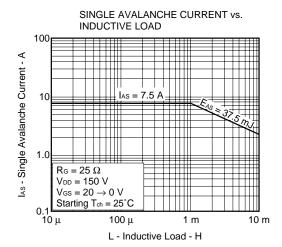
#### FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

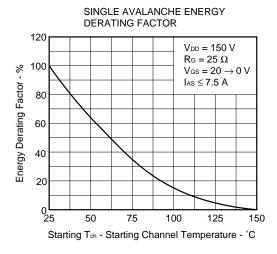


#### $\star$

#### TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



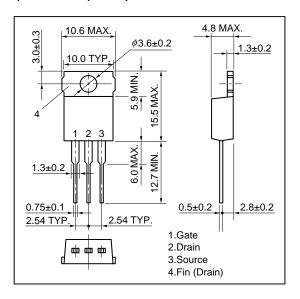




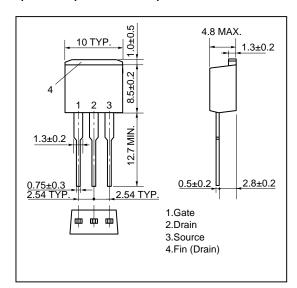


#### **★ PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)**

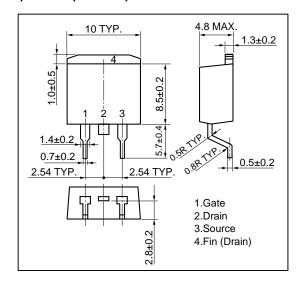
#### 1) TO-220AB (MP-25)



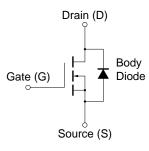
#### 2) TO-262 (MP-25 Fin Cut)



#### 3) TO-263 (MP-25ZJ)



#### **EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT**



**Remark** Strong electric field, when exposed to this device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred.

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