

Ordering number : EN5680

CMOS IC



LC7455A, 7455M

Closed Caption Signal Extraction IC

Overview

The LC7455A/M extracts the closed caption signal superimposed on a video signal during the vertical return period and, under the control of a clock signal provided by the decoder IC, transfers that signal to the IC (usually a microcontroller) that decodes the closed caption data. The LC7455A/M supports four operating modes. Modes 1 and 2 can be used for XDS. In these modes, the LC7455A/M, in combination with the decoder IC (microcontroller), extracts the caption signal superimposed on field 2 and uses it for NTSC VCR functions such as the automatic time and date setting function. In modes 3 and 4, the LC7455A/M, in combination with the decoder IC (microcontroller), extracts the caption signal superimposed on fields 1 and 2 and uses it for NTSC TV applications (mode 3) or PAL TV applications (mode 4).

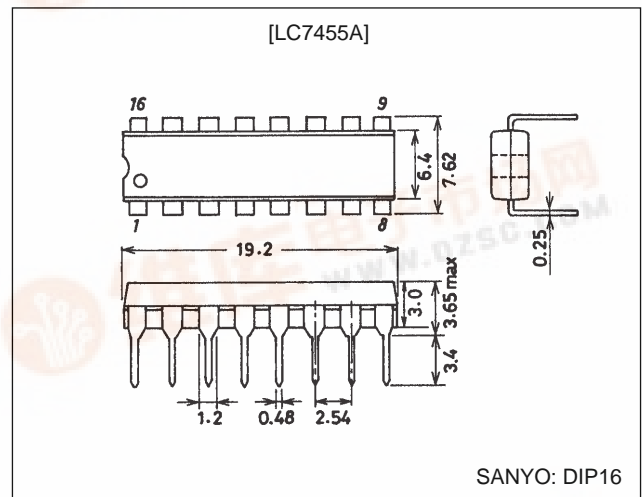
Functions

- Low power dissipation achieved by fabrication in a CMOS process.
- Stable caption signal extraction achieved by a built-in peak hold circuit and the use of digital technology.
- Operating supply voltage: 5 V \pm 10%
- Package LC7455A: 16-pin DIP
LC7455M: 18-pin MFP

Package Dimensions

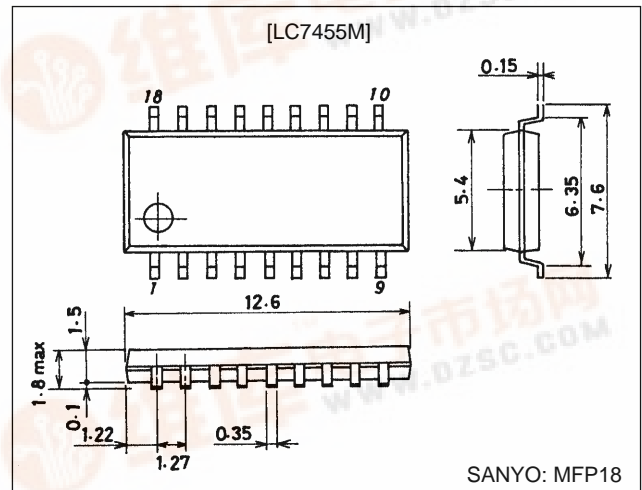
unit: mm

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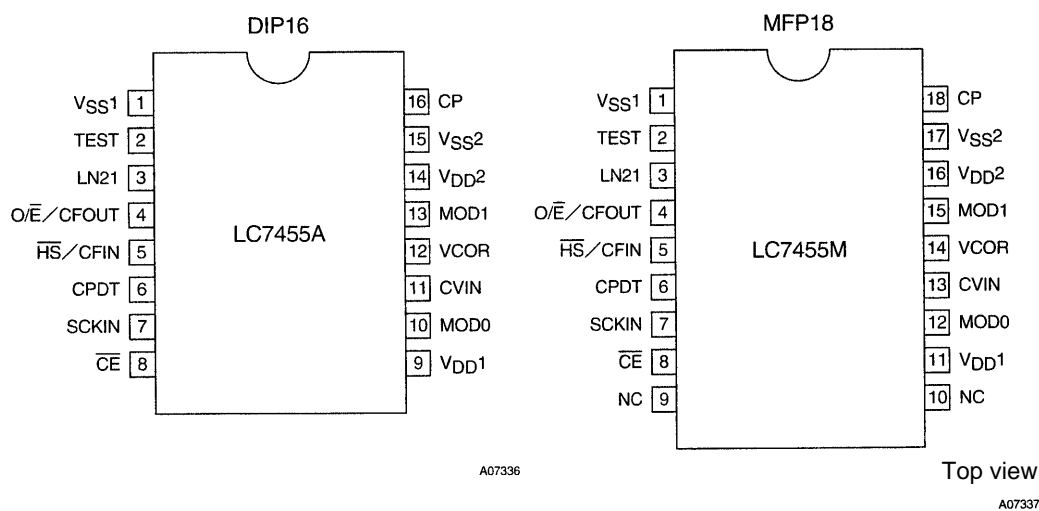
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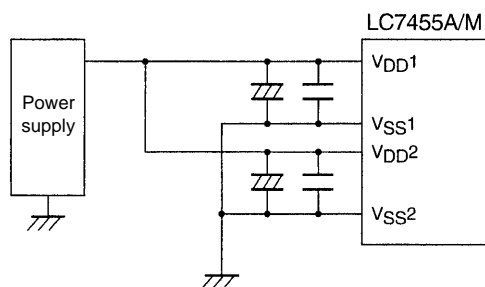
Pin Assignments



Pin Functions

Pin	Pin No.		Pin function			
	DIP16	MFP18	Mode 1	Mode2	Mode3	Mode4
V _{SS1}	1	1	Ground			
TEST	2	2	Test pin. Must be left open during normal operation.			
LN21	3	3	Line 21H pulse output (even field)		Line 21H pulse output (both fields)	Line 22H pulse output (both fields)
O/ \bar{E} /CFOUT	4	4	Field discrimination pulse output	Ceramic oscillator output	Field discrimination pulse output	
\overline{HS} /CFIN	5	5	Sync separator \overline{Hsync} pulse output	Ceramic oscillator input	\overline{Hsync} pulse input	
CPDT	6	6	Caption data output (n-channel open-drain output)			
SCKIN	7	7	Caption data transfer clock input			
\overline{CE}	8	8	Chip select input			
V _{DD1}	9	11	Power supply			
MOD0	10	12	Leave open	Short to the power supply	Leave open	Short to the power supply
CVIN	11	13	Composite video input			
VCOR	12	14	Connection for an external resistor to control the built-in VCO oscillator frequency			
MOD1	13	15	Leave open		Short to the power supply	
V _{DD2}	14	16	Power supply			
V _{SS2}	15	17	Ground			
CP	16	18	Connection for the filter used by the built-in PLL			

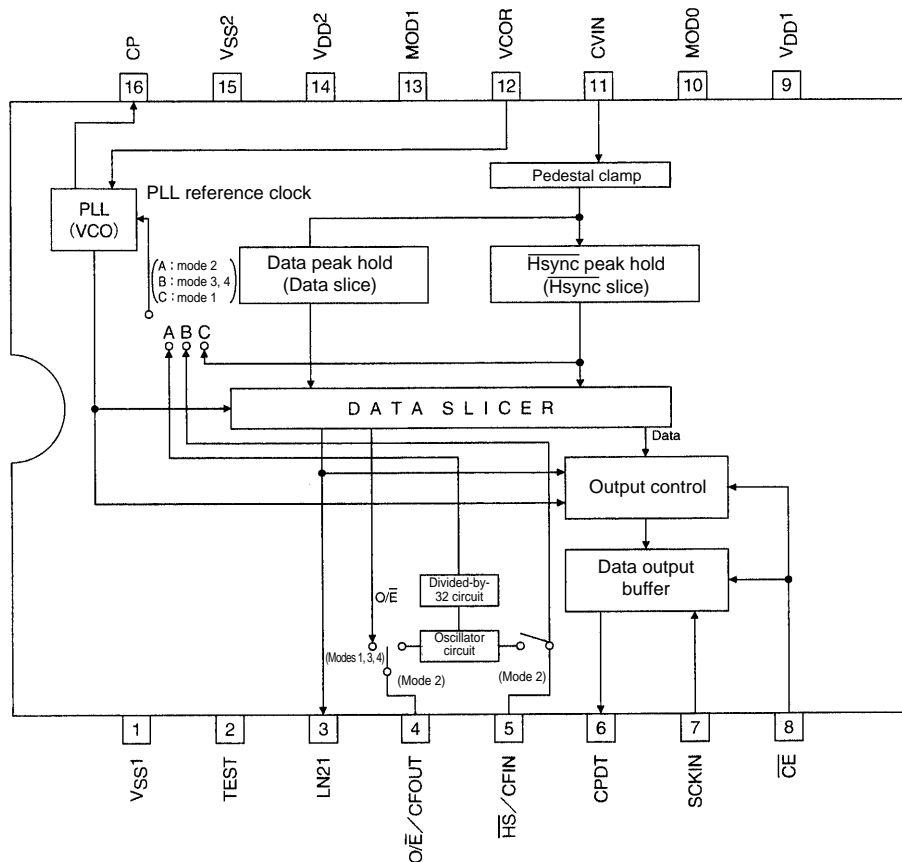
Note: V_{DD1} and V_{SS1} are the power supply for the digital block, and V_{DD2} and V_{SS2} are the power supply for the analog block. Use a circuit similar to the one shown below to minimize mutual interference due to noise from these blocks.



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System Block Diagram



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Operation in the Different Modes

Pin		Mode	Application equipment	Operation
MOD1	MOD0			
Open	Open	Mode 1	VCR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Even field line 21 data extraction The internal PLL is operated with the horizontal synchronizing signal separated from the composite video signal as the reference.
Open	V _{DD}	Mode 2	VCR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Even field line 21 data extraction An external 508 kHz ceramic oscillator is used, and the internal PLL is operated with that oscillator output divided by 32 as the reference.
V _{DD}	Open	Mode 3	NTSC-TV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Odd and even field line 21 data extraction The internal PLL is operated with the Hsync signal applied from fly back as the reference.
V _{DD}	V _{DD}	Mode 4	PAL-TV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Odd and even field line 22 data extraction The internal PLL is operated with the Hsync signal applied from the fly back circuit as the reference.

Note: The data extraction operations in modes 1 and 2 are identical. However, while mode 1 can operate without problem for normal "on air" signals, it may be difficult for the PLL to lock with signals such as scrambled CATV signals.

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Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	$V_{DD\text{ max}}$	$V_{DD1}, V_{DD2}: V_{DD1} = V_{DD2}$	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Input voltage	V_I	$\overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN}, \text{CVIN}, \text{SCKIN}, \overline{\text{CE}}$	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Output voltage	V_O	LN21, CPDT, $\text{O}/\overline{\text{E}}/\text{CFOUT}, \overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN}$	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	LC7455A	300	mW
		LC7455M	150	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-30 to +70	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note: V_{SS1} and V_{SS2} must be at the same potential.
 V_{DD1} and V_{DD2} must be at the same potential.

Allowable Operating Ranges at $T_a = -30$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Operating supply voltage	V_{DD}	$V_{DD1}, V_{DD2}: V_{DD1} = V_{DD2}$	4.5		5.5	V
Input high-level voltage	V_{IH}	$\overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN}, \text{SCKIN}, \overline{\text{CE}};$ $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V	$0.75 V_{DD}$		V_{DD}	V
Input low-level voltage	V_{IL}	$\overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN}, \text{SCKIN}, \overline{\text{CE}};$ $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V	V_{SS}		$0.25V_{DD}$	V
CVIN input amplitude	CVSYNC	CVIN : SYNC-WHITE = 1.0 V ; $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V	1Vp-p - 3dB	1Vp-p	1Vp-p + 3dB	V
$\overline{\text{HS}}$ input frequency range	f_H	$\overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN} : V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}$ For mode 3 For mode 4	15.23	15.73	16.23	kHz
			15.13	15.63	16.13	kHz
Oscillator frequency range*1	FmCF	$\overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN}, \text{O}/\overline{\text{E}}/\text{CFOUT};$ For mode 2, see Figure 1. $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V	503	508	513	kHz
Oscillator stabilization time*2	tmsCF	$\overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN}, \text{O}/\overline{\text{E}}/\text{CFOUT};$ For mode 2, see Figure 2. $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V		0.5	5	ms

Note: 1. See Table 1 for more information on the oscillator frequency.

2. The oscillator stabilization time is the time required until the oscillator is stable after the power-supply voltage is applied. See figure 2.

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = -30$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Input high-level current	I_{IH}	$\overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN}, \text{SCKIN}, \overline{\text{CE}} : V_{IN} = V_{DD};$ $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V			1	μA
Input low-level current	I_{IL}	$\overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN}, \text{SCKIN}, \overline{\text{CE}} : V_{IN} = V_{SS};$ $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V	-1			μA
Output high-level voltage	V_{OH}	LN21, $\text{O}/\overline{\text{E}}/\text{CFOUT}, \overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN};$ $I_{OH} = -4\text{ mA}; V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V	$V_{DD} - 1.2$			V
Output low-level voltage	V_{OL}	LN21, CPDT, $\text{O}/\overline{\text{E}}/\text{CFOUT},$ $\overline{\text{HS}}/\text{CFIN} : I_{OL} = 10\text{ mA}; V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V			1	V
Input clamping voltage	V_{CLMP}	CVIN ; $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
Input clamping current	I_{IC}	CVIN : CVIN = $3\text{ V}; V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	5	10	18	μA
Output clamping current	I_{OC}	CVIN : CVIN = $2\text{ V}; V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	-120	-70	-30	μA
Current drain	I_{DD}	$V_{DD1}, V_{DD2}; V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V		6	15	mA

Serial Output Characteristics at $T_a = -30$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
[Serial clock]						
Input clock period	t_{CKCY}	SCKIN : See Figure 3.	1			μs
Input clock low-level pulse width	t_{CKL}	SCKIN : See Figure 3.	0.5			μs
Input clock high-level pulse width	t_{CKH}	SCKIN : See Figure 3.	0.5			μs
Setup time	t_{ICK}	SCKIN : Stipulated with respect to the falling edge of $\overline{\text{CE}}$.	1			μs
[Serial output]						
Output delay time	t_{CKO}	Stipulated with respect to the falling edge of SCKIN. A $1\text{-k}\Omega$ external pull-up resistor is connected. See Figure 3.			0.5	μs

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Table 1 Ceramic Oscillator Guaranteed Constants

Oscillator type	Manufacturer	Oscillator element	C1	C2
508-kHz ceramic oscillator	Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd.	CSB 508E	150 pF	150 pF

- Note: Capacitors with K tolerance ($\pm 10\%$) and SL characteristics must be used for C1 and C2.
- Since this circuit is influenced by the length of the circuit pattern, components related to oscillator functioning must be mounted as close together as possible so that pattern lines do not become longer than is absolutely necessary.
 - The characteristics are not guaranteed if an oscillator element other than the one listed above is used.

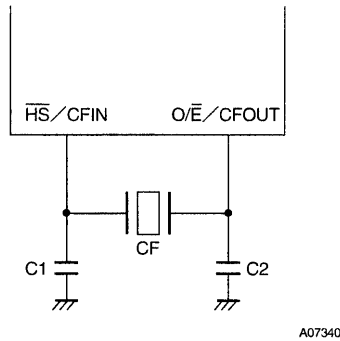


Figure 1 Ceramic Oscillator

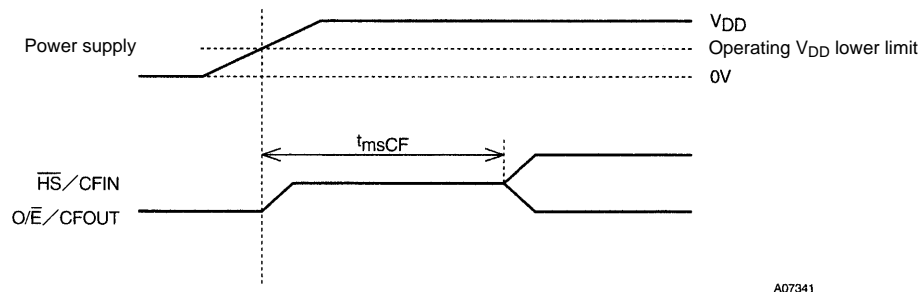
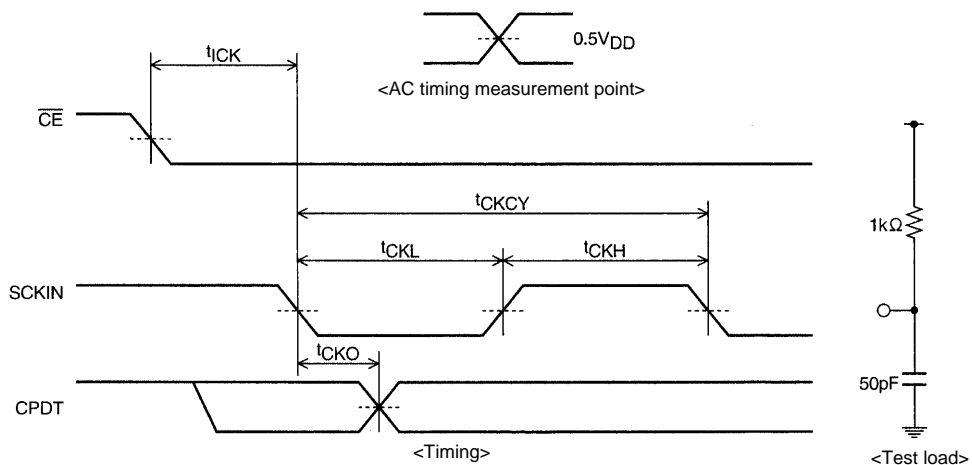


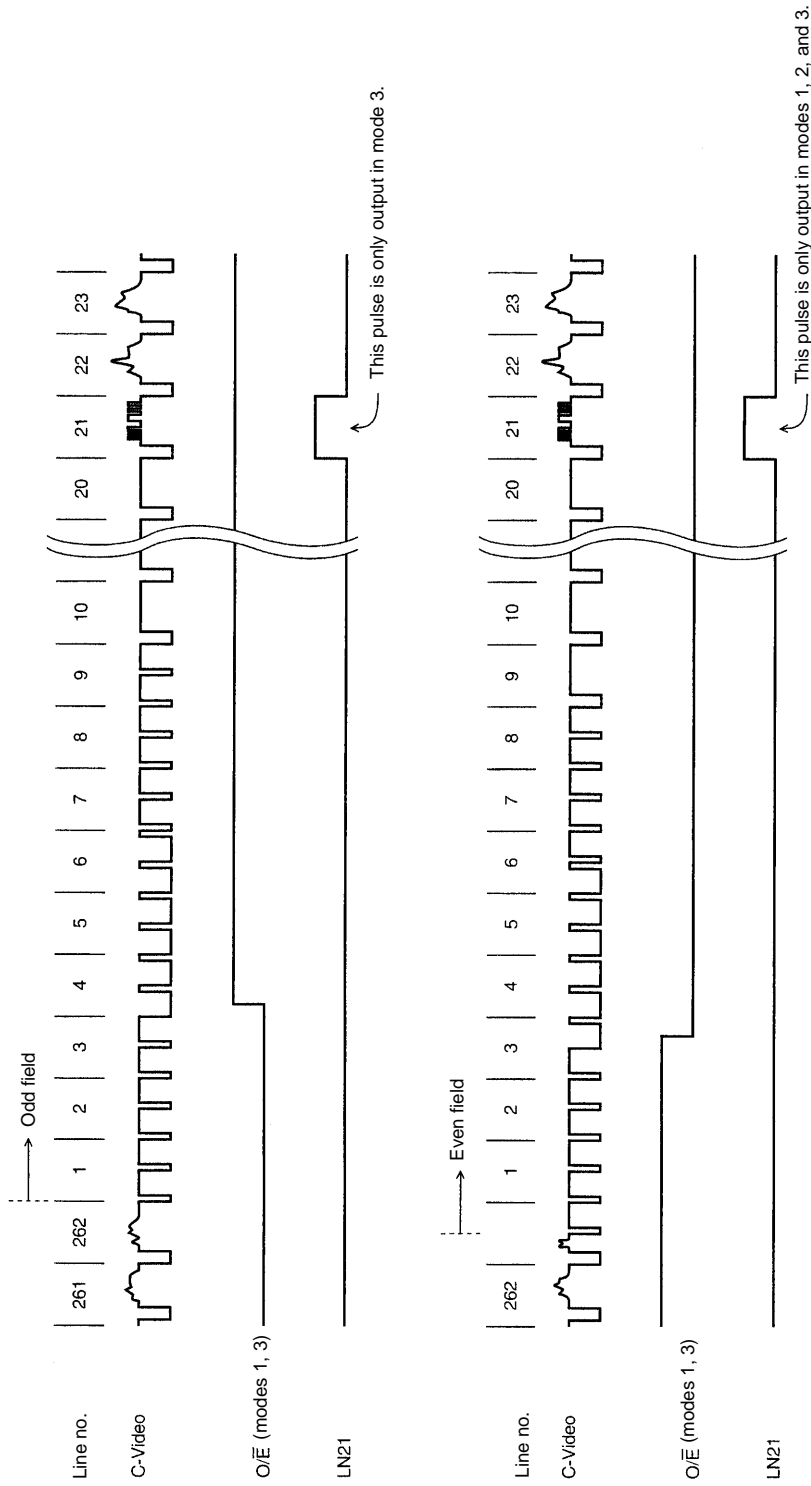
Figure 2 Oscillator Stabilization Time



Note: CPDT goes to the high-impedance state while \overline{CE} is high.

Figure 3 Serial Output Test Conditions

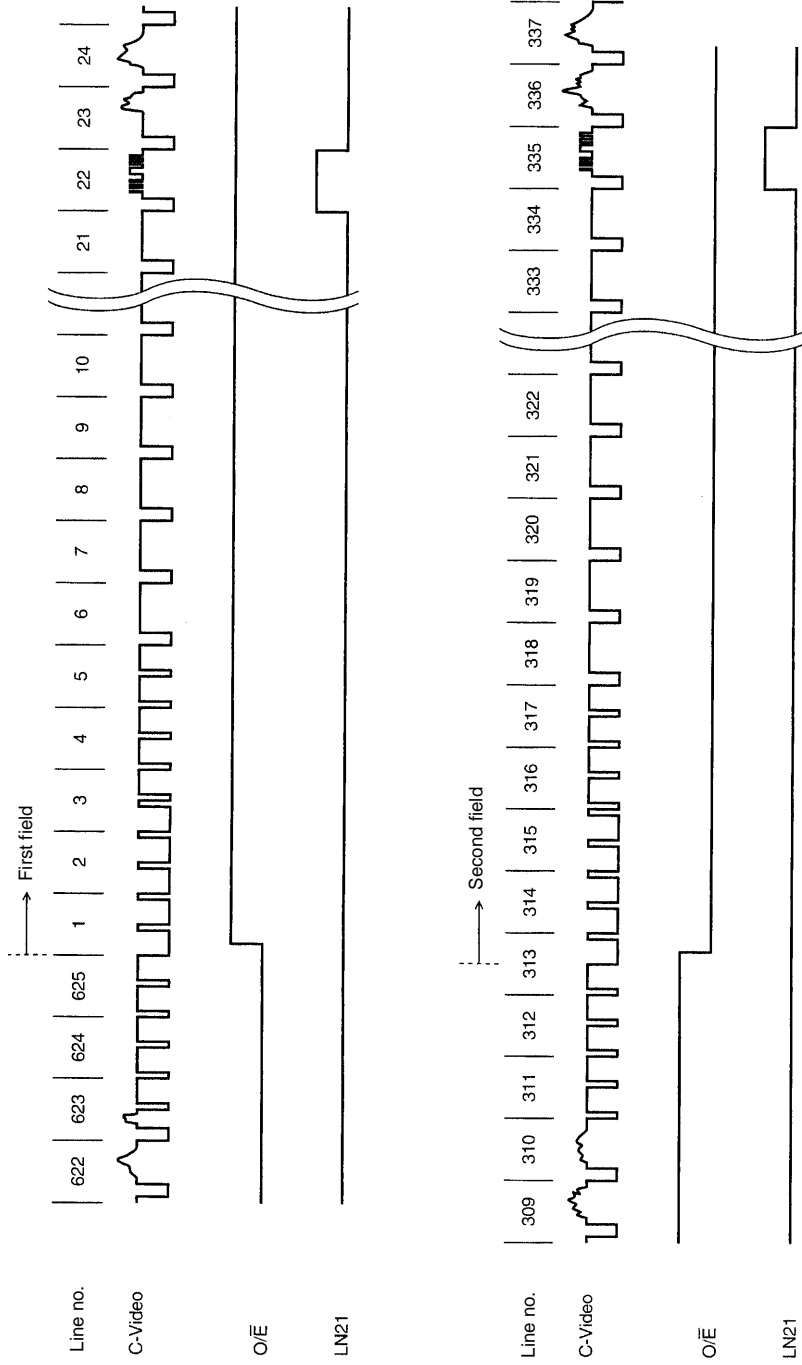
O/E and LN21 Output Timing (Modes 1, 2, and 3)



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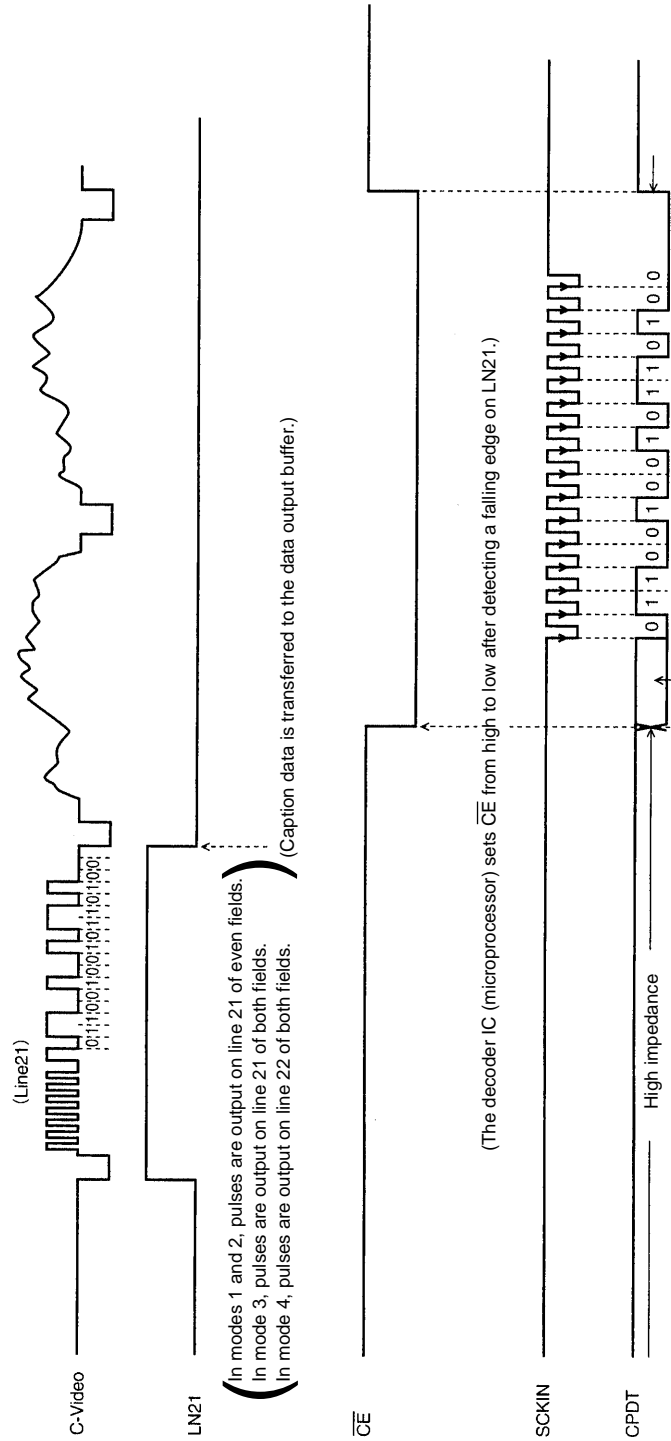
Notes: O/E is output in modes 1 and 3. In mode 2 it functions as the ceramic oscillator output pin.
LN21 is output for even fields in modes 1 and 2, and for both fields in mode 3.

O \bar{E} and LN21 Output Timing (Mode 4)



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Caption Data Transfer from the LC7455A/M to the Decoder IC (microcontroller): Method 1
(This is the basic technique.)

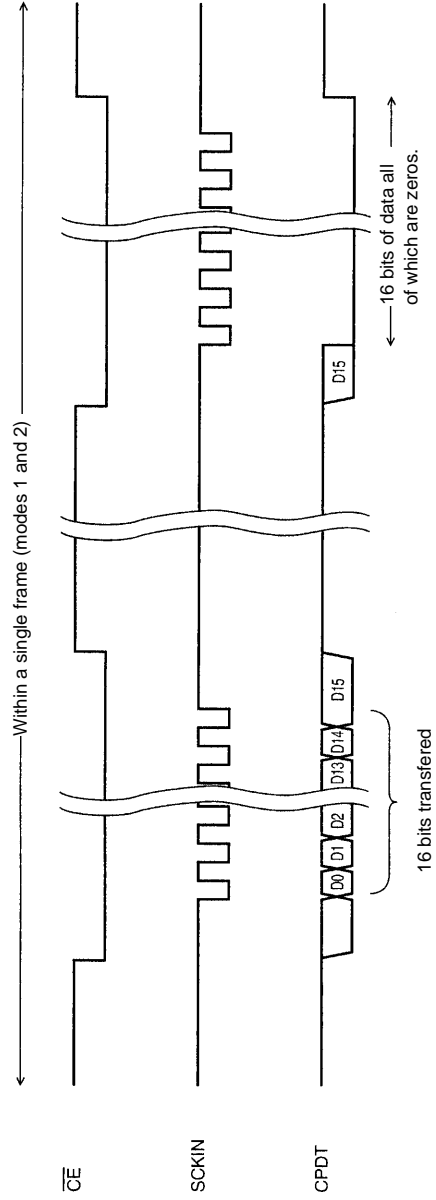


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Notes: Applications that extract closed caption text data in mode 3 (NTSC TV) or mode 4 (PAL TV) must check the level of the $\overline{OIE}/\overline{CFOUT}$ pin when an LN21 falling edge is detected to determine whether odd field or even field data is being acquired.

Caption Data Transfer from the LC7455A/M to the Decoder IC (microcontroller): Method 2

(For applications that cannot provide an input port on the decoder IC (microcontroller) to detect LN21 falling edges.)



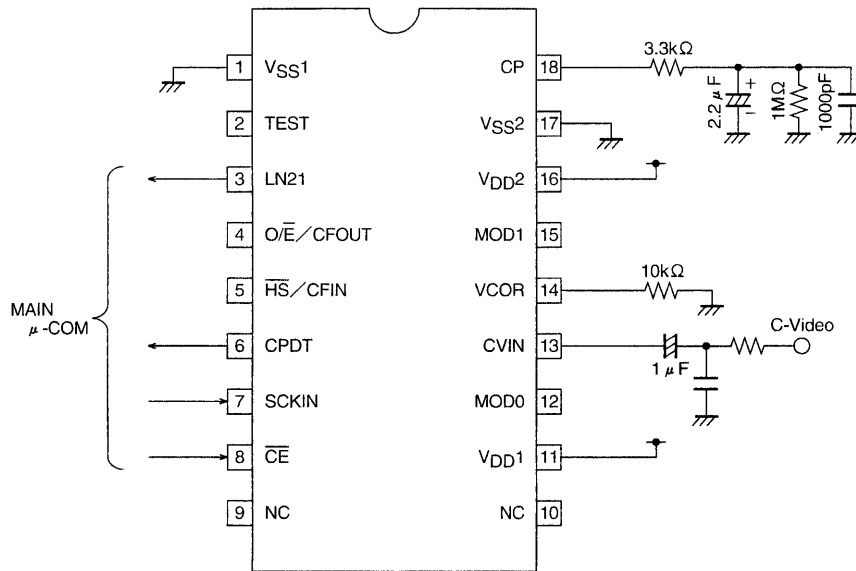
In modes 1 and 2, since data is output to the output buffer once every frame (in the even field), the decoder IC (microcontroller) must perform a transfer control operation at least twice every frame (about 32 ms). When the second control operation is performed in a given frame, the CPDT output for that second operation will be 16 bits of zeros. This allows the microprocessor to recognize that the data for the next frame has not yet been transferred to the output buffer.

Notes: When \overline{CE} remains low, the hardware will not transfer the data to the output buffer. Thus applications must restore \overline{CE} from low to high after each data transfer to the decoder IC (microcontroller) operation has completed. This transfer technique (method 2) cannot be used in modes 3 and 4.

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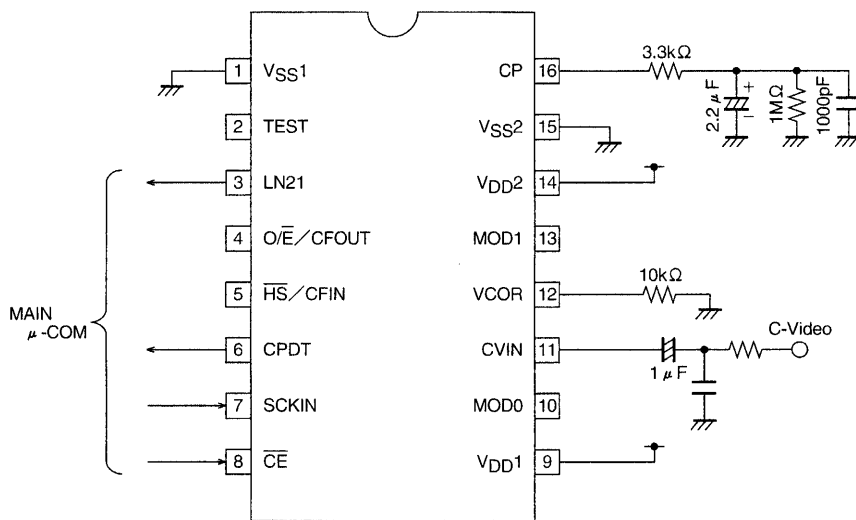
Sample Application Circuits (mode 1)

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DIP16

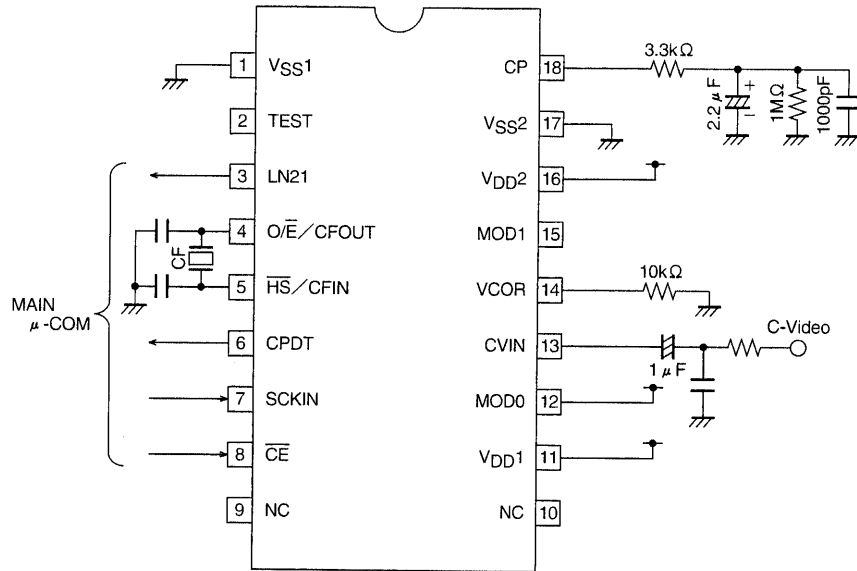


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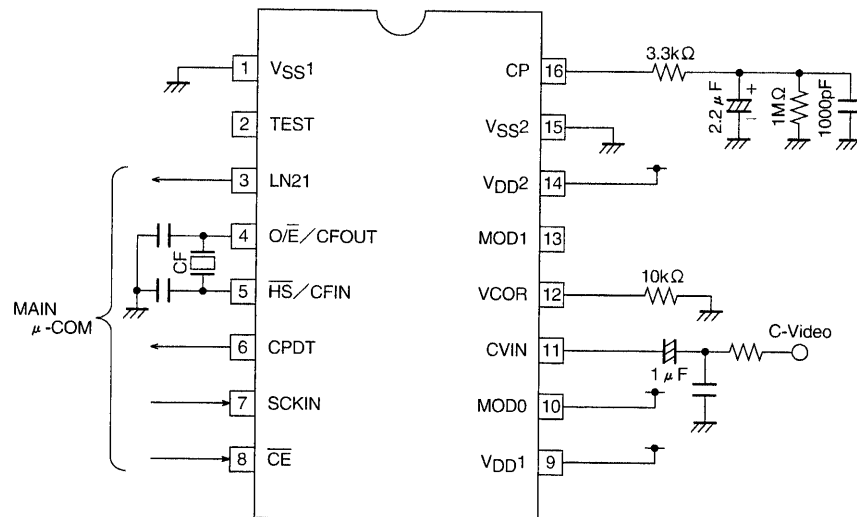
Sample Application Circuits (mode 2)

MFP18



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DIP16

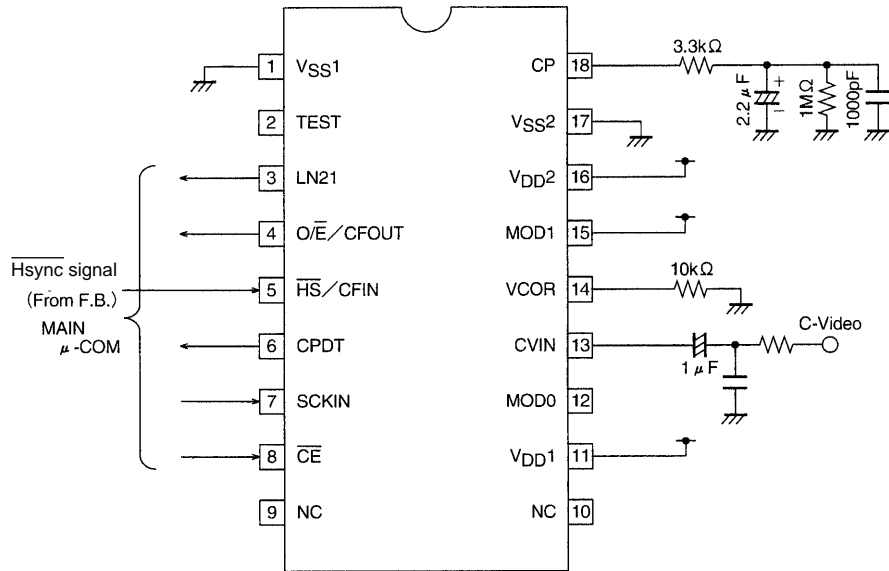


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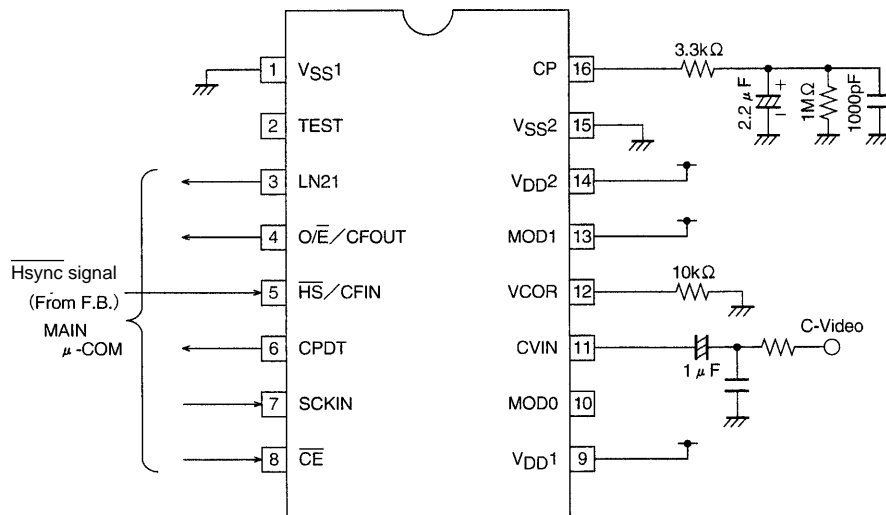
Sample Application Circuits (mode 3)

MFP18



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DIP16

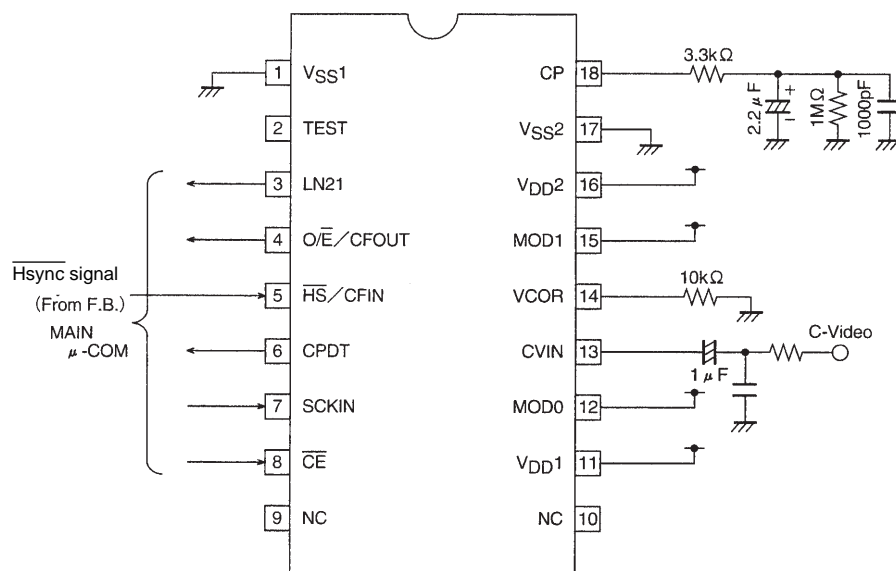


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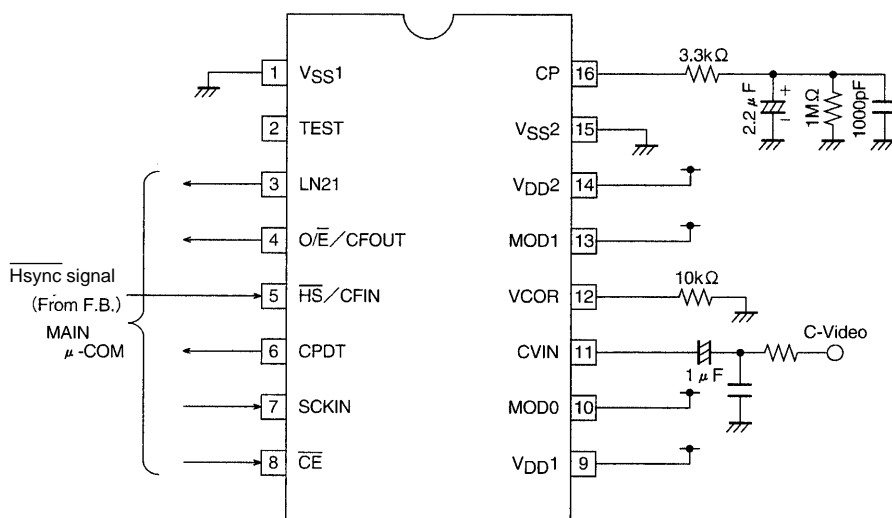
Sample Application Circuits (mode 4)

MFP18



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DIP16



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