

ML4823

High Frequency Power Supply Controller

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ML4823 High Frequency PWM Controller is an IC controller optimized for use in Switch Mode Power Supply designs running at frequencies to 1MHz. Propagation delays are minimal through the comparators and logic for reliable high frequency operation while slew rate and bandwidth are maximized on the error amplifier. This controller is designed for single-ended applications using voltage or current mode and provides for input voltage feed forward.

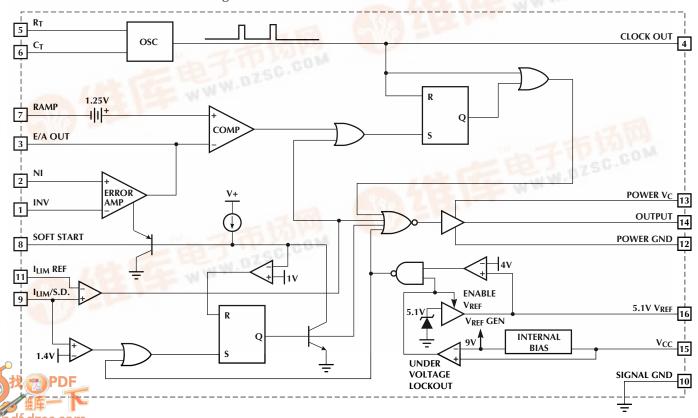
A 1V threshold current limit comparator provides cycle-by-cycle current limit and exceeding a 1.4V threshold initiates a soft-start cycle. The soft start pin doubles as a maximum duty cycle clamp. All logic is fully latched to provide jitter-free operation and prevent multiple pulsing. An under-voltage lockout circuit with 800mV of hysteresis assures low startup current and drives the outputs low during fault conditions.

This controller is an improved second source for the UC3823 controller; however, the ML4823 includes features not found on the 3823. These features are set in italics.

FEATURES

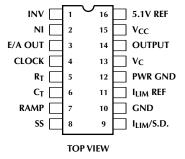
- Practical operation at switching frequencies to 1.0MHz
- High current (2A peak) totem pole output
- Wide bandwidth error amplifier
- Fully latched logic with double pulse suppression
- Pulse-by-pulse current limiting
- Soft start and max. duty cycle control
- Under voltage lockout with hysteresis
- 5.1V trimmed bandgap reference
- Low start-up current (1.1mA)
- Pin compatible improved replacement for UC3823
- Fast shut down path from current limit to output
- Soft start latch ensures full soft start cycle
- Outputs pull low for undervoltage lockout

BLOCK DIAGRAM (Pin Configuration Shown for 16-Pin Version)

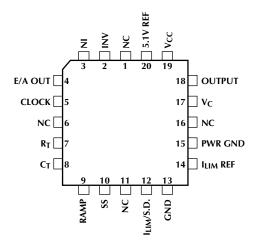


PIN CONFIGURATION

ML4823 16-PIN DIP (P16) 16-PIN SOIC (S16W)



ML4823 20-PIN PLCC (Q20)



TOP VIEW

PIN DESCRIPTION (Pin Numbers in Parentheses are for PLCC Version)

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION	PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1 (2)	INV	Inverting input to error amp.	9 (12)	I _{LIM} /S.D.	Current limit sense pin. Normally
2 (3)	NI	Non-inverting input to error amp.			connected to current sense resistor.
3 (4)	E/A OUT	Output of error amplifier and input to	10 (13)	GND	Analog signal ground.
3 (1)	2//(001	main comparator.	11 (14)	I _{LIM} REF	Reference input for cycle-by-cycle current limit comparator.
4 (5)	CLOCK	Oscillator output.			·
5 (7)	R_{T}	Timing resistor for oscillator — sets charging current for oscillator timing	12 (15)	PWR GND	Return for the high current totem pole output.
		capacitor (pin 6).	13 (17)	V_{C}	Positive supply for the high current totem pole output.
6 (8)	C_{T}	Timing capacitor for oscillator.			, ,
7 (9)	RAMP	Non-inverting input to main	14 (18)	OUT B	High current totem pole output.
(()		comparator. Connected to C _T for	15 (19)	V_{CC}	Positive supply for the IC.
		Voltage mode operation or to current sense resistor for current mode.	16 (20)	5.1V REF	Buffered output for the 5.1V voltage reference.
8 (10)	SS	Normally connected to soft start capacitor.			

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

Supply Voltage (V _C , V _{CC})	30V
OUTPUT Current, Source or Sink	
DC	0.5A
Pulse (0.5µs)	2.0A
Analog Inputs	
(INV, NI, RAMP, SS, I _{LIM})	. GND -0.3V to 6V
CLOCK OUTPUT Current	–5mA
F/A OUT Current	
SOFT START Sink Current	20mA
R _T Charging Current	–5mA

Junction Temperature	125°C
Storage Temperature Range	
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 sec.)	
	200 C
Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})	0000011
Plastic DIP	
Plastic SOIC	105°C/W
Plastic Chip Carrier (PLCC)	. 78°C/W

OPERATING CONDITIONS

Temperature Range	
ML4823C	0°C to 70°C
ML48231	40°C to 85°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, $R_T = 3.65k\Omega$, $C_T = 1000pF$, $T_A = Operating Temperature Range$, $V_{CC} = 15V$. (Note 1)

PARAMETER CONDITIONS MIN TYP MAX UNITS

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
OSCILLATOR			•	•	•
Initial Accuracy	T _J = 25°C,	360	400	440	kHz
Voltage Stability	$10V \le V_{CC} \le 30V,$		0.2	2	%
Temperature Stability			5		%
Total Variation	Line, temp.	340		460	kHz
Clock Out High		3.9	4.5		V
Clock Out Low			2.3	2.9	V
Ramp Peak		2.6	2.8	3.0	V
Ramp Valley		0.7	1.0	1.25	V
Ramp Valley to Peak		1.6	1.8	2.0	V
REFERENCE					
Output Voltage	$T_J = 25$ °C, $I_O = 1$ mA	5.025	5.10	5.175	V
Line Regulation	$10V \le V_{CC} \le 30V$		2	20	mV
Load Regulation	$1 \text{mA} \le I_{\text{O}} \le 10 \text{mA}$		5	20	mV
Temperature Stability	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le 150^{\circ}\text{C},$		0.2	0.4	%
Total Variation	Line, load, temp.	4.975		5.225	V
Output Noise Voltage	10Hz to 10kHz		50		μV
Long Term Stability	T _J = 125°C, 1000 hrs,		5	25	mV
Short Circuit Current	V _{REF} = 0V	-15	-50	-100	mA
ERROR AMPLIFIER			,	•	
Input Offset Voltage				±30	mV
Input Bias Current			0.6	3	μΑ
Input Offset Current			0.1	1	μΑ
Open Loop Gain	1 ≤ V _O ≤ 4V	50	95		dB

ML4823

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ERROR AMPLIFIER (Continued)			'	'	'
CMRR	$1.5 \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$	50	80		dB
PSRR	10 ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 30V	70	100		dB
Output Sink Current	V _{E/A OUT} = 1V	1	2.5		mA
Output Source Current	V _{E/A OUT} = 4V	-0.5	-1.3		mA
Output High Voltage	$I_{E/A OUT} = -0.5 \text{mA}$	4.0	4.7	5.0	V
Output Low Voltage	I _{E/A OUT} = 1mA	0	0.5	1.0	V
Unity Gain Bandwidth		3	5.5		MHz
Slew Rate		6	12		V/µs
PWM COMPARATOR					
RAMP Bias Current	$V_{RAMP} = 0V$		-1	-5	μΑ
Duty Cycle Range		0		80	%
E/A OUT Zero DC Threshold	$V_{RAMP} = 0V$	1.1	1.25		V
Delay to Output			50	80	ns
SOFT START		'		•	
Charge Current	V _{SOFT START} = 0.5V	3	9	20	μΑ
Discharge Current	V _{SOFT START} = 1V	1			mA
CURRENT LIMIT/SHUTDOWN		!			•
I _{LIM} Bias Current	$0V \le I_{LIM} \le 4V$			±10	μA
Current Limit Offset	I _{LIM} REF = 1.1V	0		15	mV
I _{LIM} REF Common Mode Range		1.0		1.25	V
Shutdown Threshold		1.25	1.40	1.55	V
Delay to Output			50	80	ns
OUTPUT		'			
Output Low Level	I _{OUT} = 20mA		0.25	0.40	V
	I _{OUT} = 200mA		1.2	2.2	V
Output High Level	$I_{OUT} = -20$ mA	12.8	13.5		V
	$I_{OUT} = -200 \text{mA}$	12.0	13.0		V
Collector Leakage	V _C = 30V		100	500	μΑ
Rise/Fall Time	C _L = 1000pF		30	60	ns
UNDER VOLTAGE LOCKOUT				•	
Start Threshold		8.8	9.2	9.7	V
UVLO Hysteresis		0.4	0.8	1.2	V
SUPPLY			•	+	•
Start Up Current	V _{CC} = 8V		1.1	2.5	mA
I _{CC}	INV, RANP, I _{LIM} = 0V NI = 1V		22	33	mA

Note 1: Limits are guaranteed by 100% testing, sampling, or correlation with worst-case test conditions.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

OSCILLATOR

RAMP PEAK

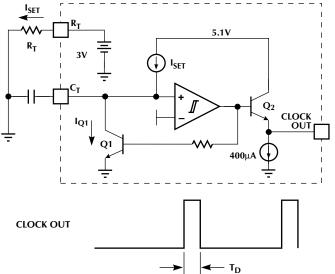
RAMP VALLEY

The ML4823 oscillator charges the external capacitor (C_T) with a current (I_{SET}) equal to $3/R_{SET}$. When the capacitor voltage reaches the upper threshold (Ramp Peak), the comparator changes state and the capacitor discharges to the lower threshold (Ramp Valley) through Q1. While the capacitor is discharging, Q2 provides a high pulse.

The oscillator period can be described by the following relationship:

$$T_{OSC} = T_{RAMP} + T_{DEADTIME}$$

where: $T_{RAMP} = C \text{ (Ramp Valley to Peak)/I}_{SET}$ and: $T_{DEADTIME} = C \text{ (Ramp Valley to Peak)/I}_{Q1}$



--

160
140
140
1.0nF
100
100
470pF
100k
1M
FREQ (Hz)

Figure 3. Oscillator Deadtime vs Frequency



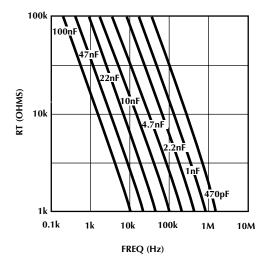


Figure 2. Oscillator Timing Resistance vs Frequency

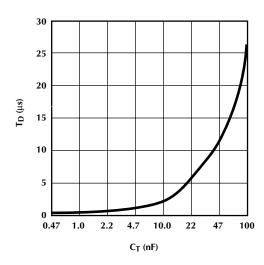


Figure 4. Oscillator Deadtime vs C_T (3ký - R_T - 100ký)

ERROR AMPLIFIER

The ML4823 error amplifier is a 5.5 MHz bandwidth $12 V/\mu s$ slew rate op-amp with provision for limiting the positive output voltage swing (Output Inhibit line) for ease in implementing the soft start function.

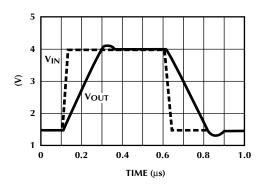


Figure 5. Unity Gain Slew Rate

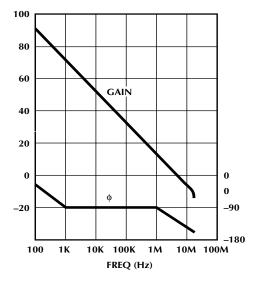


Figure 6. Open Loop Frequency Response

OUTPUT DRIVER STAGE

The ML4823 Output Driver is a 2A peak output high speed totem pole circuit designed to quickly switch the gates of capacitive loads, such as power MOSFET transistors.

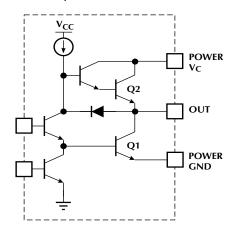


Figure 7. Simplified Schematic

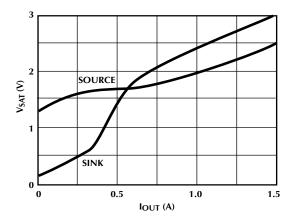


Figure 8. Saturation Curves

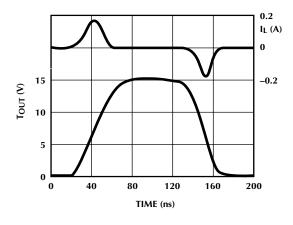


Figure 9. Rise/Fall Time ($C_L = 1000 pF$)

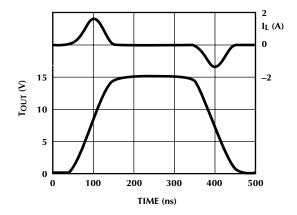


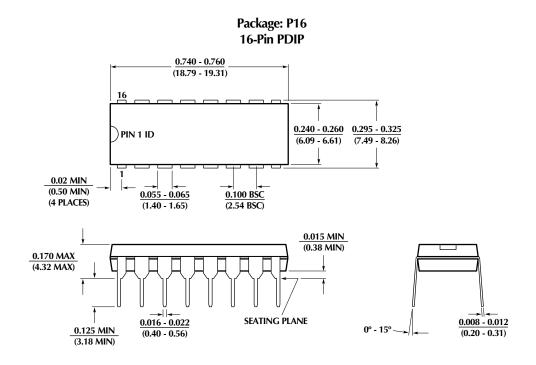
Figure 10 Rise/Fall Time ($C_L = 10,000pF$)

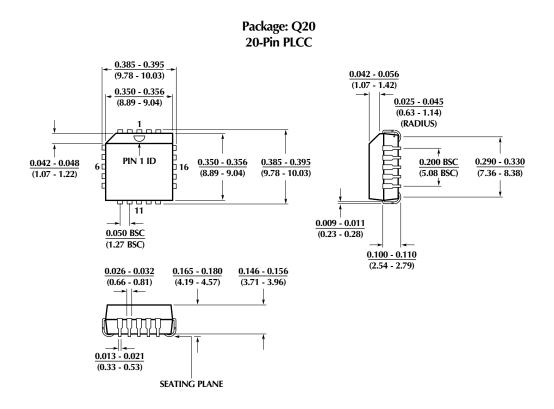
SOFT START AND CURRENT LIMIT

The ML4823 employs two current limits. When the voltage at I_{LIM} /SD exceeds the I_{LIM} REF threshold on I_{LIM} REF, the outputs are immediately shut off and the cycle is terminated for the remainder of the oscillator period by resetting the RS flip flop.

If the output current is rising quickly (usually due to transformer saturation) such that the voltage on pin 9 reaches 1.4V before the outputs have turned off, a soft start cycle is initiated. The soft start capacitor is discharged and outputs are held "off" until the voltage at SS reaches 1V, ensuring a complete soft start cycle. The duty cycle on start up is limited by limiting the output voltage of the error amplifier voltage to the voltage at the SS pin.

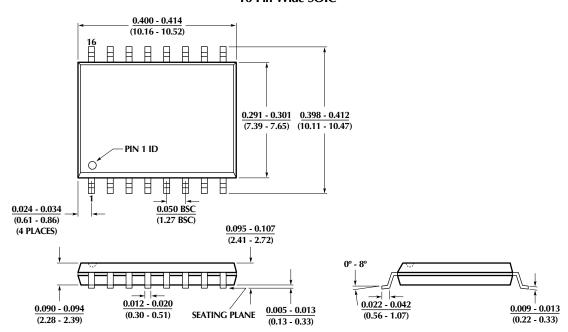
PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS inches (millimeters)





PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS inches (millimeters)

Package: S16W 16-Pin Wide SOIC



ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE
ML4823CP	0°C to 70°C	16-Pin PDIP (P16)
ML4823CQ	0°C to 70°C	20-Pin PLCC (Q20)
ML4823CS	0°C to 70°C	20-Pin Wide SOIC (S16W)
ML4823IQ	-40°C to 85°C	16-Pin PDIP (P16)
ML4823IS	-40°C to 85°C	20-Pin PLCC (Q20)
ML4823MJ	-40°C to 85°C	16-Pin Wide SOIC (S16W)

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.
- A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.