

Complementary Darlington Silicon Power Transistors

... designed for use as general purpose amplifiers, low frequency switching and motor control applications.

- High dc Current Gain @ 10 Adc — $h_{FE} = 400$ Min (All Types)
- Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage
 $V_{CEO(sus)} = 150$ Vdc (Min) – MJ11018, 17
 $= 250$ Vdc (Min) – MJ11022, 21
- Low Collector-Emitter Saturation
 $V_{CE(sat)} = 1.0$ V (Typ) @ $I_C = 5.0$ A
 $= 1.8$ V (Typ) @ $I_C = 10$ A
- Monolithic Construction
- 100% SOA Tested @ $V_{CE} = 44$ V, $I_C = 4.0$ A, $t = 250$ ms.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	MJ11018 MJ11017	MJ11022 MJ11021	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	150	250	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CB}	150	250	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EB}	50		Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous Peak	I_C	15 30		Adc
Base Current	I_B	0.5		Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate Above 25°C	P_D	175 1.16		Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to +175 -65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.86	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width 5.0 ms, Duty Cycle $\leq 10\%$.

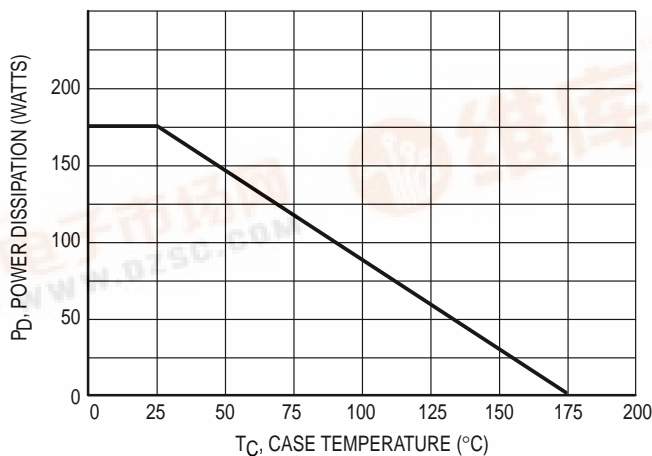


Figure 1. Power Derating

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

PNP
MJ11017

MJ11021*
NPN
MJ11018*

MJ11022

*Motorola Preferred Device

30 AMPERE
DARLINGTON
POWER TRANSISTORS
COMPLEMENTARY
SILICON
60-120 VOLTS
200 WATTS

CASE 1-07
TO-204AA
(TO-3)



MJ11017 MJ11021 MJ11018 MJ11022

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_C = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS				
Collector–Emitter Sustaining Voltage (1) (I _C = 0.1 Adc, I _B = 0)	V _{CEO(sus)}	150 250	— —	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V _{CE} = 75, I _B = 0) (V _{CE} = 125, I _B = 0)	I _{CEO}	— —	1.0 1.0	mAdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V _{CE} = Rated V _{CB} , V _{BE(off)} = 1.5 Vdc) (V _{CE} = Rated V _{CB} , V _{BE(off)} = 1.5 Vdc, T _J = 150°C)	I _{CEV}	— —	0.5 5.0	mAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current (V _{BE} = 5.0 Vdc, I _C = 0)	I _{EBO}	—	2.0	mAdc

ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)

DC Current Gain (I _C = 10 Adc, V _{CE} = 5.0 Vdc) (I _C = 15 Adc, V _{CE} = 5.0 Vdc)	h _{FE}	400 100	15,000 —	—
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage (I _C = 10 Adc, I _B = 100 mA) (I _C = 15 Adc, I _B = 150 mA)	V _{CE(sat)}	— —	2.0 3.4	Vdc
Base–Emitter On Voltage I _C = 10 A, V _{CE} = 5.0 Vdc	V _{BE(on)}	—	2.8	Vdc
Base–Emitter Saturation Voltage (I _C = 15 Adc, I _B = 150 mA)	V _{BE(sat)}	—	3.8	Vdc

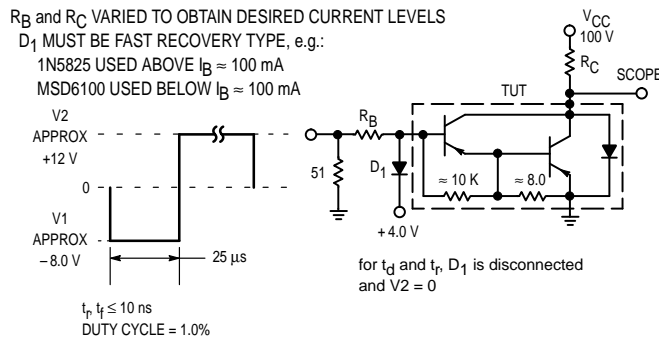
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Current–Gain Bandwidth Product (I _C = 10 Adc, V _{CE} = 3.0 Vdc, f = 1.0 MHz)	[h _{fe}]	3.0	—	Mhz
Output Capacitance (V _{CB} = 10 Vdc, I _E = 0, f = 0.1 MHz)	C _{ob}	— —	400 600	pF
Small–Signal Current Gain (I _C = 10 Adc, V _{CE} = 3.0 Vdc, f = 1.0 kHz)	h _{fe}	75	—	—

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Typical		Unit
		NPN	PNP	
Delay Time	t _d	150	75	ns
Rise Time	t _r	1.2	0.5	μs
Storage Time	t _s	4.4	2.7	μs
Fall Time	t _f	10.0	2.5	μs

(1) Pulsed Test: Pulse Width = 300 μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2%.



For NPN test circuit reverse diode and voltage polarities.

Figure 2. Switching Times Test Circuit

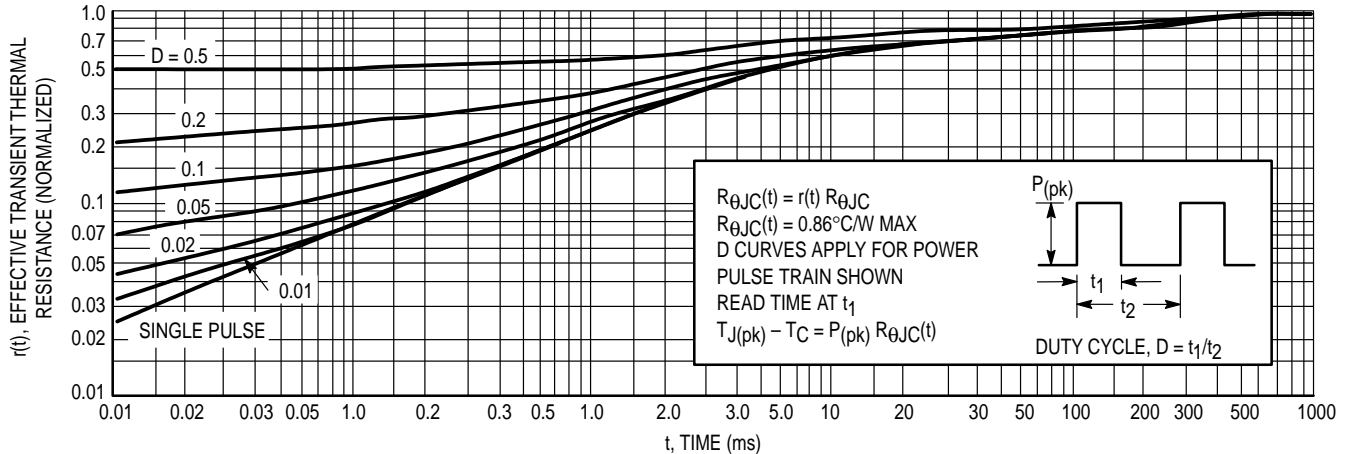


Figure 3. Thermal Response

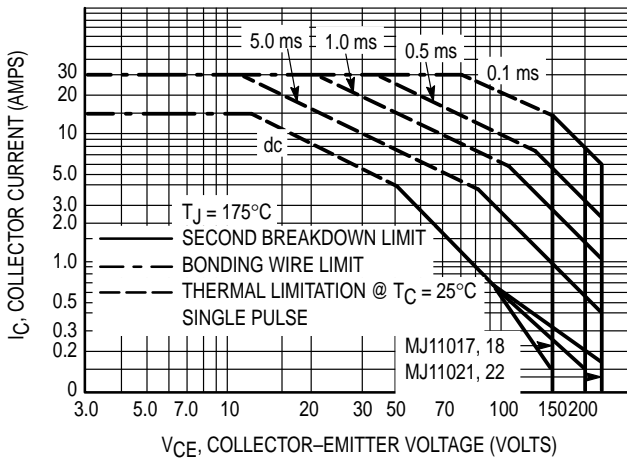


Figure 4. Maximum Rated Forward Bias Safe Operating Area (FBSOA)

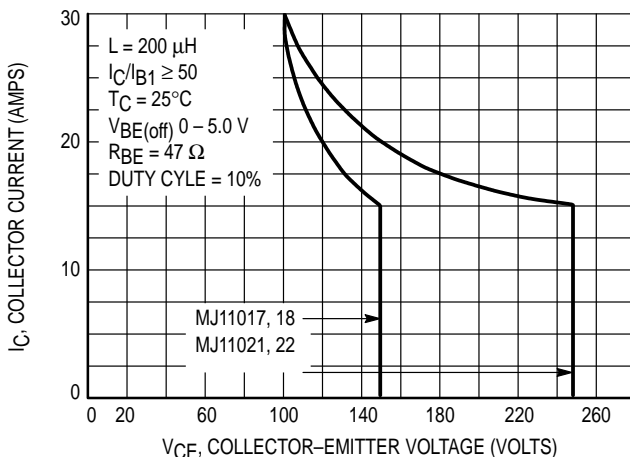


Figure 5. Maximum RBSOA, Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area

FORWARD BIAS

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate $I_C - V_{CE}$ limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation, i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

The data of Figure 4 is based on $T_J(\text{pk}) = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$, T_C is variable depending on conditions. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided $T_J(\text{pk}) \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}$. $T_J(\text{pk})$ may be calculated from the data in Figure 3. At high case temperatures thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

REVERSE BIAS

For inductive loads, high voltage and high current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off, in most cases, with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. Under these conditions the collector voltage must be hold to a safe level at or below a specific value of collector current. This can be accomplished by several means such as active clamping, RC snubbing, load line shaping, etc. The safe level for these devices is specified as Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area and represents the voltage-current conditions during reverse biased turn-off. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode. Figure 5 gives ROSOA characteristics.

MJ11017 MJ11021 MJ11018 MJ11022

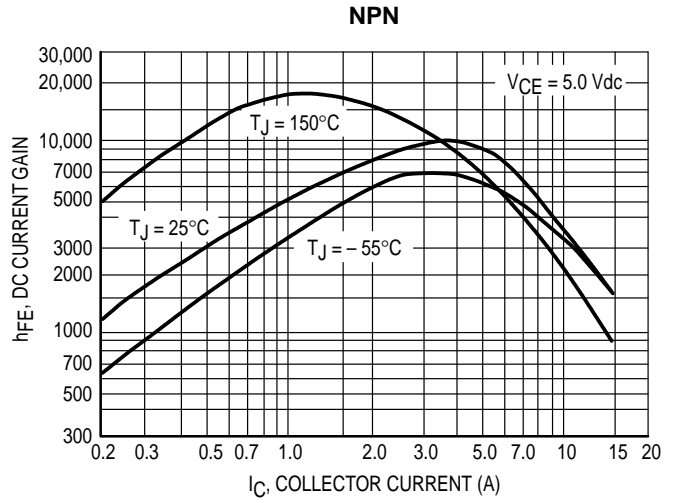
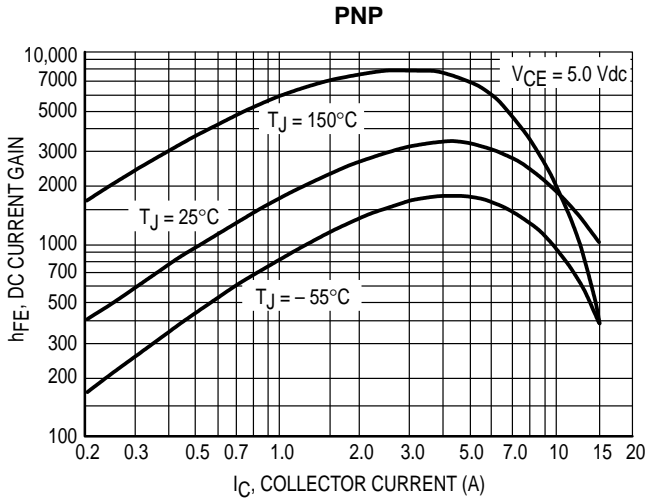


Figure 6. DC Current Gain

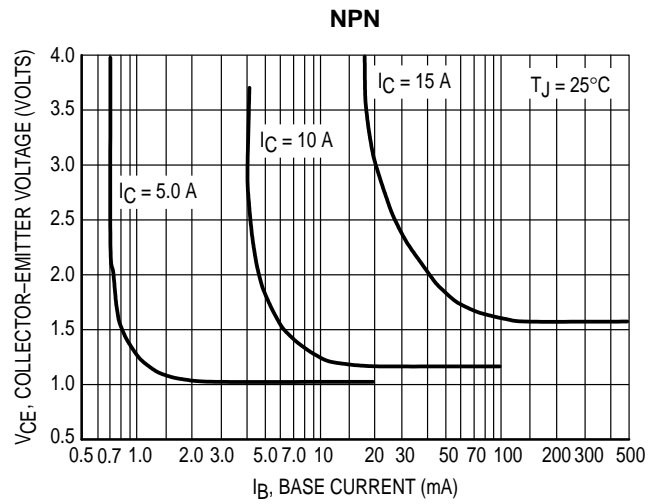
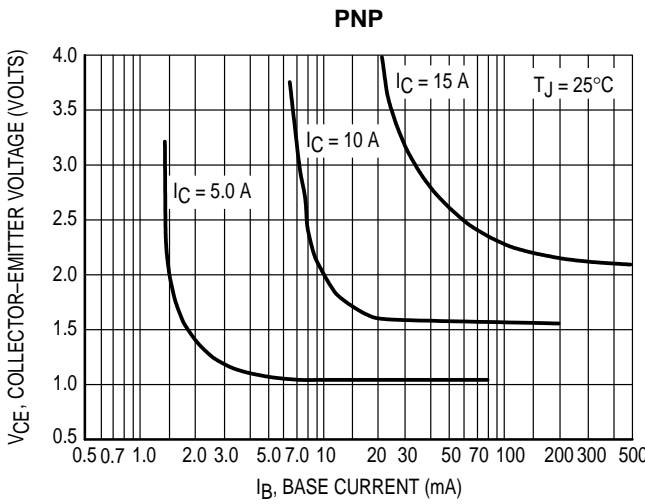


Figure 7. Collector Saturation Region

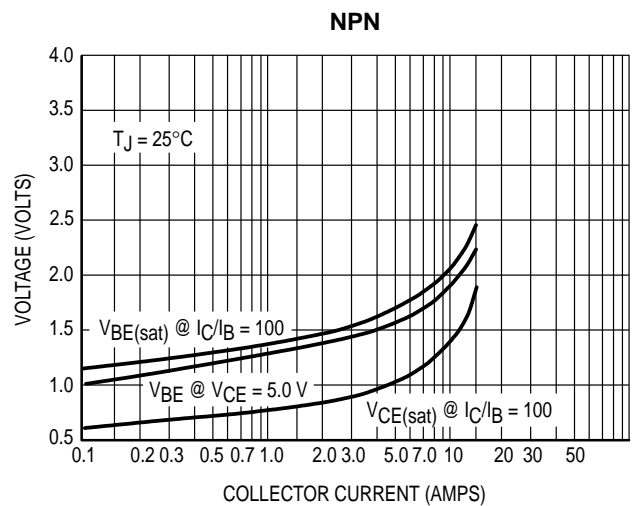
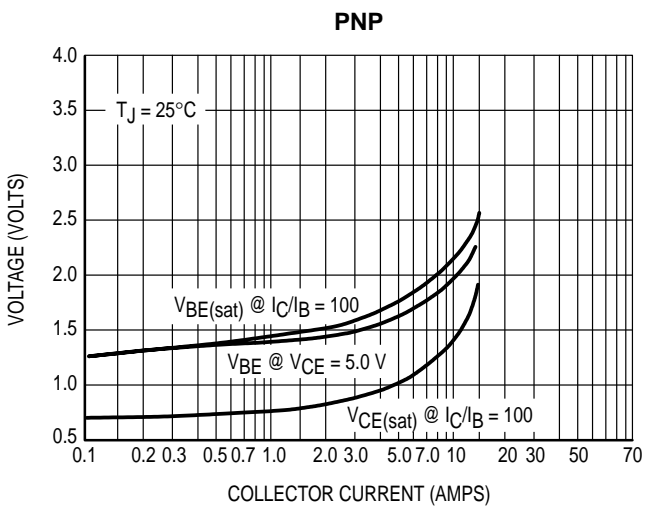



Figure 8. "On" Voltages

MJ11017 MJ11021 MJ11018 MJ11022

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