

DUAL-BAND CDMA CELLULAR/GPS LOW NOISE AMPLIFIER/MIXER

Typical Applications

- CDMA Cellular/GPS Applications
- JCDMA/GPS Applications
- AMPS/GPS Applications

Product Description

The RF2890 is a high performance dual band CDMA Cellular and GPS LNA/mixer. An integrated optional LO prescaler allows VCO flexibility. The device is designed to exceed all sensitivity, intermodulation and single-tone requirements. The RF2890 is designed for three state gain control solutions (17.5dB of gain control) for cellular band IMD testing. The device offers a dedicated low current (15.5mA) GPS LNA/mixer with 32.5dB gain. An integrated TX LO buffer is also included. The design is flexible, in that the bias currents may be set using off-chip current reference resistors for the mixer and LNA blocks. Noise figure, IIP3, and other specifications are designed to be compatible with the TIA/EIA 98D standard for CDMA cellular communications. The device is packaged in a plastic, 4mmx4mm QFN.

Optimum Technology Matching® Applied



- CDMA Modem/Data Cards
- Commercial and Consumer Systems
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment



Package Style: QFN, 24-Pin, 4x4

Features

- Optional Divide-by-Two LO Prescaler allows VCO Flexibility
- Three Gain State Cellular LNA
- High IIP3 (8.5dBm) Cellular Mixer
- Full ESD Protection on all Pins
- 15.5mA GPS LNA/Mixer Solution

Ordering Information

| RF2890 | Dual-Band CDMA Cellular/GPS Low Noise Amplifier/Mixer | | | |
|------------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|
| RF2890PCBA-410 | Fully Assembled Evaluation | Board | | |
| RF Micro Devices, Inc. | | Tel (336) 664 1233 | | |
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| Greensboro, NC 27409 | , USA | http://www.rfmd.com | | |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Rating | Unit |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Supply Voltage | -0.5 to +5.0 | V _{DC} |
| Input LO and RF Levels | +6 | dBm |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | -40 to +85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 to +150 | °C |



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| Peremeter | | Specification | | Unit | Condition |
|---------------------------|-------|----------------|------|--------------|---|
| Farameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
| Overall | | | | | T=25°C, V _{CC} =2.75V |
| RF Frequency Range | | 800 to 900 | | MHz | Cellular band |
| | | 1575.42 | | MHz | GPS band |
| IF Frequency Range | 0.1 | 183.6 | 400 | MHz | |
| Power Supply | | | | | |
| Supply Voltage | 2.65 | 2.75 | 3.15 | V | |
| Logic High | 1.8 | | | V | |
| Logic Low | | | 0.4 | V | |
| Power Down Current | | | 10 | μA | ENABLE=0 |
| Cellular Band | | | | | Freq=869MHz to 894MHz |
| JCDMA Band | I | | | | |
| LNA (High Gain) | | | | | LNA 50Ω match |
| Gain | 13.0 | 14.5 | 16.0 | dB | |
| Noise Figure | | 1.0 | 1.3 | dB | |
| Input IP3 | +9.0 | +11.0 | | dBm | IIP3 can be increased further by decreasing the value of ISET1. |
| Current | | 7.0 | | mA | |
| Isolation | | 19 | | dB | |
| LNA (Mid Gain) | | | | | LNA 50Ω match |
| Gain | 5.5 | 7.0 | 8.5 | dB | |
| Noise Figure | | 2.5 | 2.8 | dB | |
| Input IP3 | +9.0 | +12.0 | | dBm | |
| Current | | 4.0 | | mA | |
| LNA (Low Gain) | | | | | |
| Gain | -4.0 | -3.0 | -1.5 | dB | |
| Noise Figure | | 3.0 | 4.0 | dB | |
| Input IP3 | +20.0 | +23.0 | | dBm | |
| Current | | 0 | | mA | |
| Mixer - CDMA/JCDMA | | | | | LO IN=-4dBm See Notes 1, 2 and 3 |
| Gain | 10.0 | 11.5 | 13.0 | dB | |
| Noise Figure | | 7.5 | 8.0 | dB | |
| Input IP3 | +6.5 | +8.5 | | dBm | |
| Current | | 13.5 | | mA | |
| LO Frequency Range | 600 | | 2300 | MHz | High and Low Side LO Injection. |
| | | 2105 2, 2155 2 | | M⊔⇒ | See note 3 and 4. |
| IF Frequency Rango | 0.1 | 1826 | 400 | IVI⊓∠ M⊔≁ | Typical IE frequencies: |
| | 0.1 | 103.0 | 400 | IVILIZ | 111.85MHz, 183.6MHz |
| Cellular Mode (High Gain) | | | | | |
| Total Current | | 27.5 | 37.0 | mA | LO/2 enabled, TX LO Buffer enabled |

| Devenuetor | | Specificatio | n | 11 | Condition | |
|--------------------------|------------|--------------|------|-----------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Condition | |
| GPS Band | | | 1 | | Freq=1575.42MHz | |
| LNA (High Gain) | | | | | LNA 50Ω match | |
| Gain | 15.0 | 16.5 | 18.0 | dB | | |
| Noise Figure | | 1.4 | 1.7 | dB | | |
| Input IP3 | +3.5 | +6.0 | | dBm | | |
| Current | | 7.0 | | mA | | |
| Isolation | | 20 | | dB | | |
| Mixer | | | | | LO IN=-4dBm | |
| Cain | 10.0 | 47 5 | 10.0 | | See note 1. | |
| Gain Noise Figure | 16.0 | 17.5 | 19.0 | dB dB | | |
| | F F | 7.0 | 7.5 | dD m | | |
| Current | -5.5 | -3.0 | | ubiii mA | Mixor/LO Input Amps | |
| | 1300 | 0.0 | 1450 | MH ₇ | Low Side LO Injection | |
| IF Frequency Range | 125 | 183.6 | 275 | MH7 | Typical IE frequency: 183 6MHz | |
| GPS Mode | 125 | 105.0 | 215 | | | |
| Total Current | | 15.5 | 20.0 | mA | | |
| Control Lines | | | | | | |
| Input Capacitance | | | 1 | pF | BAND SEL, VG1, VG2, ENABLE, DIV SEL, TX BUFF ENAB | |
| Local Oscillator Input | | | | | | |
| Cellular - CDMA/FM/JCDMA | | | | | | |
| Input Power | -10 | -4 | 0 | dBm | | |
| GPS | | | | | | |
| Input Power | -10 | -4 | 0 | dBm | | |
| TX (Local Oscillator) | | | | | | |
| Buffer | | | | | | |
| Cellular - CDMA/FM/JCDMA | | | | | | |
| Output Power | -7.0 | -4.5 | -2.0 | dBm | Single-ended 50 Ω load | |
| Output Frequency | 600 | | 1078 | MHz | See note 3. High and Low Side LO Injection. | |
| Current Consumption | | 2 | | mA | | |

NOTE 1. Mixer performance can be changed with external IF load/tuning.

NOTE 2. Specifications apply for conditions of LO Divider enabled or disabled.

NOTE 3. Mixer performance applies to both high and low side LO injection.

Evaluation Board Current Measurement

| | BAND SEL | ENABLE | VG1 | VG2 | TX BUFF ENAB | DIV SEL | IDC (mA) |
|---|-------------|--------|-----|-----|-----------------|------------|--------------------|
| CDMA Cellular | | | | | | | ISET2=7.5kΩ |
| High Gain Mode, TX Buffer Off, /2 Off | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 23.5 |
| Mid Gain Mode, TX Buffer Off, /2 Off | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 20.5 |
| Low Gain Mode, TX Buffer Off, /2 Off | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 16.5 |
| Alternate Low Gain Mode, TX Buffer Off, /2 Off | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 16.5 |
| | | | | | | | |
| GPS | | | | | | | $ISET2=7.5k\Omega$ |
| GPS Mode | 1 | 1 | Х | Х | Х | 1 | 15.5 |

NOTES:

All IDC current numbers include bias circuitry current of 1.5mA to 2.0mA (dependent on mode).

TX Buffer On (=1): Add 2mA to total current.

DIV SEL On (=0): Add 2mA to total current.

"X" denotes setting does not impact current.

Cascaded Performance (Typical Values for V_{CC}=2.75V)

NOTE: All total current numbers include bias circuitry current of 1.5mA to 2.0mA (dependent on mode).

| Parameter | | CELL CDMA | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|--|--|--|
| | HIGH GAIN | MID GAIN | LOW GAIN | | | |
| Cascaded: | | | | | | |
| Gain (dB) | 23.5 | 16.0 | 6.0 | | | |
| Noise Figure (dB) | 2.0 | 5.5 | 13.0 | | | |
| Input IP3 (dBm) | -3.7 | +3.4 | +13.5 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Total Current (mA) | 23.5 | 20.5 | 16.5 | | | |

NOTE: Assumes 2.5dB image filter insertion loss. The TX Buffer is off (TX BUFF ENAB=0). DIV SEL function is off (=1).

| Parameter | GPS |
|--------------------|-------|
| Cascaded: | |
| Gain (dB) | 32.5 |
| Noise Figure (dB) | 1.8 |
| Input IP3 (dBm) | -18.0 |
| Total Current (mA) | 15.5 |

NOTE: Assumes 1.5dB image filter insertion loss.

Operation Mode Control Table

| Mode | BAND SEL |
|---------------|----------|
| Cellular CDMA | 0 |
| GPS | 1 |

Gain Control Logic Table

| Gain S | Setting | | ain State | |
|--------|---------|-----------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| VG1 | VG2 | Cellular LNA | GPS LNA | Comments |
| 0 | 0 | High Gain | High Gain | Cellular CDMA IMD Test 1 and 2 |
| 1 | 0 | Mid Gain | High Gain | Cellular CDMA IMD Test 3 and 4 |
| 1 | 1 | Low Gain | High Gain | Cellular CDMA IMD Test 5 and 6 |
| 0 | 1 | Low Gain | High Gain | Cellular CDMA IMD Test 5 and 6 |

VCO Options and Divider Logic Table

Dual-Band Application Dual VCO Configuration 2 GHz CDMA VCO 1.4 GHz GPS VCO DIV SEL pin tied to BAND SEL

| MODE | CONTROL PINS | | ON-CHIP LO PRESCALER RESULT |
|---------------|--------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| | DIV SELECT | BAND SEL | Divide-by-2 |
| CDMA Cellular | 0 | 0 | ON |
| GPS | 1 | 1 | OFF |

Dual-Band Application

Dual VCO Configuration 1 GHz CDMA VCO 1.4 GHz GPS VCO DIV SEL pin tied to VCC

| MODE | CONTROL PINS | | ON-CHIP LO PRESCALER RESULT | |
|---------------|--------------|----------|-----------------------------|--|
| | DIV SELECT | BAND SEL | Divide-by-2 | |
| CDMA Cellular | 1 | 0 | OFF | |
| GPS | 1 | 1 | OFF | |

| Pin | Function | Туре | Description | Interface Schematic |
|-----|---------------------|------|--|---------------------|
| 1 | CELL LNA OUT | AO | Cellular LNA output. Simple external L-C components required for matching and VCC supply. | See pin 3. |
| 2 | CELL LNA EMITTER | AO | Cellular LNA emitter. A small inductor connects this pin to ground. Cellular LNA gain can be adjusted by the inductance. | See pin 3. |
| 3 | CELL LNA IN | AI | Cellular LNA input. | CELL LNA IN OUT |
| 4 | GPS LNA IN | AI | GPS LNA input. For best performance, simple external matching required. | |
| 5 | VG1 | DI | Logic input. See Gain Control Logic table. | VG1 O- |
| 6 | GPS LNA OUT | AO | GPS LNA output. Simple external L-C components required for matching and VCC supply. | See pin 4. |
| 7 | GPS MIX IN | AI | GPS mixer RF single-end input. Externally matched to 50 Ω . | |
| 8 | VG2 | DI | Logic input. See Gain Control Logic table. | VG2 O- |
| 9 | BAND SEL | DI | Logic input. High level selects GPS band; low level selects cel- lular band. | |
| 10 | VCC1 | Р | VCC connection with internal RF bypass capacitor. External bypass capacitor between 1nF and 47nF recommended. | |
| 11 | LO IN | AI | LO single-end input. Matched to 50 Ω. | |
| 12 | VCC2 | DI | VCC connection with internal RF Bypass capacitor. External bypass capacitor between 1 nF and 47 nF recommended. | |
| 13 | LO OUT | AO | LO output. Internal DC block. | |
| 14 | TX BUFF ENAB | DI | Logic input. High enables TX LO output buffer amplifiers. | |

| Pin | Function | Туре | Description | Interface Schematic |
|-------------|----------------|------|---|--|
| 15 | CDMA IF- | AO | CDMA IF output. Open collector. | See pin 16. |
| 16 | CDMA IF+ | AO | CDMA IF output. Open collector. | CDMA IF+ CDMA IF- CDMA IF- CDMA IF- CDMA IF- |
| 17 | GPS IF- | AO | GPS IF output. Open collector. | See pin 18. |
| 18 | GPS IF+ | AO | GPS IF output. Open collector. | GPS IF+ GPS IF- |
| 19 | ISET2 | AO | Resistor to ground sets mixer currents in both bands. Higher resistance results in lower currents. | |
| 20 | ISET1 | AO | Resistor to ground sets the LNA current in boost mode (both LNAs). Higher resistance results in lower current. | |
| 21 | CELL MIX IN | AI | Cellular mixer RF single-end input. Externally matched to 50Ω . | |
| 22 | NC | | No connection. | |
| 23 | DIV SEL | DI | Logic input. Logic low enables LO divide-by-2 in cellular mode, DIV SEL must be set high in GPS mode. See VCO options table. | |
| 24 | ENABLE | DI | Logic input. Low level powers down the IC. | |
| Pkg Base | GND | Р | Ground connection. The backside of the package should be soldered to a top side ground pad which is connected to the ground plane with multiple vias. | |

Legend:

DI=Digital Input from Baseband Chip AI=Analog Input AO=Analog Output $P=V_{CC}$ or GND







Note 4: If system specifications allow the removal of the GPS RF SAW Filter, see diagram below for pin 6 and pin 7 connections.





IF Output Interface Network

Single-End IF Matching



L1, C1, C2, and R form a current combiner which performs a differential to single-ended conversion at the IF frequency and sets the output impedance. In most cases, the resonance frequency is independent of R and can be set according to the following equation:

$$f_{IF} = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L1}{2}(C_1 + 2C_2 + C_{EQ})}}$$

Where C_{EQ} is the equivalent stray capacitance and capacitance looking into pins 9 and 10. An average value to use for C_{EQ} is 2.5pF.

R can then be used to set the output impedance according to the following equation:

$$R = \left(\frac{1}{4 \cdot R_{OUT}} - \frac{1}{R_P}\right)^{-1}$$

where R_{OUT} is the desired output impedance and R_P is the parasitic equivalent parallel resistance of L1.

 C_2 should first be set to 0 and C1 should be chosen as high as possible (not greater than 39pF), while maintaining an R_P of L1 that allows for the desired R_{OUT} . If the self-resonant frequencies of the selected C1 produce unsatisfactory linearity performance, their values may be reduced and compensated for by including C2 capacitor with a value chosen to maintain the desired F_{IF} frequency.

L2 and C3 serve dual purposes. L2 serves as an output bias choke, and C3 serves as a series DC block.

In addition, L2 and C3 may be chosen to form an impedance matching network if the input impedance of the IF filter is not equal to R_{OUT}. Otherwise, L2 is chosen to be large (suggested 120nH) and C3 is chosen to be large (suggested 22nF) if a DC path to ground is present in the IF filter, or omitted if the filter is DC-blocked.

Differential IF Matching



L1 and C1 are chosen to resonate at the desired IF frequency. C1 can be omitted and the value of L1 increased and utilized solely as a choke to provide V_{CC} to the open-collector outputs, but it is strongly recommended that at least some small-valued C1 (a few pF) be retained for better mixer linearity performance. R is normally selected to match the input impedance of the IF filter. However, mixer performance can be modified by selecting an R value that is different from the IF filter input impedance, and inserting a conjugate matching network between the Resistive Output Network and the IF filter.

C2 serve dual purposes. C2 serves as a series DC block when a DC path to ground is present in the IF filter. In addition, C2 may be chosen to improve the combine performance of the mixer and IF filter. L2 should choose to resonate with the internal capacitance of the SAW filter. Usually, SAW filter has some capacitance. Otherwise, L2 could be eliminated.

A practical approach to obtain the differential matching is to tune the mixer to the correct load point for gain, IIP3, and NF using the single-end current combiner method. Second, use the component values found in the single-end approach as starting point for the differential matching. The two-shunt capacitors in the single-end could be converted in a parallel capacitor and the parallel inductor in the single-end need to be converted in two-choke inductor. Third, set the DC block capacitors (C2) in the differential-end matching to a high value (i.e., 100pF) and retune the resonate circuit (C1 & L1) and the resistor (R) for optimal performance. After optimal performance is achieved and if performance is not satisfactory, decrease the series capacitors until optimal performance is achieved.

PCB Design Requirements

PCB Surface Finish

The PCB surface finish used for RFMD's qualification process is electroless nickel, immersion gold. Typical thickness is 3µinch to 8µinch gold over 180µinch nickel.

PCB Land Pattern Recommendation

PCB land patterns are based on IPC-SM-782 standards when possible. The pad pattern shown has been developed and tested for optimized assembly at RFMD; however, it may require some modifications to address company specific assembly processes. The PCB land pattern has been developed to accommodate lead and package tolerances.

PCB Metal Land Pattern



Figure 1. PCB Metal Land Pattern (Top View)

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