

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR™

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MM74C89 64-Bit 3-STATE Random Access Read/Write Memory

General Description

The MM74C89 is a 16-word by 4-bit random access read/write memory. Inputs to the memory consist of four address lines, four data input lines, a write enable line and a memory enable line. The four binary address inputs are decoded internally to select each of the 16 possible word locations. An internal address register latches the address information on the positive to negative transition of the memory enable input. The four 3-STATE data output lines working in conjunction with the memory enable input provide for easy memory expansion.

Address Operation: Address inputs must be stable t_{SA} prior to the positive to negative transition of $\overline{\text{memory enable}}$. It is thus not necessary to hold address information stable for more than t_{HA} after the memory is enabled (positive to negative transition of $\overline{\text{memory enable}}$).

Write Operation: Information present at the data inputs is written into the memory at the selected address by bringing write enable and memory enable LOW.

Read Operation: The complement of the information which was written into the memory is non-destructively read out at the four outputs. This is accomplished by selecting the desired address and bringing memory enable LOW and write enable HIGH.

When the device is writing or disabled the output assumes a 3-STATE (Hi-z) condition.

Features

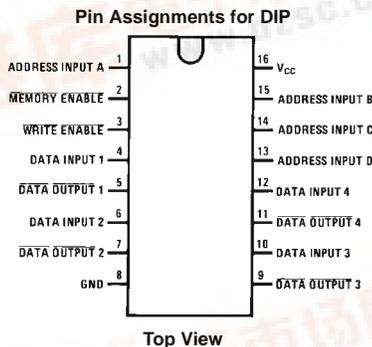
- Wide supply voltage range: 3.0V to 15V
- Guaranteed noise margin: 1.0V
- High noise immunity: $0.45 V_{CC}$ (typ.)
- Low power TTL compatibility:
fan out of 2 driving 74L
- Low power consumption: 100 nW/package (typ.)
- Fast access time: 130 ns (typ.) at $V_{CC} = 10V$
- 3-STATE output

Note: The timing is different than the DM7489 in that a positive to negative transition of the memory enable must occur for the memory to be selected.

Ordering Code:

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
MM74C89N	N16E	16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide

Connection Diagram



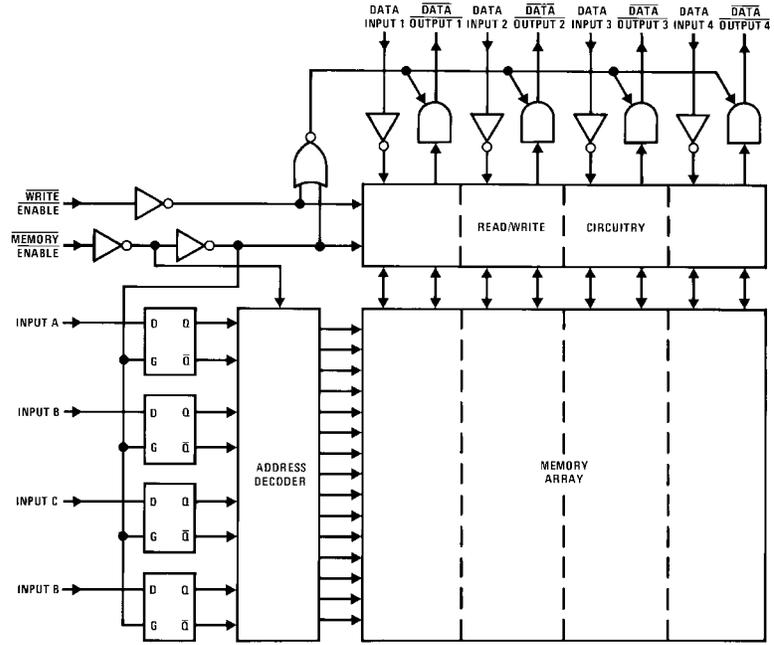
Truth Table

ME	WE	Operation	Condition of Outputs
L	L	Write	3-STATE
L	H	Read	Complement of Selected Word
H	L	Inhibit, Storage	3-STATE
H	H	Inhibit, Storage	3-STATE

MM74C89 64-Bit 3-STATE Random Access Read/Write Memory



Logic Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

Voltage at any Pin	-0.3V to $V_{CC} + 0.3V$	Absolute Maximum V_{CC}	18V
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C	Lead Temperature (T_L)	260°C
Storage Temperature Range (T_S)	-65°C to +150°C	(Soldering, 10 seconds)	
Power Dissipation (P_D)		Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. Except for "Operating Range" they are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" provides conditions for actual device operation.	
Dual-In-Line	700 mW		
Small Outline	500 mW		
Operating V_{CC} Range	3.0V to 15V		

DC Electrical Characteristics

Min/Max limits apply across temperature range, unless otherwise noted

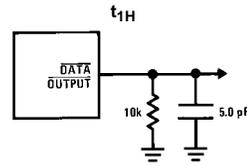
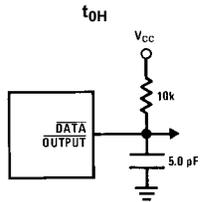
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
CMOS TO CMOS						
$V_{IN(1)}$	Logical "1" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$ $V_{CC} = 10V$	3.5 8.0			V V
$V_{IN(0)}$	Logical "0" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$ $V_{CC} = 10V$			1.5 2.0	V V
$V_{OUT(1)}$	Logical "1" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, I_O = -10 \mu A$ $V_{CC} = 10V, I_O = -10 \mu A$	4.5 9.0			V V
$V_{OUT(0)}$	Logical "0" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, I_O = +10 \mu A$ $V_{CC} = 10V, I_O = +10 \mu A$			0.5 1.0	V V
$I_{IN(1)}$	Logical "1" Input Current	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 15V$		-0.005	1.0	μA
$I_{IN(0)}$	Logical "0" Input Current	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-1.0	-0.005		μA
I_{OZ}	Output Current in High Impedance State	$V_{CC} = 15V, V = 15V$ $V_{CC} = 15V, V_O = 0V$	-1.0	0.005 -0.005	1.0	μA μA
I_{CC}	Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 15V$		0.05	300	μA
CMOS/LPTTL INTERFACE						
$V_{IN(1)}$	Logical "1" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.75V$	$V_{CC} - 1.5$			V
$V_{IN(0)}$	Logical "0" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.75V$			0.8	V
$V_{OUT(1)}$	Logical "1" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.75V, I_O = -360 \mu A$	2.4			V
$V_{OUT(0)}$	Logical "0" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.75V, I_O = +360 \mu A$			0.4	V
OUTPUT DRIVE (See 54C/74C Family Characteristics Data Sheet) (Short Circuit Current)						
I_{SOURCE}	Output Source Current (P-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, V_{OUT} = 0V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	-1.75	-3.3		mA
I_{SOURCE}	Output Source Current (P-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{OUT} = 0V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	-8.0	-15		mA
I_{SINK}	Output Sink Current (N-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 5.0V, V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	1.75	3.6		mA
I_{SINK}	Output Sink Current (N-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	8.0	16		mA

AC Electrical Characteristics (Note 2) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, unless otherwise noted

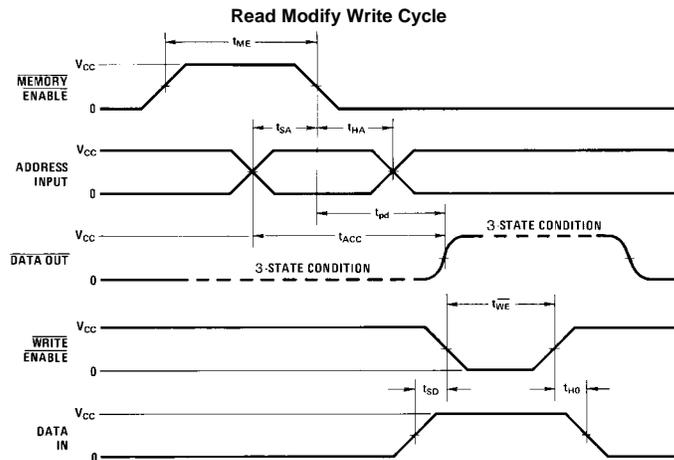
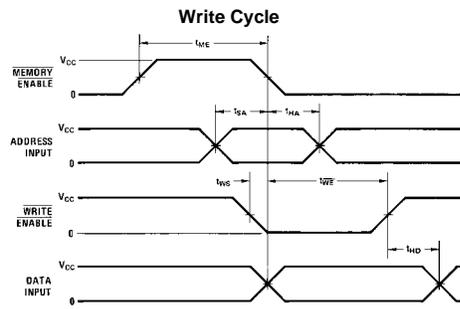
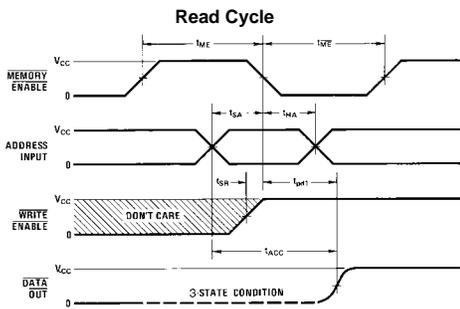
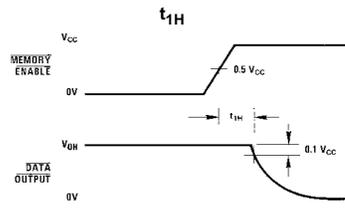
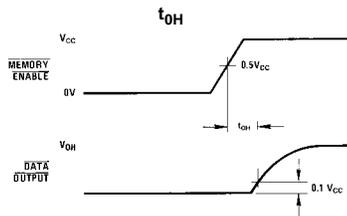
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{pd}	Propagation Delay from Memory Enable	$V_{CC} = 5V$		270	500	ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$		100	220	ns
t_{ACC}	Access Time from Address Input	$V_{CC} = 5V$		350	650	ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$		130	280	ns
t_{SA}	Address Setup Time	$V_{CC} = 5V$	150			ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	60			ns
t_{HA}	Address Hold Time	$V_{CC} = 5V$	60			ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	40			ns
t_{ME}	Memory Enable Pulse Width	$V_{CC} = 5V$	400	250		ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	150	90		ns
t_{SR}	Write Enable Setup Time for a Read	$V_{CC} = 5V$	0			ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	0			ns
t_{WS}	Write Enable Setup Time for a Write	$V_{CC} = 5V$			t_{ME}	ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$			t_{ME}	ns
t_{WE}	Write Enable Pulse Width	$V_{CC} = 5V$, $t_{WS} = 0$	300	160		ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$, $t_{WS} = 0$	100	60		ns
t_{HD}	Data Input Hold Time	$V_{CC} = 5V$	50			ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	25			ns
t_{SD}	Data Input Setup	$V_{CC} = 5V$	50			ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	25			ns
t_{1H} , t_{0H}	Propagation Delay from a Logical "1" or Logical "0" to the High Impedance State from Memory Enable	$V_{CC} = 5V$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10k$		180	300	ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10k$		-85	120	ns
t_{1H} , t_{0H}	Propagation Delay from a Logical "1" or Logical "0" to the High Impedance State from Write Enable	$V_{CC} = 50V$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10k$		180	300	ns
		$V_{CC} = 10V$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10k$		85	120	ns
C_{IN}	Input Capacity	Any Input (Note 3)		5		pF
C_{OUT}	Output Capacity	Any Output (Note 3)		6.5		pF
C_{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacity	(Note 4)		230		pF

Note 2: AC Parameters are guaranteed by DC correlated testing.**Note 3:** Capacitance is guaranteed by periodic testing.**Note 4:** C_{PD} determines the no load AC power consumption of any CMOS device. For complete explanation see Family Characteristics application note, AN-90.

AC Test Circuits

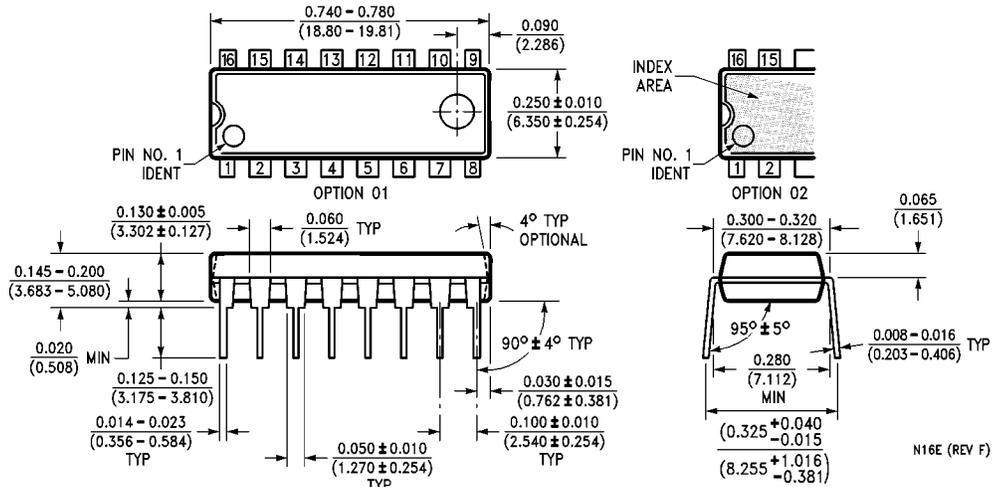


Switching Time Waveforms



$t_r = 10\text{ ns}$
 $t_f = 60\text{ ns}$

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



**16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide
Package Number N16E**

N16E (REV F)

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2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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