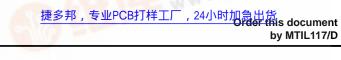
МОТО 2011/117供应商 SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA





6-Pin DIP Optoisolator Transistor Output

The MTIL117 device consists of a gallium arsenide infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a monolithic silicon phototransistor detector.

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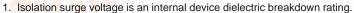
- Appliances, Measuring Instruments
 General Pursue
- General Purpose Switching Circuits
- **Programmable Controllers** •
- **Portable Electronics**
- Interfacing and coupling systems of different potentials and impedances
- **Telecommunications Equipment**

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_{\Delta} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
INPUT LED			
Reverse Voltage	VR	6	Volts
Forward Current — Continuous	IF	60	mA
LED Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C with Negligible Power in Output Detector	PD	100	mW
Derate above 25°C		1.41	mW/°C
OUTPUT TRANSISTOR		- Lt	510
Collector–Emitter Voltage	VCEO	30	Volts
Emitter–Base Voltage	VEBO	7	Volts
Collector-Base Voltage	VCBO	70	Volts
Collector Current — Continuous	IC	50	mA
Detector Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C with Negligible Power in Input LED	PD	50	mW
Derate above 25°C		1.76	mW/°C
TOTAL DEVICE			
Isolation Surge Voltage ⁽¹⁾ (Peak ac Voltage, 60 Hz, 1 sec Duration)	VISO	7500	Vac(pk)
Total Device Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PD	250 2.94	mW mW/°C
Ambient Operating Temperature Range(2)	TA	-55 to +100	°C
Storage Temperature Range(2)	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 sec, 1/16" from case)	TI	260	°C



Derate above 25°C	D	2.94	mV
Ambient Operating Temperature Range ⁽²⁾	TA	-55 to +100	0
Storage Temperature Range ⁽²⁾	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	0
Soldering Temperature (10 sec, 1/16" from case)	т	260	0



For this test, Pins 1 and 2 are common, and Pins 4, 5 and 6 are common.

2. Refer to Quality and Reliability Section in Opto Data Book for information on test conditions.

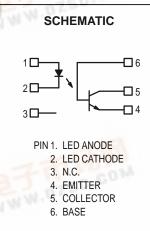




STYLE 1 PLASTIC



STANDARD THRU HOLE







ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ (1)	Max	Unit
INPUT LED	•				
Forward Voltage (I _F = 16 mA) $ \begin{array}{c} T_A = 0 - 70^\circ C \\ T_A = -55^\circ C \\ T_A = 100^\circ C \end{array} $	VF		1.15 1.3 1.05	1.4 — —	Volts
Reverse Leakage Current (V _R = 3 V)	۱ _R	—	0.05	10	μA
Capacitance (V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz)	CJ	—	18	—	pF
OUTPUT TRANSISTOR	•	•			
Collector–Emitter Dark Current (V _{CE} = 10 V, T _A = 25°C)	ICEO	_	3	50	nA
(V _{CB} = 30 V, T _A = 70°C)	ICEO	—	0.05	50	μA
Collector–Base Dark Current (V _{CB} = 10 V)	Ісво	—	0.2	20	nA
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I _C = 1 mA)	V(BR)CEO	30	45	—	Volts
Collector–Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 10 \ \mu A$)	V(BR)CBO	70	100	—	Volts
Emitter–Base Breakdown Voltage (I _E = 10 μ A)	V(BR)EBO	7	7.8	—	Volts
DC Current Gain (I _C = 1 mA, V_{CE} = 5 V) (Typical Value)	h _{FE}	—	600	—	—
Collector–Emitter Capacitance (f = 1 MHz, $V_{CE} = 0$)	CCE	—	7	—	pF
Collector–Base Capacitance (f = 1 MHz, $V_{CB} = 0$)	CCB	—	19	—	pF
Emitter–Base Capacitance (f = 1 MHz, $V_{EB} = 0$)	C _{EB}	—	9	—	pF
COUPLED					
Output Collector Current (IF = 10 mA, V_{CE} = 10 V)	I _C (CTR) ⁽²⁾	0.5 (50)	1 (100)	—	mA (%)
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage (I _C = 100 μ A, I _F = 1 mA)	VCE(sat)	—	0.22	0.5	Volts
Turn–On Time (I _C = 2 mA, V _{CC} = 10 V, R _L = 100 Ω) ⁽³⁾	ton	—	—	10	μs
Turn–Off Time (I _C = 2 mA, V _{CC} = 10 V, R _L = 100 Ω) ⁽³⁾	toff	—	—	10	μs
Rise Time (I _C = 2 mA, V _{CC} = 10 V, R _L = 100 Ω) ⁽³⁾	tr	—	3.8	—	μs
Fall Time (I _C = 2 mA, V _{CC} = 10 V, R _L = 100 Ω) ⁽³⁾	t _f	—	5.6	—	μs
Isolation Voltage (f = 60 Hz, t = 1 sec) ⁽⁴⁾	VISO	7500	—	_	Vac(pk)
Isolation Resistance (V = 500 V) ⁽⁴⁾	R _{ISO}	10 ¹¹	—	—	Ω
Isolation Capacitance (V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz) ⁽⁴⁾	C _{ISO}	—	0.2	2	pF

1. Always design to the specified minimum/maximum electrical limits (where applicable).

2. Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) = $I_C/I_F \times 100\%$. 3. For test circuit setup and waveforms, refer to Figure 14.

4. For this test, Pins 1 and 2 are common, and Pins 4, 5 and 6 are common.

100

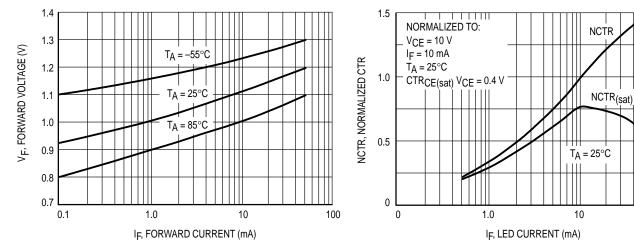
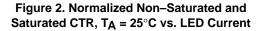
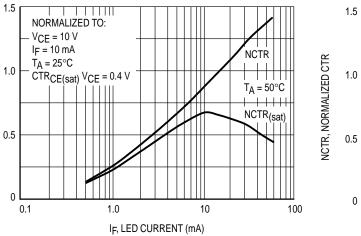
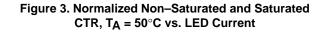


Figure 1. Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current







NCTR, NORMALIZED CTR

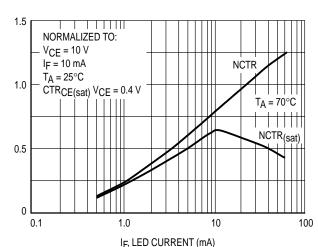


Figure 4. Normalized Non–Saturated and Saturated CTR, $T_A = 70^{\circ}$ C vs. LED Current

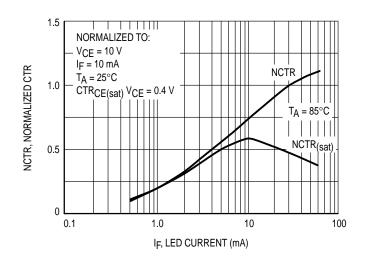


Figure 5. Normalized Non–Saturated and Saturated CTR, T_A = 85°C vs. LED Current



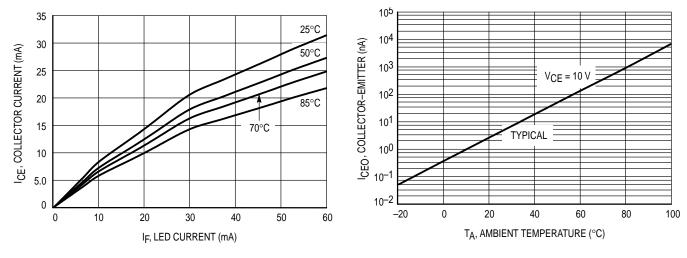


Figure 6. Collector–Emitter Current vs. Temperature and LED Current

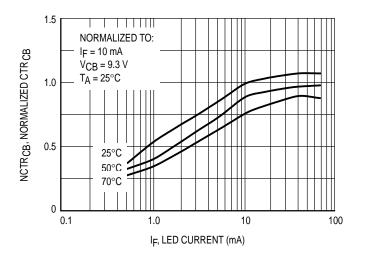
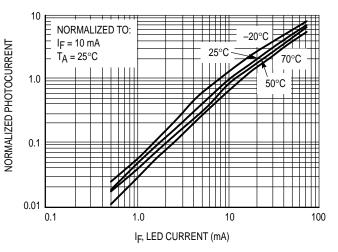


Figure 8. Normalized CTRcb vs. LED Current and Temperature

Figure 7. Collector–Emitter Leakage Current vs. Temperature





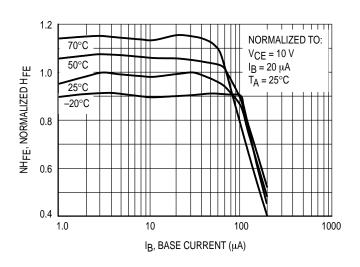
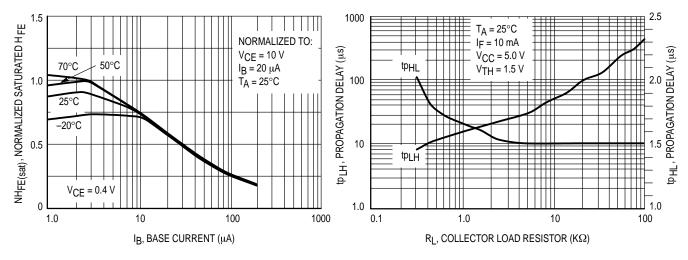
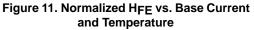


Figure 10. Normalized Non–Saturated H_{FE} vs. Base Current and Temperature







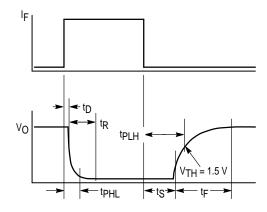
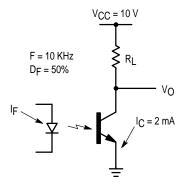
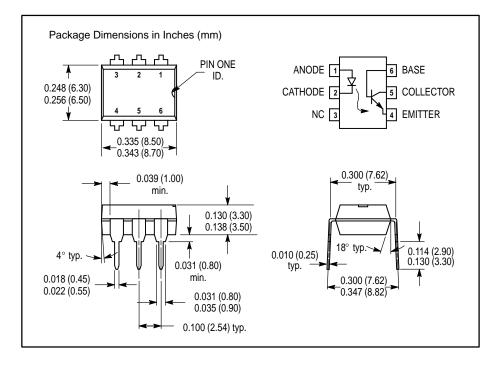


Figure 13. Switching Timing



 I_F = As necessary to get I_C = 2 mA

Figure 14. Switching Schematic



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