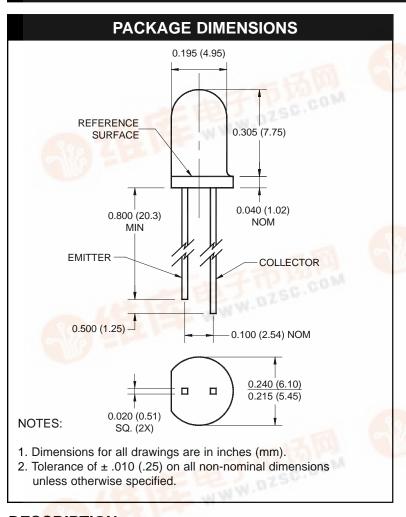


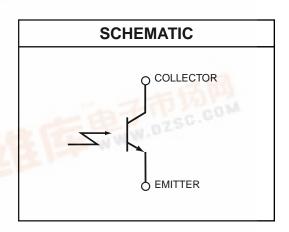


### PLASTIC SILICON INFRARED **PHOTOTRANSISTOR**

**QSD122 QSD123 QSD124** 







#### DESCRIPTION

WWW.DZSC.COM The QSD122/123/124 is a phototransistor encapsulated in an infrared transparent, black T-1 3/4 package.

#### **FEATURES**

• NPN Silicon Phototransistor

Notched Emitter: QED12X/QED22X/QED23X
 Narrow Bases

Narrow Reception Angle: 24°C

Daylight Filter

Package Material and Color: Black Epoxy

High Sensitivity





# PLASTIC SILICON INFRARED PHOTOTRANSISTOR

QSD122 QSD123 QSD124

| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified) |                    |                |      |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------|----------------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter   | Symbol             | Rating         | Unit |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Temperature   | T <sub>OPR</sub>   | -40 to +100    | °C   |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Temperature   | T <sub>STG</sub>   | -40 to +100    | °C   |  |  |  |  |
| Soldering Temperature (Iron)(2,3,4)   | T <sub>SOL-I</sub> | 240 for 5 sec  | °C   |  |  |  |  |
| Soldering Temperature (Flow)(2,3)   | T <sub>SOL-F</sub> | 260 for 10 sec | °C   |  |  |  |  |
| Collector-Emitter Voltage   | V <sub>CE</sub>    | 30             | V    |  |  |  |  |
| Emitter-Collector Voltage   | V <sub>EC</sub>    | 5              | V    |  |  |  |  |
| Power Dissipation <sup>(1)</sup>  | P <sub>D</sub>     | 100            | mW   |  |  |  |  |

#### NOTE:

- 1. Derate power dissipation linearly 1.33 mW/°C above 25°C.
- 2. RMA flux is recommended.
- 3. Methanol or isopropyl alcohols are recommended as cleaning agents.
- 4. Soldering iron 1/16" (1.6mm) minimum from housing.
- 5.  $\lambda$  = 880 nm, AlGaAs.

| ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA =25°C) |  |                     |      |     |       |       |  |  |
|---|--|---------------------|------|-----|-------|-------|--|--|
| PARAMETER                                       | TEST CONDITIONS  | SYMBOL              | MIN  | TYP | MAX   | UNITS |  |  |
| Peak Sensitivity Wavelength                     |  | λps                 | _    | 880 | _     | nm    |  |  |
| Reception Angle                                 |  | θ                   | _    | ±12 | l —   | Deg.  |  |  |
| Collector Emitter Dark Current                  | $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, E_{e} = 0$                                   | Iceo                | _    | _   | 100   | nA    |  |  |
| Collector Emitter Breakdown                     | Ic = 1 mA  | BVceo               | 30   | _   | _     | V     |  |  |
| Emitter Collector Breakdown                     | I <sub>E</sub> = 100 μA  | BV <sub>ECO</sub>   | 5    | _   | _     | V     |  |  |
| On-State Collector Current(5)                   |  |                     |      |     |       |       |  |  |
| QSD122  |  |                     | 1.00 | l – | 6.00  |       |  |  |
| QSD123  | $E_e = 0.5 \text{ mW/cm}^2, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$                    | I <sub>C (ON)</sub> | 4.00 | _   | 16.00 | mA    |  |  |
| QSD124  |  |                     | 6.00 | _   | _     |       |  |  |
| Saturation Voltage <sup>(5)</sup>               | $E_e = 0.5 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}$                 | VCE (SAT)           | _    | _   | 0.4   | V     |  |  |
| Rise Time                                       | \/ 5\/ D 400\/ I- 00 \   | t <sub>r</sub>      | _    | 7   | _     | μs    |  |  |
| Fall Time                                       | $Vcc = 5 \text{ V}, R_L = 100 \text{ V} \text{ Ic} = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ | tf                  | _    | 7   | _     |       |  |  |



## PLASTIC SILICON INFRARED PHOTOTRANSISTOR

QSD122 QSD123 QSD124

Figure 1. Light Current vs. Radiant Intensity

100

(WE) 100

100

0.1

0.2

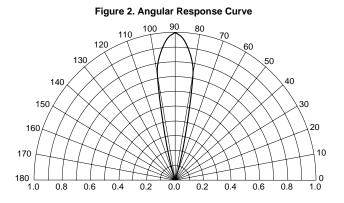
0.4

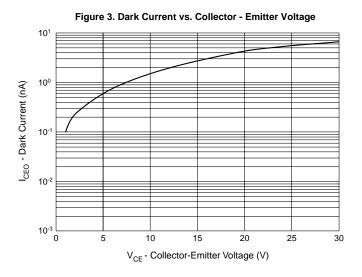
0.6

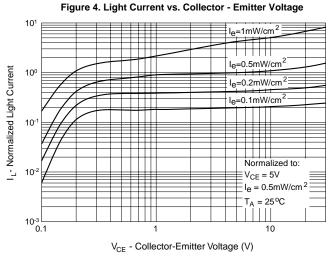
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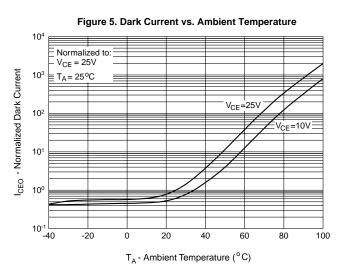
1.0

E<sub>e</sub>- Radiant Intensity (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)











### PLASTIC SILICON INFRARED PHOTOTRANSISTOR

QSD122 QSD123 QSD124

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- A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.