

Monolithic Linear IC

LA5612

SANYO

Multifunctional Voltage Regulator for TVs and VCRs with BS Tuner

Applications

- Audiovisual equipment, VCRs and TVs with BS tuner

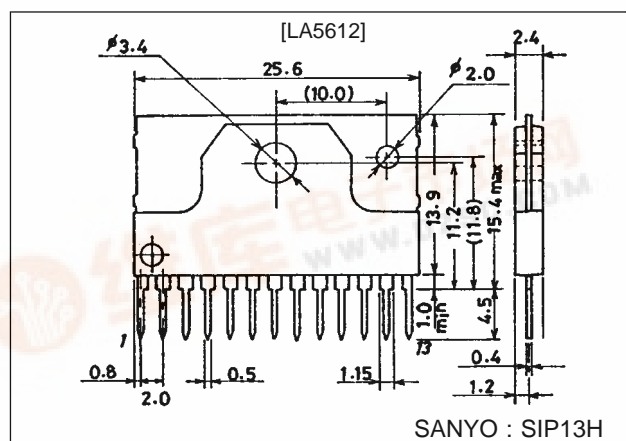
Features

- Low-saturation regulator (ON/OFF function built in)
- Control amplifier built in.
- Current limit and thermal limit circuits built in
- Reverse current prevention provided (V_{O1})

Package Dimensions

unit : mm

3107-SIP13H



Specifications

Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum input voltage	$V_{IN1\text{ max}}$		22	V
	$V_{IN2\text{ max}}$	$V_{IN1} \geq V_{IN2}$	V_{IN1}	
Allowable power dissipation	$P_d\text{ max}$	No heat sink	2	W
Thermal resistance between junction and case	θ_{j-c}		4.7	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
Operating temperature	T_{opr}		-20 to +80	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

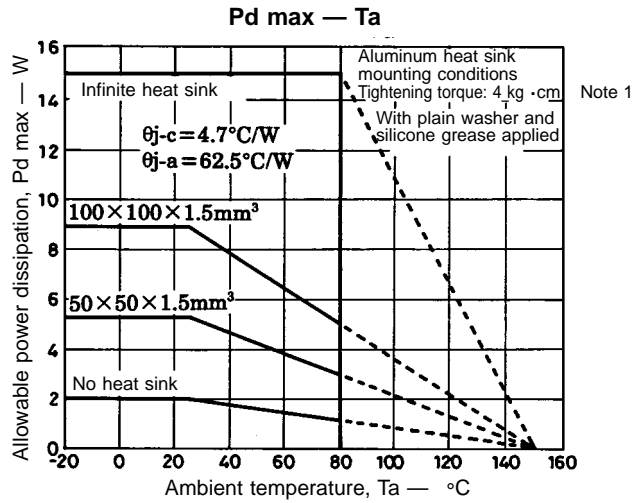
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Input voltage	V_{IN1}		11.5 to 20	V
	V_{IN2}		6.2 to 20	V
Output current 1	I_{O1}		10 to 360	mA
Output current 2	I_{O2}		10 to 420	mA
Output current 3	I_{O3}		10 to 420	mA

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Operating Characteristics at Ta = 25 °C, See specified Test Circuit.

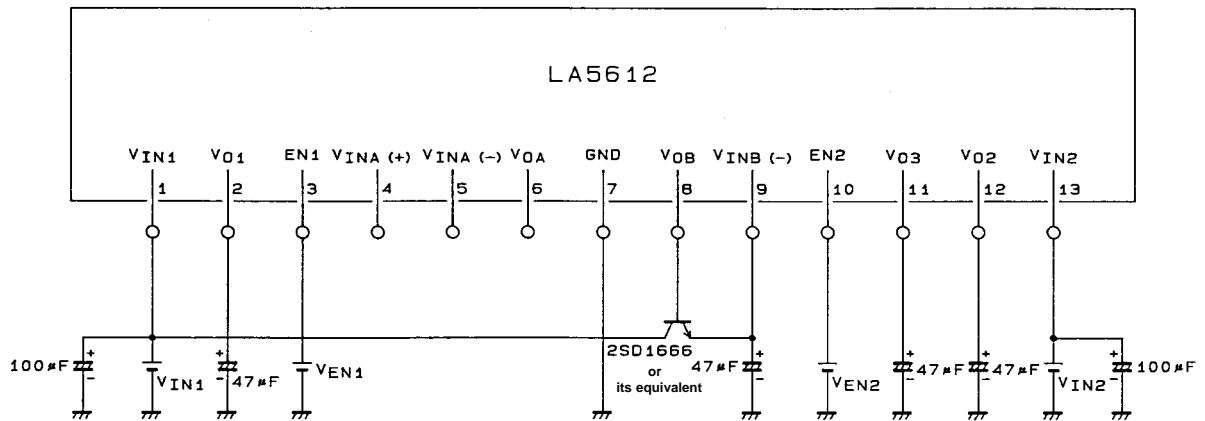
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
[No-load mode] When V_{O1} , V_{O2} , V_{O3} is on : $V_{EN1} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{EN2} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{IN1} = 16.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IN2} = 6.6\text{ V}$, I_{O1} to $I_{O3} = 0\text{ mA}$						
Quiescent current	I_{IN1}			7	14	mA
	I_{IN2}			8	16	mA
[Regulator 1] When V_{O1} , V_{O2} , V_{O3} is on : $V_{EN1} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{EN2} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{IN1} = 16.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IN2} = 6.6\text{ V}$, $I_{O1} = 300\text{ mA}$						
Output voltage 1	V_{O1}		13.7	14.5	15.2	V
Dropout voltage	V_{DROP1}			0.5	1.0	V
Line regulation	ΔV_{OLN1}	$16.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN1} \leq 20.5\text{ V}$			140	mV
Load regulation	ΔV_{OLD1}	$10\text{ mA} \leq I_{O1} \leq 300\text{ mA}$			150	mV
Output inflow current	$I_{O1\text{ IN}}$	22 V applied to pin V_{O1} , no-load mode			500	μA
Peak output current	I_{OP1}		360			mA
Output short-circuit current	I_{OSC1}			45	180	mA
Ripple rejection	R_{rej1}			50		dB
Output low-level voltage	$V_{O1\text{ OFF}}$	$V_{EN1} = 1\text{ V}$, when V_{O1} is off			0.2	V
Output voltage/temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_{O1}/\Delta T_a$			± 0.5		mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
[Regulator 2] When V_{O1} , V_{O2} , V_{O3} is on : $V_{EN1} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{EN2} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{IN1} = 16.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IN2} = 6.6\text{ V}$, $I_{O2} = 350\text{ mA}$						
Output voltage 2	V_{O2}		4.80	5.05	5.30	V
Dropout voltage	V_{DROP2}			0.5	1.0	V
Line regulation	ΔV_{OLN2}	$6\text{ V} \leq V_{IN2} \leq 7.2\text{ V}$			20	mV
Load regulation	ΔV_{OLD2}	$100\text{ mA} \leq I_{O2} \leq 350\text{ mA}$			100	mV
Peak output current	I_{OP2}		420			mA
Output short-circuit current	I_{OSC2}			65	210	mA
Ripple rejection	R_{rej2}			50		dB
Output low-level voltage	$V_{O2\text{ OFF}}$	$V_{EN2} = 1\text{ V}$, when V_{O2} is off			0.2	V
Output voltage/temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_{O2}/\Delta T_a$			± 0.5		mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
[Regulator 3] When V_{O1} , V_{O2} , V_{O3} is on : $V_{EN1} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{EN2} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{IN1} = 16.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IN2} = 6.6\text{ V}$, $I_{O3} = 350\text{ mA}$						
Output voltage 3	V_{O3}		4.80	5.05	5.30	V
Dropout voltage	V_{DROP3}			0.5	1.0	V
Line regulation	ΔV_{OLN3}	$6\text{ V} \leq V_{IN2} \leq 7.2\text{ V}$			20	mV
Load regulation	ΔV_{OLD3}	$100\text{ mA} \leq I_{O3} \leq 350\text{ mA}$			100	mV
Peak output current	I_{OP3}		420			mA
Output short-circuit current	I_{OSC3}			65	210	mA
Ripple rejection	R_{rej3}			50		dB
Output low-level voltage	$V_{O3\text{ OFF}}$	$V_{EN2} = 1\text{ V}$, when V_{O3} is off			0.2	V
Output voltage/temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_{O3}/\Delta T_a$			± 0.5		mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
[Output on/off control] $V_{IN1} = 16.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IN2} = 6.6\text{ V}$						
Output on control voltage	$V_{EN1\text{ H}}$	V_{O1} : on, $V_{EN1} < 22\text{ V}$	3.0		V_{IN1}	V
	$V_{EN2\text{ H}}$	V_{O2} , V_{O3} : on, $V_{EN2} < 22\text{ V}$				
Output off control voltage	$V_{EN1\text{ L}}$	V_{O1} : off			1.0	V
	$V_{EN2\text{ L}}$	V_{O2} , V_{O3} : off				
[Amplifier A] When V_{O1} , V_{O2} , V_{O3} is on : $V_{EN1} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{EN2} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{IN1} = 16.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IN2} = 6.6\text{ V}$						
Input offset voltage	V_{IOA}				± 7	mV
Input bias current	I_{BA}				250	nA
Output current (source)	$I_{OA\text{ SOURCE}}$	$V_{INA}^{+} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{INA}^{-} = 0\text{ V}$	10			mA
Output current (sink)	$I_{OA\text{ SINK}}$	$V_{INA}^{+} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{INA}^{-} = 1\text{ V}$	10			mA
[Amplifier B] When V_{O1} , V_{O2} , V_{O3} is on : $V_{EN1} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{EN2} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{IN1} = 16.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IN2} = 6.6\text{ V}$						
Output current (source)	$I_{OB\text{ SOURCE}}$		10			mA

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Note 1: The tightening torque referred to in the above figure is a condition specified for the heat dissipation characteristics and not a working condition to be met when mounting the heat sink.

Test Circuit



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Pin Functions

No.	Symbol	Function
1	V _{IN1}	High voltage input.
2	V _{O1}	14.5 V/300 mA regulator, with reverse current prevention.
3	EN1	Regulator 1 on/off control. High active.
4	V _{INA} (+)	Amplifier A noninverting input.
5	V _{INA} (-)	Amplifier A inverting input.
6	V _{OA}	Amplifier A output.
7	GND	Substrate of the LA5612 (minimum potential).
8	V _{OB}	Amplifier B output (5 V regulator supported by external NPN transistor).
9	V _{INB} (-)	Amplifier B inverting input (5 V regulator supported by external NPN transistor).
10	EN2	Regulator 2 and regulator 3 on/off control. High active.
11	V _{O3}	5.05 V/350 mA regulator.
12	V _{O2}	5.05 V/350 mA regulator.
13	V _{IN2}	Low-voltage input.

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Function Table (○: built in, ×: not built in)

Function	Circuit block	V _{O1}	V _{O2}	V _{O3}	AMP A	AMP B
Input line		V _{IN1}	V _{IN2}	V _{IN2}	V _{IN1}	V _{IN1}
Current limit		○	○	○	×	×
Thermal limit		○	○	○	×	×
On/off control		EN1	EN2	EN2	×	×

Usage Notes

- Apply voltage to the voltage input pins on condition that $V_{IN1} \geq V_{IN2}$.
- Apply voltage simultaneously to V_{IN1} and V_{IN2} . Do not use the LA5612 with voltage applied to only one of these pins.
- Since the amplifiers do not have current limit protection such as an external NPN transistor, provide this protection in each application.

Logic Table

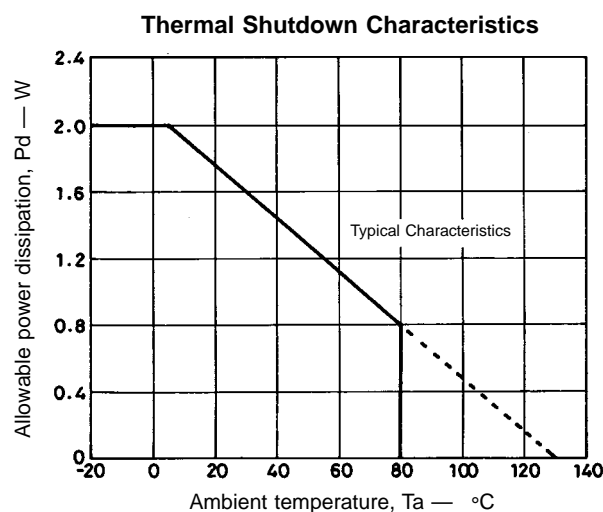
Conditions : when $V_{IN1} \geq V_{IN2}$ (at $V_{IN1} \geq 4\text{ V}$, $V_{IN2} \geq 4\text{ V}$)

EN1, EN2	V _{O1} , V _{O2} , V _{O3}
L or open	L
H	H

- “H” for EN denotes high level; “L” denotes low level or open.
- “H” for V_O denotes output ON voltage; “L” denotes output OFF voltage.
- Each output voltage corresponds to each EN and is controlled independently.
(EN1 is coupled with V_{O1}, and EN2 with V_{O2} and V_{O3}.)

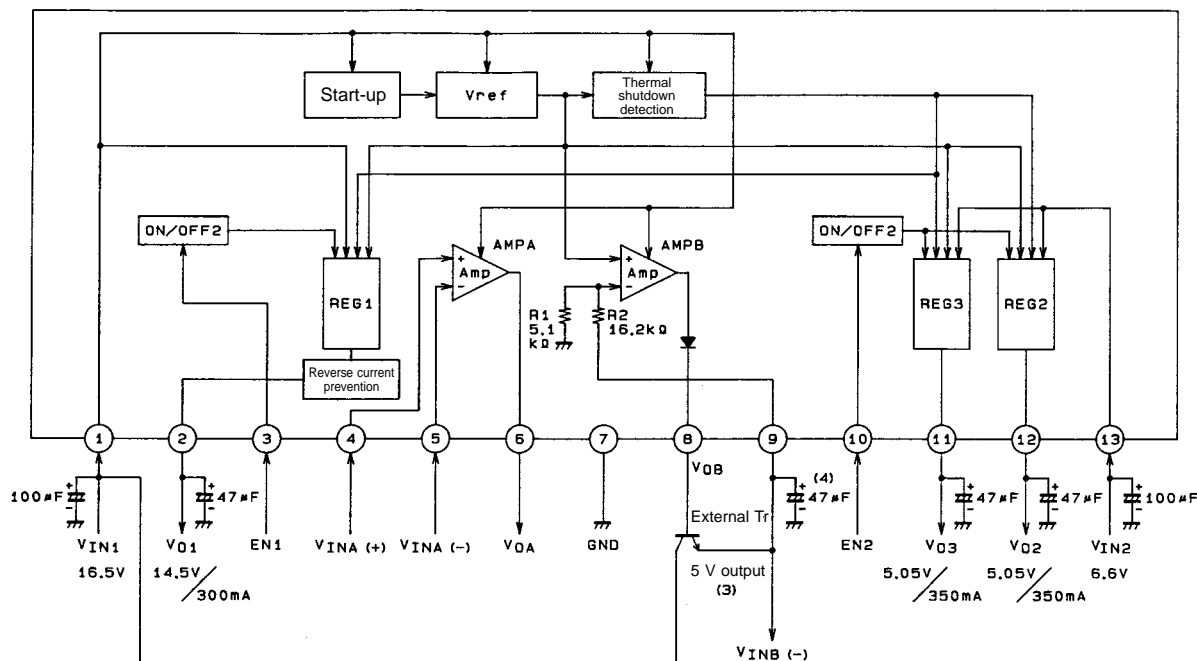
Thermal Design Notes

- In the LA5612, the junction temperature (T_j) at which thermal shutdown is activated is approximately equal to 130°C.
- Consequently, the operating range of REG1, REG2 and REG3 with the thermal shutdown function is restricted by the thermal shutdown characteristics (typical value) shown in the figure below.
- The thermal shutdown characteristics vary $\pm 20^\circ\text{C}$ or so. Since thermal shutdown is liable to occur with inadequate heat dissipation, sufficient consideration must be given to the heat dissipation design.



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Equivalent Circuit Block Diagram and Sample Application Circuit



A04330

Application Notes

- (1) The input line for AMP A and AMP B is shared with V_{IN1} .
- (2) AMP A and AMP B are on in normal use.
- (3) The output voltage is 5 V when an external NPN transistor has been added.
- (4) Depending on the type, load current and connection position (distance from the LA5612) of the external NPN transistor, the value of a capacitor connected between emitter and ground must be changed for stable operation.
- (5) The capacitors connected between each pin and GND are bypass capacitors for preventing oscillation: as such, they must be positioned as close to the LA5612 as possible in order to stabilize operation.

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