Ordering number: EN 5231

Monolithic Linear IC

**LA6537M** 

# 4-channel Bridge Driver for CD and CD-ROMs



### **Overview**

The LA6537M is a 4-channel bridge (BTL) driver which was developed for compact discs and CD-ROMs.

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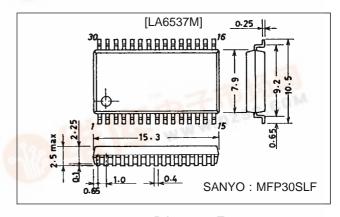
# Features and Functions

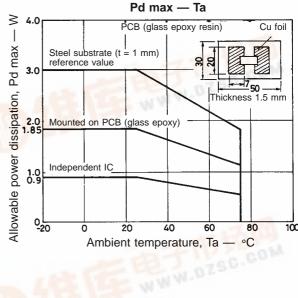
- 4-channel bridge (BTL) power amplifier.
- I<sub>O</sub> max 700 mA.
- With mute circuit (Amp 3, Amp 4).

# Package Dimensions

unit: mm

#### 3073A-MFP30SLF





# **Specifications**

#### Maximum Ratings at $Ta = 25 \,^{\circ}C$

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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> max	COM	14	V
Maximum input voltage	V <sub>INB</sub>		13	V
Mute pin voltage	V <sub>M</sub>		13	V
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	* Mounted on PCB shown below	0.9	W
Operating temperature	Topr		-20 to +75	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55 to +150	°C

<sup>\*</sup> PCB ( $20 \times 30 \times 1.5$  mm glass epoxy resin)

#### **LA6537M**

#### Operating Conditions at $Ta = 25 \,^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit	
Recommended supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		4 to 13	V	

# Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25 $^{\circ}$ C, $V_{CC}$ = 7.5 V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
No-load current drain	I <sub>CC</sub> 1	Note 1	20	40	60	mA
No-load current drain	I <sub>CC</sub> 2	Note 2		26	60	mA
Output offset voltage	V <sub>OF</sub> 1	Note 3, amplifiers 1 — 2, 7 — 8	-50		+50	mV
Output offset voltage	V <sub>OF</sub> 2	Note 3, ampifiers 3 — 4, 5 — 6	-50		+50	mV
Input bias current	I <sub>B</sub>			100	500	nA
Buffer input voltage range	$V_{BIN}$		1.5	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5		V
Input voltage range	V <sub>IN</sub>		1.0	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5		V
Output source voltage	V <sub>O</sub> 1	Note 4, $R_L = 8.0 \Omega$	5.0	5.6		V
Output sink voltage	V <sub>O</sub> 2	Note 5, $R_L = 8.0 \Omega$		1.8	2.4	V
Closed-circuit voltage gain	VG	Bridge amplifier		12		dB
Slew rate	SR			0.15		V/µs
Mute on voltage	$V_{M}$	Note 6		2		V
Mute pin inflow current	I <sub>M</sub>	Note 6		60		μA

#### Notes:

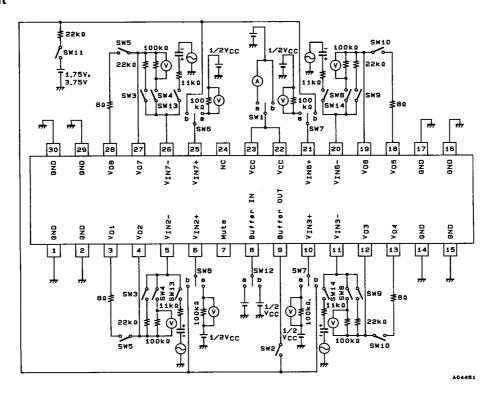
- 1. Mute off and buffer in assume 1/2 V<sub>CC</sub> V.
- 2. Mute off and buffer in assume 0.5 V.
- 3. Represents the interoutput difference.
- 4. Voltage relative to ground (source) when an 8  $\Omega$  load is connected between bridge amplifier outputs.
- 5. Voltage relative to ground (sink) when an 8  $\Omega$  load is connected between bridge amplifier outputs.
- 6. Muting is activated when high, and the amplifier outputs 3 and 4 are off.

#### **Test Method**

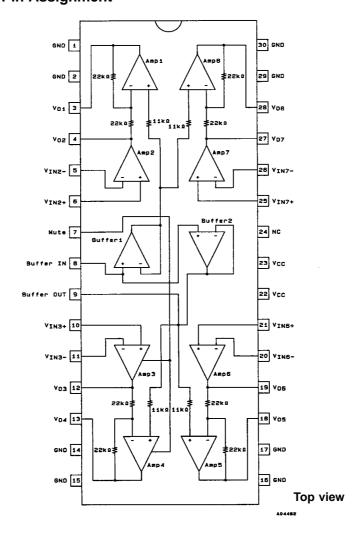
SW No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Item														
I <sub>CC</sub> 1	а	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	b	b	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	b	OFF	OFF
I <sub>CC</sub> 2	а	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	b	b	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	а	OFF	OFF
V <sub>OF</sub> 1,2	b	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	b	b	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	b	OFF	OFF
IB	b	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	а	а	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	b	OFF	OFF
V <sub>O</sub> 1	b	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	b	а	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	b	OFF	OFF
V <sub>O</sub> 2	b	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	а	b	OFF	ON	ON	ON	b	OFF	OFF
ν <sub>M</sub>	b	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	b	b	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	b	OFF	OFF
IM	b	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	b	b	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	b	OFF	OFF
VG	b	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	b	b	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	b	ON	ON

- 1. For  $I_{CC}1$  and 2, measure the inflow current on the  $V_{CC}$  pin.
- 2. For  $V_{OF}1$  and 2, measure the voltage between pins 3 and 4 (amplifiers 1 and 2), pins 27 and 28 (amplifiers 7 and 8), pins 12 and 13 (amplifiers 3 and 4), and pins 18 and 19 (amplifiers 5 and 6).
- 3. For  $I_B,$  measure the voltage across the 100  $k\Omega$  resistor ( $I_B$  = V/100  $k\Omega).$
- 4. For V<sub>O</sub>1 and 2, measure each output voltage at input voltages 1.75 V and 5.75 V, respectively.
- 5.  $V_M$  is the mute pin (pin 7) voltage when the output goes off.
- 6. I<sub>M</sub> is the mute pin (pin 7) inflow current when the output goes off.
- 7. For VG, measure the voltage between pins 3 and 4 (amplifiers 1 and 2), pins 27 and 28 (amplifiers 7 and 8), pins 12 and 13 (amplifiers 3 and 4), and pins 18 and 19 (amplifiers 5 and 6) at f = 1 kHz, and use the following formula: VG = 20 log V<sub>O</sub>/V<sub>1</sub> dB.

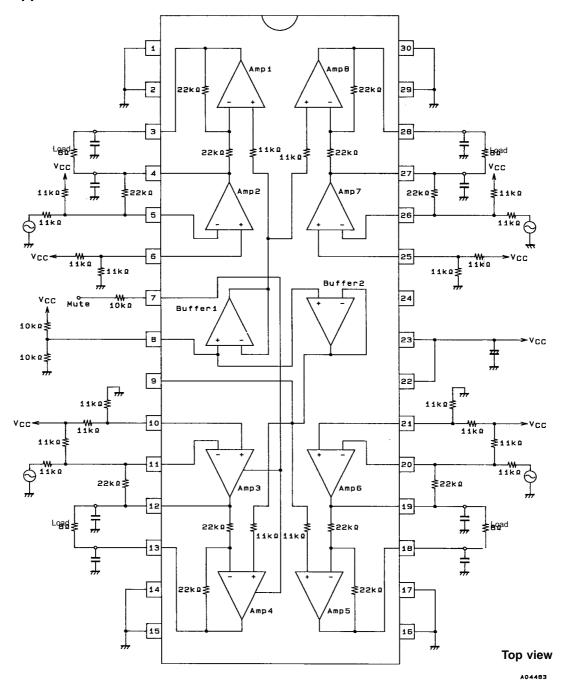
# **Test Circuit**



# **Block Diagram and Pin Assignment**



#### **Sample Application Circuit**



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