

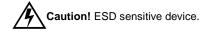
dzsc.com Rev A1 011016

## RF5187

### Preliminary

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

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Parameter	Rating	Unit				
Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	-0.5 to +7.5	V <sub>DC</sub>				
Power Control Voltage (V <sub>PC</sub> )	-0.5 to +5 V	V				
DC Supply Current	450	mA				
Input RF Power	+20	dBm				
Output Load VSWR	20:1					
Operating Ambient Temperature	-40 to +85	°C				
Storage Temperature	-40 to +100	°C				



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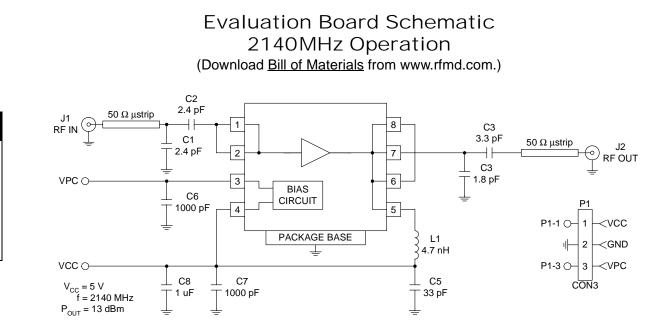
Parameter	Specification		Unit	Condition		
Falanciel	Min. Typ. Max.		Unit			
Overall					T=25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0V, I <sub>CC</sub> =240mA, Freq=2140MHz, P <sub>OUT</sub> =13dBm	
Frequency Range	800		2500	MHz		
Output Power		13		dBm		
OP1dB		29		dBm		
Small Signal Gain	13		15	dB		
Input VSWR		1.5:1			With external matching network.	
Two-Tone Specification						
Output IP3	42	43	45	dBm	13dBm per tone.	
Power Control						
V <sub>PC</sub>	2.7	3.1	3.7	V	To obtain 240mA idle current.	
Power Control "OFF"	0.2	0.5		V	Threshold voltage at device input.	
Power Supply						
Power Supply Voltage	5		6	V		
Supply Current			240	mA		
Power Down Current		2	10	μΑ	V <sub>PC</sub> =0.2V	

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Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	RF IN	RF input. This input is DC-coupled, so an external blocking capacitor is required if this pin is connected to a DC path. An optimum match to $50\Omega$ is obtained by providing an external series capacitor of 2.4pF and then a shunt capacitor of 2.4pF. Those values are typical for 2140MHz; other values may be required for other frequencies.	
2	RF IN	Same as pin 1.	
3	PC	Power control pin. For obtaining maximum performance, the voltage on this pin can be used to set correct bias level. In a typical application this is implemented by a feedback loop. The feedback can be based on the actual supply current of the device (i.e. maintaining a fixed current level), or it can be based on the RF output power level to maintain a fixed RF power level (Automatic Level Control loop). A voltage of 0.5V or lower brings the part into power down state.	
4	VCC	Power supply pin for the bias circuits. External low frequency bypass capacitors should be connected if no other low frequency decoupling is nearby.	
5	RF OUT	RF output and bias for the output stage. The power supply for the output transistor needs to be supplied to this pin. This can be done through a quarter-wavelength microstrip line that is RF-grounded at the other end, or through an RF inductor that supports the required DC currents. Optimum load impedance is achieved by providing a shunt capacitor of 1.8pF and a series capacitor of 3.3pF. Those values are typical for 2140MHz; other values may be required for other frequencies. Since there are several output pins available (which are internally connected), one pin can be used for connecting the bias, another for connecting a (third) harmonic trap filter, and the other pins for the RF output.	
6	<b>RF OUT</b>	Same as pin 5.	
7	<b>RF OUT</b>	Same as pin 5.	
8	<b>RF OUT</b>	Same as pin 5.	
Pkg Base	GND	Ground connection. The backside of the package should be connected to the ground plane through a short path (i.e., vias under the device may be required).	

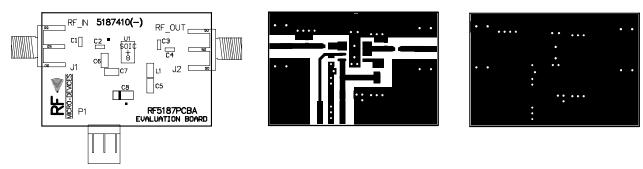
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#### Evaluation Board Layout Board Size 1.5" x 1.0" Board Thickness 0.031", Board Material FR-4



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