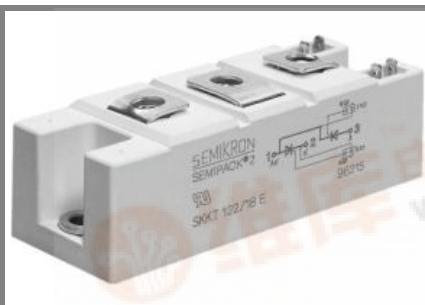


## SKKT 122, SKKH 122

SEMIPACK<sup>®</sup> 2

## Thyristor / Diode Modules

SKKT 122

SKKH 122

## Features

- Heat transfer through aluminium oxide ceramic isolated metal baseplate
- Hard soldered joints for high reliability
- UL recognized, file no. E 63 532

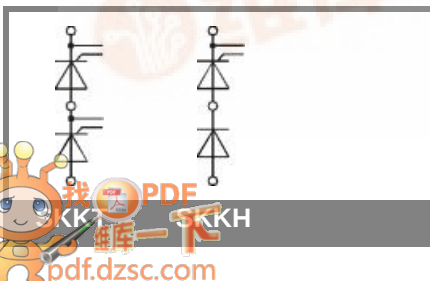
## Typical Applications

- DC motor control (e. g. for machine tools)
- Softstarter
- Temperature control (e. g. for ovens, chemical processes)
- Professional light dimming (studios, theaters)

1) See the assembly instructions

| $V_{RSM}$<br>V | $V_{RRM}, V_{DRM}$<br>V | $I_{TRMS} = 195$ A (maximum value for continuous operation)<br>$I_{TAV} = 122$ A (sin. 180; $T_c = 88$ °C) |              |  |
|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| 900            | 800                     | SKKT 122/08E                                                                                               | SKKH 122/08E |  |
| 1300           | 1200                    | SKKT 122/12E                                                                                               | SKKH 122/12E |  |
| 1500           | 1400                    | SKKT 122/14E                                                                                               | SKKH 122/14E |  |
| 1700           | 1600                    | SKKT 122/16E                                                                                               | SKKH 122/16E |  |
| 1900           | 1800                    | SKKT 122/18E                                                                                               | SKKH 122/18E |  |

| Symbol           | Conditions                                              | Values                 | Units            |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| $I_{TAV}$        | sin. 180; $T_c = 85$ (100) °C                           | 129 (92)               | A                |
| $I_D$            | P3/180; $T_a = 45$ °C; B2 / B6                          | 82 / 105               | A                |
|                  | P3/180F; $T_a = 35$ °C; B2 / B6                         | 170 / 200              | A                |
| $I_{RMS}$        | P3/180F; $T_a = 35$ °C; W1 / W3                         | 235 / 3 * 160          | A                |
| $I_{TSM}$        | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; 10 ms                                 | 3600                   | A                |
|                  | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C; 10 ms                                | 3200                   | A                |
| $i^2t$           | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; 8,3 ... 10 ms                         | 64800                  | A <sup>2</sup> s |
|                  | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C; 8,3 ... 10 ms                        | 51200                  | A <sup>2</sup> s |
| $V_T$            | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; $I_T = 360$ A                         | max. 1,55              | V                |
| $V_{T(TO)}$      | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C                                       | max. 0,85              | V                |
| $r_T$            | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C                                       | max. 2                 | mΩ               |
| $I_{DD}, I_{RD}$ | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C; $V_{RD} = V_{RRM}, V_{DD} = V_{DRM}$ | max. 40                | mA               |
| $t_{gd}$         | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; $I_G = 1$ A; $di_G/dt = 1$ A/μs       | 1                      | μs               |
| $t_{gr}$         | $V_D = 0,67 * V_{DRM}$                                  | 2                      | μs               |
| $(di/dt)_{cr}$   | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C                                       | max. 200               | A/μs             |
| $(dv/dt)_{cr}$   | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C                                       | max. 1000              | V/μs             |
| $t_q$            | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C                                       | 120                    | μs               |
| $I_H$            | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; typ. / max.                           | 100 / 300              | mA               |
| $I_L$            | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; $R_G = 33$ Ω; typ. / max.             | 200 / 500              | mA               |
| $V_{GT}$         | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; d.c.                                  | min. 2                 | V                |
| $I_{GT}$         | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; d.c.                                  | min. 150               | mA               |
| $V_{GD}$         | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C; d.c.                                 | max. 0,25              | V                |
| $I_{GD}$         | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C; d.c.                                 | max. 10                | mA               |
| $R_{th(j-c)}$    | cont.; per thyristor / per module                       | 0,2 / 0,1              | K/W              |
| $R_{th(j-c)}$    | sin. 180; per thyristor / per module                    | 0,21 / 0,105           | K/W              |
| $R_{th(j-c)}$    | rec.120; per thyristor / per module                     | 0,22 / 0,11            | K/W              |
| $R_{th(c-s)}$    | per thyristor / per module                              | 0,13 / 0,065           | K/W              |
| $T_{vj}$         |                                                         | - 40 ... + 125         | °C               |
| $T_{stg}$        |                                                         | - 40 ... + 125         | °C               |
| $V_{isol}$       | a. c. 50 Hz; r.m.s.; 1 s / 1 min.                       | 3600 / 3000            | V~               |
| $M_s$            | to heatsink                                             | 5 ± 15 % <sup>1)</sup> | Nm               |
| $M_t$            | to terminal                                             | 5 ± 15 %               | Nm               |
| $a$              |                                                         | 5 * 9,81               | m/s <sup>2</sup> |
| $m$              | approx.                                                 | 165                    | g                |
| Case             | SKKT<br>SKKH                                            | A 21<br>A 22           |                  |



## SKKT 122, SKKH 122

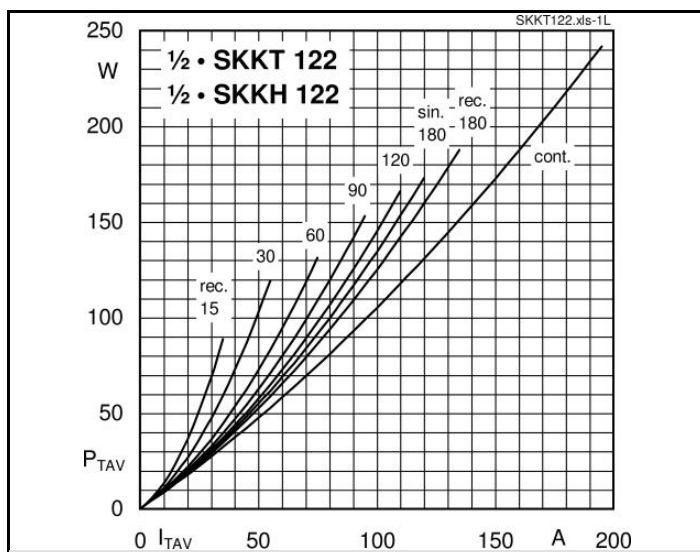


Fig. 1L Power dissipation per thyristor vs. on-state current

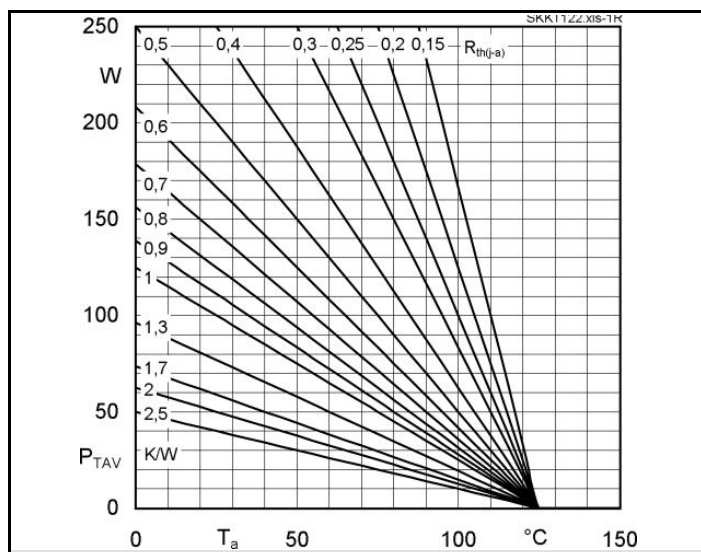


Fig. 1R Power dissipation per thyristor vs. ambient temp.

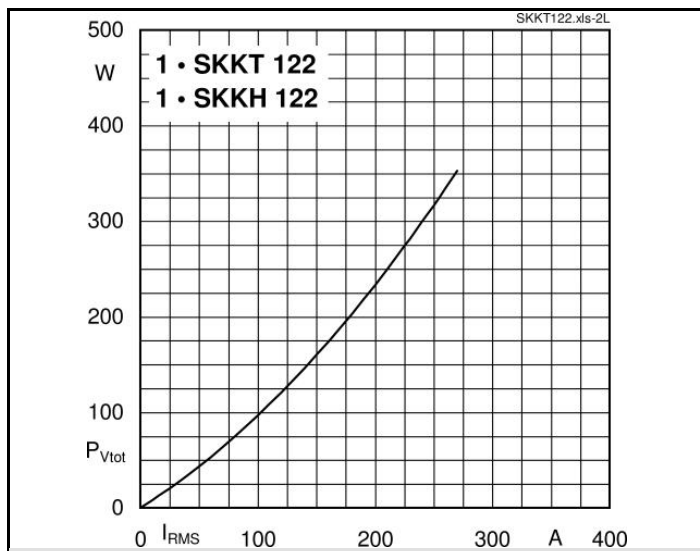


Fig. 2L Power dissipation per module vs. rms current

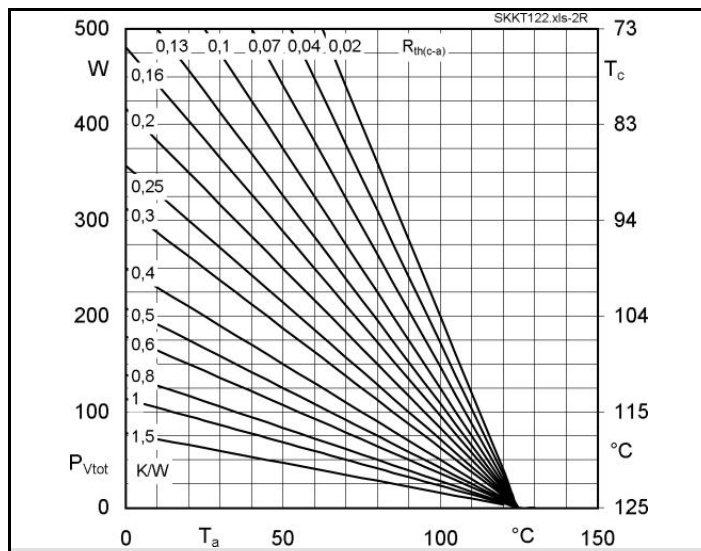


Fig. 2R Power dissipation per module vs. case temp.

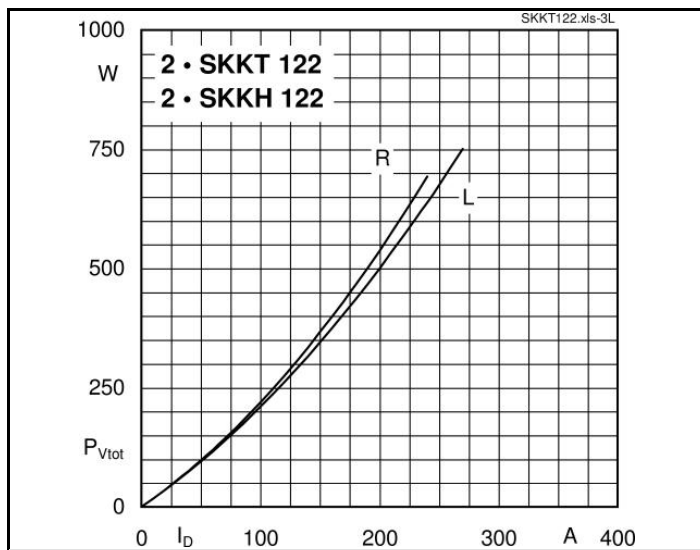


Fig. 3L Power dissipation of two modules vs. direct current

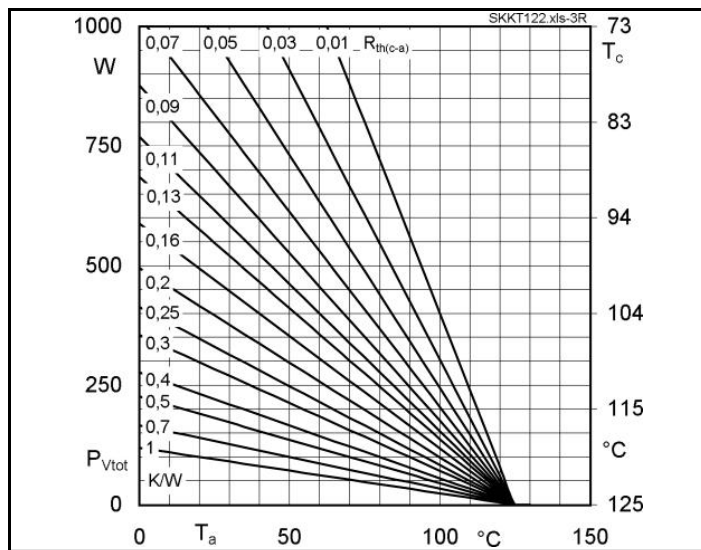
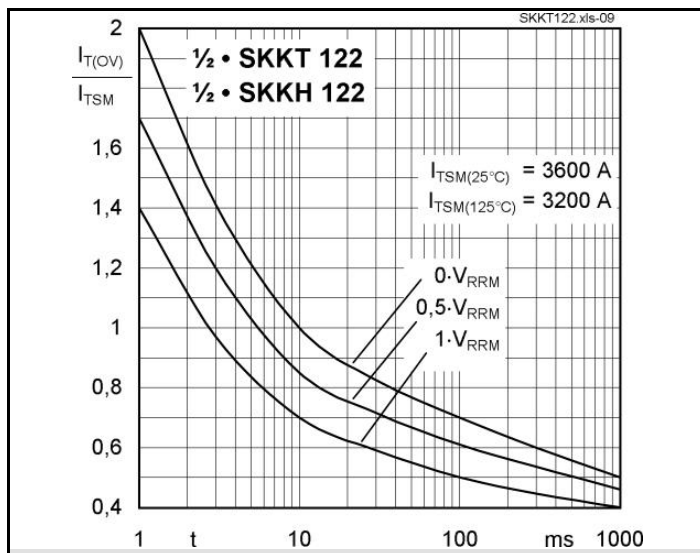
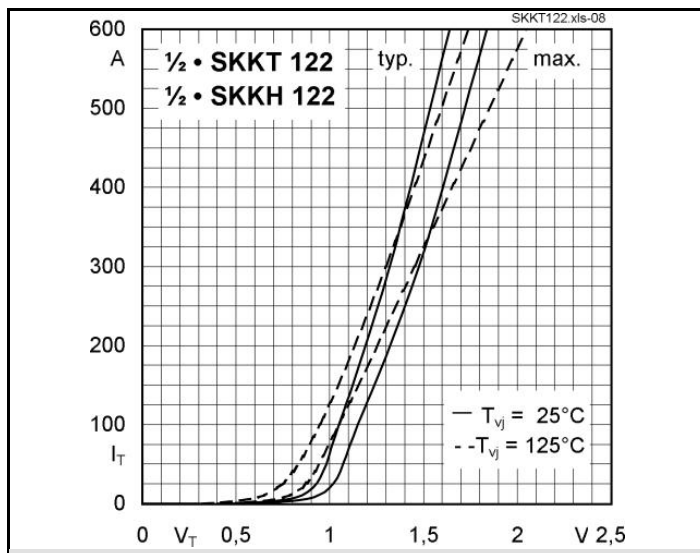
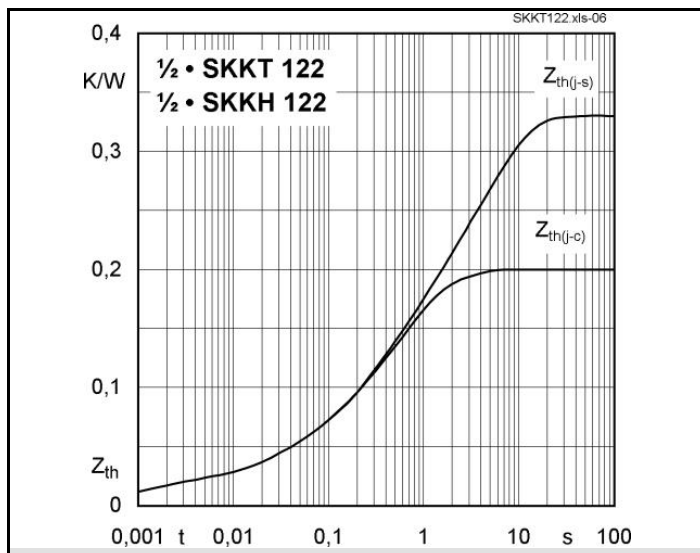
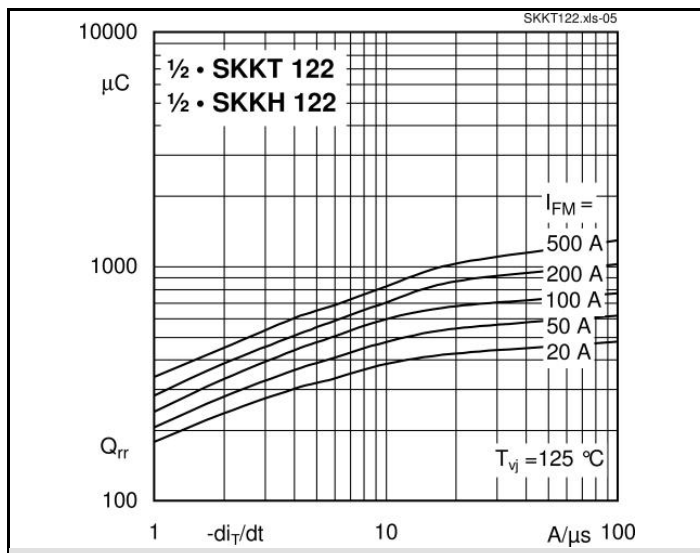
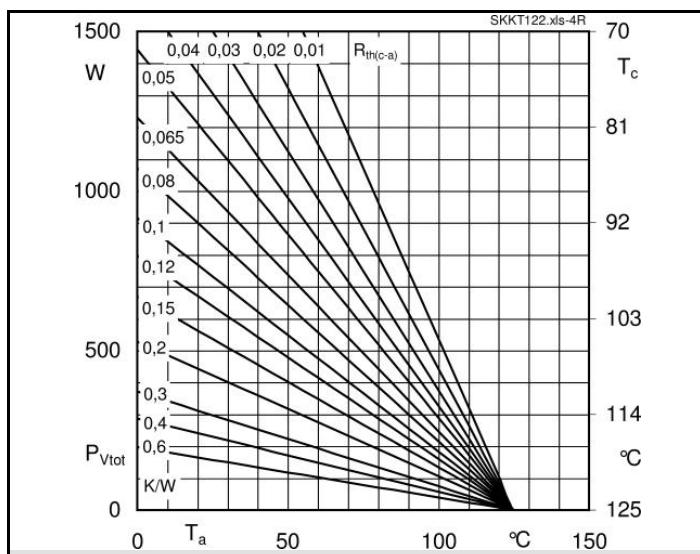
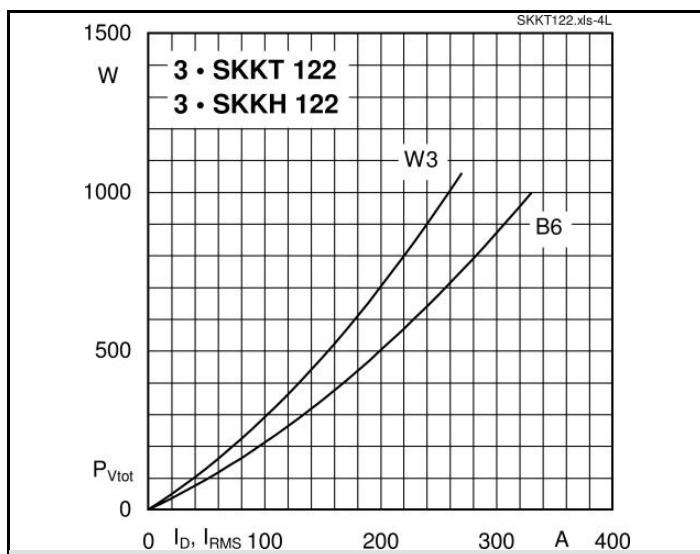


Fig. 3R Power dissipation of two modules vs. case temp.

# SKKT 122, SKKH 122



# SKKT 122, SKKH 122

