# SWITCHING REGULATOR CONTROLLER(LOW VOLTAGE)

### DESCRIPTION

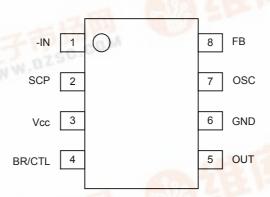
The UTC L2800 is a single-channel switching regulator control IC for low voltage applications incorporating a soft start function and short circuit detection function. The device has a low minimum operating voltage of 1.8V and is ideal for the power supply of battery-operated electronic equipment.

### **FEATURES**

- \*Wide supply voltage operating range: 1.8V~15V
- \*Low current consumption: Typically 5.5mA in operation,1µA or less in stand-by
- \*High speed operation is possible: Maximum 1MHz
- \*The error amplifier gain is set inside the IC,so peripheral components are minimized.
- \*Incorporates a soft start circuit.
- \*Incorporates a timer-latch type short circuit detection circuit (SCP).
- \*Totem-pole type output with adjustable on/off current (for NPN transistors)
- \*Incorporates a stand-by function.



### PIN CONFIGURATION



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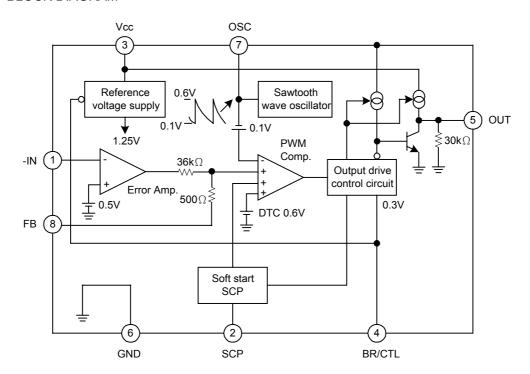
QW-R121-010,A



### PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	I/O	DESCRIPTION		
1	-IN		Error amplifier inverting input pin		
2	SCP	-	Soft start and SCP setting capacitor connection pin		
3	VCC	-	Power supply pin		
4	BR/CTL		Output current setting and control pin		
5	OUT	0	Totem-pole type output pin		
6	GND	-	Ground pin		
7	OSC	-	Capacitor and resistor connection pin for setting the oscillation frequency		
8	FB	0	Error amplifier output pin		

### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25℃)

ADOCEOTE MAXIMOM NATINGO (18-25 C)						
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT			
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	16	V			
Output Source Current	lo⁺	-50	mA			
Output Sink Current	lo <sup>-</sup>	50	mA			
Power Dissipation						
SOP-8	Po	570*	mW			
TSSOP-8		580*				
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 ~ +125	°C			
Operating Temperature	Тор	-30 ~ +85	°C			

<sup>\*</sup> When mounted on a 10cm square double-sided epoxy board.



### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Ta=25°C)

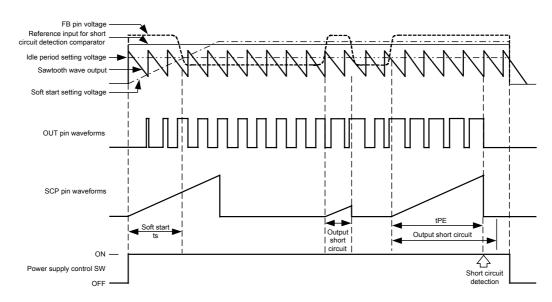
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PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	1.8		15	V
Error Amplifier Input Voltage	Vı	-0.2		1.0	V
BR/CTL Pin Input Voltage	VBR	-0.2		Vcc	V
Output Source Current	lo <sup>⁺</sup>	-40			mA
Output Sink Current	lo <sup>-</sup>			40	mA
SCP Pin Capacitance	Сре		0.1		μF
Phase Compensation Capacitance	СР		0.1		μF
Output Current Setting Resistance	Rв	150	390	5000	Ω
Timing Resistance	R⊤	1.0	3.0	10.0	kΩ
Timing Capacitance	Ст	100	270	10000	pF
Oscillation Frequency	fosc	10	500	1000	kHz
Operating Temperature	Тор	-30	+25	+85	°C

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C, Vcc=+2V)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Circuit to prevent malfuncition at low input	Reset Voltage	VR				0.9	>
oltage (U.V.L.O)	Threshold Voltage	Vтн		1.1	1.3	1.5	٧
Soft Start	Charging Current	Ics	Vscp=0V	-1.5	-1.0	-0.7	μΑ
	Voltage at soft start completion	Vts		0.7	8.0	0.9	٧
Short Circuit	Charging Current	Icpc	Vscp=0V	-1.5	-1.0	-0.7	μΑ
Detection(S.C.P.)	Threshold Voltage	VtPC		0.7	8.0	0.9	V
Sawtooth Wave	Oscillation Frequency	fosc	RT=3.0kΩ, CT=270pF	400	500	600	kHz
Oscillator(OSC)	Frequency Input Stability	fd∨	Vcc=2V ~ 15V		2	10	%
	Frequency Variation With Temperature	fd⊤	Ta=-30°C ~ +85°C		5		%
Error Amplifier	Input Threshold Voltage	VT	V <sub>FB</sub> =450mV	480	500	520	mV
	V⊤ Input Stability	VtdV	Vcc=2V ~ 15V		5	20	mV
	V⊤ Variation With Temperature	VTdT	Ta=-30°C ~ +85°C		1		%
	Input Bias Current	lв	Vin=0V	-1.0	-0.2	1.0	μΑ
	Voltage Gain	Av		70	100	145	V/V
	Frequency Bandwidth	BW	Av=0dB		6		MHz
	Maximum Output	Vom <sup>+</sup>		0.78	0.87		V
	Voltage Range	Vом			0.05	0.2	V
	Output Source Current	Iom <sup>+</sup>	V <sub>FB</sub> =0.45V		-40	-24	μΑ
	Output Sink Current	Ioм <sup>-</sup>		24	40		μΑ
Idle Period Adjustment Section	Maximum Duty Cycle	touty	Rτ=3.0kΩ, Cτ=270pF V <sub>FB</sub> =0.8V	65	75	85	%
Output Section	Output Voltage	Voн1	R <sub>B</sub> =390Ω, Io=-15mA	1.0	1.2		V
		Voн2	R <sub>B</sub> =750Ω, Vcc=1.8V Io= -10mA	0.8	1.0		V
		V <sub>OL1</sub>	R <sub>B</sub> =390Ω, Io=15mA		0.1	0.2	V
		Vol2	R <sub>B</sub> =750Ω, Vcc=1.8V Io=10mA		0.1	0.2	٧
	Output Source Current	lo <sup>+</sup>	R <sub>B</sub> =390Ω, Vo=0.9V		-30	-20	mA
	Output Sink Current	lo <sup>-</sup>	R <sub>B</sub> =390Ω, Vo=0.3V	30	60		mA
	Pull Down Resistance	Ro		20	30	40	kΩ

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Output Current Setting	Pin Voltage	VBR	R <sub>B</sub> =390Ω	0.2	0.3	0.4	V
Section/Control Section	Input Off Condition	Ioff		-20		0	μΑ
	Input On Condition	Ion				-45	μΑ
	Pin Current Range	IBR		-1.8		-0.1	mΑ
Entire Device	Stand-by Current	Iccs	BR/CTL pin open or Vcc			1	μΑ
	Average Supply Current	Icc	R <sub>B</sub> =390Ω		5.5	9.3	mΑ

### DIAGRAM



# HOW TO SET THE TIME CONSTANT FOR SOFT START AND SHORT CIRCUIT DETECTION

### 1.SOFT START

At power on, the capacitor CPE connected to the SCP pin starts charging. The PWM comparator compares the soft start setting voltage as a proportion of the voltage at the SCP pin with the sawtooth waveform. The comparison controls the ON duty of the OUT pin, causing the soft start operation. On completion of soft start operation, the voltage at the SCP pin stays low, the soft start setting voltage stays high, and the circuit enters the output short circuit detection wait state.

Soft start time (The time until the output ON duty reaches approximately 50%) ts[S]  $= 0.35 * \text{Cpe}[\mu\text{F}]$ 

### 2.SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION

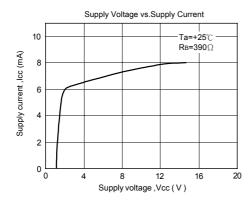
If the switching regulator output suddenly drops due to load effect, the error amplifier output (FB pin) is fixed at  $VOM^{+}$  and capacitor CPE starts charging. When the voltage at the SCP pin reaches approximately 0.8V,the output pin is set low and the SCP pin stays low.

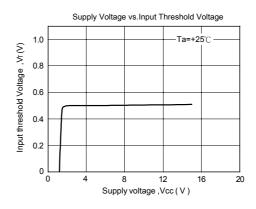
Once the protection circuit operates, the circuit can be restored by resetting the power supply.

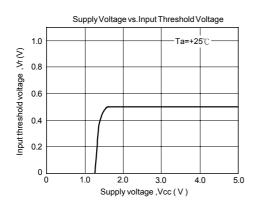
• Short circuit detection time  $\text{tpe}[S] \! \coloneqq \! 0.8^*\text{Cpe}[\mu F]$ 

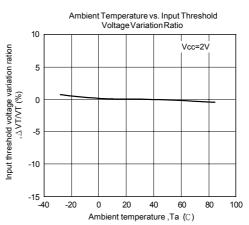


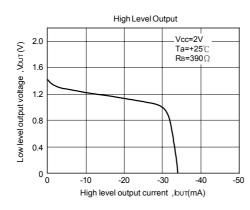
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

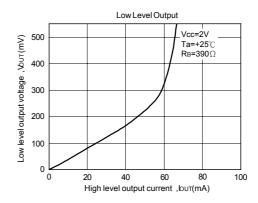




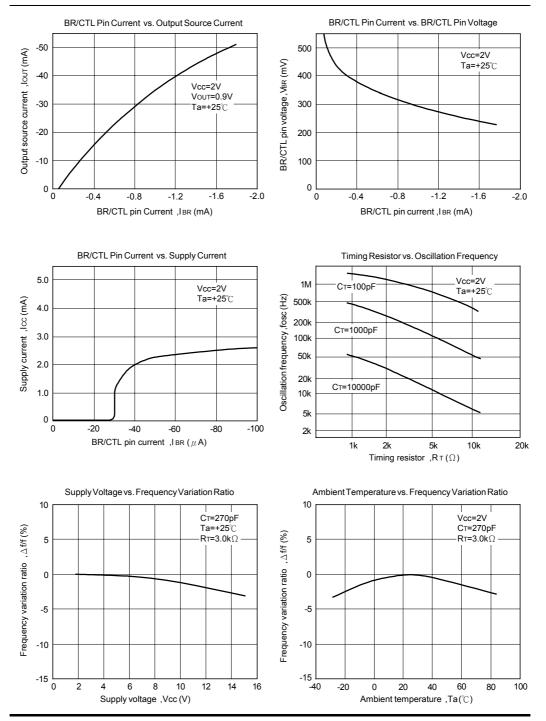








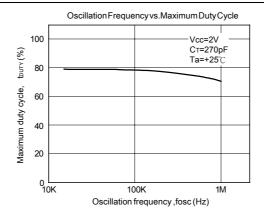
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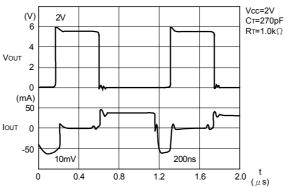
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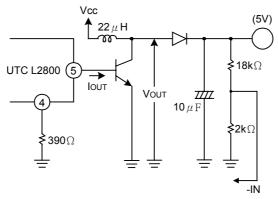
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Output Pin Voltage and Current Waveforms (Reference Data)



Note: The OFF delay time of VOUT depends on the characteristics of the external transistor.



Measurement Circuit Diagram

### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

#### 1. SWITCHING REGULATOR FUNCTION

#### (1) REFERENCE VOLTAGE CIRCUIT

The reference voltage circuit generates a temperature-compensated reference voltage (=1.25V)from voltage supplied from the power supply pin(pin 30).In addition to providing the reference voltage for the switching regulator, the circuit also sets the idle period.

### (2) SAWTOOTH WAVE OSCILLATOR

The sawtooth oscillator generates a sawtooth wave(up to 1 MHz)that is stable with respect to the supply voltage and temperature. The capacitor and resistor that set the oscillation frequency are connected to the OSC pin(pin 7).

### (3) ERROR AMPLIFIER (ERROR AMP.)

The error amplifier detects the output voltage of the switching regulator and outputs the PWM control signal. The voltage gain is fixed, and connecting a phase compensation capacitor to the FB pin(pin 8)provides stable phase compensation for the system.

#### (4) PWM COMPARATOR (PWM COMP.)

The voltage comparator has one inverting and three non-inverting inputs. The comparator is a voltage /pulse width converter that controls the ON time of the output pulse depending on the input voltage. The output level is high(H) when the sawtooth wave is lower than the error amplifier output voltage, soft start setting voltage, and idle period setting voltage.

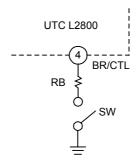
### (5) OUTPUT CIRCUIT

The output circuit has a totem pole type configuration and can drive an external NPN transistor directly. The value of the ON/OFF current can be set by a resistor connected to the BR/CTL pin(pin 4).

### 2. POWER SUPPLY CONTROL FUNCTION

Stand-by mode(supply current  $1\mu A$  or less) can be set by connecting the BR/CTL pin(pin 4) to Vcc or by making the pin open circuit.

	SW	MODE
Ī	OFF	Stand-by mode
	ON	Operating mode



### 3. OTHER FUNCTIONS

### (1) SOFT START AND SHORT CIRCUIT DETECTION

Soft start operation is set by connecting capacitor CPE to SCP pin(pin 2). Soft start prevents a current spike on start-up.

On completion of soft start operation, the SCP pin(pin 2) stays low and enters the short circuit detection wait state. When an output short circuit occurs, the error amplifier output is fixed at VoM+ and capacitor CPE starts charging. After charging to approximately 0.8V,the output pin(pin 5) is set low and the SCP pin(pin 2) stays low. Once the protection circuit operates, the circuit can be restored by resetting the power supply.(See "HOW TO SET THE TIME CONSTANT FOR SOFT START AND SHORT CIRCUIT DETECTION")

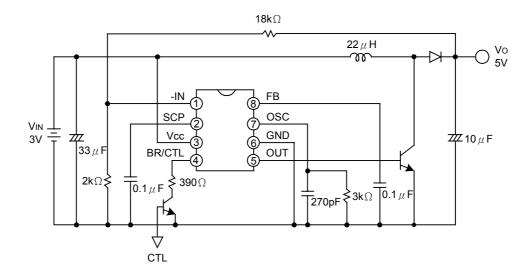
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### (2) CIRCUIT TO PREVENT MALFUNCTION AT LOW INPUT VOLTAGE

Transients when powering on or instantaneous glitches in the supply voltage can lead to malfunction of the control IC and cause system damage or failure. The circuit to prevent malfunction at low input voltage detects a low input voltage by comparing the supply voltage to the internal reference voltage. On detection, the circuit fixes the output pin to low.

The system recovers when the supply voltage rises back above the threshold voltage of the malfunction prevention circuit.

### APPLICATION EXAMPLE



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