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AUTO SHUT-OFF AC POWER SWITCH WITH PROGRAMMABLE TIMER

FEATURES:

- Phase-Lock Loop Synchronization allows use in Wall Switch Applications.
- PLL accuracy delivers Pure AC Power.
- Timer programmable with external R-C.
- ON input switches AC Power On and starts Timer.
- OFF input switches AC Power Off.
- 50/60Hz Line Frequency.
- +12V to +18V Operation (Vss VDD).
- LS7339, LS7340 (DIP) See Figure 1
- LS7339-S, LS7340-S (SOIC)

APPLICATIONS:

- AUTO SHUT-OFF TIMER for appliances such as coffee pots, curling irons, hair curlers, electric blankets, hand dryers.
- TIMED-ON WALL SWITCH for incandescent lighting and heat lamps.

DESCRIPTION:

The LS7339 and LS7340 are monolithic MOS integrated circuits designed to turn a triac On and Off in a Power Switch for AC loads. Activation of the ON input will always turn the triac On and start a Timer. The triac remains On for the duration of the Timer which is controlled by an <u>external R-C</u> connected to the OSCILLATOR input. Activation of the OFF input will always turn the triac Off. The two ICs differ only in the width of the TRIG pulse used to trigger the triac. (See I/O Description, Pin 4.)

In a typical application (Figure 5), the output of the LS7339 drives the gate of a triac in series with the load. Because the LS7339 is accurately synchronized to the line frequency with a phase-lock loop, the power delivered by the triac to the load is pure AC, allowing use with inductive loads such as motors and transformers.

There are two states through which the LS7339 can be stepped. The states and their corresponding operating modes, phase angles, and delivered power levels are shown in Table 1.

(See Figures 2 and 3)	STATE 0	STATE 1
OPERATING MODE	OFF	Timed-On
PHASE ANGLE, Ø	No Output	159°
% LOAD POWER (1)	0	99

(1) The percentage of full power delivered to a resistive load by the triac switch.

OPERATING DESCRIPTION:

Upon power up, internal power-on-reset starts the LS7339 in STATE 0. When the \overline{ON} input transitions to logic 0, the circuit steps to STATE 1. When the \overline{OFF} input transitions to logic 0, the circuit steps to STATE 0. When the logic method as shown in the application example (Figure 5), this is accomplished by the momentary switching of the appropriate input to VDD through S1. STATE 1 is a quasi-stable state.



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If left in STATE 1, after a time-out period determined by the frequency set at the OSC input (See I/O Description, Pin 6), the circuit automatically steps to STATE 0. If the ON input transitions to logic 0 before completion of the time-out period in STATE 1, the Timer is restarted, beginning a new time-out

INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION:

ON (Pin 1) - See NOTE 1

A logic 0 applied to this input for a minimum of three SYNC cycles, Ts1 (50ms for 60Hz, 60ms for 50Hz), turns TRIG On and starts a Timer. Upon completion of the Time-out, TD1, TRIG turns Off. While the Time-out is in progress a new transition to logic 0 at this input for a minimum of three SYNC Cycles, Ts1, restarts the Timer. This input is designed for Touch or Switch control. (See Figure 5.)

OFF (Pin 2) - See NOTE 2

A logic 0 applied to this input for a minimum of three SYNC cycles, Ts1, turns TRIG Off. This input is designed for Switch control only. (See Figure 5.)

VDD (Pin 3)

Supply voltage negative terminal.

TRIG (Pin 4)

TRIG is a negative going pulse occurring once every half cycle of the SYNC input. Pulse width is 1ms (LS7339) or 33µs (LS7340). The LS7339 wide pulse width may be required for inductive loads. The LS7340 narrow pulse width allows use of a smaller value of C2 power supply capacitor. (See Figure 5.)

Vss (Pin 5)

Supply voltage positive terminal.

OSC (Pin 6)

An R-C network connected to this input controls the frequency of oscillation which determines the Time-out, TD1, in State 1. TD1 is approximately 255RC. The Oscillator is active only in State 1. Chip to chip Oscillation Tolerance is $\pm 10\%$ for fixed value of RC. Tie Pin 6 to Vss if a Time-out is not desired. (See Figure 5.)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS:						
PARAMETER DC supply voltage Any input voltage Operating temperature Storage temperature DC ELECTRICAL CHARACT	SYMBOL Vss - Vdd Vin TA Tstg		VALUE +20 Vss-20 to Vss + .5 0 to +85 -65 to +150		UNIT V °C °C	
$(1A = 25^{\circ}C, all voltages refere$	enced to VDD)					
PARAMETER Supply Voltage Supply Current	SYMBOL Vss Iss	MIN +12 -	TYP - 1.6	MAX +18 2.2	UNIT V mA	CONDITIONS - Vss = +15V, Output off
Input Voltages SYNC Lo SYNC Hi ON Lo ON Hi OFF Lo OFF Hi	Virl Virh Viol Vioh Vivl Vivh	0 Vss-5.5 0 Vss-2 0 Vss-2	- - - - -	Vss-9.5 Vss Vss-8 Vss Vss-8 Vss	V V V V V	- - - -
Input Current SYNC, ON & OFF Hi	Ін	-	-	110	uA	With Series 1.5M Resistor to 115VAC
SYNC, ON & OFF Lo	lıL.	-	-	100	nA	-
TRIG Hi Voltage TRIG Lo Voltage TRIG Sink Current	VOH VOL IOS	- - 25	Vss Vss-8 -	- - -	V V mA	- Vss = +15V Vss = +15V, Vol = Vss - 4V
(All timings are based on Fs = 60Hz, unless otherwise specified.)						

PARAMETER SYNC Frequency ON/OFF Sense Time	SYMBOL Fs Ts1	MIN 40 50	TYP - -	MAX 70 Infinite	UNIT Hz ms
TRIG Pulse Width (LS7339) (LS7340)	Tw Tw	-	1.0 33	- -	ms µs
STATE 1 Time-out	TD1	-	255RC	-	S

TABLE 2. COMPONENT FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION FOR FIGURE 5

COMPONENTS	FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION
Z1, D1, R1, C2, C3	DC Power Supply.
R2, C4	Current limit and filter AC for SYNC input.
C1, L1	RFI filtering for AC Mains.
C5	PLL filter capacitor.
R5	Current limiting and isolation betweenIC output and Triac Gate.
R6, R7, C6	Oscillator R-C network.
	Potentiometer R6 required only if providing user adjustment of Time-out, TD1.
R3, R4	Pullup resistors to establish normally inactive condition of ON and OFF inputs.
S1	Momentary Double Throw Switch used to activate appropriate input.



NOTES: 1. Use Connection A when Neutral is not available. Use Connection B when Neutral is available.
2. Snubber Network C7, R8 may be required for some inductive loads.
3. See Table 2 for Component Functional Description.

	115VAC	220VAC		115VAC	220VAC
(1)(3) R1	150 , 1W	360 , 2W	(1)(2) C3	100µF	100µF
(2)(4) R1	82	82	(3)(4) C3	47µF	47µF
R2	1.5M	1.5M	C4	470pF	470pF
R3	100k	100k	C5	0.047µF	0.047µF
R4	100k	100k	C6	(6)	(6)
R5	100	100	C7	0.1µF, 200V	0.1µF, 400V
R6	(5)(6)	(5)(6)	Z1	15V, 1/2W	15V, 1/2W
R7	(5)(6)	(5)(6)	D1	1N4148	1N4148
R8	1.8k ,1W	1.8k ,2W	L1	100µH	200µH
C1	0.15µF, 200V	0.15µF, 400V	(7) T1	Q4008L4	Q5004L4
(1) C2	1.0µF, 200V	0.47µF, 400V			
(2) C2	0.47µF, 200V	0.22µF, 400V			
(3) C2	0.33µF, 200V	0.22µF, 400V			
(4) C2	0.22µF, 200V	0.1µF, 400V			
 (1) LS7339, Connection A (2) LS7339, Connection B (3) LS7340, Connection A (4) LS7340, Connection B (5) 100k (R6 + R7) 10M (6) (R6 + R7)C6 5ms (7) Typical 					
All Resistors 1/4W, all Capacitors 25V unless otherwise specified					



FIGURE 6. PRODUCING VERY LONG TIME-OUTS BY PULSE MODULATING THE OSCILLATOR

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