

# Dual octal transceiver/registers, non-inverting (3-State)

MB2652

## FEATURES

- Independent registers for A and B buses
- Multiple  $V_{CC}$  and GND pins minimize switching noise
- Live insertion/extraction permitted
- Power-up 3-State
- Power-up reset
- Multiplexed real-time and stored data
- Output capability: +64mA/−32mA

- Latch-up protection exceeds 500mA per Jedec JC40.2 Std 17
- ESD protection exceeds 2000V per MIL STD 883 Method 3015 and 200V per Machine Model

## DESCRIPTION

The MB2652 high-performance BiCMOS device combines low static and dynamic

power dissipation with high speed and high output drive.

The MB2652 transceiver/register consists of two sets of bus transceiver circuits with 3-State outputs, D-type flip-flops, and control circuitry arranged for multiplexed transmission of data directly from the input bus or the internal registers. Data on the A or B bus will be clocked into the registers as the appropriate clock pin goes High. Output Enable ( $\overline{OEAB}$ ,  $\overline{OEBA}$ ) and Select ( $\overline{SAB}$ ,  $\overline{SBA}$ ) pins are provided for bus management.

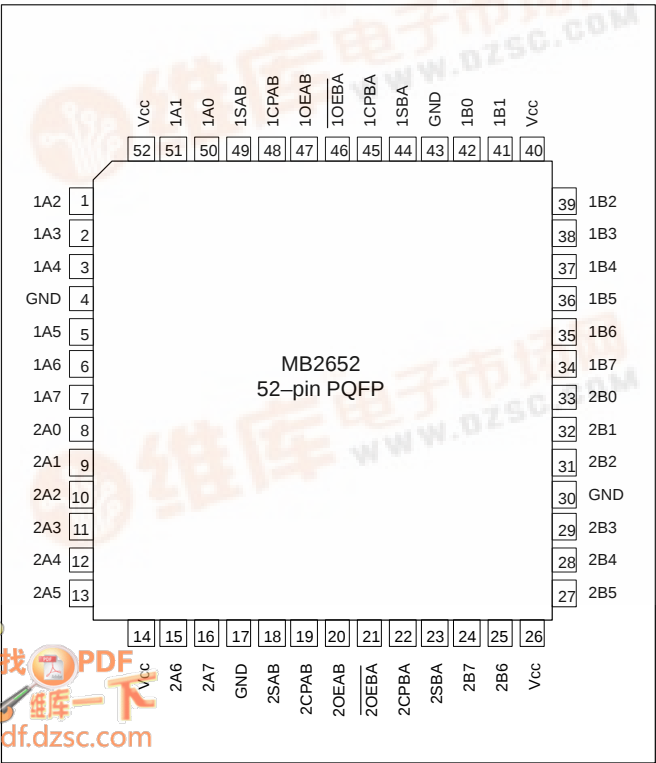
## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| SYMBOL                 | PARAMETER                    | CONDITIONS<br>$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; $GND = 0V$ | TYPICAL | UNIT          |
|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------------|
| $t_{PLH}$<br>$t_{PHL}$ | Propagation delay nAx to nBx | $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ ; $V_{CC} = 5V$                       | 3.3     | ns            |
| $C_{IN}$               | Input capacitance            | $V_I = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$                                    | 4       | pF            |
| $C_{I/O}$              | I/O capacitance              | $V_O = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$ ; 3-State                          | 7       | pF            |
| $I_{CCZ}$              | Total supply current         | Outputs disabled; $V_{CC} = 5.5V$                         | 120     | $\mu\text{A}$ |

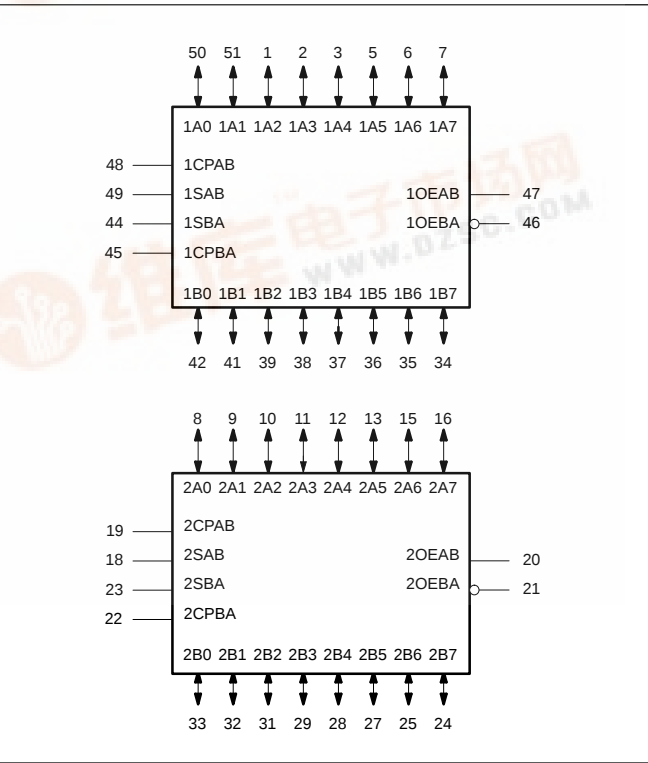
## ORDERING INFORMATION

| PACKAGES                            | TEMPERATURE RANGE | ORDER CODE | DRAWING NUMBER |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|----------------|
| 52-pin plastic Quad Flat Pack (QFP) | −40°C to +85°C    | MB2652BB   | 1418B          |

## PIN CONFIGURATION



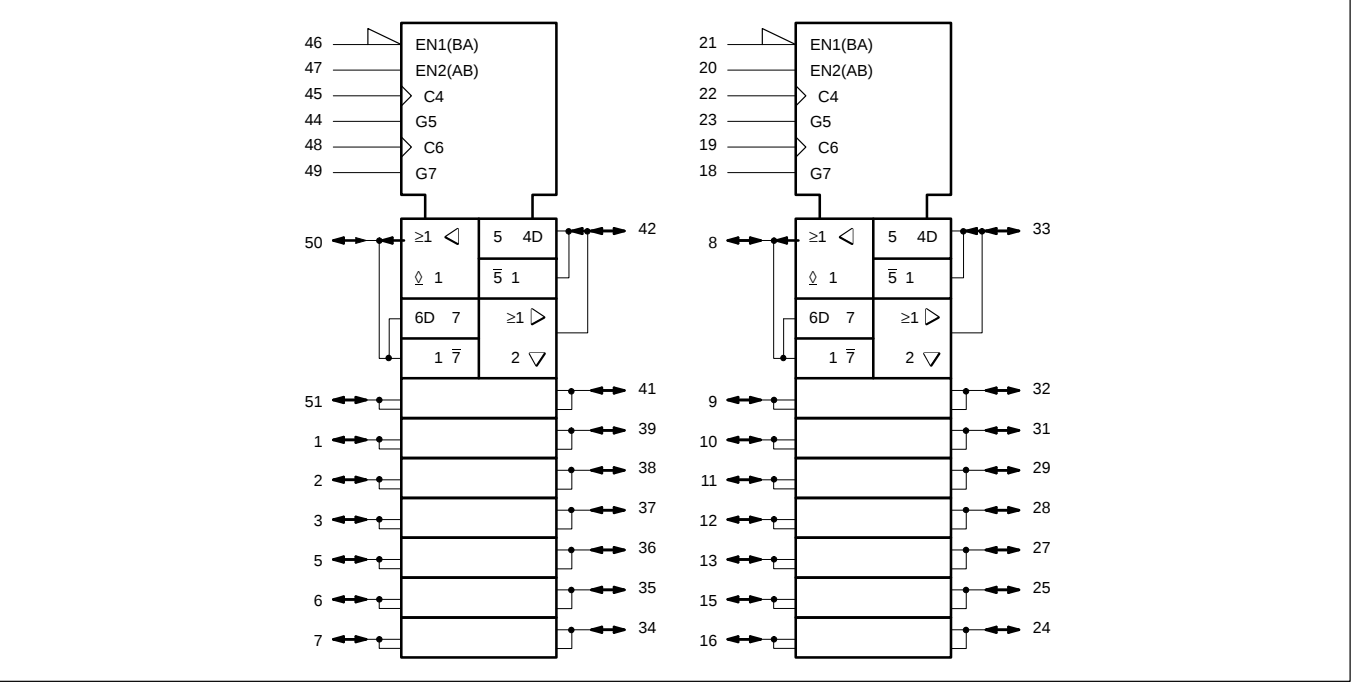
## LOGIC SYMBOL



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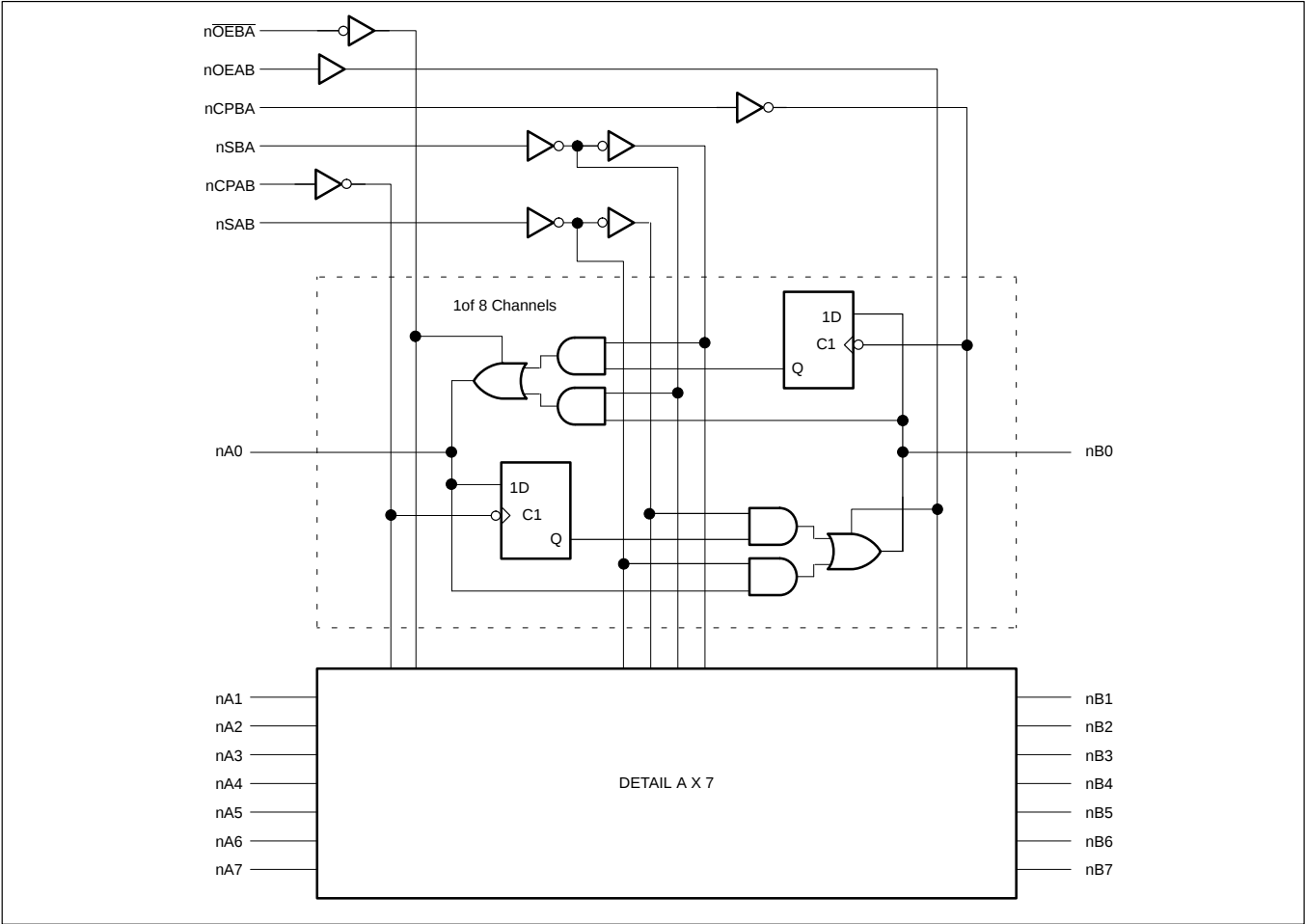
LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



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LOGIC DIAGRAM



FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS |       |             |             |      |      | DATA I/O               |                        | OPERATING MODE                                      |
|--------|-------|-------------|-------------|------|------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| nOEAB  | nOEBA | nCPAB       | nCPBA       | nSAB | nSBA | nAx                    | nBx                    |                                                     |
| L      | H     | H or L<br>↑ | H or L<br>↑ | X    | X    | Input                  | Input                  | Isolation<br>Store A and B data                     |
| X      | H     | ↑           | H or L<br>↑ | X    | X    | Input                  | Unspecified<br>output* | Store A, Hold B<br>Store A in both registers        |
| L      | X     | H or L<br>↑ | ↑           | X    | X    | Unspecified<br>output* | Input                  | Hold A, Store B<br>Store B in both registers        |
| L      | L     | X           | X           | X    | L    | Output                 | Input                  | Real time B data to A bus<br>Stored B data to A bus |
| H      | H     | X           | X           | L    | X    | Input                  | Output                 | Real time A data to B bus<br>Store A data to B bus  |
| H      | L     | H or L      | H or L      | H    | H    | Output                 | Output                 | Stored A data to B bus<br>Stored B data to A bus    |

H = High voltage level

L = Low voltage level

X = Don't care

↑ = Low-to-High clock transition

\* The data output function may be enabled or disabled by various signals at the nOEBA and nOEAB inputs. Data input functions are always enabled, i.e., data at the bus pins will be stored on every Low-to-High transition of the clock.

\*\* If both Select controls (nSAB and nSBA) are Low, then clocks can occur simultaneously. If either Select control is High, the clocks must be staggered in order to load both registers.

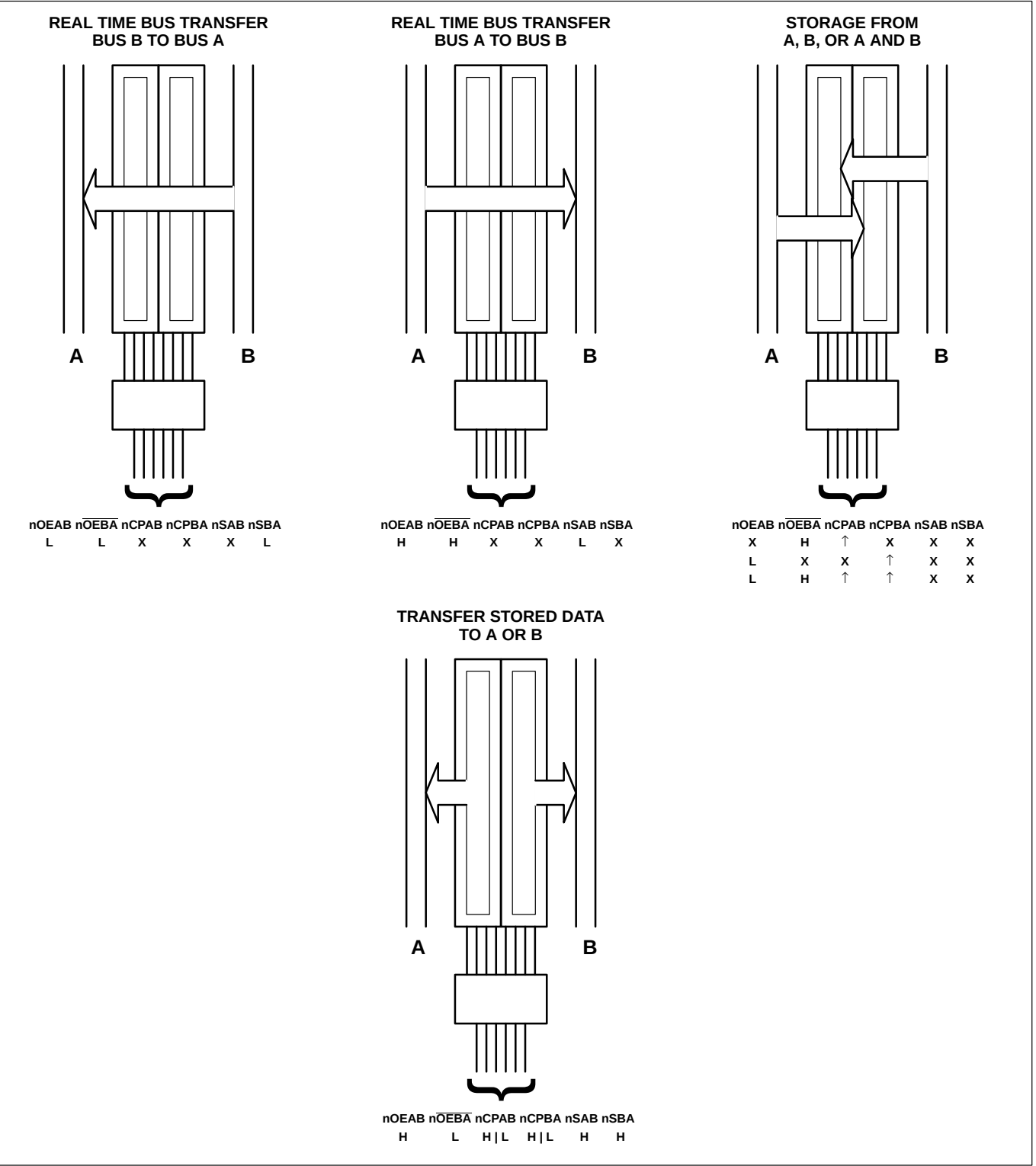
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The following examples demonstrate the four fundamental bus-management functions that can be performed with the MB2652. The

select pins determine whether data is stored or transferred through the device in real

time. The output enable pins determine the direction of the data flow.



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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>1, 2</sup>

| SYMBOL    | PARAMETER                      | CONDITIONS                  | RATING       | UNIT |
|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|------|
| $V_{CC}$  | DC supply voltage              |                             | −0.5 to +7.0 | V    |
| $I_{IK}$  | DC input diode current         | $V_I < 0$                   | −18          | mA   |
| $V_I$     | DC input voltage <sup>3</sup>  |                             | −1.2 to +7.0 | V    |
| $I_{OK}$  | DC output diode current        | $V_O < 0$                   | −50          | mA   |
| $V_{OUT}$ | DC output voltage <sup>3</sup> | output in Off or High state | −0.5 to +5.5 | V    |
| $I_{OUT}$ | DC output current              | output in Low state         | 128          | mA   |
| $T_{stg}$ | Storage temperature range      |                             | −65 to 150   | °C   |

### NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The performance capability of a high-performance integrated circuit in conjunction with its thermal environment can create junction temperatures which are detrimental to reliability. The maximum junction temperature of this integrated circuit should not exceed 150°C.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| SYMBOL              | PARAMETER                            | LIMITS |          | UNIT |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|----------|------|
|                     |                                      | MIN    | MAX      |      |
| $V_{CC}$            | DC supply voltage                    | 4.5    | 5.5      | V    |
| $V_I$               | Input voltage                        | 0      | $V_{CC}$ | V    |
| $V_{IH}$            | High-level input voltage             | 2.0    |          | V    |
| $V_{IL}$            | Low-level Input voltage              |        | 0.8      | V    |
| $I_{OH}$            | High-level output current            |        | −32      | mA   |
| $I_{OL}$            | Low-level output current             |        | 64       | mA   |
| $\Delta t/\Delta v$ | Input transition rise or fall rate   | 0      | 10       | ns/V |
| $T_{amb}$           | Operating free-air temperature range | −40    | +85      | °C   |

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## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| SYMBOL                             | PARAMETER                                            |              | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                         | LIMITS                   |       |      |                                   |      | UNIT |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|------|-----------------------------------|------|------|
|                                    |                                                      |              |                                                                                                                                         | T <sub>amb</sub> = +25°C |       |      | T <sub>amb</sub> = -40°C to +85°C |      |      |
|                                    |                                                      |              |                                                                                                                                         | MIN                      | TYP   | MAX  | MIN                               | MAX  |      |
| V <sub>IK</sub>                    | Input clamp voltage                                  |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V; I <sub>IK</sub> = -18mA                                                                                         |                          | -0.9  | -1.2 |                                   | -1.2 | V    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>                    | High-level output voltage                            |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -3mA; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>                                     | 2.5                      | 2.9   |      | 2.5                               |      | V    |
|                                    |                                                      |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -3mA; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>                                     | 3.0                      | 4.0   |      | 3.0                               |      | V    |
|                                    |                                                      |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -32mA; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>                                    | 2.0                      | 2.4   |      | 2.0                               |      | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>                    | Low-level output voltage                             |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 64mA; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>                                     |                          | 0.42  | 0.55 |                                   | 0.55 | V    |
| V <sub>RST</sub>                   | Power-up output low voltage <sup>3</sup>             |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 1mA; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>                                                  |                          | 0.13  | 0.55 |                                   | 0.55 | V    |
| I <sub>I</sub>                     | Input leakage current                                | Control pins | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or 5.5V                                                                                    |                          | ±0.01 | ±1.0 |                                   | ±1.0 | μA   |
|                                    |                                                      | Data pins    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or 5.5V                                                                                    |                          | ±5    | ±100 |                                   | ±100 | μA   |
| I <sub>OFF</sub>                   | Power-off leakage current                            |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0V; V <sub>O</sub> or V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 4.5V                                                                           |                          | ±5.0  | ±100 |                                   | ±100 | μA   |
| I <sub>PU/PD</sub>                 | Power-up/down 3-State output current <sup>4</sup>    |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0V; V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; V <sub>OE</sub> = V <sub>OE</sub> = Don't care |                          | ±5.0  | ±50  |                                   | ±50  | μA   |
| I <sub>IH</sub> + I <sub>OZH</sub> | 3-State output High current                          |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; V <sub>O</sub> = 2.7V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>                                      |                          | 5.0   | 50   |                                   | 50   | μA   |
| I <sub>IL</sub> + I <sub>OZL</sub> | 3-State output Low current                           |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>                                      |                          | -5.0  | -50  |                                   | -50  | μA   |
| I <sub>CEX</sub>                   | Output High leakage current                          |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>                                                  |                          | 5.0   | 50   |                                   | 50   | μA   |
| I <sub>O</sub>                     | Output current <sup>1</sup>                          |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5V                                                                                           | -50                      | -80   | -180 | -50                               | -180 | mA   |
| I <sub>CCH</sub>                   | Quiescent supply current                             |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; Outputs High, V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>                                                           |                          | 120   | 250  |                                   | 250  | μA   |
| I <sub>CCL</sub>                   |                                                      |              |                                                                                                                                         | 38                       | 60    |      | 60                                | mA   |      |
| I <sub>CCZ</sub>                   |                                                      |              |                                                                                                                                         | 120                      | 250   |      | 250                               | μA   |      |
| ΔI <sub>CC</sub>                   | Additional supply current per input pin <sup>2</sup> |              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; one input at 3.4V, other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND                                                       |                          | 0.5   | 1.5  |                                   | 1.5  | mA   |

### NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed one second.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input at 3.4V.
- For valid test results, data must not be loaded into the flip-flops (or latches) after applying the power.
- This parameter is valid for any  $V_{CC}$  between 0V and 2.1V with a transition time of up to 10msec. From  $V_{CC} = 2.1\text{V}$  to  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%$  a transition time of up to 100 $\mu\text{sec}$  is permitted.

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## AC CHARACTERISTICS

GND = 0V,  $t_R = t_F = 2.5\text{ns}$ ,  $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ ,  $R_L = 500\Omega$ 

| SYMBOL                               | PARAMETER                                         | WAVEFORM | LIMITS                                              |            |            |                                                                  |            | UNIT |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|
|                                      |                                                   |          | T <sub>amb</sub> = +25°C<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V |            |            | T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 to +85°C<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V ±0.5V |            |      |
|                                      |                                                   |          | MIN                                                 | TYP        | MAX        | MIN                                                              | MAX        |      |
| f <sub>MAX</sub>                     | Maximum clock frequency                           | 1        | 130                                                 | 190        |            | 130                                                              |            | MHz  |
| t <sub>PLH</sub><br>t <sub>PHL</sub> | Propagation delay<br>nCPAB to nBx or nCPBA to nAx | 1        | 2.1<br>2.7                                          | 3.9<br>4.4 | 5.3<br>5.7 | 2.1<br>2.7                                                       | 5.8<br>6.3 | ns   |
| t <sub>PLH</sub><br>t <sub>PHL</sub> | Propagation delay<br>nAx to nBx or nBx to nAx     | 2        | 1.4<br>1.4                                          | 3.2<br>3.3 | 4.3<br>4.7 | 1.4<br>1.4                                                       | 4.8<br>5.3 | ns   |
| t <sub>PLH</sub><br>t <sub>PHL</sub> | Propagation delay<br>nSAB to nBx or nSBA to nAx   | 3        | 1.3<br>2.1                                          | 3.6<br>3.8 | 5.0<br>5.3 | 1.3<br>2.1                                                       | 5.6<br>5.8 | ns   |
| t <sub>PZH</sub><br>t <sub>PZL</sub> | Output enable time<br>nOEBA to nAx                | 5<br>6   | 1.0<br>1.8                                          | 2.9<br>3.6 | 4.1<br>4.8 | 1.0<br>1.8                                                       | 4.8<br>5.5 | ns   |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub><br>t <sub>PLZ</sub> | Output disable time<br>nOEBA to nAx               | 5<br>6   | 1.0<br>1.6                                          | 3.8<br>3.2 | 5.0<br>4.5 | 1.0<br>1.6                                                       | 5.5<br>5.1 | ns   |
| t <sub>PZH</sub><br>t <sub>PZL</sub> | Output enable time<br>nOEAB to nBx                | 5<br>6   | 1.2<br>2.7                                          | 3.7<br>4.5 | 5.0<br>5.8 | 1.2<br>2.7                                                       | 5.6<br>6.3 | ns   |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub><br>t <sub>PLZ</sub> | Output disable time<br>nOEAB to nBx               | 5<br>6   | 1.0<br>1.2                                          | 3.4<br>3.1 | 4.7<br>4.2 | 1.0<br>1.2                                                       | 5.3<br>4.9 | ns   |

## AC SETUP REQUIREMENTS

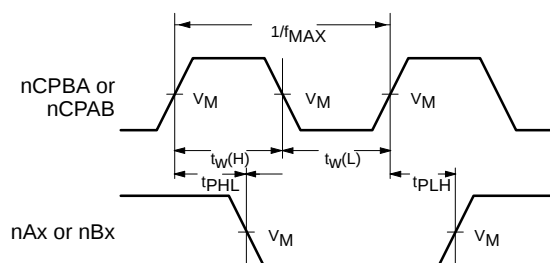
GND = 0V,  $t_R = t_F = 2.5\text{ns}$ ,  $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ ,  $R_L = 500\Omega$ 

| SYMBOL                                               | PARAMETER                                  | WAVEFORM | LIMITS                                                                 |             |                                                                                                        | UNIT |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
|                                                      |                                            |          | $T_{\text{amb}} = +25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$V_{\text{CC}} = +5.0\text{V}$ |             | $T_{\text{amb}} = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$<br>$V_{\text{CC}} = +5.0\text{V} \pm 0.5\text{V}$ |      |
|                                                      |                                            |          | MIN                                                                    | TYP         | MIN                                                                                                    |      |
| $t_{\text{S}}(\text{H})$<br>$t_{\text{S}}(\text{L})$ | Setup time<br>nAx to nCPBA, nBx to nCPAB   | 4        | 2.0<br>1.5                                                             | 0.8<br>-0.1 | 2.0<br>1.5                                                                                             | ns   |
| $t_{\text{H}}(\text{H})$<br>$t_{\text{H}}(\text{L})$ | Hold time<br>nAx to nCPBA, nBx to nCPAB    | 4        | 1.5<br>1.0                                                             | 0.1<br>-0.7 | 1.5<br>1.0                                                                                             | ns   |
| $t_{\text{W}}(\text{H})$<br>$t_{\text{W}}(\text{L})$ | Pulse width, High or Low<br>nCPAB or nCPBA | 1        | 4.5<br>3.0                                                             | 2.5<br>2.0  | 4.5<br>3.0                                                                                             | ns   |

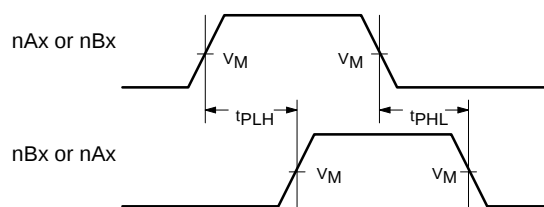
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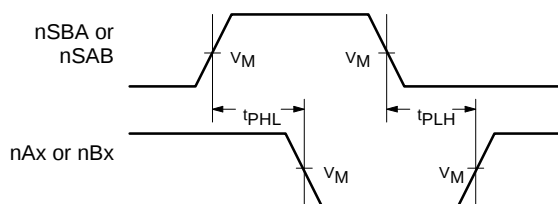
## AC WAVEFORMS

 $V_M = 1.5V$ ,  $V_{IN} = GND$  to  $3.0V$ 

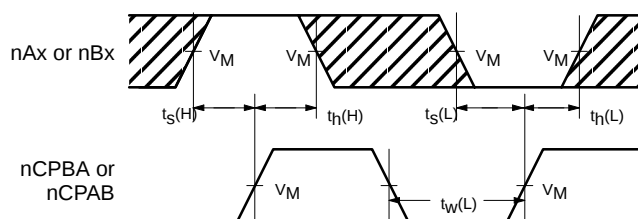
**Waveform 1. Propagation Delay, Clock Input to Output, Clock Pulse Width, and Maximum Clock Frequency**



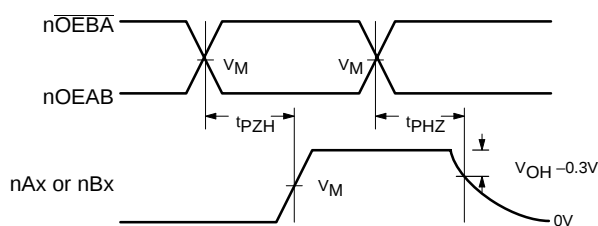
**Waveform 2. Propagation Delay, nAx to nBx or nBx to nAx**



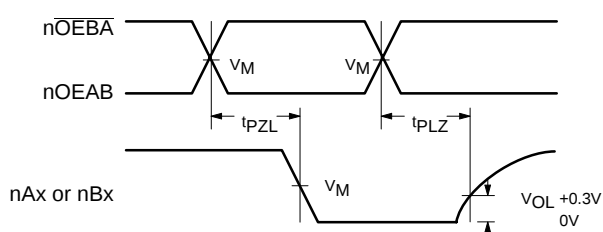
**Waveform 3. Propagation Delay, SBA to nAx or SAB to nBx**



**Waveform 4. Data Setup and Hold Times**



**Waveform 5. 3-State Output Enable Time to High Level and Output Disable Time from High Level**



**Waveform 6. 3-State Output Enable Time to Low Level and Output Disable Time from Low Level**

**NOTE:** The shaded areas indicate when the input is permitted to change for predictable output performance.

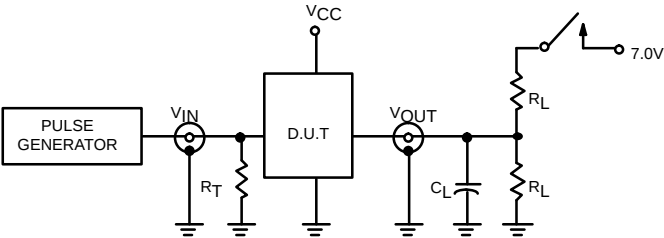
## PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN NUMBER                                                     | SYMBOL                        | NAME AND FUNCTION                         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 48, 45, 19, 22                                                 | 1CPAB, 1CPBA, 2CPAB, 2CPBA    | Clock input A to B / Clock input B to A   |
| 49, 44, 18, 23                                                 | 1SAB, 1SBA, 2SAB, 2SBA        | Select input A to B / Select input B to A |
| 50, 51, 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16         | 1A0 – 1A7,<br>2A0 – 2A7       | Data inputs/outputs (A side)              |
| 42, 41, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33, 32, 31, 29, 28, 27, 25, 24 | 1B0 – 1B7,<br>2B0 – 2B7       | Data inputs/outputs (B side)              |
| 47, 46, 20, 21                                                 | 1OEAB, 1OEBA,<br>2OEAB, 2OEBA | Output enable inputs                      |
| 4, 17, 30, 43                                                  | GND                           | Ground (0V)                               |
| 14, 26, 40, 52                                                 | $V_{CC}$                      | Positive supply voltage                   |

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TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORMS

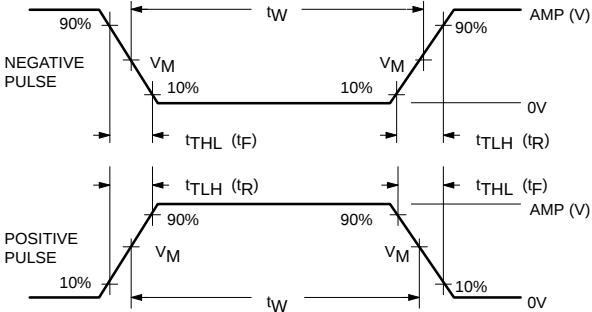


The diagram shows a test circuit for a 3-state output. A PULSE GENERATOR is connected to the input VIN of a D.U.T. (Device Under Test). The input line has a termination resistor RT to ground. The output VOUT of the D.U.T. is connected to a load resistor RL and a load capacitor CL in parallel. The output is also connected to a switch that can be moved to a 7.0V source. The D.U.T. is powered by VCC and ground.

**Test Circuit for 3-State Outputs**

**SWITCH POSITION**

| TEST      | SWITCH |
|-----------|--------|
| tPLZ      | closed |
| tPZL      | closed |
| All other | open   |



The waveforms show a negative pulse and a positive pulse. The negative pulse starts at 90% of the amplitude, falls to VM (10% level), stays at VM for time tW, and then rises back to 90%. The positive pulse starts at 10% of the amplitude, rises to VM (90% level), stays at VM for time tW, and then falls back to 10%. The amplitude VM is 1.5V. The waveforms are labeled with tTHL (tF) and tTLH (tR).

**Input Pulse Definition**

VM = 1.5V

**DEFINITIONS**

RL = Load resistor; see AC CHARACTERISTICS for value.

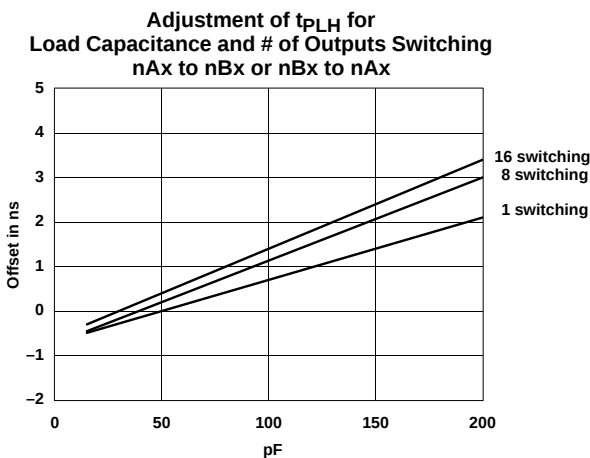
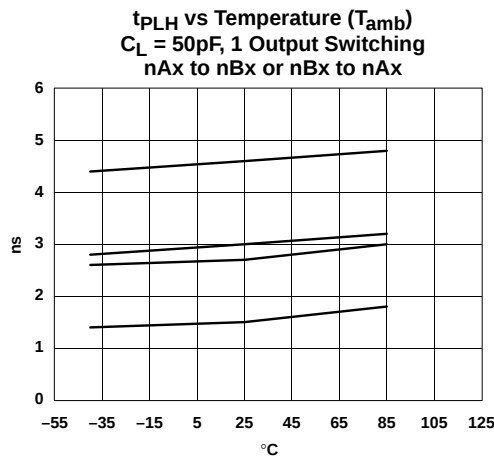
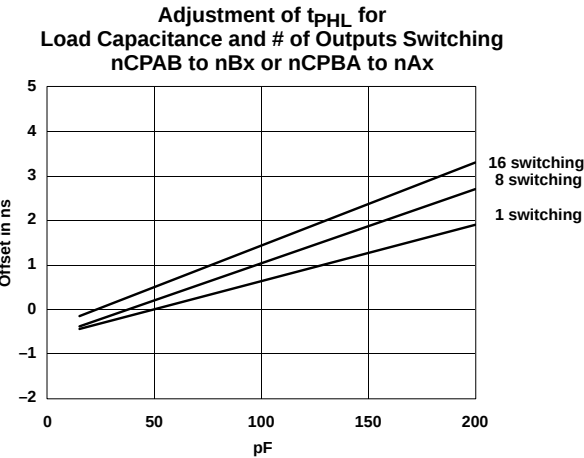
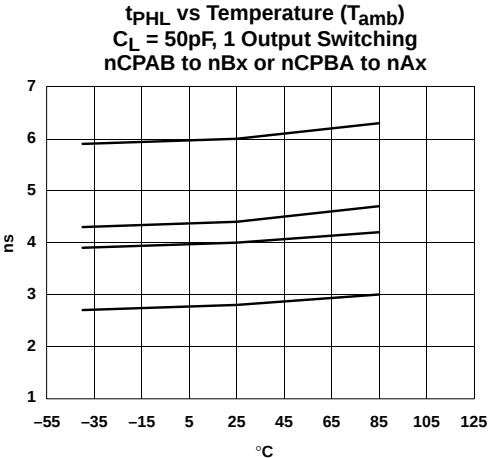
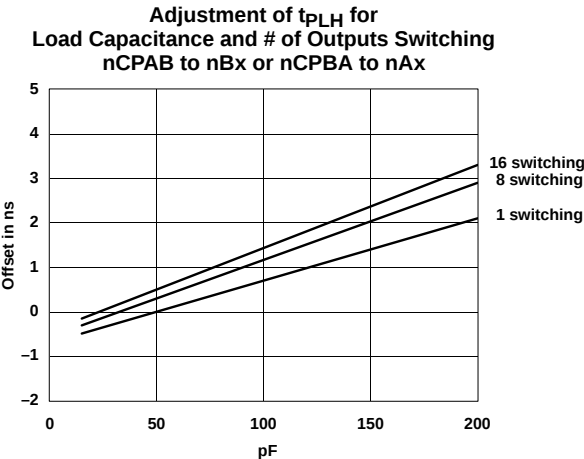
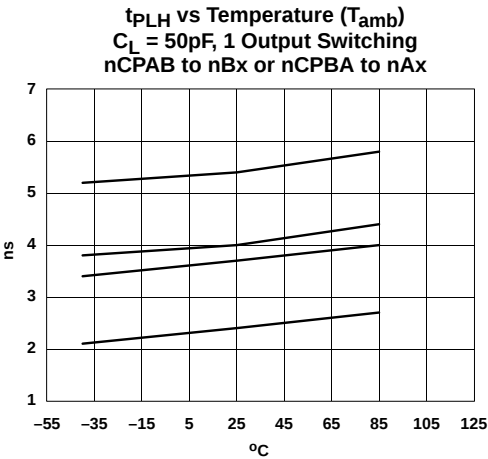
CL = Load capacitance includes jig and probe capacitance; see AC CHARACTERISTICS for value.

RT = Termination resistance should be equal to ZOUT of pulse generators.

| FAMILY | INPUT PULSE REQUIREMENTS |           |       |       |       |
|--------|--------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|
|        | Amplitude                | Rep. Rate | tW    | tR    | tF    |
| MB     | 3.0V                     | 1MHz      | 500ns | 2.5ns | 2.5ns |

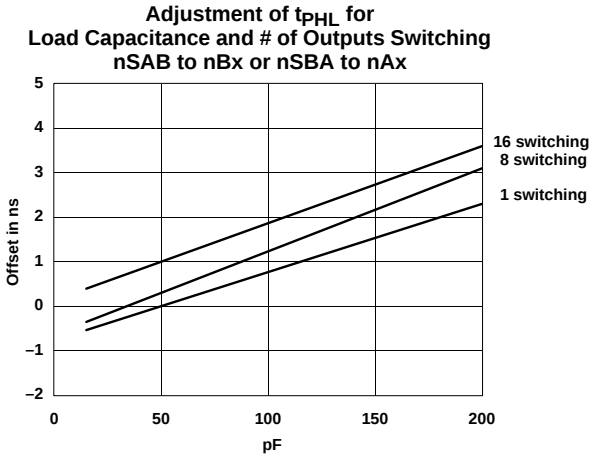
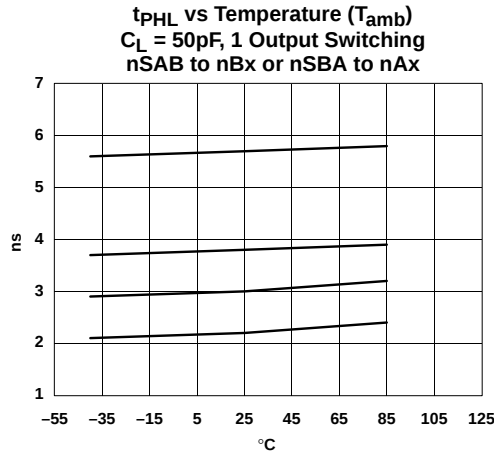
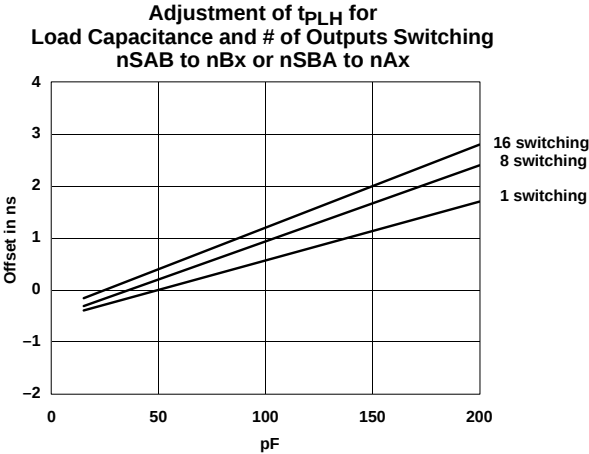
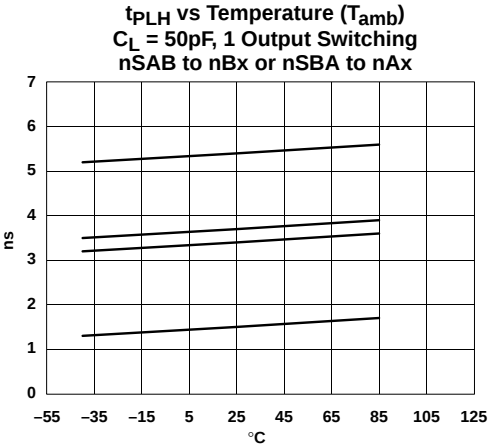
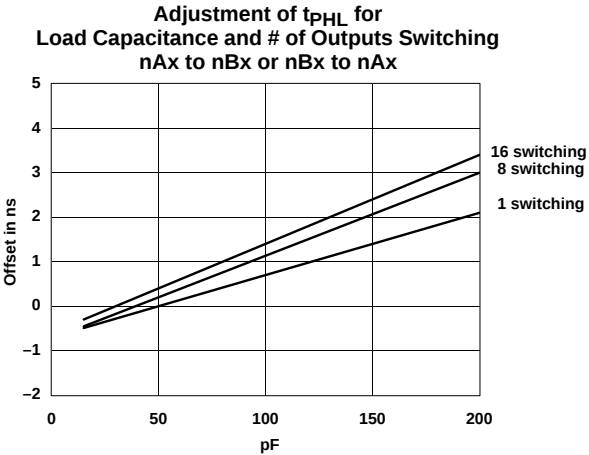
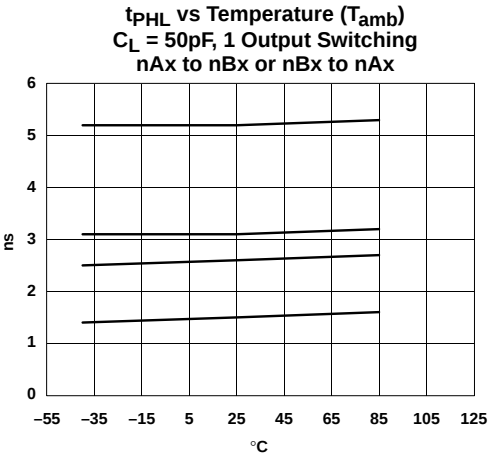
Dual octal transceiver/registers,  
non-inverting (3-State)

MB2652



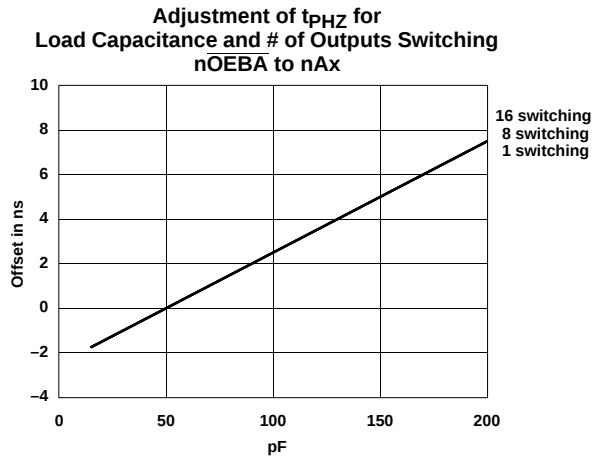
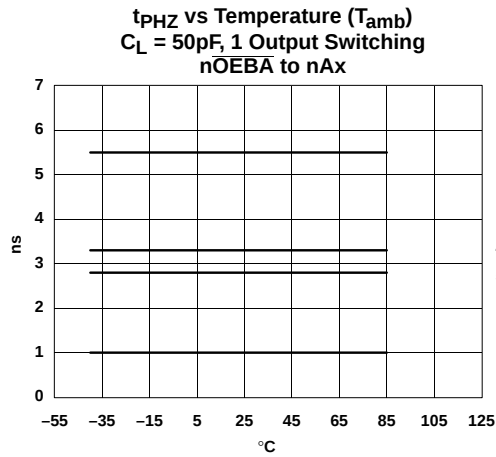
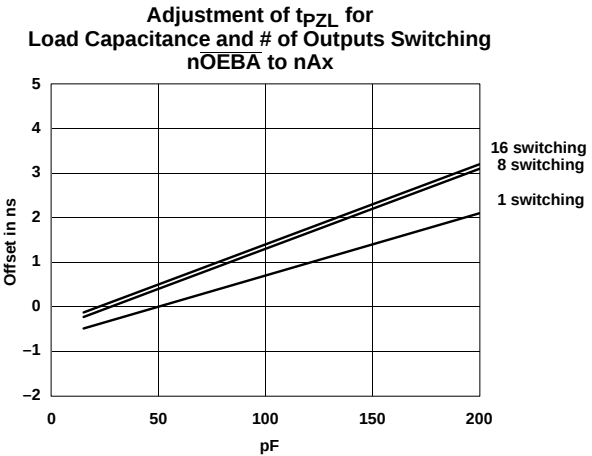
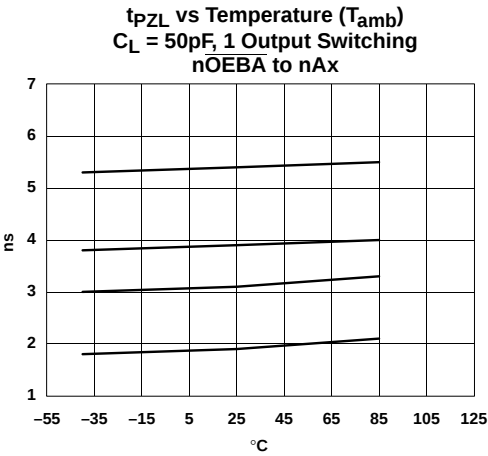
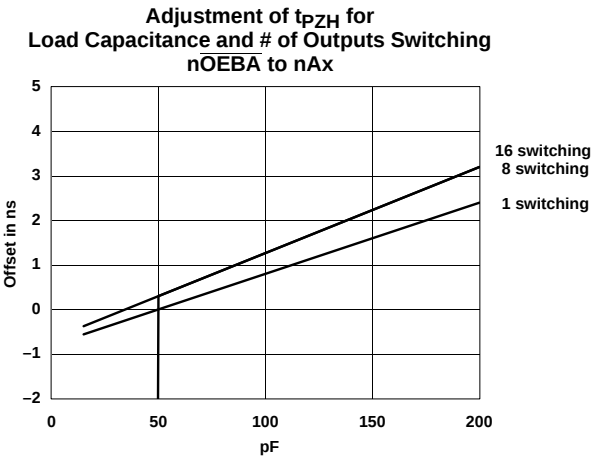
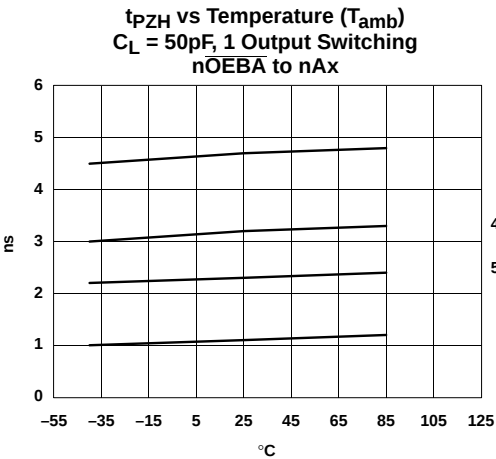
Dual octal transceiver/registers,  
non-inverting (3-State)

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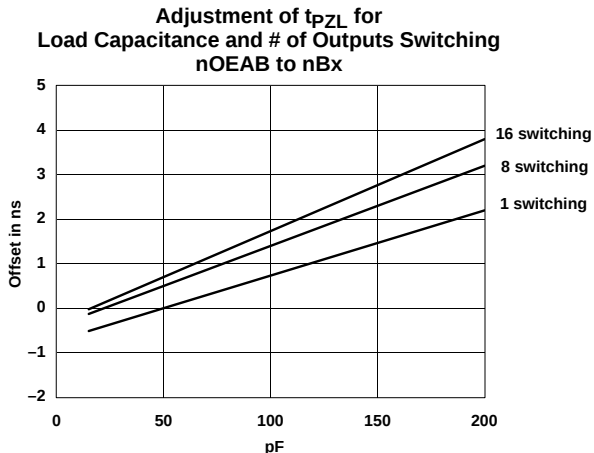
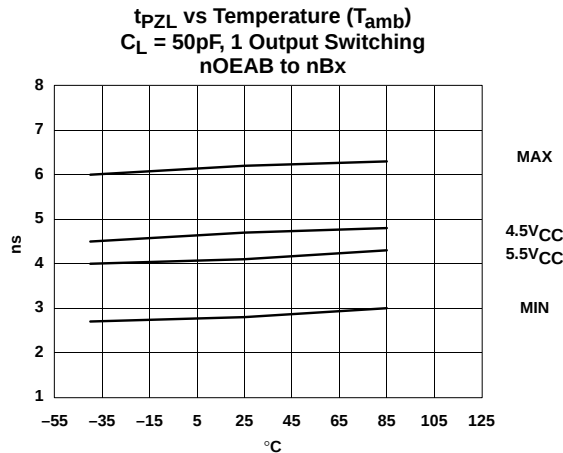
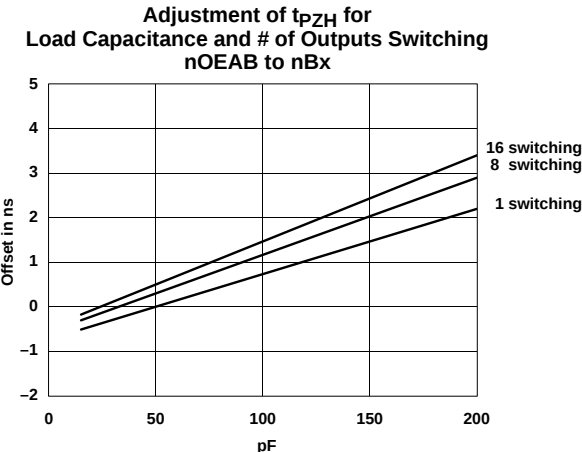
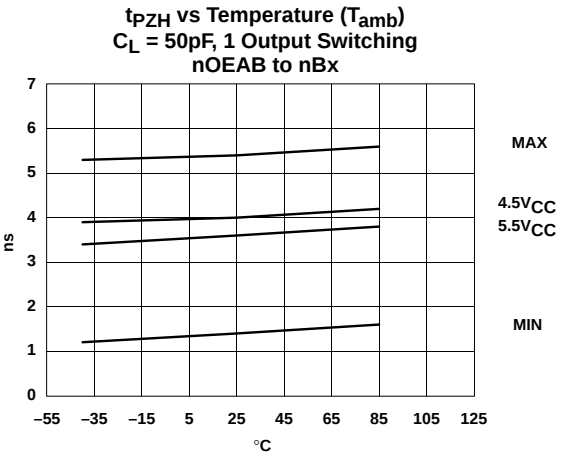
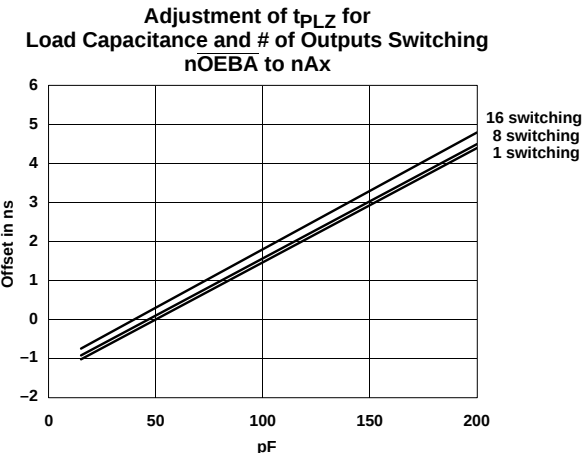
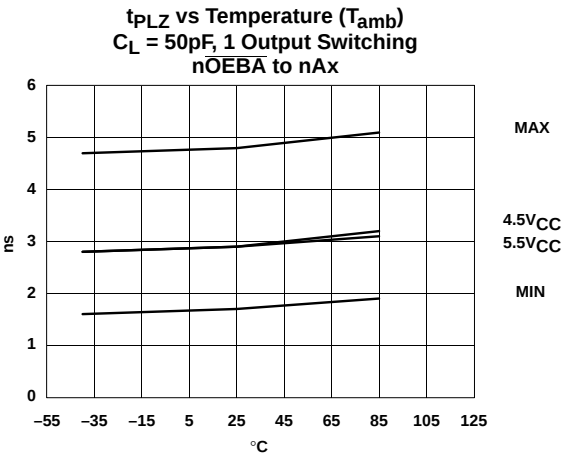
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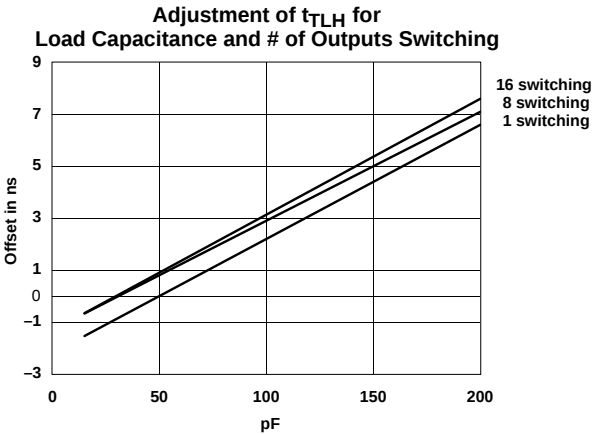
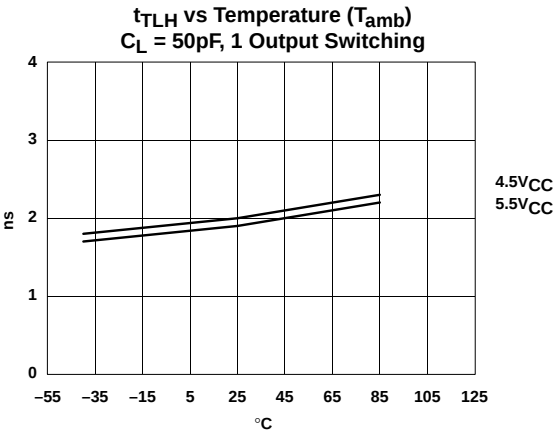
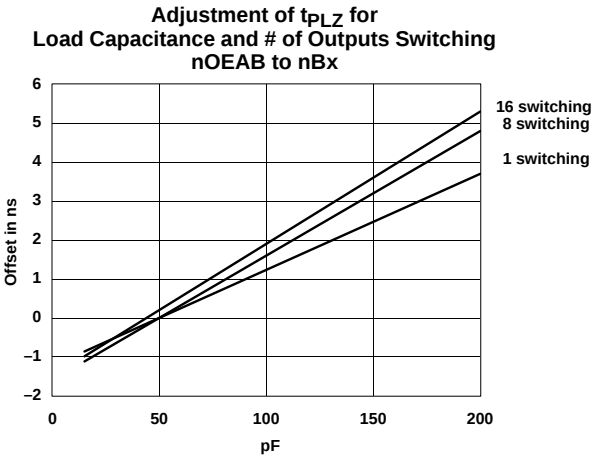
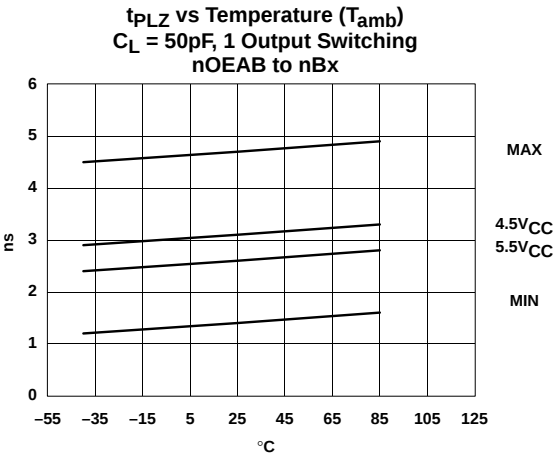
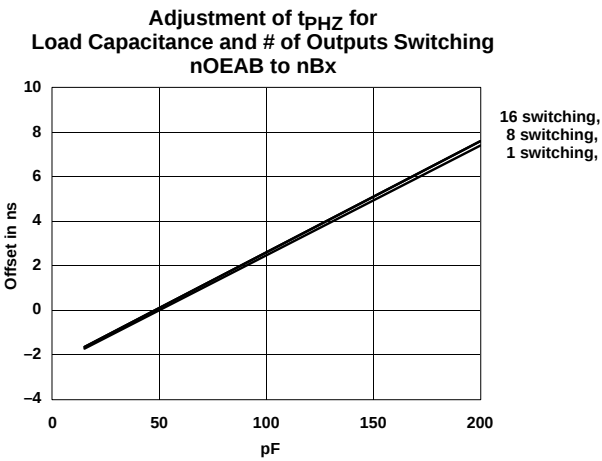
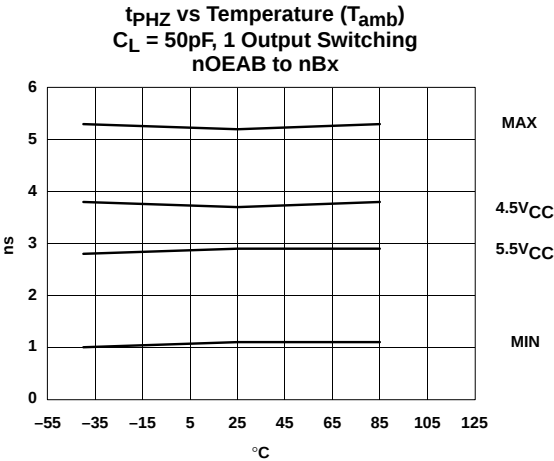
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