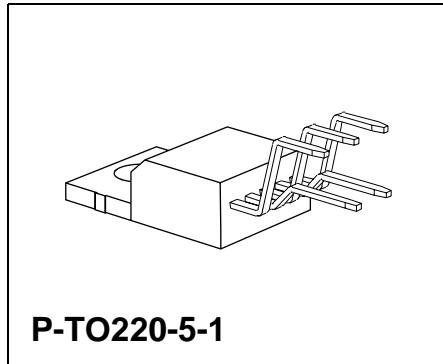
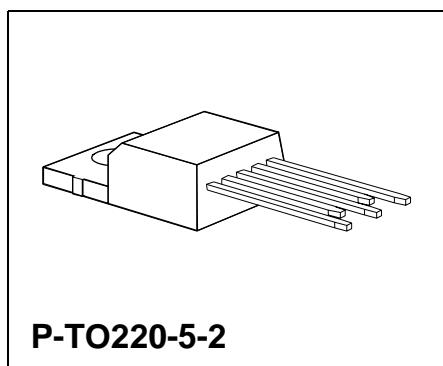


5-V Low-Drop Voltage Regulator**TLE 4260****Features**

- Low-drop voltage
- Very low quiescent current
- Low starting current consumption
- Integrated temperature protection
- Protection against reverse polarity
- Input voltage up to 42 V
- Overvoltage protection up to 65 V (≤ 400 ms)
- Short-circuit proof
- Suited for automotive electronics
- Wide temperature range
- EMC proofed (100 V/m)

**P-T0220-5-1****P-T0220-5-2**

Type	Ordering Code	Package
▼ TLE 4260	Q67000-A8187	P-T0220-5-1
▼ TLE 4260 S	Q67000-A9044	P-T0220-5-2

▼ Please also refer to the new pin compatible device TLE 4270

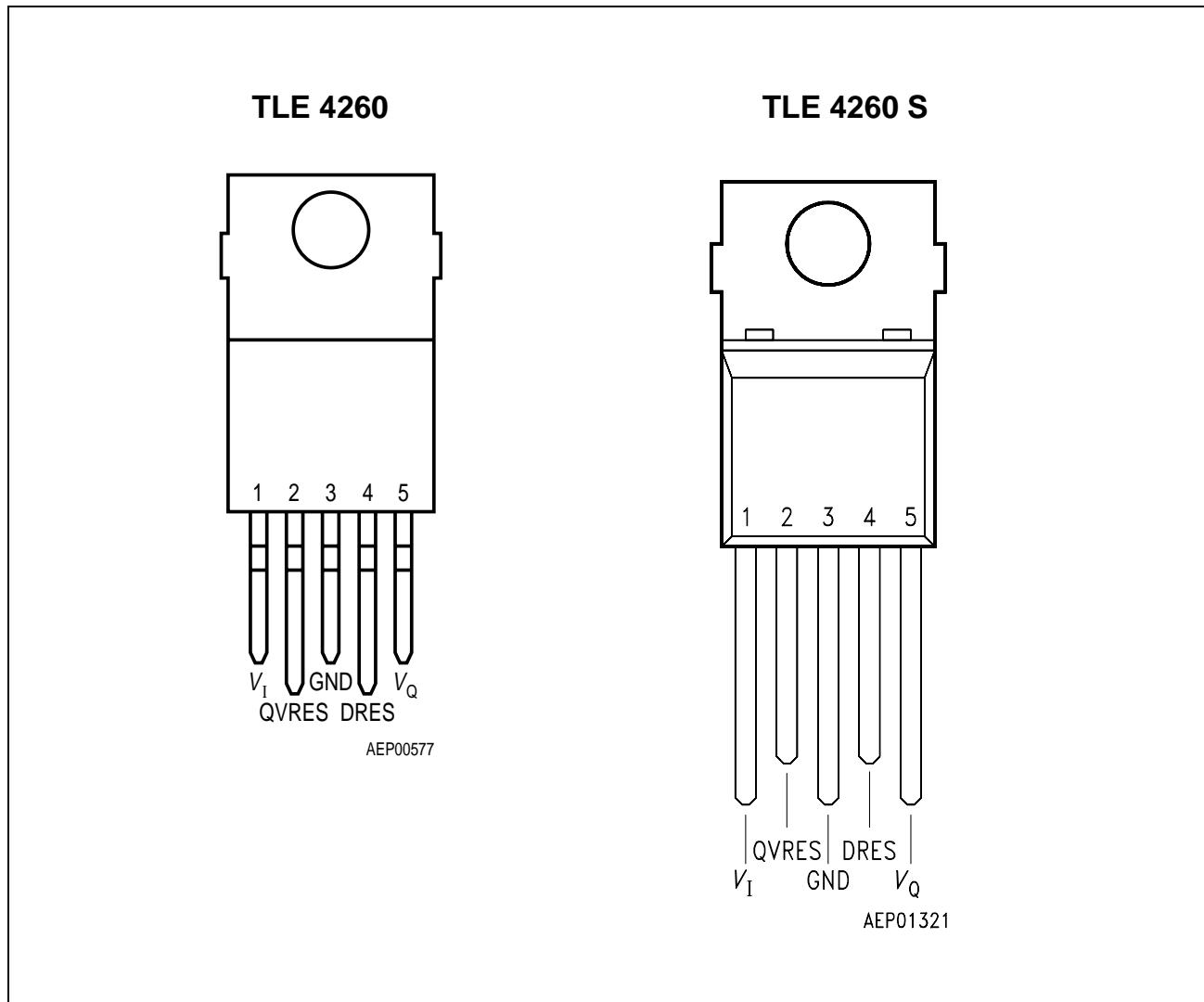
Functional Description

TLE 4260; S is a 5-V low-drop fixed-voltage regulator in a P-T0220-5-H/S package. The maximum input voltage is 42 V (65 V/ ≤ 400 ms). The device can produce an output current of more than 500 mA. It is shortcircuit-proof and incorporates temperature protection that disables the circuit at unpermissibly high temperatures.

Due to the wide temperature range of – 40 to 150 °C, the TLE 4260; S is also suitable for use in automotive applications.

The IC regulates an input voltage V_I in the range $6 < V_I < 35$ V to $V_{Q\text{nominal}} = 5.0$ V. A reset signal is generated for an output voltage of $V_Q < 4.75$ V. The reset delay can be set externally with a capacitor. If the output current is reduced below 10 mA, the regulator switches internally to standby and the reset generator is turned off. The standby current drops to max. 700 μ A.

Pin Configuration
(top view)



Pin Definitions and Functions (TLE 4260 and TLE 4260 S)

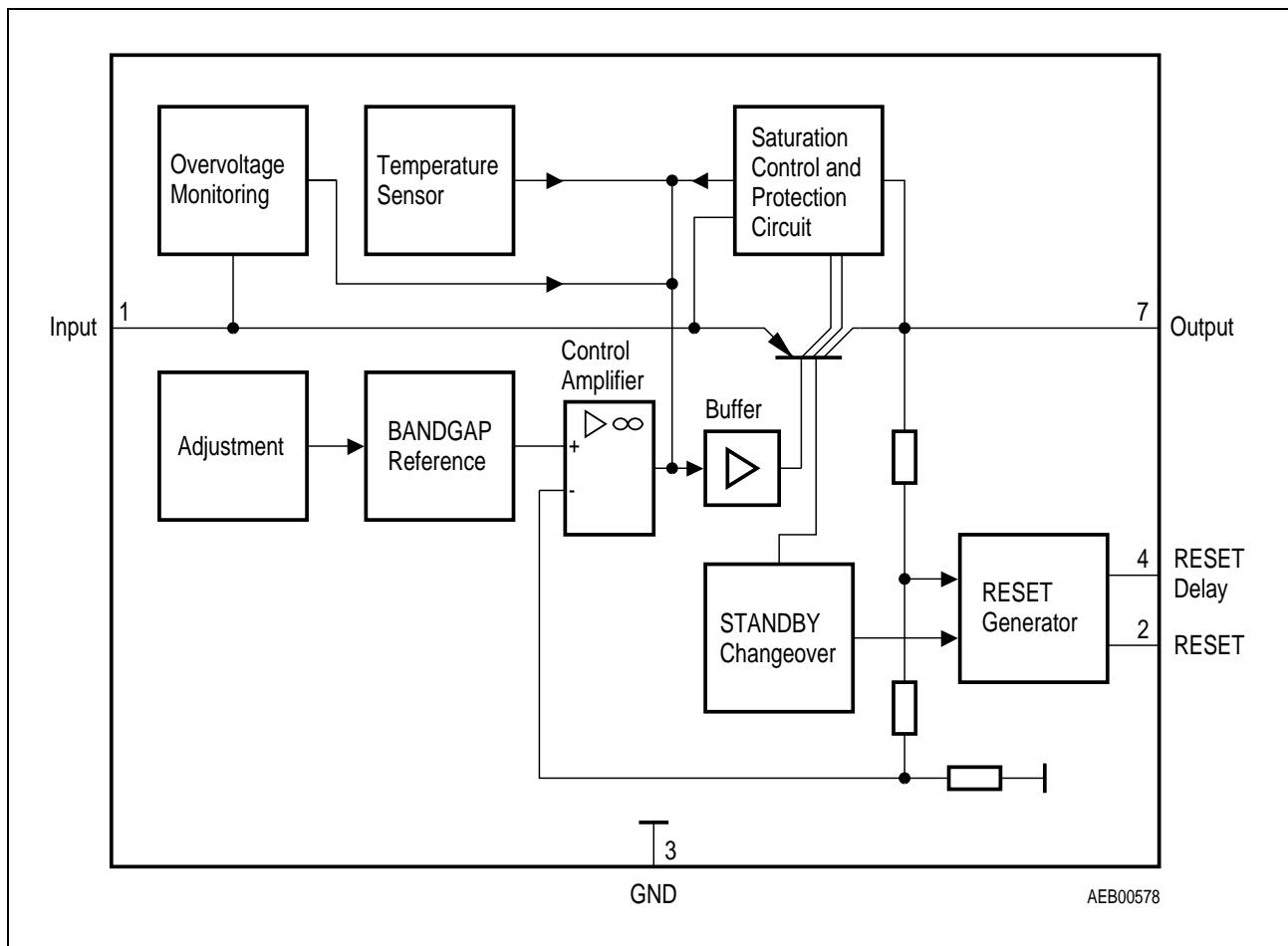
Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	V_I	Input ; block directly to ground at the IC by a 470-nF capacitor
2	QVRES	Reset output ; open collector output controlled by the reset delay
3	GND	Ground
4	DRES	Reset delay ; wired to ground with a capacitor
5	V_Q	5-V output voltage ; block to ground with a 22- μ F capacitor

Circuit Description

The control amplifier compares a reference voltage, which is kept highly accurate by resistance adjustment, to a voltage that is proportional to the output voltage and drives the base of the series transistor via a buffer. Saturation control as a function of the load current prevents any over-saturation of the power element. If the output voltage goes below 96% of its typical value, an external capacitor is discharged on pin 4 by the reset generator. If the voltage on the capacitor reaches the lower threshold V_{ST} , a reset signal is issued on pin 2 and not cancelled again until the upper threshold V_{DT} is exceeded. For an output current of less than $I_{QN\text{ off}} = 10 \text{ mA}$ the standby changeover turns off the reset generator. The latter is turned on again when the output current increases, the output voltage drops below 4.2 V or the delay capacitor is discharged by external measures.

The IC also incorporates a number of internal circuits for protection against:

- Overload
- Overvoltage
- Overtemperature
- Reverse polarity



Block Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Remarks
		min.	max.		

Input (Pin 1)

Input voltage	V_I	- 42	42	V	-
	V_I	-	65	V	$t \leq 400 \text{ ms}$
Input current	I_I	-	1.6	A	-

Reset Output (Pin 2)

Voltage	V_R	- 0.3	42	V	-
Current	I_R	-	-	-	internally limited

Ground (Pin 3)

Current	I_{GND}	- 0.5	-	A	-
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Reset Delay (Pin 4)

Voltage	V_D	- 0.3	42	V	-
Current	I_D	-	-	-	internally limited

Output (Pin 5)

Differential voltage	$V_I - V_Q$	- 5.25	V_I	V	-
Current	I_Q	-	1.4	A	-

Temperature

Junction temperature	T_j	-	32	°C	-
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	- 50	150	°C	-

Operating Range

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Remarks
		min.	max.		
Input voltage	V_I	–	32	V	1)
Junction temperature	T_j	– 40	165	°C	–

Thermal Resistances

Junction ambient	R_{thja}	–	65	K/W	–
Junction case	R_{thjc}	–	3	K/W	–

1) See diagram "Output Current versus Input Voltage"

Characteristics

$V_I = 13.5 \text{ V}$; $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$; (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		

Normal Operation

Output voltage	V_Q	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	$25 \text{ mA} \leq I_Q \leq 500 \text{ mA}$ $6 \text{ V} \leq V_I \leq 28 \text{ V}$ $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$
Short -circuit current	I_{SC}	500	1000	—	mA	$V_I = 17 \text{ V}$ to 28 V ; $V_Q = 0 \text{ V}$
Current consumption $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	—	8.5	10	mA ¹⁾	$6 \text{ V} \leq V_I \leq 28 \text{ V}$ $I_Q = 150 \text{ mA}$
Current consumption $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	—	50	65	mA ¹⁾	$6 \text{ V} \leq V_I \leq 28 \text{ V}$ $I_Q = 500 \text{ mA}$
Current consumption $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	—	—	80	mA ¹⁾	$V_I \leq 6 \text{ V}$ $I_Q = 500 \text{ mA}$
Drop voltage	V_{DR}	—	0.35	0.5	V	$V_I = 4.5 \text{ V}$; $I_Q = 0.5 \text{ A}$
Drop voltage	V_{DR}	—	0.2	0.3	V	$V_I = 4.5 \text{ V}$; $I_Q = 0.15 \text{ A}$
Load regulation	ΔV_Q	—	15	35	mV	$25 \text{ mA} \leq I_Q \leq 500 \text{ mA}$
Supply-voltage regulation	ΔV_Q	—	15	50	mV	$V_I \leq 6 \text{ V}$ to 28 V ; $I_Q = 100 \text{ mA}$
Supply-voltage regulation	ΔV_Q	—	5	25	mV	$V_I \leq 6 \text{ V}$ to 16 V ; $I_Q = 100 \text{ mA}$
Ripple rejection	SVR	—	54	—	dB	$f = 100 \text{ Hz}$; $V_r = 0.5 \text{ V}_{pp}$
Temperature drift of output voltage ¹⁾	α_{VQ}	—	2×10^{-4}	—	$1/\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	—

Standby Operation

Quiscent current; $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	—	500	700	μA	$10 \text{ V} \leq V_I \leq 16 \text{ V}$; $I_Q = 0 \text{ mA}$
Quiscent current; $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	—	750	850	μA	$10 \text{ V} \leq V_I \leq 16 \text{ V}$; $I_Q = 5 \text{ mA}$

Characteristics (cont'd) $V_I = 13.5 \text{ V}$; $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$; (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		

Standby Off/Normal On

Current consumption	I_{qSOFF}	—	1.0	1.2	mA	see test diagram
Current consumption	I_{qNON}	—	1.7	2.2	mA	see test diagram

Normal Off/Standby On

Current consumption	I_{qNOFF}	—	1.55	2.00	mA	see test diagram
Current consumption	I_{qSON}	—	850	1050	μA	see test diagram
Switching threshold	I_{QNOFF}	7.5	10	12.5	mA	see test diagram
Switching hysteresis	ΔI_Q	2.25	3	4	mA	see test diagram

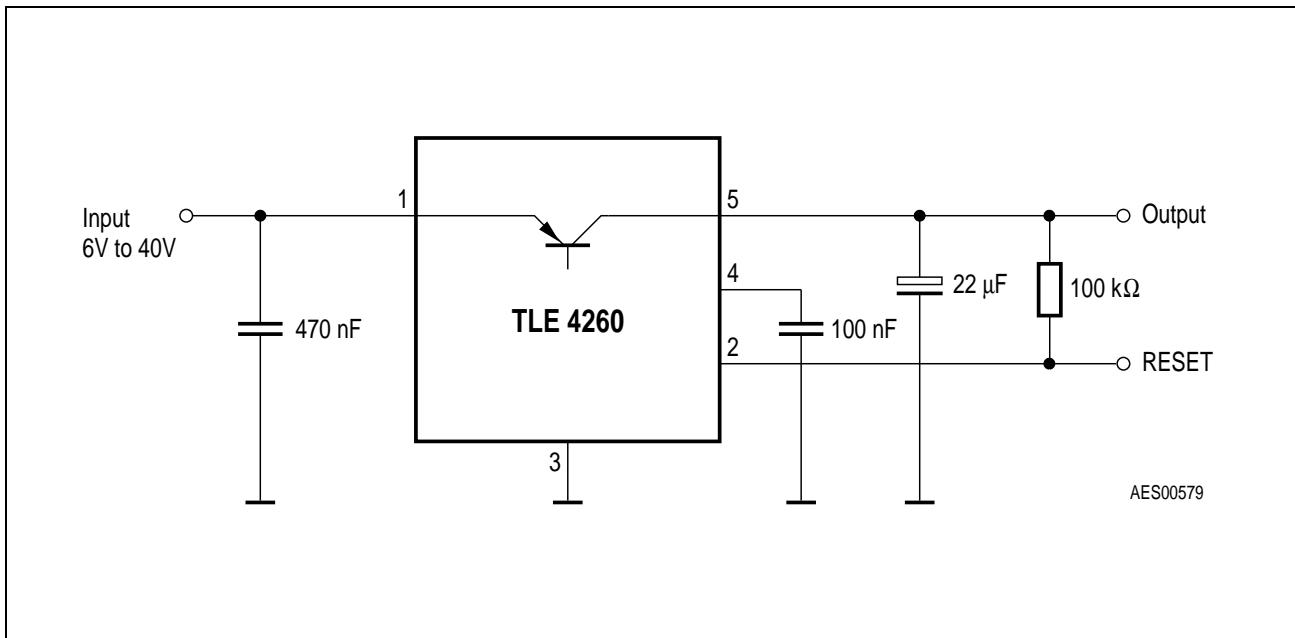
Reset Generator

Switching threshold	V_{RT}	94	96	97	%	in % of V_Q ; $I_Q > 500 \text{ mA}$; $V_I = 6 \text{ V}$
Saturation voltage	V_R	—	0.25	0.40	V	$I_R = 3 \text{ mA}$; $V_I = 4.5 \text{ V}$
Reverse current	I_R	—	—	1	μA	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$
Charge current	I_D	7	10	13	μA	—
Switching threshold	V_{ST}	0.9	1.1	1.3	V	—
Delay switching threshold	V_{DT}	2.15	2.50	2.75	V	—
Delay time	t_D	—	25	—	ms	$C_D = 100 \text{ nF}$
Delay time	t_t	—	5	—	μs	$C_D = 100 \text{ nF}$

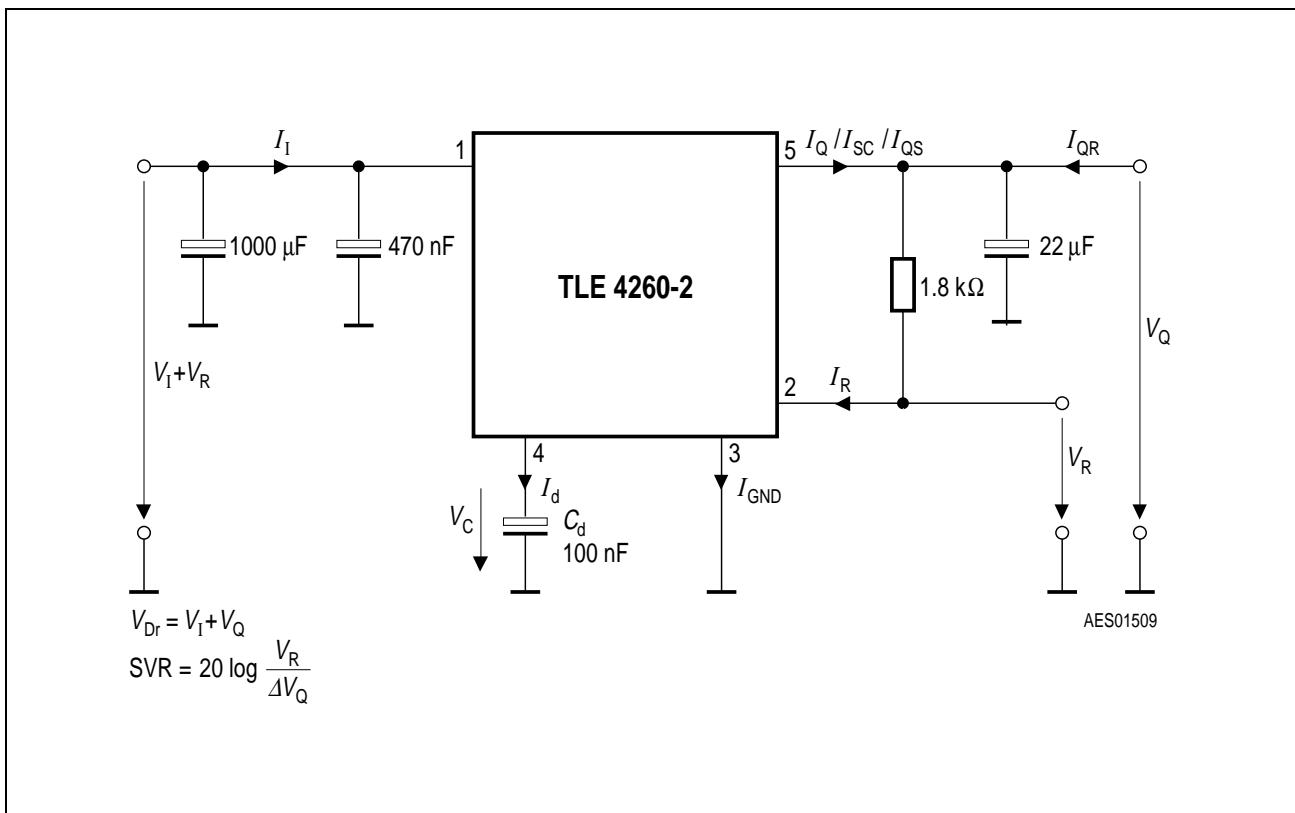
General Data

Turn-Off voltage	V_{IOFF}	40	43	45	V	$I_Q < 1 \text{ mA}$
Turn-Off hysteresis	ΔV_I	—	3.0	—	V	—
Leakage current	I_{QS}	—	500	—	μA	$V_Q = 0 \text{ V}$; $V_I = 45 \text{ V}$
Reverse output current	I_{QR}	—	—	1.5	mA	$V_Q = 5 \text{ V}$; $V_I = \text{open}$

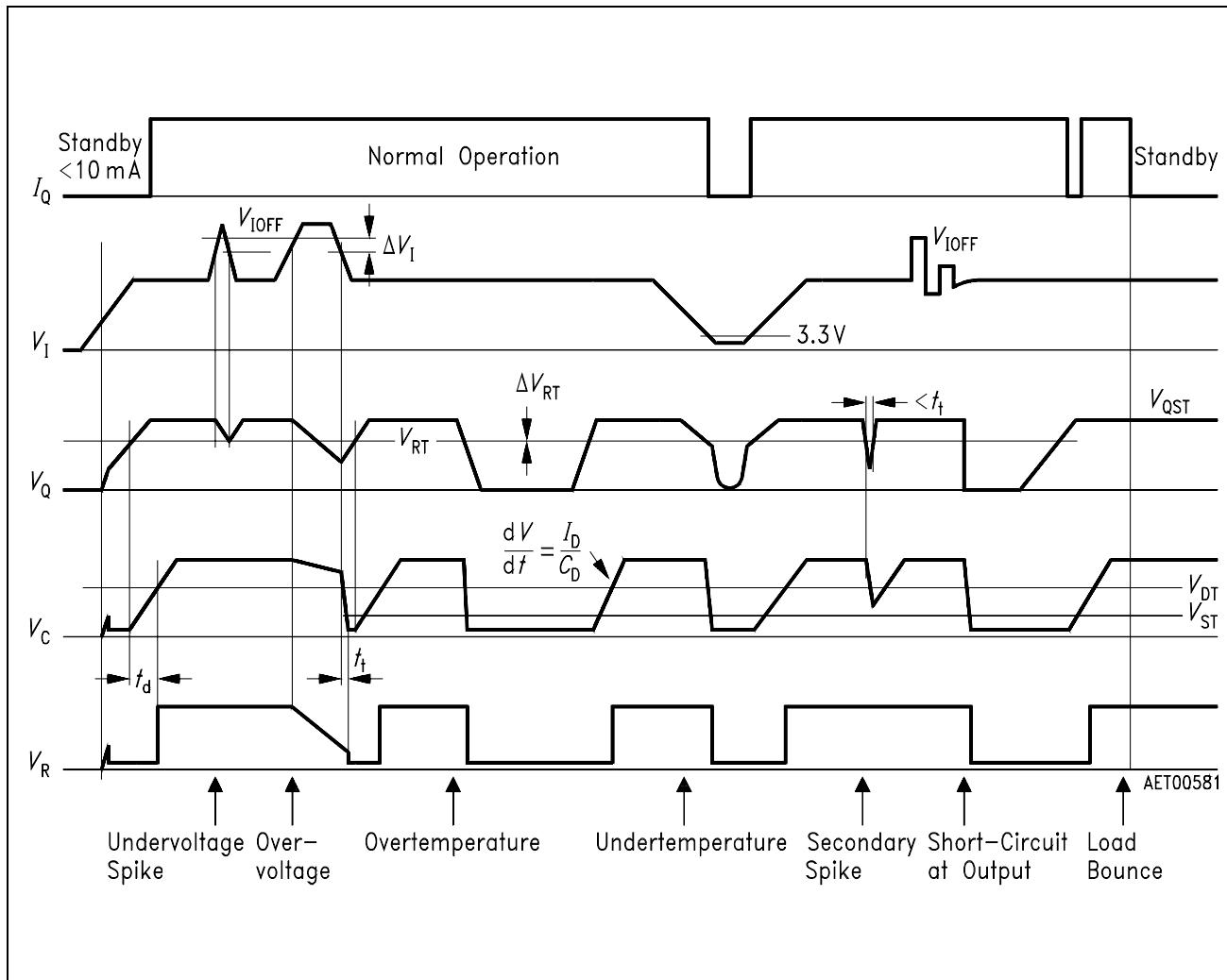
¹⁾ See diagram



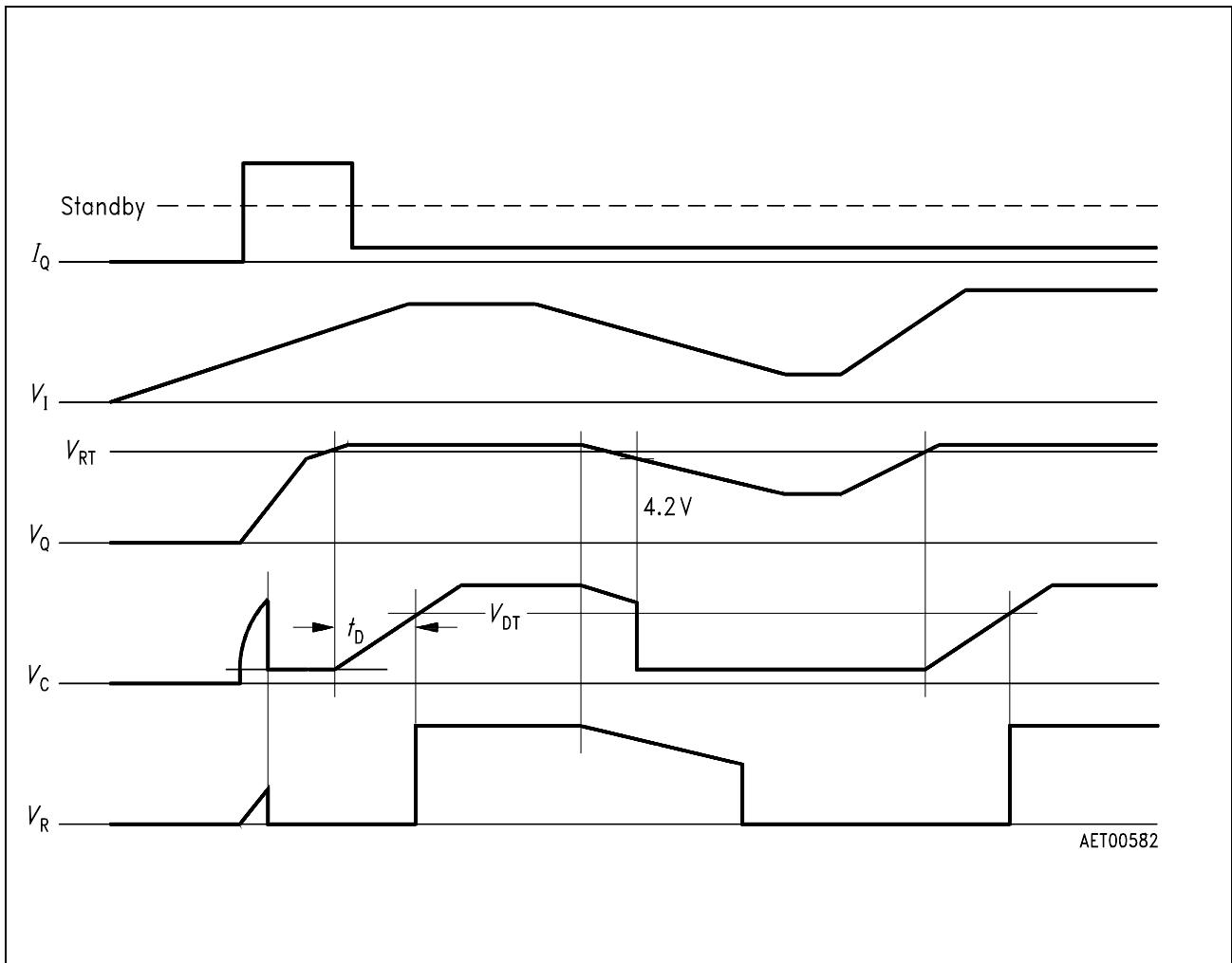
Application Circuit

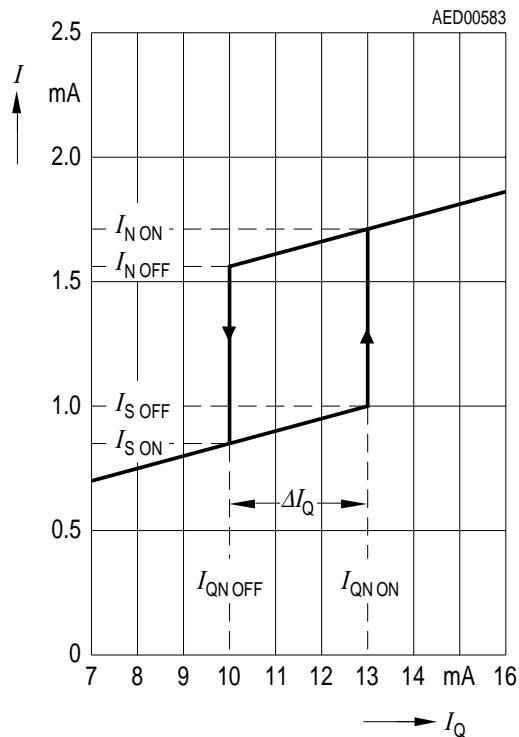
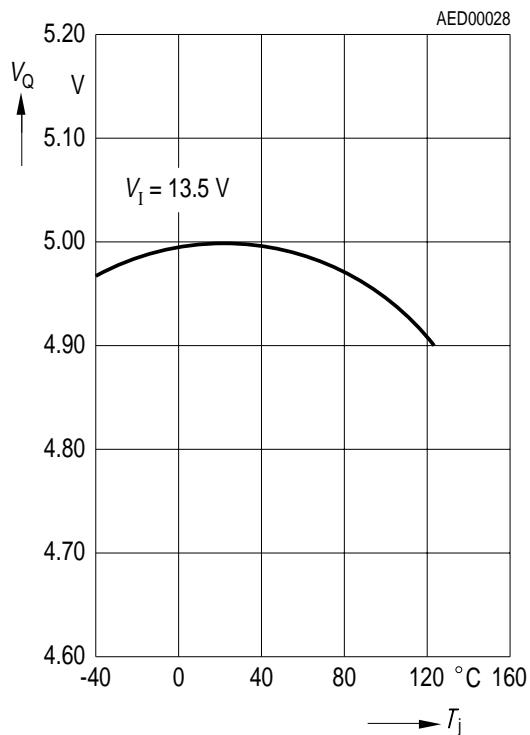
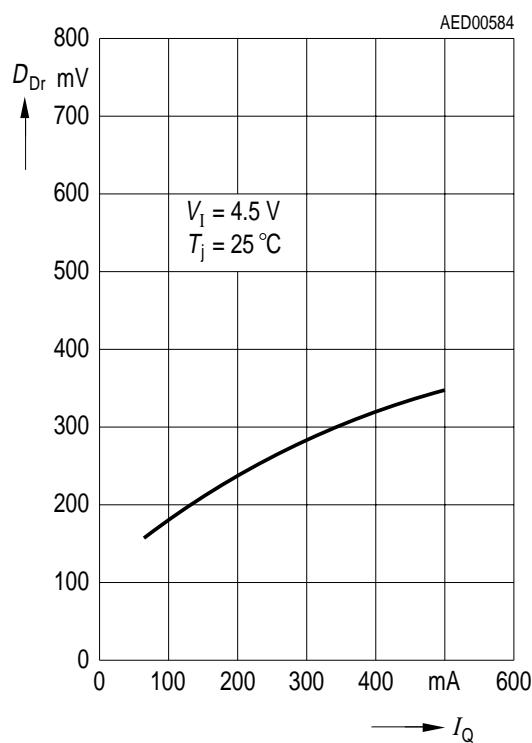
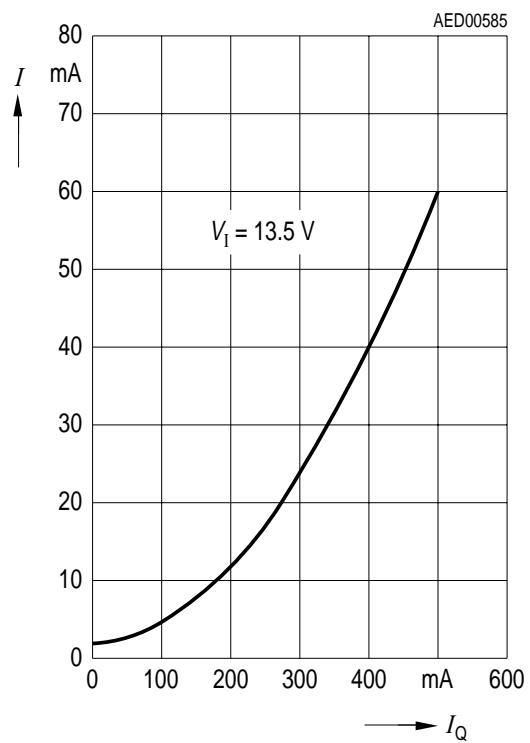


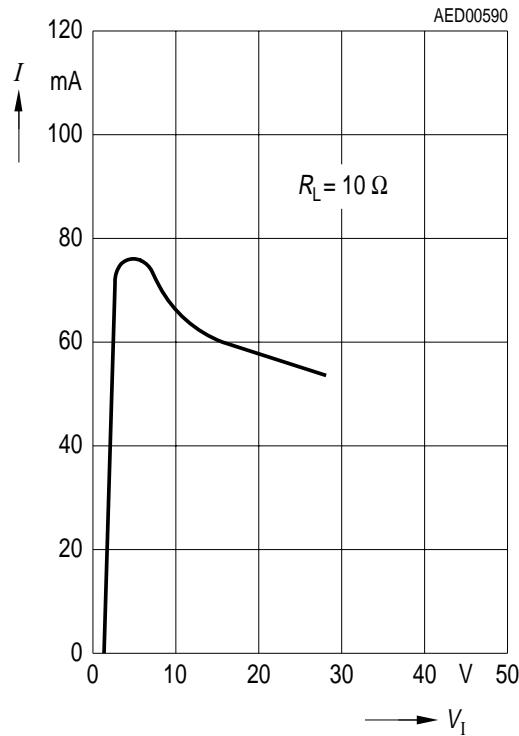
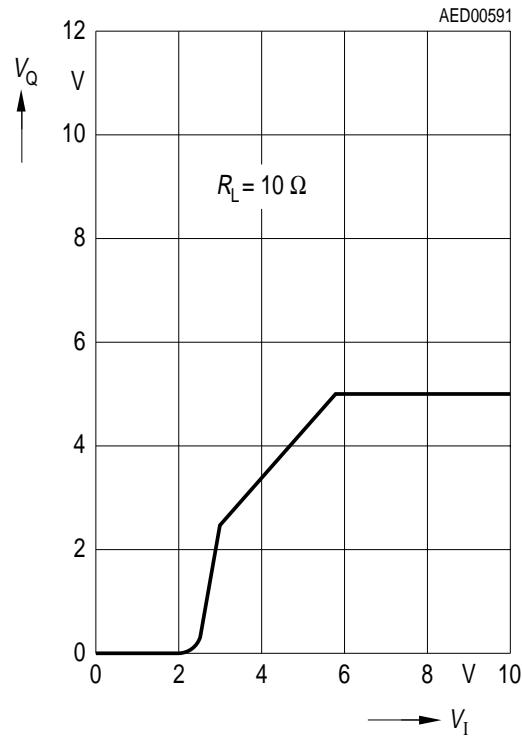
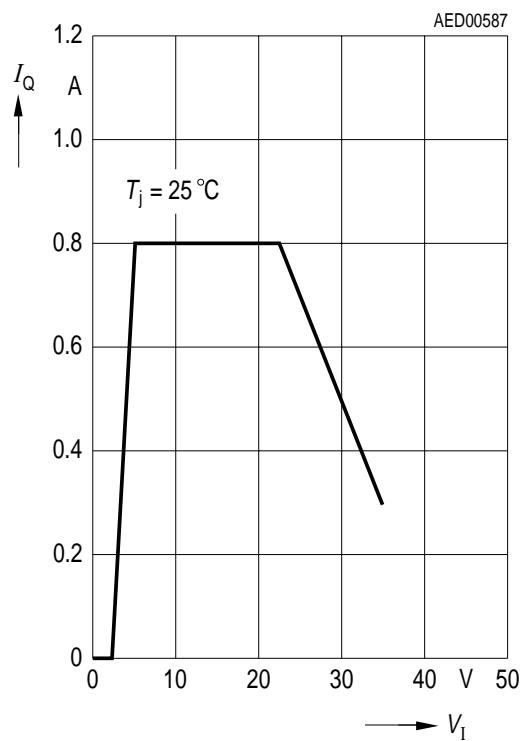
Test Circuit



Time Response

**Time Response in Standby Condition**

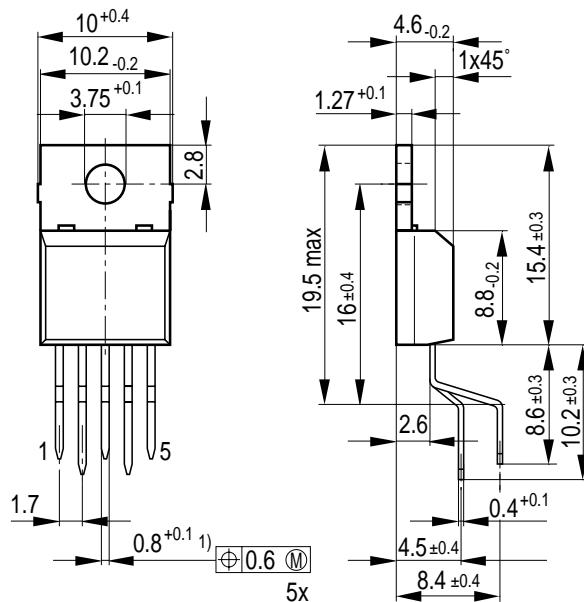
Standby/Normal Changeover**Output Voltage versus Temperature****Drop Voltage versus Output Current****Current Consumption versus Output Current**

**Current Consumption versus
Input Voltage****Output Voltage versus Input Voltage****Output Current versus Input Voltage**

Package Outlines

P-TO220-5-1

(Plastic Transistor Single Outline)



- 1) $1_{-0.15}$ at dam bar (max 1.8 from body)
- 1) $1_{-0.15}$ im Dichtstegbereich (max 1.8 vom Körper)

Weight approx. 2.1 g

GPT05107

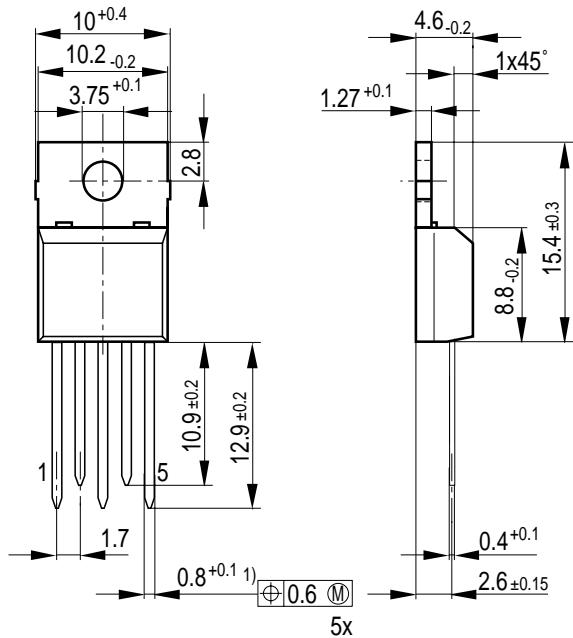
Sorts of Packing

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information".

Dimensions in mm

P-TO220-5-1

(Plastic Transistor Single Outline)



1) $1_{-0.15}$ at dam bar (max 1.8 from body)
1) $1_{-0.15}$ im Dichtstegbereich (max 1.8 vom Körper)

Weight approx. 2.1 g

GPT05256

Sorts of Packing

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information".

Dimensions in mm