

No. 5131

Monolithic Digital IC
LB1889/1889M/1889D

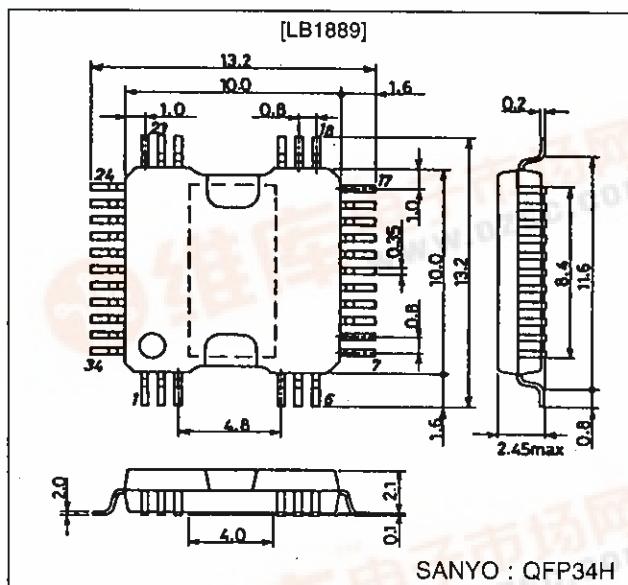
3-phase Brushless Motor Driver for VTR Capstans

Functions

- 3-phase full-wave current linear drive system
- Torque ripple correction circuit built in (variable compensation ratio)
- Current limiting circuit built in with control characteristic gain switch
- Output stage upper/lower oversaturation prevention circuit built in (no external capacitor required)
- FG amplifier built in
- Thermal shutdown circuit built in

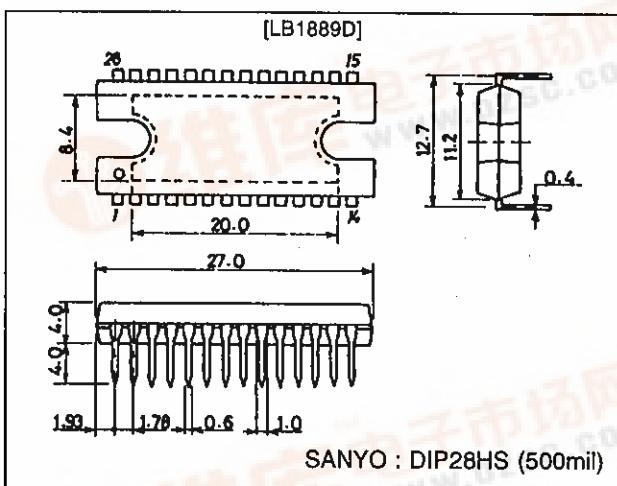
Package Dimensions

unit : mm

3206-QFP34H

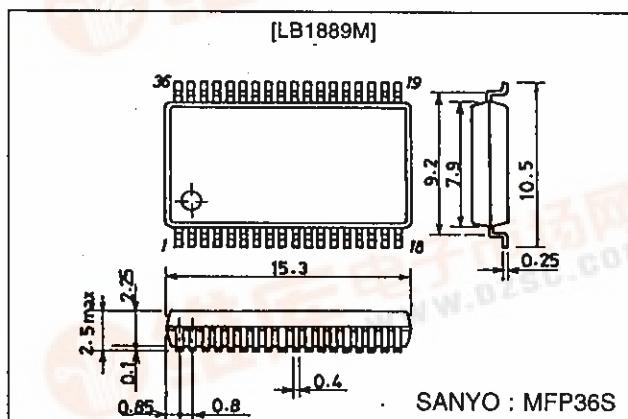
SANYO : QFP34H

3147A-DIP28HS



SANYO : DIP28HS (500mil)

3129-MFP36S



SANYO : MFP36S

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Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V_{CC} max		7	V
	V_S max		24	V
Maximum output current	I_O max		1.3	A
Allowable power dissipation	P_d max	Arbitrarily large heat sink LB1889	12.5	W
		Arbitrarily large heat sink LB1889D	15.0	W
		Independent IC LB1889	0.77	W
		Independent IC LB1889M	0.95	W
		Independent IC LB1889D	3.0	W
Operating temperature	T_{OPR}		-20 to +75	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{STG}		-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Allowable Operating Ranges at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V_S		5 to 22	V
	V_{CC}		4.5 to 5.5	V
Hall input amplitude	V_{HALL}	Between Hall inputs	± 30 to ± 80	$\text{mV}_{0\text{-P}}$
GSENSE input range	V_{GSENSE}	Relative to control system GND	-0.20 to +0.20	V

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_S = 15\text{ V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
V_{CC} supply current	I_{CC}	$R_L = \infty$ (when stopped), $V_{CTL} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{LIM} = 0\text{ V}$		12	18	mA
[Output]						
Output saturation voltage	V_{Osat1}	$I_O = 500\text{ mA}$, $R_f = 0.5\text{ }\Omega$, Sink + Source $V_{CTL} = V_{LIM} = 5\text{ V}$ (with saturation prevention)		2.1	2.6	V
	V_{Osat2}	$I_O = 1.0\text{ A}$, $R_f = 0.5\text{ }\Omega$, Sink + Source $V_{CTL} = V_{LIM} = 5\text{ V}$ (with saturation prevention)		2.6	3.5	V
Output leakage current	I_{leak}				1.0	mA
[FR]						
FR pin input threshold voltage	V_{FSR}		2.25	2.50	2.75	V
FR pin input bias current	I_b (FSR)		-5.0			μA
[Control]						
CTLREF pin voltage	V_{CREF}		2.37	2.50	2.63	V
CTLREF pin input range	V_{CREFIN}		1.70		3.50	V
CTL pin input bias current	I_b (CTL)	$V_{CTL} = 5\text{ V}$, CTLREF : Open			8.0	μA
CTL pin control start voltage	V_{CTL} (ST)	With $R_f = 0.5\text{ }\Omega$, $V_{LIM} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_O \geq 10\text{ mA}$, Hall input logic fixed, (u, v, w = H, H, L)	2.20	2.35	2.50	V
CTL pin control switch voltage	V_{CTL} (ST2)	$R_f = 0.5\text{ }\Omega$, $V_{LIM} = 5\text{ V}$	3.00	3.15	3.30	V
CTL pin control Gm1	$Gm1$ (CTL)	With $R_f = 0.5\text{ }\Omega$, $\Delta I_O = 200\text{ mA}$, Hall input logic fixed, (u, v, w = H, H, L)	0.52	0.65	0.78	A/V
CTL pin control Gm2	$Gm2$ (CTL)	With $R_f = 0.5\text{ }\Omega$, $\Delta V_{CTL} = 200\text{ mV}$, Hall input logic fixed, (u, v, w = H, H, L)	1.20	1.50	1.80	A/V
[Current Limit]						
LIM current limit offset voltage	V_{off} (LIM)	With $R_f = 0.5\text{ }\Omega$, $V_{CTL} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_O \geq 10\text{ mA}$, Hall input logic fixed, (u, v, w = H, H, L)	140	200	260	mV
LIM pin input bias current	I_b (LIM)	With $V_{CTL} = 5\text{ V}$, CTLREF : Open, $V_{LIM} = 0\text{ V}$	-2.5			μA
LIM pin current limit level	I_{lim}	With $R_f = 0.5\text{ }\Omega$, $V_{CTL} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{LIM} = 2.06\text{ V}$, Hall input logic fixed, (u, v, w = H, H, L)	830	900	970	mA
[Hall Amplifier]						
Hall amplifier input offset voltage	V_{off} (HALL)		-6		+6	mV
Hall amplifier input bias current	I_b (HALL)			1.0	3.0	μA
Hall amplifier common-mode input voltage	V_{cm} (HALL)		1.3		3.3	V

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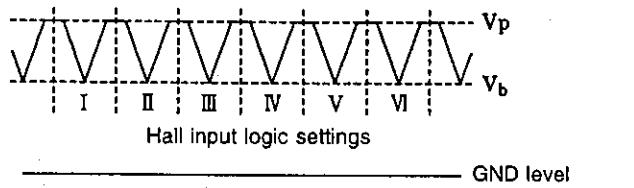
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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
[TRC]						
Torque ripple correction factor	T_{RC}	At bottom and peak in Rf waveform at $I_O = 200 \text{ mA}$ (RF = 0.5 Ω , ADJ-OPEN) Note 2		9		%
ADJ pin voltage	V_{adj}		2.37	2.50	2.63	V
[FG Amplifier]						
FG amplifier input offset voltage	$V_{off} (\text{FG})$		-8		+8	mV
FG amplifier input bias current	$I_b (\text{FG})$		-100			nA
FG amplifier output saturation voltage	$V_{Osat} (\text{FG})$	At internal pull-up resistor load on sink side			0.5	V
FG amplifier common-mode input voltage	$V_{CM} (\text{FG})$		0.5		4.0	V
[Saturation]						
Saturation prevention circuit lower set voltage	$V_{Osat} (\text{DET})$	Voltage between each OUT and Rf at $I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$, RF = 0.5 Ω , $V_{CTL} = V_{LIM} = 5 \text{ V}$	0.175	0.25	0.325	V
[TSD]						
TSD operation temperature	$T-TSD$	(Design target) Note 1		180		°C
TSD temperature hysteresis width	ΔTSD	(Design target) Note 1		20		°C

Note 1: No measurements are performed for any values listed in the conditions column as design targets.

Note 2: The torque ripple correction factor is calculated using the Rf voltage waveform as follows.



$$\text{Correction factor} = \frac{2 \times (V_p - V_b)}{V_p + V_b} \times 100 (\%)$$

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Truth Table & Control Function

	Source → Sink	Hall input			FR
		U	V	W	
1	$V \rightarrow W$	H	H	L	H
	$W \rightarrow V$				L
2	$U \rightarrow W$	H	L	L	H
	$W \rightarrow U$				L
3	$U \rightarrow V$	H	L	H	H
	$V \rightarrow U$				L
4	$W \rightarrow V$	L	L	H	H
	$V \rightarrow W$				L
5	$W \rightarrow U$	L	H	H	H
	$U \rightarrow W$				L
6	$V \rightarrow U$	L	H	L	H
	$U \rightarrow V$				L

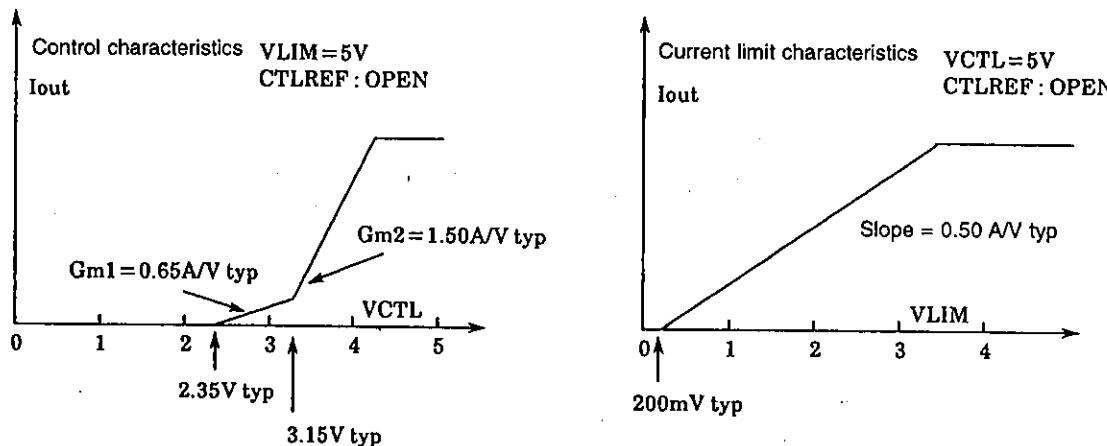
Note: "H" in the FR column represents a voltage of 2.75 V or more; "L" represents a voltage of 2.25 V or less.
(At $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$)

Note: "H" in the Hall input columns represents a state in which "+" has a potential which is higher by 0.01 V or more than that of the "-" phase inputs. Conversely, "L" represents a state in which "+" has a potential which is lower by 0.01 V or more than that of the "-" phase input.

Note: Since 180° energized system is used as the drive system, other phases than the sink and source phases are turned off.

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Control Function & Current Limit Function

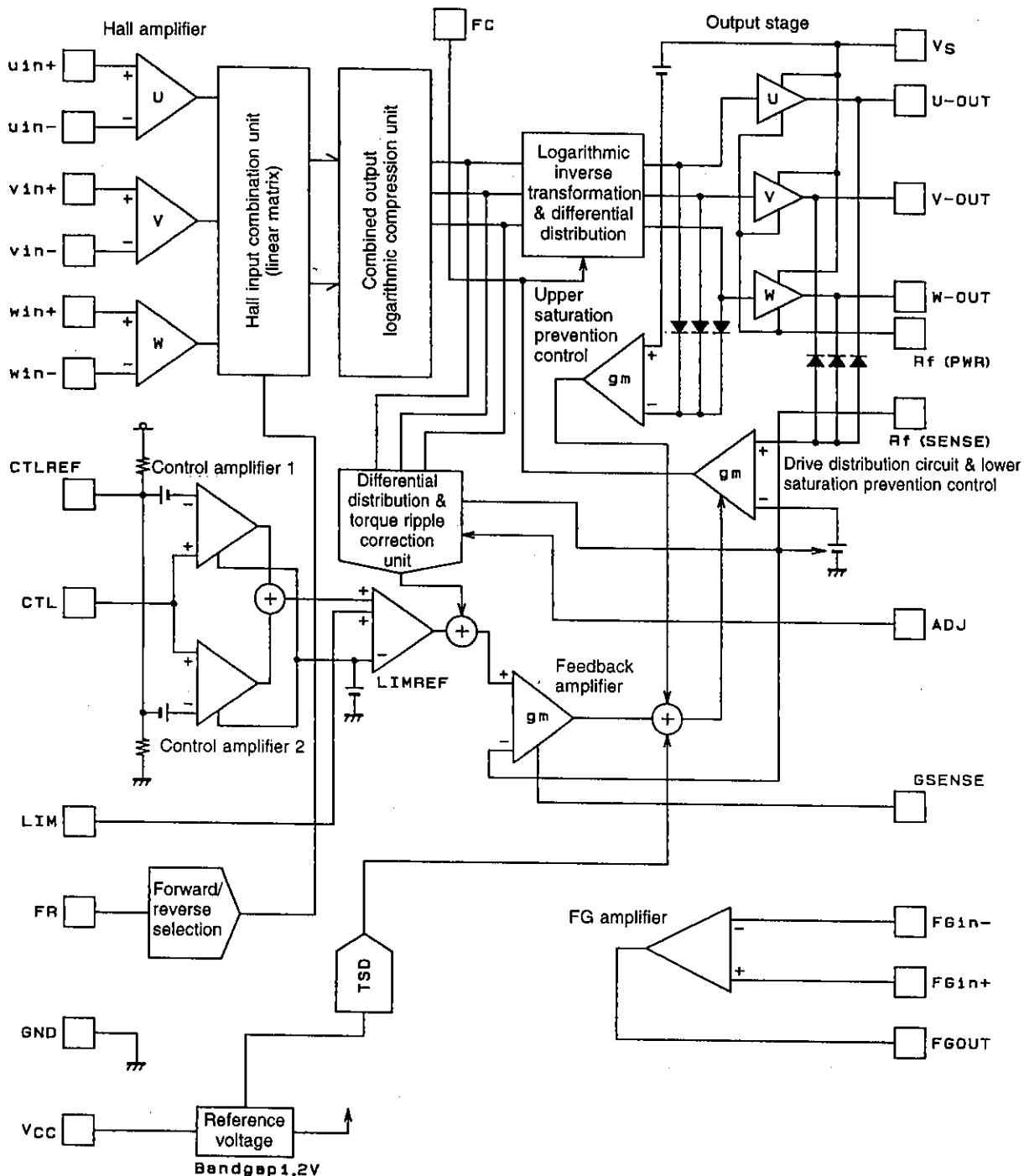


Pin Functions

The pin number in () is for MFP, that in < > is for DIP, and other than these is for QFP.

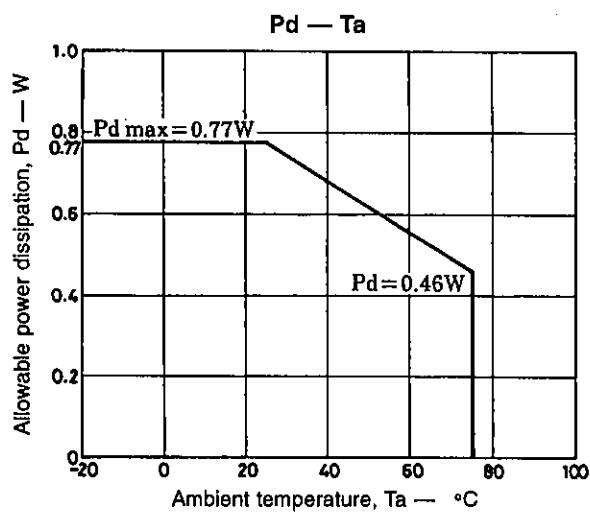
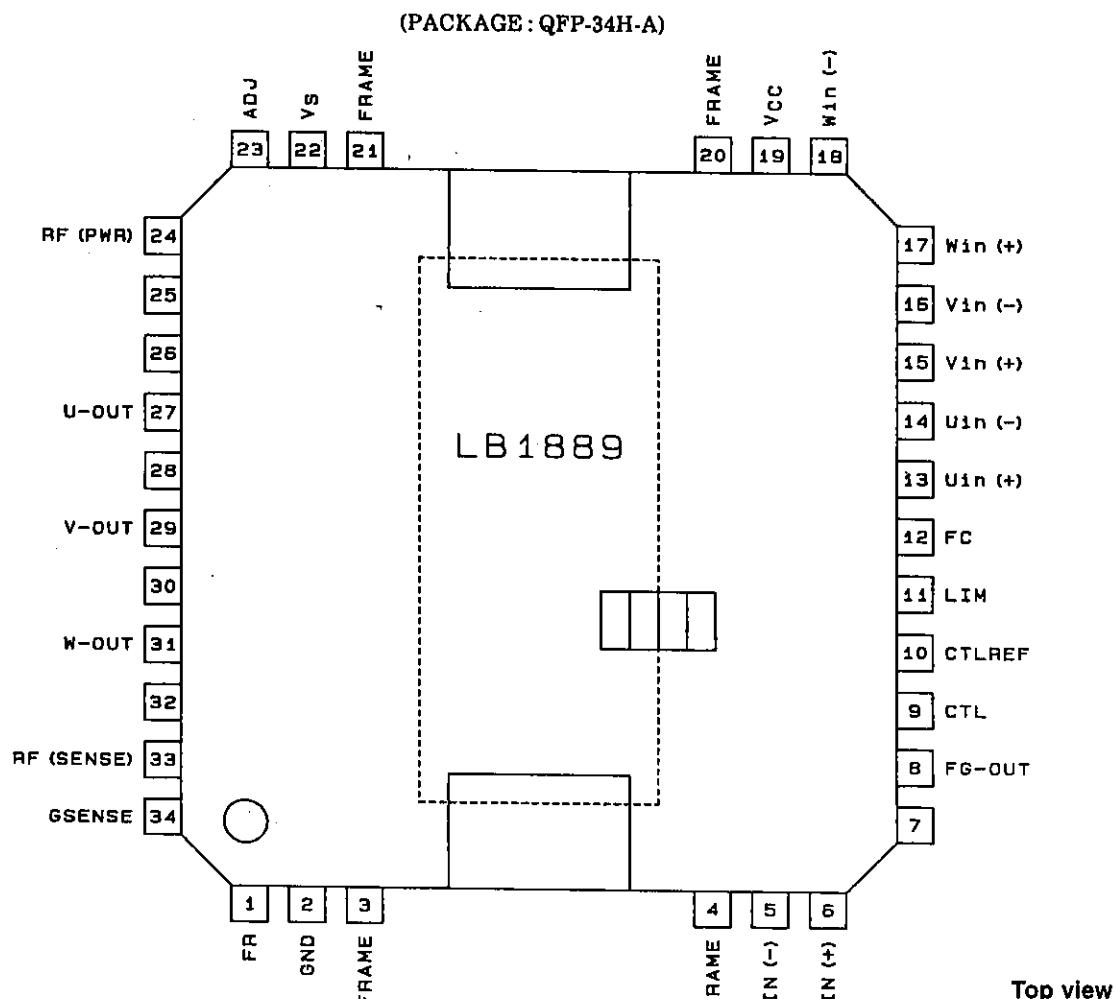
Pin name	Pin No.	Function
FR	1 (33) <26>	Forward/reverse select pin. The pin voltage selects forward/reverse. ($V_{th} = 2.5 \text{ V typ}$ at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$)
GND	2 (34) <27>	GND for other than output transistor. Minimum potential of output transistor is at Rf pin.
FGin (-)	5 (3) <28>	Input pin when FG amplifier is used with inverted input. Feedback resistor is connected between this pin and FG-OUT.
FGin (+)	6 (4) <1>	Noninverting input pin when FG amplifier is used with differential input. Internal bias is not applied.
FG-OUT	8 (5) <3>	FG amplifier output pin. Resistive load provided internally.
CTL	9 (6) <4>	Speed control pin. Control is exercised by constant-current drive with current feedback applied from Rf. $G_m = 0.65 \text{ A/V} & 1.50 \text{ A/V typ}$ at $R_f = 0.5 \Omega$
CTLREF	10 (7) <5>	Control reference voltage pin. The voltage is set internally to approx. $V_{CC}/2$ but this can be varied by applying voltage through a low impedance (input impedance = approx. $2.5 \text{ k}\Omega$).
LIM	11 (8) <6>	Current limiting function control pin. The output current is varied linearly by this pin voltage; slope = 0.5 A/V typ at $R_f = 0.5 \Omega$.
FC	12 (9) <7>	Speed control loop frequency characteristic correction pin
Uin+, Uin-	13, 14 (10, 11) <8, 9>	U-phase Hall device input pin; logic "H" represents IN+ > IN-.
Vin+, Vin-	15, 16 (12, 13) <10, 11>	V-phase Hall device input pin; logic "H" represents IN+ > IN-.
Win+, Win-	17, 18 (14, 15) <12, 13>	W-phase Hall device input pin; logic "H" represents IN+ > IN-.
V _{CC}	19 (16) <14>	Power supply pin for supplying power to all circuits except output section in IC; this voltage must be stabilized so as to eliminate ripple and noise.
V _S	22 (21) <15>	Output selection power supply pin
ADJ	23 (22) <16>	Pin for external adjustment of torque ripple correction factor. When this factor is to be adjusted, a voltage is externally applied to the ADJ pin through a low impedance. If the voltage applied is increased, the factor drops; conversely, if it is reduced, the factor rises. The factor varies between 0 and 2 times that of the open state. (The voltage is set inside to approx. $V_{CC}/2$ internally, and the input impedance is approx. $5 \text{ k}\Omega$.)
Rf (PWR) Rf (SNS)	24 (23) <17> 33 (31) <24>	Output current detection pin. Current feedback is applied to the control section by connecting Rf between this pin and GND. The lower oversaturation prevention circuit and torque ripple correction circuit are activated in accordance with this pin voltage. Since the oversaturation prevention level is set with this voltage, the lower oversaturation prevention effect may deteriorate in the high current range if the Rf value is reduced to an extremely low level. The PWR and SENSE pins must always be connected.
Uout Vout Wout	27 (26) <21> 29 (27) <22> 31 (28) <23>	U-phase output pin V-phase output pin (Built-in spark killer diode) W-phase output pin
GSENSE	34 (32) <25>	GND sensing pin. By connecting this pin to the neighboring GND on the Rf resistor side of the motor GND wire which contains Rf, the effect that GND common impedance exerts on Rf can be eliminated. (This pin must not be left open.)

Block Diagram



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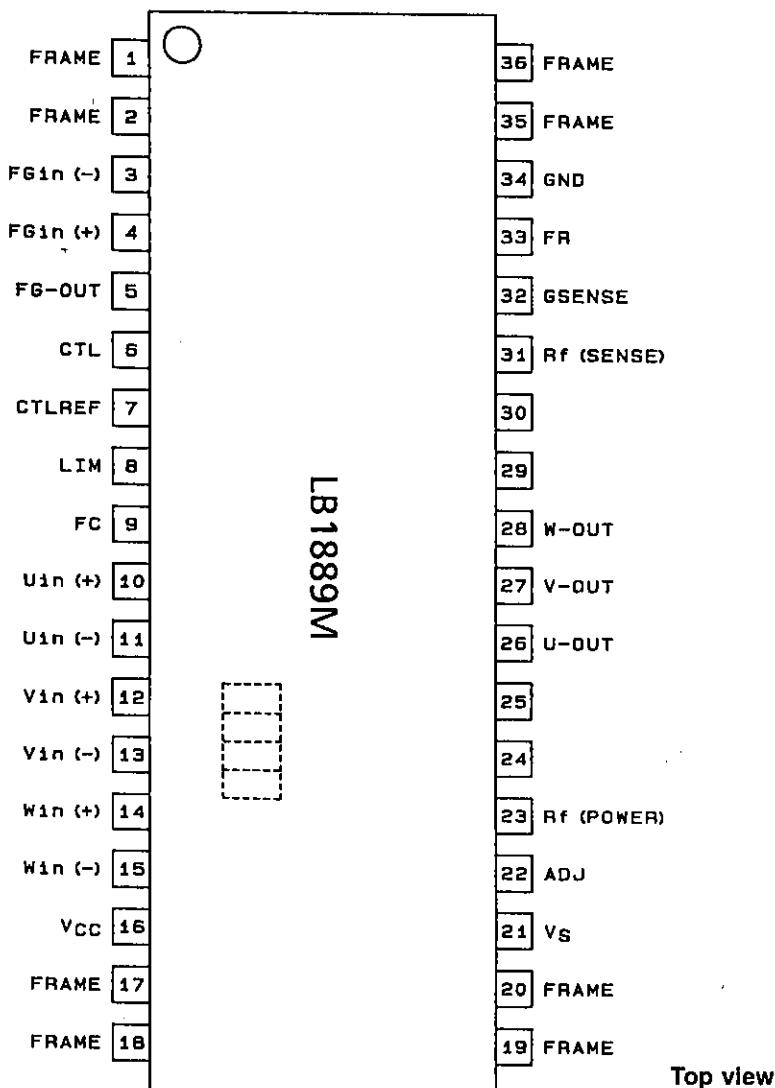
Pin Assignment [LB1889]



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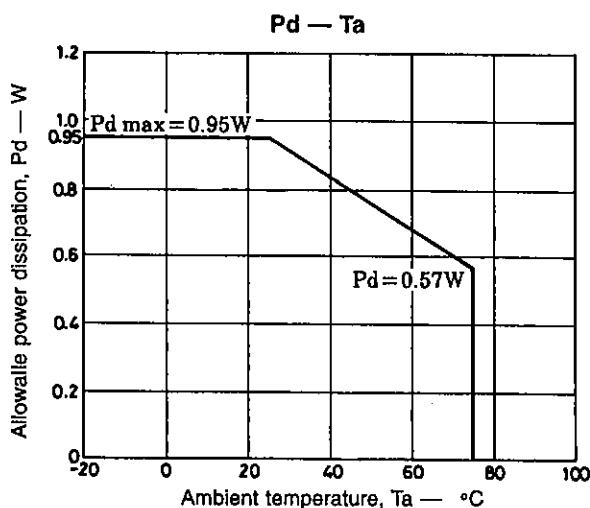
Pin Assignment [LB1889M]

(PACKAGE : MFP-36S-LF)



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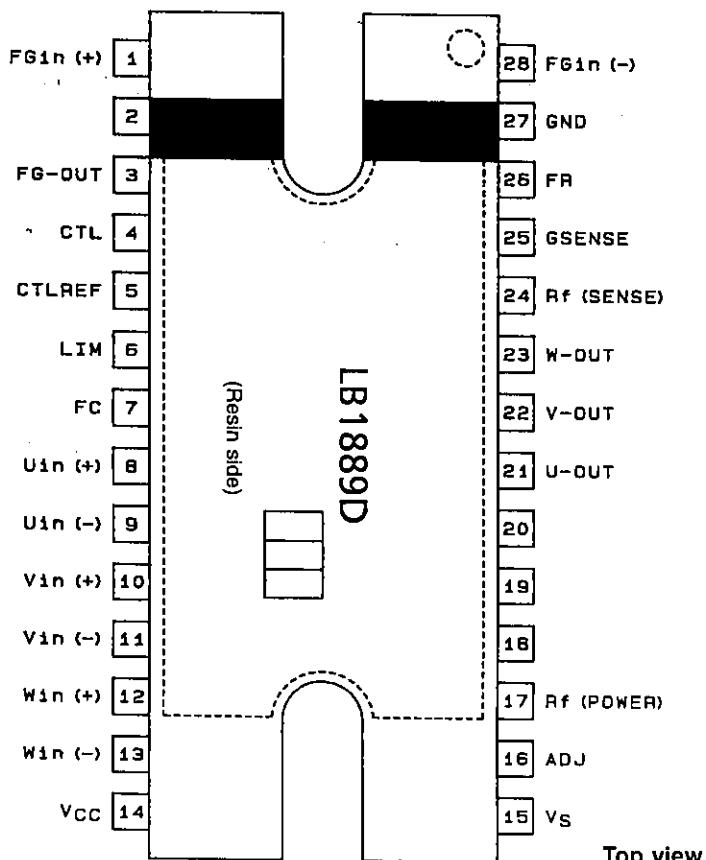
Note: Although there is no internal connection between the FRAME pin and GND, FRAME must be connected to GND externally for GND potential stabilization.



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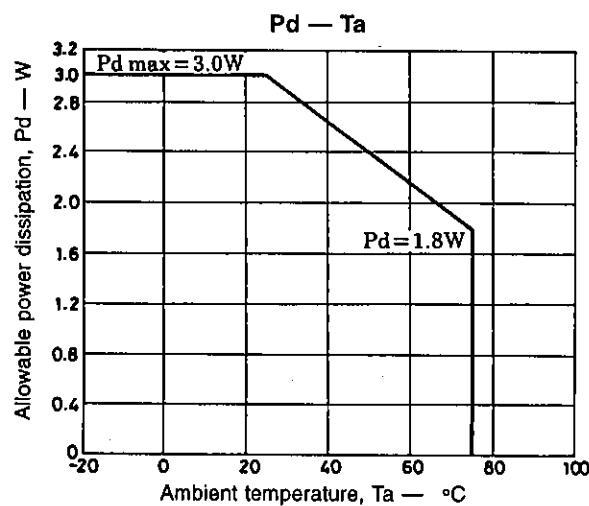
Pin Assignment [LB1889D]

DIP-28HS bent opposite



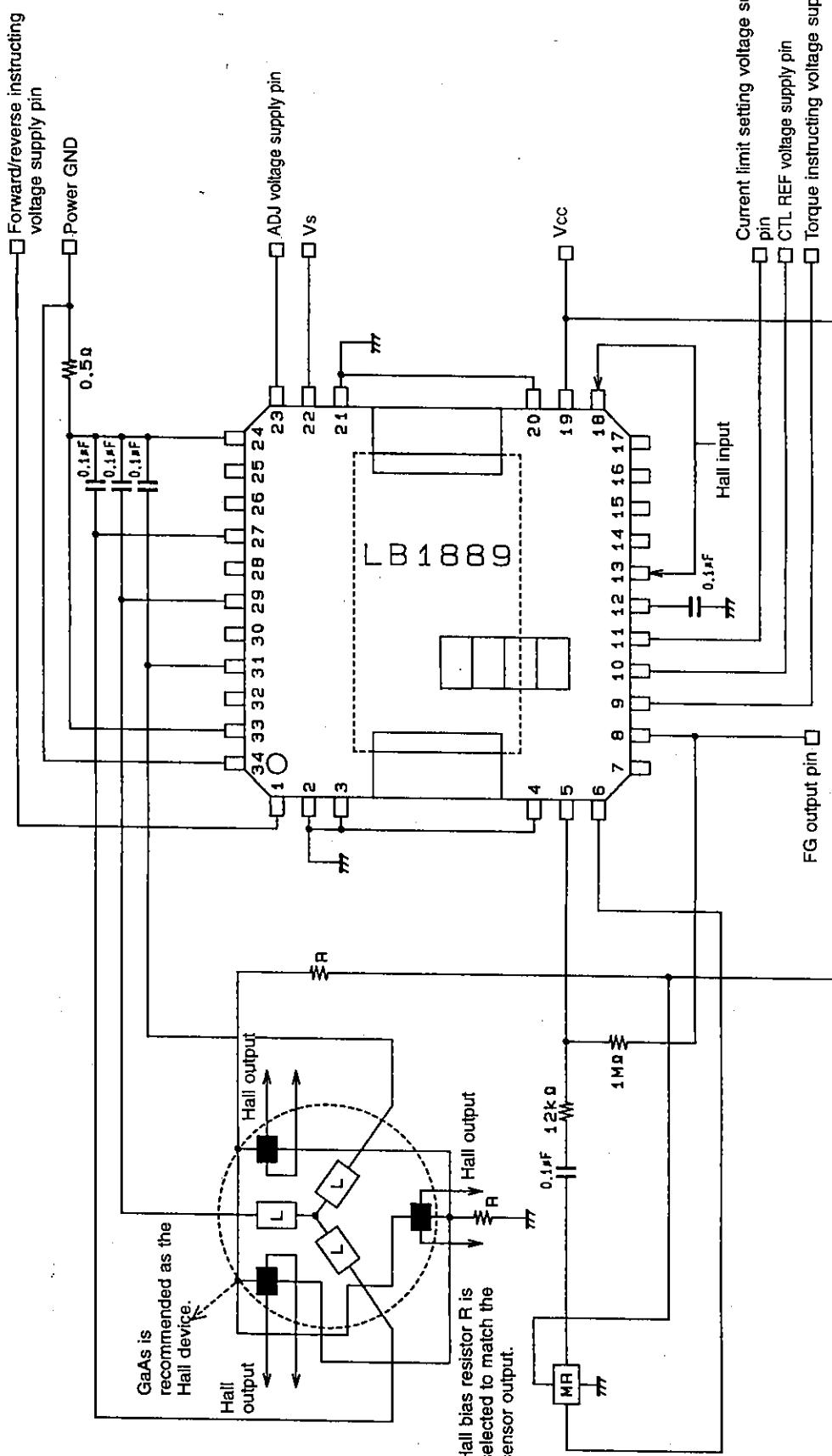
Top view

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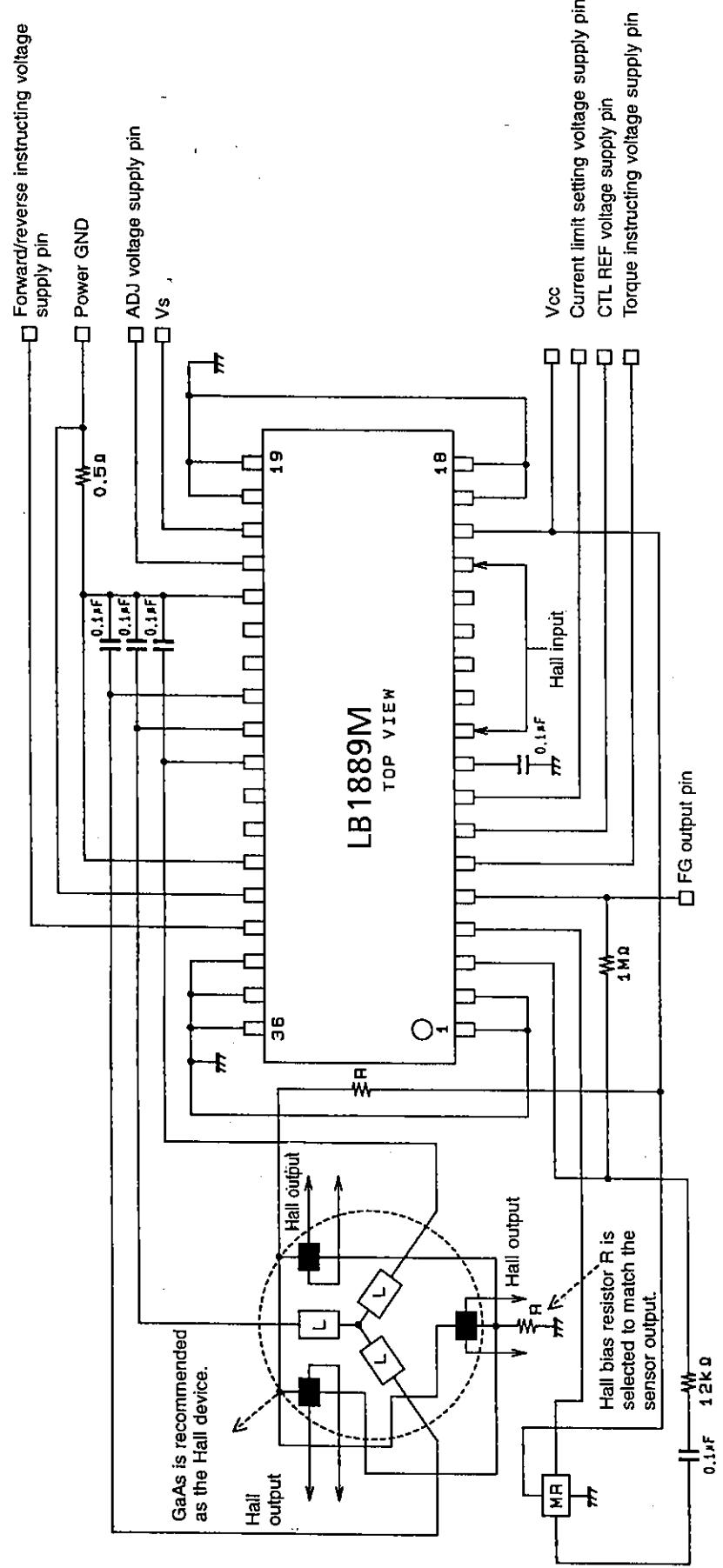
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Sample Application Circuit [LB1889]



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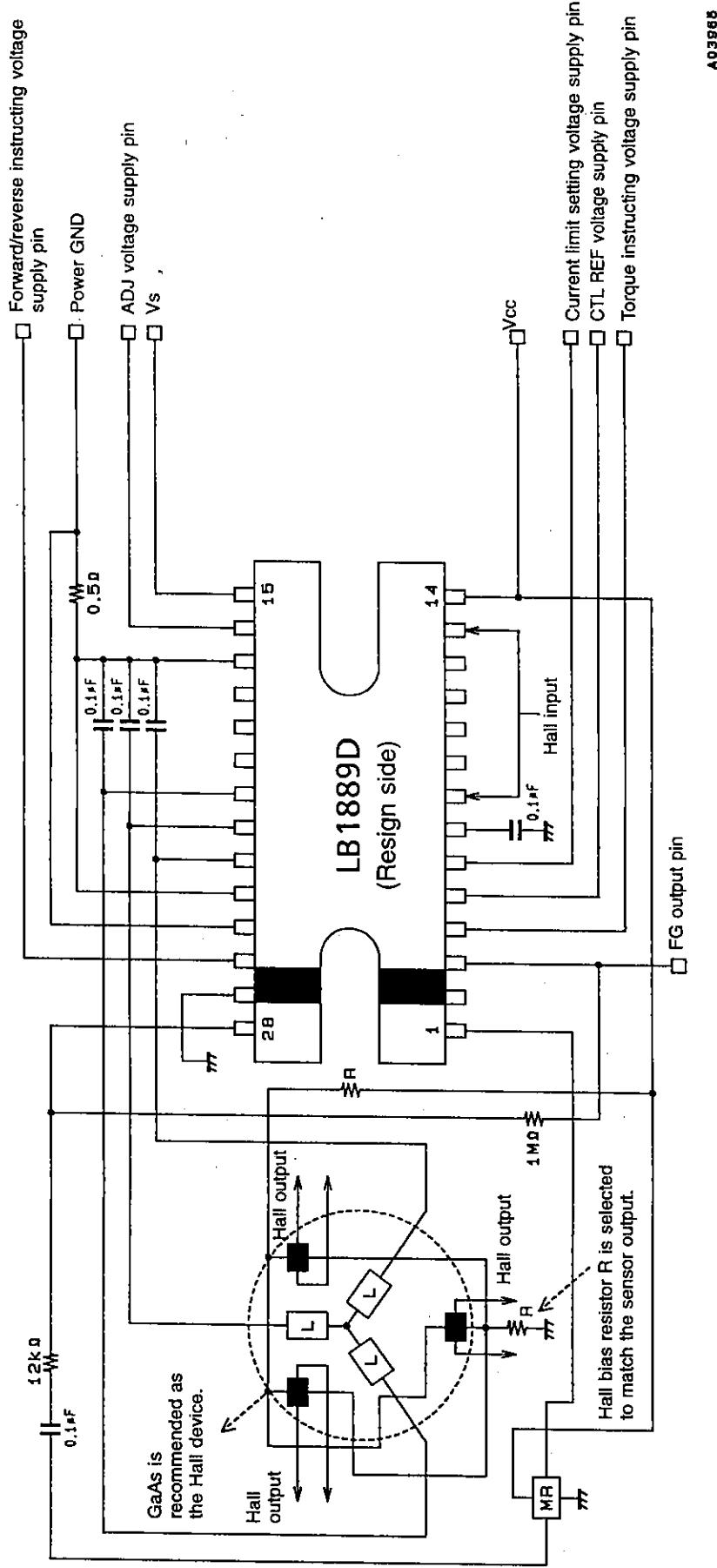
Sample Application Circuit [LB1889M]



Note: The constants provided in this sample application circuit are provided by way of example and are not intended to guarantee the characteristics.

LB1889/M/D

Sample Application Circuit [LB1889D]



Note: The constants provided in this sample application circuit are provided by way of example and are not intended to guarantee the characteristics.

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Pin Input/Output Equivalent Circuit

Pin name	Input/Output Equivalent Circuit
Uin (+) Uin (-) Vin (+) Vin (-) Win (+) Win (-)	<p>The diagram shows two input paths. Each (+) input path consists of a 200Ω resistor from the input to ground, followed by a junction with a 100µA current source pointing to ground. Each (-) input path consists of a 200Ω resistor from the input to ground, followed by a junction with a 100µA current source pointing to VCC. The two junctions are connected to a common ground node.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">A03966</p>
U-OUT V-OUT W-OUT Vs Rf (POWER) Rf (SENSE)	<p>The diagram shows an output stage. It includes a junction with a 150µA current source pointing to VCC, followed by a 200Ω resistor to ground. This is connected to a junction with a 10µA current source pointing to VCC, followed by a 200Ω resistor to ground. The outputs are labeled "Each output". A feedback path is shown with a 30kΩ resistor from the output to ground and an Rf (POWER) terminal. An Rf (SENSE) terminal is also shown. The circuit is labeled "Lower oversaturation prevention circuit input block".</p> <p style="text-align: right;">A03967</p>
CTL LIM CTLREF	<p>The diagram shows control logic. It includes a junction with a 100µA current source pointing to VCC, followed by a 200Ω resistor to ground. This is connected to a junction with a 5kΩ resistor to ground and an Rf (POWER) terminal. Another junction with a 5kΩ resistor to ground and a CTLREF terminal is also shown. A junction with a 200µA max current source pointing to VCC is connected to a junction with a 200Ω resistor to ground and an LIM terminal.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">A03968</p>
FR ADJ	<p>The diagram shows a feedback loop. It includes a junction with a 200µA current source pointing to VCC, followed by a 200Ω resistor to ground. This is connected to a junction with a 10kΩ resistor to ground and an FR terminal. Another junction with a 10kΩ resistor to ground and a 1/2 VCC terminal is also shown. The circuit is labeled "Continued on next page.".</p> <p style="text-align: right;">A03968</p>

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Pin name	Input/Output Equivalent Circuit
FGin (-) FGin (+)	
FGOUT FC	

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