

# FAIRCHILD

SEMICONDUCTOR

October 1987 Revised January 1999 MM74C154 4-Line to 16-Line Decoder/Demultiplexer

# MM74C154 4-Line to 16-Line Decoder/Demultiplexer

#### **General Description**

The MM74C154 one of sixteen decoder is a monolithic complementary MOS (CMOS) integrated circuit constructed with N- and P-channel enhancement transistors. The device is provided with two strobe inputs, both of which must be in the logical "0" state for normal operation. If either strobe input is in the logical "1" state, all 16 outputs will go to the logical "1" state.

To use the product as a demultiplexer, one of the strobe inputs serves as a data input terminal, while the other strobe input must be maintained in the logical "0" state. The information will then be transmitted to the selected output as determined by the 4-line input address.

#### Features

- Supply voltage range: 3V to 15V
- Tenth power TTL compatible: Drive 2 LPTTL loads
- High noise margin: 1V guaranteed
- High noise immunity: 0.45 V<sub>CC</sub> (typ.)

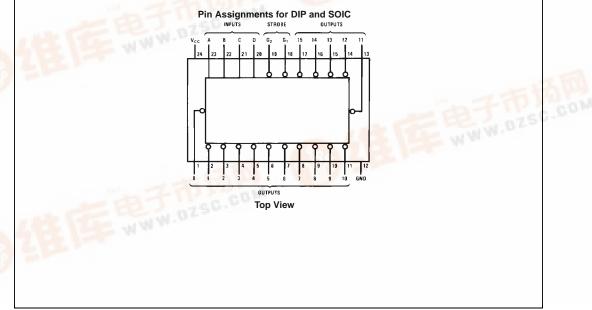
#### Applications

- Automotive
- Data terminals
- Instrumentation
- Medical electronics
- Alarm systems
- Industrial electronics
- Remote metering
- Computers

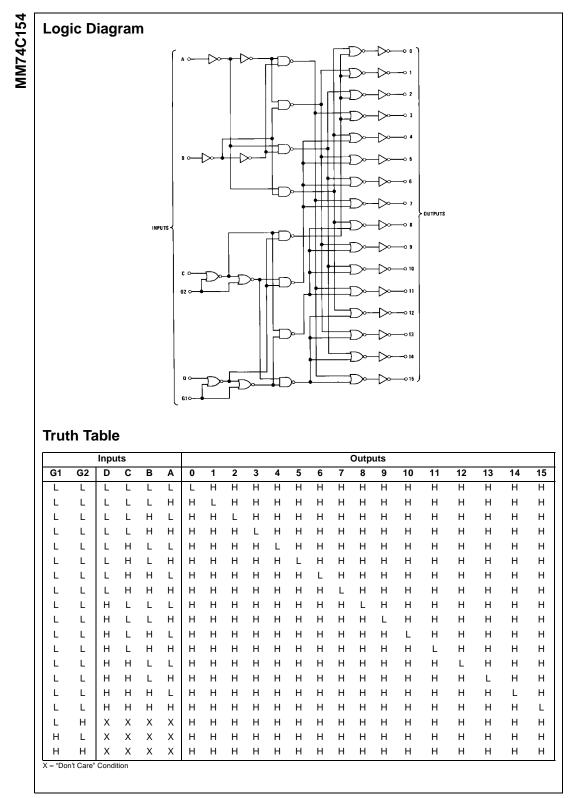
## **Ordering Code:**

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
MM74C154WM	M24B	24-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300" Wide
MM74C154N	N24A	24-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-010, 0.600" Wide

#### **Connection Diagram**







#### Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

Voltage at Any Pin	–0.3V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	$-65^{\circ}C$ to $+150^{\circ}C$
Maximum V <sub>CC</sub> Voltage	18V
Power Dissipation	
Dual-In-Line	700 mW
Small Outline	500 mW

Operating  $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$  Range Lead Temperature

(Soldering, 10 seconds)

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. Except for "Operating Temperature Range" they are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" provides conditions for actual device operation.

# **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
CMOS TO	смоз	L				1
V <sub>IN(1)</sub>	Logical "1" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$	3.5			V
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	8.0			V
V <sub>IN(0)</sub>	Logical "0" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$			1.5	V
		$V_{CC} = 10V$			2.0	V
V <sub>OUT(1)</sub>	Logical "1" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, I_{O} = -10\mu A$	4.5			V
		$V_{CC}=10V,I_O=-10\;\mu A$	9.0			V
V <sub>OUT(0)</sub>	Logical "0" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, I_{O} = 10\mu A$			0.5	V
		$V_{CC} = 10V$ , $I_{O} = 10 \ \mu A$			1.0	V
I <sub>IN(1)</sub>	Logical "1" Input Current	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 15V$		0.005	1.0	μA
I <sub>IN(0)</sub>	Logical "0" Input Current	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-1.0	-0.005		μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 15V$		0.05	300	μA
CMOS TO	LPTTL INTERFACE		•			
V <sub>IN(1)</sub>	Logical "1" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.75V$	V <sub>CC</sub> – 1.5			V
V <sub>IN(0)</sub>	Logical "0" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.75V$			0.8	V
V <sub>OUT(1)</sub>	Logical "1" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.75 V$ , $I_{O} = -100 \ \mu A$	2.4			V
V <sub>OUT(0)</sub>	Logical "0" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.75 V$ , $I_{O} = 360 \ \mu A$			0.4	V
OUTPUT D	RIVE (See Family Characteristics	Data Sheet) (Short Circuit Current)				•
ISOURCE	Output Source Current	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, V_{IN(0)} = 0V$	-1.75			mA
		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{OUT} = 0V$				
ISOURCE	Output Source Current	$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{IN(0)} = 0V$	-8.0			mA
		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{OUT} = 0V$				
I <sub>SINK</sub>	Output Sink Current	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, V_{IN(1)} = 5.0V$	1.75			mA
		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$				
I <sub>SINK</sub>	Output Sink Current	$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{IN(1)} = 10V$	8.0			mA
		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$				1

3V to 15V

260°C

v
S
<b>~</b>
C
4
~
5
<
2

# AC Electrical Characteristics (Note 2)

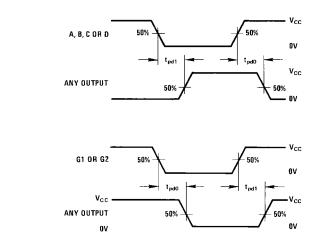
$T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, $C_L = 50$ pF, unless otherwise noted						
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t <sub>pd0</sub>	Propagation Delay to a Logical	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$		275	400	ns
	"0" from Any Input to Any Output	$V_{CC} = 10V$		100	200	ns
t <sub>pd0</sub>	Propagation Delay to a Logical	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V		275	400	ns
	"0" from G1 or G2 to Any Output	$V_{CC} = 10V$		100	200	ns
t <sub>pd0</sub>	Propagation Delay to a Logical	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V		265	400	ns
	"0" from Any Input to Any Output	$V_{CC} = 10V$		100	200	ns
t <sub>pd1</sub>	Propagation Delay to a Logical	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V		265	400	ns
	"1" from G1 or G2 to Any Output	$V_{CC} = 10V$		100	200	ns
CIN	Input Capacitance	(Note 3)		5.0		pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	(Note 4)		60		pF

Note 2: AC Parameters are guaranteed by DC correlated testing.

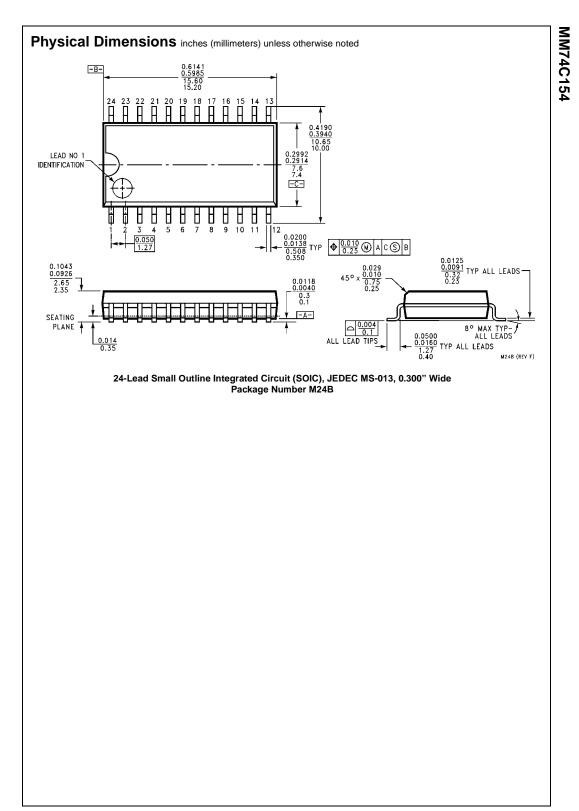
Note 3: Capacitance is guaranteed by periodic testing.

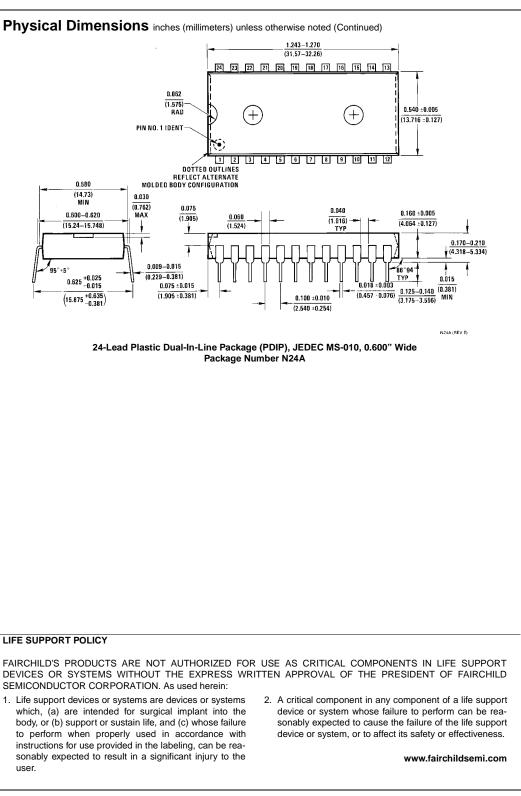
Note 4: C<sub>PD</sub> determines the no load AC power consumption of any CMOS device. For complete explanation see Family Characteristics Application Note AN-90.

## Switching Time Waveforms



 $t_r = t_f = 20 \text{ ns}$ 





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