

GaAlAs HIGH POWER T-1 3/4 PACKAGE INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

MIE-524H4

Description

The MIE-524H4 is a GaAlAs infrared LED having a peak wavelength at 850 nm . It feature ultra-high power, high response speed and molded in water clear plastic package, the MIE-524H4 have greatly improved long-distance characteristics as well as as significantly increased its range of applicability.

Features

- Ultra-High radiant incidence
- Ultra-high speed response
- High modulation bandwidth
- Standard T-1 3/4 (ϕ 5mm) package
- Radiation angle : 20°
- Peak wavelength $\lambda_p = 850$ nm

Applications

- Free air transmission systems with high -speed response
- SIR

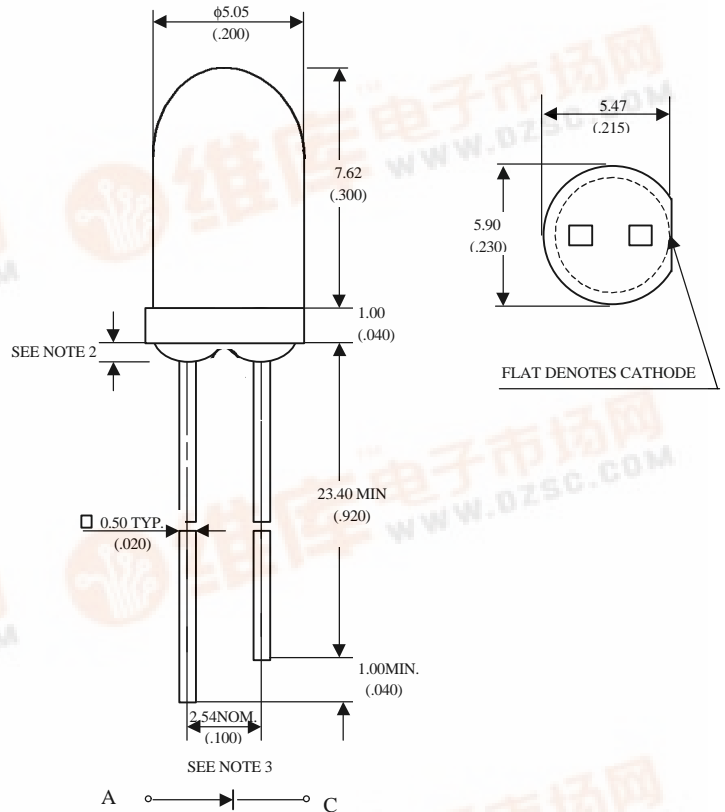
Absolute Maximum Ratings

'@ $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	120	mW
Peak Forward Current(300pps,10 μ s pulse)	1	A
Continuos Forward Current	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 seconds	

Package Dimensions

Unit: mm (inches)



NOTES :

1. Tolerance is ± 0.25 mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
2. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5 mm (.059") max.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.

Optical-Electrical Characteristics

@ $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Radiant Intensity	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	I_e		6.5		mW/sr
Forward Voltage	$I_F=50\text{mA}$	V_F		1.5	1.8	V
Reverse Current	$V_R=5\text{V}$	I_R			10	μA
Peak Wavelength	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	λ_p		850		nm
Spectral Bandwidth	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm
Half View Angle	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	$2\theta_{1/2}$		20		deg .
Rise Time	$I_F=50\text{mA}$	T_r		20		nsec
Fall Time	$I_F=50\text{mA}$	T_f		30		nsec

Typical Optical-Electrical Characteristic Curves

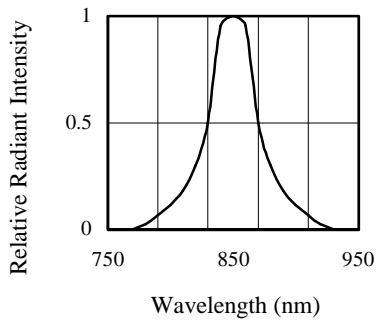


FIG.1 SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION

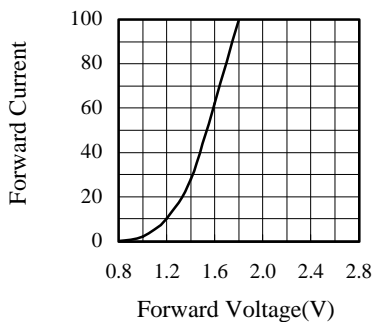


FIG.3 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

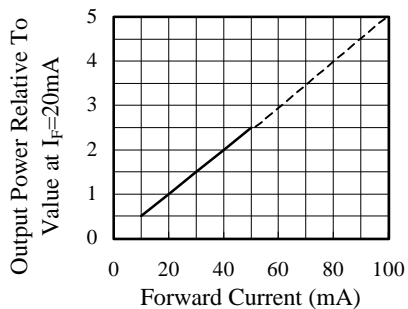


FIG.5 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

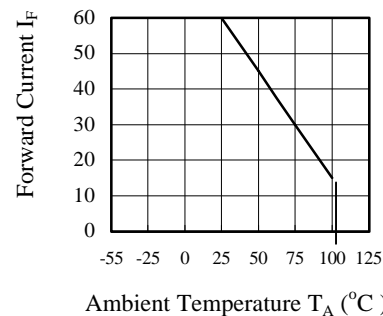


FIG.2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

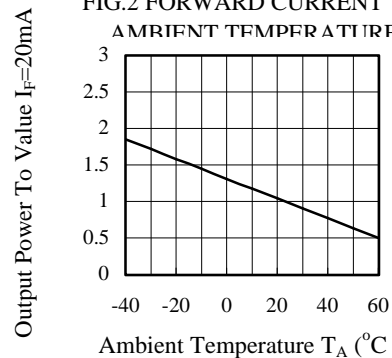


FIG.4 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

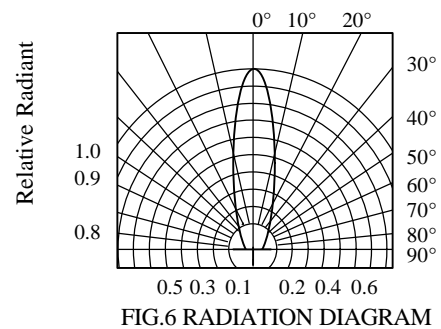


FIG.6 RADIATION DIAGRAM