

**MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA**

*Designer's Data Sheet*  
**Power Field Effect Transistor**  
**N-Channel Enhancement-Mode**  
**Silicon Gate**

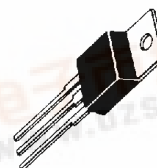
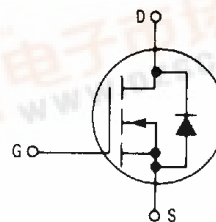
This Logic Level TMOS Power FET is designed for high speed power switching applications such as switching regulators, converters, solenoid and relay drivers.

- Low Drive Requirement to Interface Power Loads to Logic Level ICs or Microprocessors —  $V_{GS(th)} = 2$  Volts max
- Silicon Gate for Fast Switching Speeds — Switching Times Specified at 100°C
- Designer's Data —  $I_{DSS}$ ,  $V_{DS(on)}$ ,  $V_{GS(th)}$  and SOA Specified at Elevated Temperature
- Rugged — SOA is Power Dissipation Limited
- Source-to-Drain Diode Characterized for Use With Inductive Loads



**MTP15N05EL**  
 Motorola Preferred Device

**TMOS POWER FET**  
**LOGIC LEVEL**  
**15 AMPERES**  
 $R_{DS(on)} = 0.1$  OHM  
**50 VOLTS**



**CASE 221A-06**  
**TO-220AB**

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DSS}$	50	Vdc
Drain-Gate Voltage ( $R_{GS} = 1$ M $\Omega$ )	$V_{DGR}$	50	Vdc
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 15$	Vdc
Continuous	$V_{GSM}$	$\pm 20$	Vpk
Non-repetitive ( $t_p \leq 50$ $\mu$ s)			
Drain Current — Continuous	$I_D$	15	Adc
— Pulsed	$I_{DM}$	40	
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	75	Watts
Derate above 25°C		0.6	W/°C
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-65 to 150	°C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Thermal Resistance			°C/W
Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.67	
Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	30	
		62.5	
Maximum Lead Temp. for Soldering	$T_L$	260	°C
Purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds			

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
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**OFF CHARACTERISTICS**

Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	50	—	Vdc
( $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 1$ mA)		60	—	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	—	1	$\mu$ Adc
( $V_{DS} = \text{Rated } V_{DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$ )		—	50	
( $V_{DS} = \text{Rated } V_{DSS}, V_{GS} = 0, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )				

(continued)

**Designer's Data for "Worst Case" Conditions** — The Designer's Data Sheet permits the design of most circuits entirely from the information presented SOA Limit curves — representing boundaries on device characteristics — are given to facilitate "worst case" design

Preferred device is a Motorola recommended choice for future use and best overall value.



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS — continued** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
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**OFF CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward ( $V_{GSF} = 15\text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{DS} = 0$ )	$I_{GSSF}$	—	100	nAdc
Gate Body Leakage Current, Reverse ( $V_{GSR} = 15\text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{DS} = 0$ )	$I_{GSSR}$	—	100	nAdc

**ON CHARACTERISTICS**

Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$ ) ( $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{GS(th)}$	1 0.75	2 1.5	Vdc
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ( $V_{GS} = 5\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_D = 7.5\text{ Adc}$ )	$R_{DS(on)}$	—	0.1	Ohm
Drain-Source On-Voltage ( $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$ ) ( $I_D = 15\text{ Adc}$ ) ( $I_D = 7.5\text{ Adc}$ , $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{DS(on)}$	—	3 1.5	Vdc
Forward Transconductance ( $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 7.5\text{ A}$ )	$g_{FS}$	5	—	mhos

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$C_{iss}$	—	900	pF
	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ See Figure 4		—	2800	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$C_{rss}$	—	200	pF
	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ See Figure 4		—	2400	
Output Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ See Figure 4	$C_{oss}$	—	450	pF

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ )

Turn-On Delay Time	$(V_{DD} = 25\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 7.5\text{ A}$ , $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_{gen} = 50\text{ ohms}$ )	$t_{d(on)}$	—	40	ns
Rise Time		$t_r$	—	260	
Turn-Off Delay Time		$t_{d(off)}$	—	200	
Fall Time		$t_f$	—	200	
Total Gate Charge	$(V_{DS} = 0.8\text{ Rated } V_{DSS}$ , $I_D = 15\text{ A}$ , $V_{GS} = 5\text{ Vdc}$ ) See Figures 6 and 10.	$Q_g$	14 (typ)	22	nC
Gate-Source Charge		$Q_{gs}$	7 (typ)	—	
Gate-Drain Charge		$Q_{gd}$	7 (typ)	—	

**SOURCE DRAIN DIODE CHARACTERISTICS**

Forward On-Voltage	$(I_S = \text{Rated } I_D, V_{GS} = 0)$	$V_{SD}$	1.8 (typ)	—	Vdc
Forward Turn-On Time		$t_{on}$	Limited by stray inductance		
Reverse Recovery Time		$t_{rr}$	300 (typ)	—	ns

**INTERNAL PACKAGE INDUCTANCE (TO-220)**

Internal Drain Inductance (Measured from the contact screw on tab to center of die) (Measured from the drain lead 0.25" from package to center of die)	$L_d$	3.5 (Typ) 4.5 (Typ)	—	nH
Internal Source Inductance (Measured from the source lead 0.25" from package to source bond pad.)	$L_s$	7.5 (Typ)	—	

MTP15N05EL

MOTOROLA SC (XSTRS/P F) 6AE D 6367254 0098759 636 MOTB  
 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

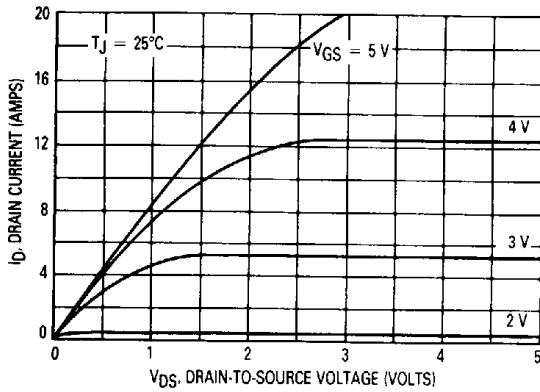


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

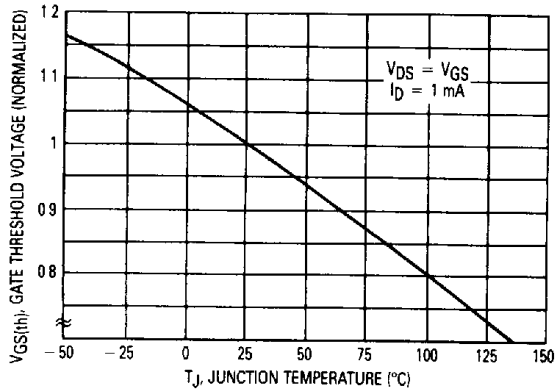


Figure 2. Gate-Threshold Voltage Variation With Temperature

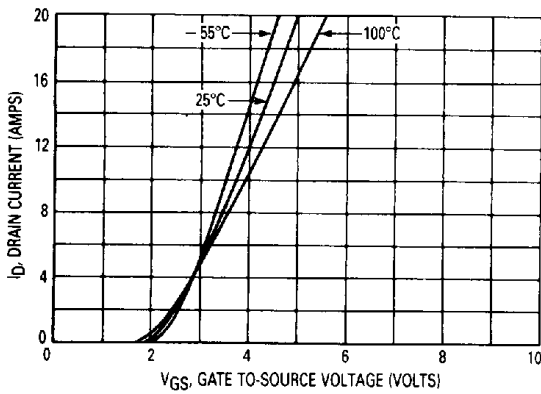


Figure 3. Transfer Characteristics

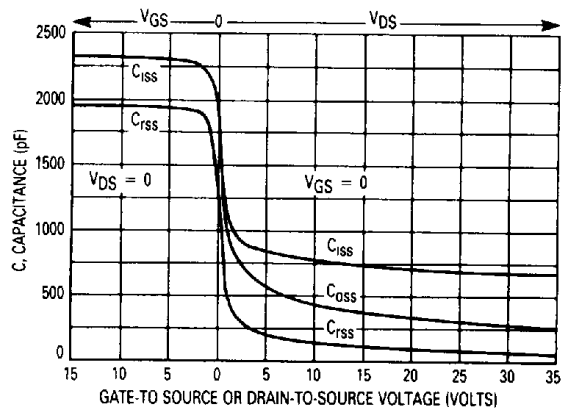


Figure 4. Capacitance Variation

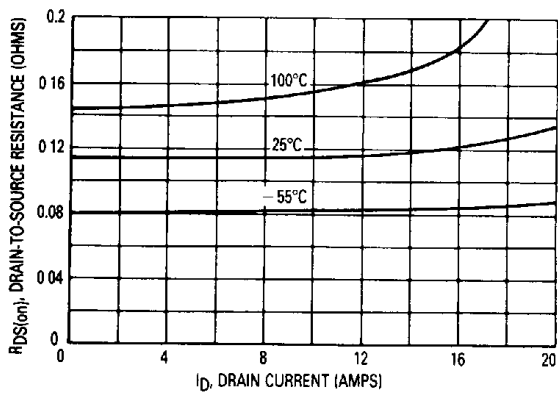


Figure 5. On-Resistance versus Drain Current

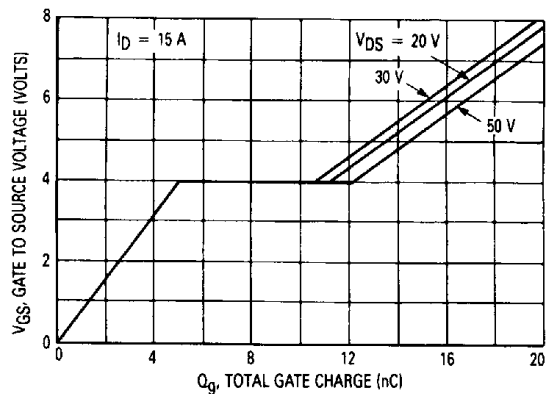


Figure 6. Gate Charge Variation

MTP15N05EL

MOTOROLA SC (XSTRS/R F)

6AE D

6367254 0098760 358

MOTL

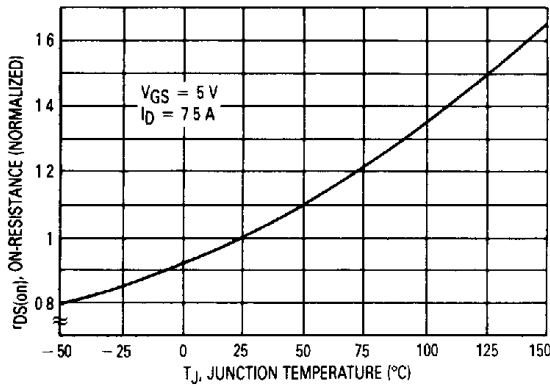


Figure 7. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature

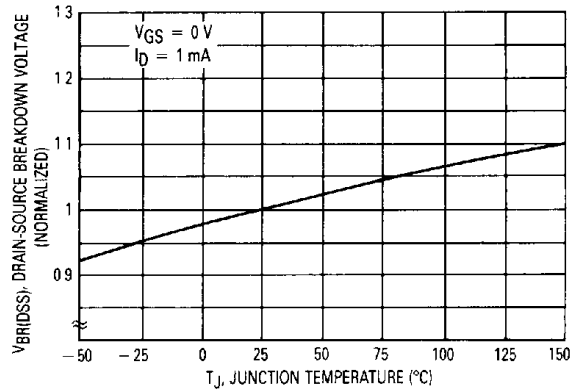


Figure 8. Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage Variation with Temperature

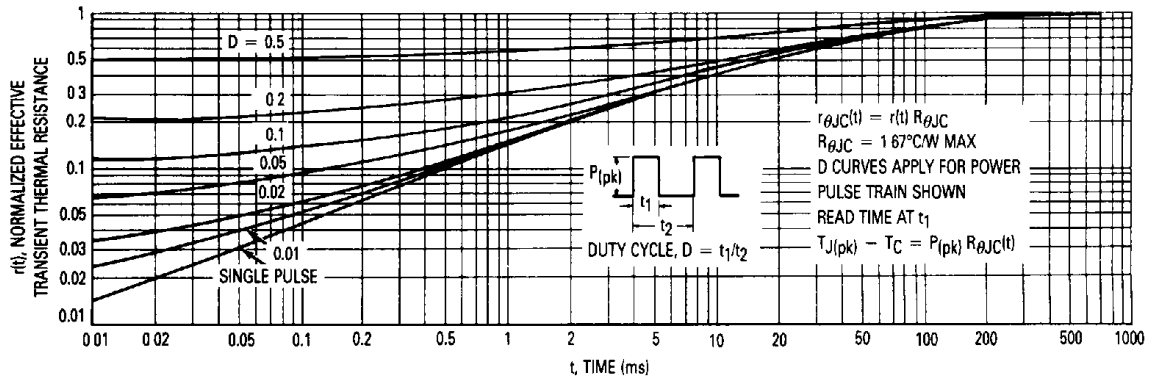
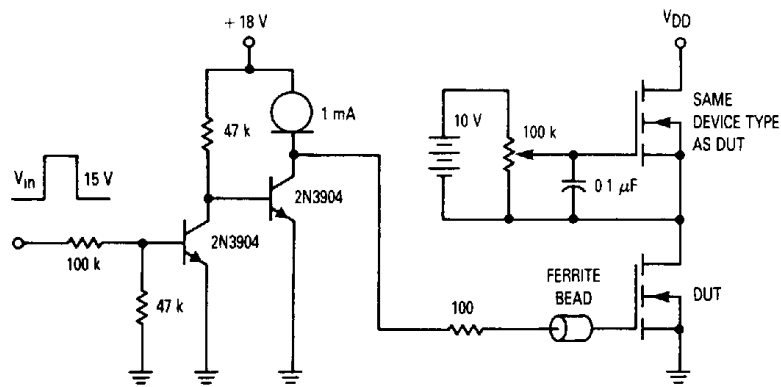


Figure 9. Thermal Response



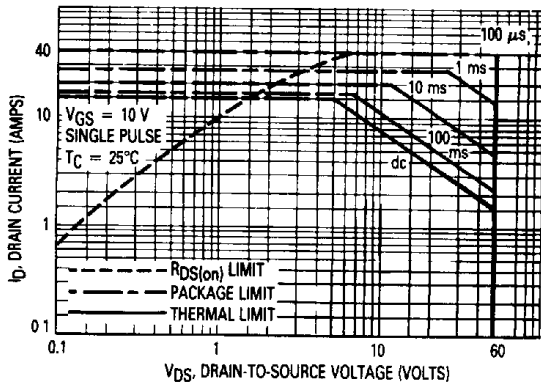
$V_{in} = 15 V_{pk}$ ; PULSE WIDTH  $\leq 100 \mu s$ , DUTY CYCLE  $\leq 10\%$

Figure 10. Gate Charge Test Circuit

**SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION**

**FORWARD BIASED SAFE OPERATING AREA**

The FBSOA curves define the maximum drain-to-source voltage and drain current that a device can safely handle when it is forward biased, or when it is on, or being turned on. Because these curves include the limitations of simultaneous high voltage and high current, up to the rating of the device, they are especially useful to designers of linear systems. The curves are based on a case temperature of 25°C and a maximum junction temperature of 150°C. Limitations for repetitive pulses at various case temperatures can be determined by using the thermal response curves. Motorola Application Note, AN569, "Transient Thermal Resistance-General Data and Its Use" provides detailed instructions.



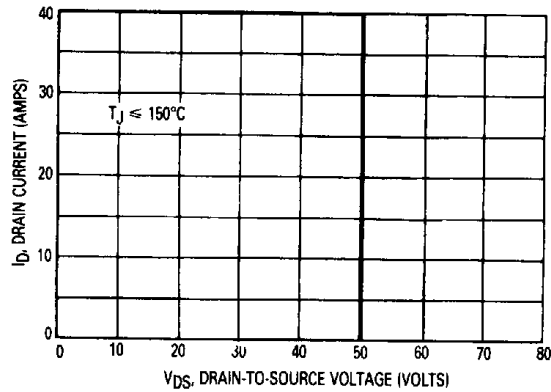
**Figure 11. Maximum Rated Forward Biased Safe Operating Area**

**SWITCHING SAFE OPERATING AREA**

The switching safe operating area (SOA) of Figure 12 is the boundary that the load line may traverse without incurring damage to the MOSFET. The fundamental limits are the peak current,  $I_{DM}$  and the breakdown voltage,  $V_{(BR)DSS}$ . The switching SOA shown in Figure 12 is applicable for both turn-on and turn-off of the devices for switching times less than one microsecond.

The power averaged over a complete switching cycle must be less than:

$$\frac{T_J(\max) - T_C}{R_{\theta JC}}$$



**Figure 12. Maximum Rated Switching Safe Operating Area**