值TMS44400供应商

TMS44400, TMS44400P, TMS46400, TMS46400P 1048576-WORD BY 4-BIT DYNAMIC RANDOM-ACCESS MEMORIES

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- Organization . . . 1048576 × 4
- Single 5-V Power Supply for TMS44400/P (±10% Tolerance)
- Single 3.3-V Power Supply for TMS46400/P (±10% Tolerance)
- Low Power Dissipation (TMS46400P only) 200-μA CMOS Standby 200-μA Self Refresh 300-μA Extended-Refresh Battery Backup
- Performance Ranges:

	ACCESS	ACCESS	ACCESS	READ
	TIME	TIME	TIME	OR WRITE
	(t _{RAC}) (MAX)	(^t CAC) (MAX)	(t _{AA}) (MAX)	CYCLE (MIN)
'4x400/P-60	(MAA) 60 ns	(MAA) 15 ns	(WAA) 30 ns	(WIIN) 110 ns
'4x400/P-70	70 ns	18 ns	35 ns	130 ns
'4x400/P-80	80 ns	20 ns	40 ns	150 ns

- Enhanced Page-Mode Operation for Faster Memory Access
- CAS-Before-RAS (CBR) Refresh
- Long Refresh Period 1024-Cycle Refresh in 16 ms 128 ms (MAX) for Low-Power, Self-Refresh Version (TMS4x400P)
- 3-State Unlatched Output
- Texas Instruments EPICTM CMOS Process

description

The TMS4x400 series is a set of high-speed, 4194304-bit dynamic random-access memories (DRAMs), organized as 1048576 words of four bits each. The TMS4x400P series is a set of self-refresh high-speed, low-power, with extended-refresh, 4194304-bit DRAMs, organized as 1048576 words of four bits each. Both series employ state-of-the-art enhanced performance implanted CMOS (EPIC[™]) technology for high performance, reliability, and low power.

-	A PACKAG (OP VIEW)		DJ PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)						
DQ1 [1 DQ2 [2 W [3 RAS [4 A9 [5	24 23	☐ V _{SS} ☐ DQ4 ☐ DQ3 ☐ CAS ☐ OE	DQ1 DQ2 W RAS A9	1 U 2 3 4 5	26 25 24 23 22	V _{SS} DQ4 DQ3 CAS OE			
A2 🗌 1 A3 🗌 1	0 17	A8 A7 A6 A5 A4	A0 A1 A2 A3 V _{CC}	9 10 11 12 13	18 17 16 15 14	A8 A7 A6 A5 A4			

PIN	NOMENCLATURE
A0-A9	Address Inputs
CAS	Column-Address Strobe
DQ1-DQ4	Data In
OE	Output Enable
RAS	Row-Address Strobe
VCC	5-V or 3.3-V Supply
VSS	Ground
W	Write Enable

• Operating Free-Air Temperature Range 0°C to 70°C

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

DEVICE	POWER SUPPLY	SELF-REFRESH BATTERY BACKUP	REFRESH CYCLES
TMS44400	5 V	—	1024 in 16 ms
TMS44400P	5 V	Yes	1024 in 128 ms
TMS46400	3.3 V	—	1024 in 16 ms
TMS46400P	3.3 V	Yes	1024 in 128 ms

These devices feature maximum \overline{RAS} access times of 60 ns, 70 ns, and 80 ns. All addresses and data-in lines are latched on chip to simplify system design. Data out is unlatched to allow greater system flexibility.

The TMS4x400 and TMS4x400P are offered in a 20/26-lead plastic small-outline (TSOP) package (DGA suffix) and a 300-mil 20/26-lead plastic surface-mount SOJ package (DJ suffix). Both packages are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.



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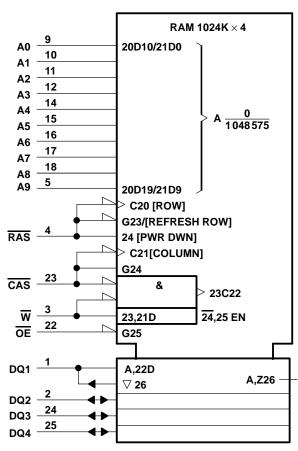
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ADVANCE INFORMATION concerns new products in the sampling or preproduction phase of development. Characteristic data and other specifications are subject to change without notice.



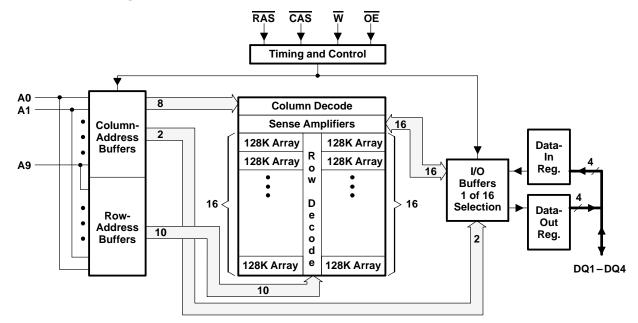
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logic symbol[†]



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12. Pin numbers shown are for the DJ package.

functional block diagram





operation

enhanced page mode

Enhanced-page-mode operation allows faster memory access by keeping the same row address while selecting random column addresses. The time for row-address setup and hold and address multiplex is eliminated. The maximum number of columns that can be accessed is determined by the maximum RAS low time and the CAS page cycle time used. With minimum CAS page cycle time, all 1024 columns specified by column addresses A0 through A9 can be accessed without intervening RAS cycles.

Unlike conventional page-mode DRAMs, the column-address buffers in this device are activated on the falling edge of RAS. The buffers act as transparent or flow-through latches while CAS is high. The falling edge of CAS latches the column addresses. This feature allows the TMS4x400 to operate at a higher data bandwidth than conventional page-mode parts because data retrieval begins as soon as the column address is valid rather than when CAS transitions low. This performance improvement is referred to as enhanced page mode. A valid column address can be presented immediately after row-address hold time has been satisfied, usually well in advance of the falling edge of CAS. In this case, data is obtained after t_{CAC} maximum (access time from CAS low) if t_{AA} maximum (access time from column address) has been satisfied. In the event that column addresses for the next cycle are valid at the time CAS goes high, access time from the next cycle is determined by the later occurrence of t_{CAC} (acces time from CAS low) or t_{CPA} (access time from column precharge).

address (A0-A9)

Twenty address bits are required to decode any one of the 1048576 storage-cell locations. Ten row-address bits are set up on inputs A0 through A9 and latched onto the chip by \overline{RAS} . The ten column-address bits are set up on A0 through A9 and latched onto the chip by \overline{CAS} . All addresses must be stable on or before the falling edges of \overline{RAS} and \overline{CAS} . \overline{RAS} is similar to a chip enable because it activates the sense amplifiers as well as the row decoder. \overline{CAS} is used as a chip select, activating the output buffer, as well as latching the address bits into the column-address buffer.

write enable (\overline{W})

The read or write mode is selected through \overline{W} input. A logic high on \overline{W} selects the read mode and a logic low selects the write mode. \overline{W} can be driven from standard TTL circuits (TMS44400/P) or low voltage TTL circuits (TMS46400/P) without a pullup resistor. The data input is disabled when the read mode is selected. When \overline{W} goes low prior to \overline{CAS} (early write), data out remains in the high-impedance state for the entire cycle, permitting a write operation independent of the state of \overline{OE} . This permits early-write operation to complete with \overline{OE} grounded.

data in/out (DQ1-DQ4)

Data out is the same polarity as data in. The output is in the high-impedance (floating) state until \overline{CAS} and \overline{OE} are brought low. In a read cycle, the output becomes valid after all access times are satisfied. The output remains valid while \overline{CAS} and \overline{OE} are low. \overline{CAS} or \overline{OE} going high returns the output to a high-impedance state. This is accomplished by bringing \overline{OE} high prior to applying data, satisfying the \overline{OE} to data delay hold time (t_{OED}).

output enable (OE)

 $\overline{\text{OE}}$ controls the impedance of the output buffers. When $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is high, the buffers remain in the high-impedance state. Bringing $\overline{\text{OE}}$ low during a normal cycle activates the output buffers, putting them in the low-impedance state. It is necessary for both RAS and CAS to be brought low for the output buffers to go into the low-impedance state. They remain in the low-impedance state until either $\overline{\text{OE}}$ or $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ is brought high.



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refresh

A refresh operation must be performed at least once every 16 ms (128 ms for TMS4x400P) to retain data. This can be achieved by strobing each of the 1024 rows (A0–A9). A normal read or write cycle refreshes all bits in each row that is selected. A RAS-only operation can be used by holding CAS at the high (inactive) level, conserving power as the output buffer remains in the high-impedance state. Externally generated addresses must be used for a RAS-only refresh. Hidden refresh can be performed while maintaining valid data at the output. This is accomplished by holding CAS at V_{IL} after a read operation and cycling RAS after a specified precharge period, similar to a RAS-only refresh cycle. The external address is ignored during the hidden-refresh cycle.

CAS-before-RAS (CBR) refresh

CBR refresh is utilized by bringing \overline{CAS} low earlier than \overline{RAS} (see parameter t_{CSR}) and holding it low after \overline{RAS} falls (see parameter t_{CHR}). For successive CBR refresh cycles, \overline{CAS} can remain low while cycling \overline{RAS} . The external address is ignored and the refresh address is generated internally.

A low-power battery-backup refresh mode that requires less than 300- μ A (TMS46400P) or 500- μ A (TMS44400P) refresh current is available on the low-power devices. Data integrity is maintained using CBR refresh with a period of 125 μ s while holding RAS low for less than 1 μ s. To minimize current consumption, all input levels need to be at CMOS levels (V_{IL} ≤ 0.2 V, V_{IH} ≥ V_{CC} – 0.2 V).

self refresh

The self-refresh mode is entered by dropping \overline{CAS} low prior to \overline{RAS} going low. \overline{CAS} and \overline{RAS} are both held low for a minimum of 100 μ s. The chip is then refreshed by an on-board oscillator. No external address is required since the CBR counter is used to keep track of the address. To exit the self-refresh mode, both \overline{RAS} and \overline{CAS} are brought high to satisfy t_{CHS}. Upon exiting the self-refresh mode, a burst refresh (refresh a full set of row addresses) must be executed before continuing with normal operation, to ensure that the DRAM is fully refreshed.

power up

To achieve proper device operation, an initial pause of 200 μ s followed by a minimum of eight initialization cycles is required after full V_{CC} level is achieved. These eight initialization cycles must include at least one refresh (RAS-only or CBR) cycle.

test mode

The test mode is initiated with a CBR refresh cycle while simultaneously holding \overline{W} low (WCBR). The entry cycle performs an internal refresh cycle while internally setting the device to perform parallel read or write on subsequent cycles. While in test mode, any desired data sequence can be performed on the device. The device exits test mode if a CBR refresh cycle with \overline{W} held high or a RAS-only refresh (ROR) cycle is performed.

The TMS4x400/P is configured as a 512K \times 8 bit device in test mode, where each DQ pin has a separate 2-bit parallel read- and write-data bus. During a read cycle, the two internal bits are compared for each DQ pin separately. If the two bits agree, the DQ pin goes high; if not, the DQ pin goes low. The two bits are written to reflect the state of their respective DQ pins during a parallel-write operation. Each DQ pin is independent of the others, and any data pattern desired can be written on each DQ pin. Test time is reduced by a factor of 4 for this series.



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test mode (continued)

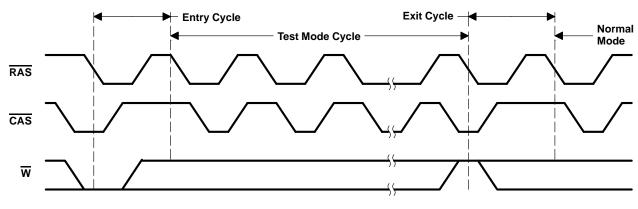


Figure 1. Test-Mode Cycle Timing[†]

[†] The states of \overline{W} , data in, and address are defined by the type of cycle used during test mode.

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[‡]

Supply voltage range, V _{CC} :	TMS44400,	TMS44400P	 $\ldots~-$ 1.0 V to 7.0 V
	TMS46400,	TMS46400P	 $\ldots~-$ 0.5 V to 4.6 V
Voltage range on any pin (see Note 1)	TMS44400,	TMS44400P	 $\ldots~-$ 1.0 V to 7.0 V
	TMS46400,	TMS46400P	 $\ldots~-$ 0.5 V to 4.6 V
Short-circuit output current			
Power dissipation			 1 W
Operating free-air temperature range,	Τ _Α		 \ldots . 0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}			 – 55°C to 150°C
•			

[‡] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values are with respect to VSS.

recommended operating conditions

		тм	S44400	/P		TMS4640	0/P	UNIT
		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Vcc	Supply voltage	4.5	5	5.5	3	3.3	3.6	V
VIH	High-level input voltage	2.4		6.5	2		V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage (see Note 2)	- 1		0.8	- 0.3		0.8	V
ТĄ	Operating free-air temperature	0		70	0		70	°C

NOTE 2: The algebraic convention, where the more negative (less positive) limit is designated as minimum, is used for logic-voltage levels only.



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electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST		'44400 '44400		'4440 '4440		'44400 '44400		UNIT
		CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Vон	High-level output voltage	I _{OH} = – 5 mA		2.4		2.4		2.4		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	I _{OL} = 4.2 mA			0.4		0.4		0.4	V
II	Input current (leakage)	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{I} = 0 \text{ V to 6.5 V},$ All others = 0 V to V _{CC}			± 10		± 10		± 10	μA
ΙO	Output current (leakage)	$\frac{V_{CC}}{CAS} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{O} = 0$	V to V _{CC} ,		± 10	± 10			± 10	μA
ICC1	Read- or write-cycle current (see Note 3)	V _{CC} = 5.5 V, Minimu	m cycle		105		90		80	mA
		$\frac{\text{After one memory cycle}}{\text{RAS and CAS high,}}$ $V_{\text{IH}} = 2.4 \text{ V (TTL)}$,		2		2		2	mA
ICC2	Standby current	After one memory cycle, RAS and CAS high,	'44400		1		1		1	mA
		$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.2 V$ (CMOS)	'44400P		500		500		500	μΑ
ICC3	Average refresh current (RAS only or CBR) (see Note 4)	$\frac{V_{CC}}{RAS} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \qquad \text{Minimu} \\ \frac{RAS}{CAS} \text{ cycling}, \\ \frac{CAS}{RAS} \text{ high } (RAS \text{ only}); \\ RAS \text{ low after } CAS \text{ low}$	m cycle, (CBR)		105		90		80	mA
I _{CC4}	Average page current (see Notes 3 and 5)	$\frac{V_{CC}}{RAS} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \qquad \frac{t_{PC}}{CAS} = M$			90		80		70	mA
ICC6 [†]	Self-refresh current (see Note 3)	$\overline{CAS} \le 0.2 \text{ V}, \overline{RAS} < 0.2 \text{ V}, $	'		500		500		500	μA
ICC7	Standby current, outputs enabled (see Note 3)	RAS = V _{IH} , CAS = ' Data out = enabled	V _{IL} ,		5		5		5	mA
ICC10 [†]	Battery-backup current (with CBR)	$\begin{array}{l} t_{RC} = 125 \ \mu s, t_{RAS} \leq \\ V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V \leq V_{IH} \leq 6.5 \\ 0 \ V \leq V_{IL} \leq 0.2 \ V, \\ \overline{W} \ and \ \overline{OE} = V_{IH}, \\ Address \ and \ data \ stable \end{array}$	5 V,		500		500		500	μA

[†]For TMS44400P only

NOTES: 3. ICC MAX is specified with no load connected.

4. Measured with a maximum of one address change while $\overline{RAS} = V_{IL}$

5. Measured with a maximum of one address change while $\overline{CAS} = V_{IH}$



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electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PA	RAMETER	TEST		'46400-6 '46400P		'46400-7 '46400P∙		'46400-8 '46400P		UNIT
		CONDITIONS	j	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V	High-level	$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA} (LVTTL)$		2.4		2.4		2.4		V
Vон	output voltage	I _{OH} = - 100 μA (LVCM0	DS)	V _{CC} -0.2		V _{CC} -0.2		V _{CC} -0.2		V
Ve	Low-level	I _{OL} = 2 mA (LVTTL)			0.4		0.4		0.4	V
VOL	output voltage	I_{OL} = 100 μ A (LVCMOS	5)		0.2		0.2		0.2	v
lj	Input current (leakage)	$\label{eq:VI} \begin{array}{ll} V_{I} = 0 \ V \ \text{to} \ 3.9 \ V, & V_{CC} \\ \text{All others} = 0 \ V \ \text{to} \ V_{CC} \end{array}$	= 3.6 V,		± 10		± 10		± 10	μA
IO	Output current (leakage)	$\frac{V_{O}}{CAS} = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}, V_{CC}$	= 3.6 V,		± 10		± 10		± 10	μA
ICC1	Read- or write-cycle current (see Note 3)	Minimum cycle, V _{CC}	= 3.6 V		70		60		50	mA
		$\frac{\text{After one memory cycle}}{\text{RAS and CAS high,}}$ $V_{\text{IH}} = 2 \text{ V (LVTTL)}$,		2		2		2	mA
ICC2	Standby current	After o <u>ne m</u> emory cycle, RAS and CAS high,	'46400		300		300		300	μA
		VIH = V _{CC} – 0.2 V (LVCMOS)	'46400P		200		200		200	μA
ICC3	Average refresh current (RAS only or CBR) (see Note 4)	Minimum cycle, V _{CC} RAS cyclin <u>g,</u> CAS high (RAS only); RAS low after CAS low			70		60		50	mA
ICC4	Average page current (see Notes 3 and 5)	$\frac{\text{tPC} = \text{MIN},}{\text{RAS low},} \qquad \frac{\text{VCC}}{\text{CAS}}$	= 3.6 V, cycling		60		50		40	mA
ICC6 [†]	Self-refresh current (see Note 3)	$\overline{CAS} \le 0.2 \text{ V}, \qquad \overline{RAS}$ $t_{RAS} \text{ and } t_{CAS} > 1000$	< 0.2 V, ms		200		200		200	μΑ
I _{CC7}	Standby current, outputs enabled (see Note 3)	RAS = V _{IH} , CAS Data out = enabled	= V _{IL} ,		5		5		5	mA
ICC10 [†]	Battery-backup current (with CBR)	$\begin{array}{l} t_{RC} = 125 \ \mu s, \qquad t_{RAS} \\ V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V \leq V_{IH} \leq 3.9 \\ 0 \ V \leq V_{IL} \leq 0.2 \ V, \\ \hline W \ \text{and} \ OE = V_{IH}, \\ Address \ \text{and} \ \text{data stable} \end{array}$			300		300		300	μΑ

[†] For TMS46400P only

NOTES: 3. I_{CC} MAX is specified with no load connected.

4. Measured with a maximum of one address change while $\overline{RAS} = V_{IL}$

5. Measured with a maximum of one address change while $\overline{CAS} = V_{IH}$



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capacitance over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, f = 1 MHz (see Note 6)

	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
C _{i(A)}	Input capacitance, A0-A10		5	pF
C _{i(RC)}	Input capacitance, CAS and RAS		7	pF
C _{i(OE)}	Input capacitance, OE		7	pF
C _{i(W)}	Input capacitance, W		7	pF
Co	Output capacitance		7	pF

NOTE 6: $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm .5 V$ for the TMS44400 devices, $V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ for the TMS46400 devices, and the bias on pins under test is 0 V.

switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature

	PARAMETER	'4x400-60 '4x400P-60	5	'4x400-70 '4x400P-70		'4x400-80 '4x400P-80		UNIT
		MIN MA	х	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{AA}	Access time from column address	3	80		35		40	ns
^t CAC	Access time from CAS low	1	5		18		20	ns
^t CPA	Access time from column precharge	3	35		40		45	ns
^t RAC	Access time from RAS low	6	60		70		80	ns
^t OEA	Access time from OE low	1	5		18		20	ns
^t CLZ	CAS to output in low impedance	0		0		0		ns
^t OFF	Output-disable time after CAS high (see Note 7)	0 1	5	0	18	0	20	ns
^t OEZ	Output-disable time after OE high (see Note 7)	0 1	5	0	18	0	20	ns

NOTE 7: tOFF is specified when the output is no longer driven.



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timing requirements over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature

			00-60 00P-60		00-70 00P-70		400-80 00P-80	UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
^t RC	Cycle time, random read or write (see Note 8)	110		130		150		ns
^t RWC	Cycle time, read-write	155		181		205		ns
^t PC	Cycle time, page-mode read or write (see Note 9)	40		45		50		ns
^t PRWC	Cycle time, page-mode read-write	85		96		105		ns
^t RASP	Pulse duration, RAS low, page mode (see Note 10)	60	100 000	70	100 000	80	100 000	ns
^t RAS	Pulse duration, RAS low, nonpage mode (see Note 10)	60	10 000	70	10 000	80	10 000	ns
t _{RASS}	Pulse duration, RAS low, self refresh	100		100		100		μs
tCAS	Pulse duration, CAS low (see Note 11)	10	10 000	18	10 000	20	10 000	ns
^t CP	Pulse duration, CAS high	10		10		10		ns
^t RP	Pulse duration, RAS high (precharge)	40		50		60		ns
^t RPS	Precharge time after self refresh using RAS	110		130		150		ns
tWP	Pulse duration, write	10		10		10		ns
tASC	Setup time, column address before CAS low	0		0		0		ns
^t ASR	Setup time, row address before RAS low	0		0		0		ns
tDS	Setup time, data (see Note 12)	0		0		0		ns
^t RCS	Setup time, W high before CAS low	0		0		0		ns
tCWL	Setup time, W low before CAS high	15		18		20		ns
^t RWL	Setup time, W low before RAS high	15		18		20		ns
twcs	Setup time, \overline{W} low before \overline{CAS} low (early-write operation only)	0		0		0		ns
tWSR	Setup time, W high (CBR refresh only)	10		10		10		ns
tWTS	Setup time, W low (test mode only)	10		10		10		ns
^t CAH	Hold time, column address after CAS low	10		15		15		ns
^t DHR	Hold time, data after RAS low (see Note 13)	50		55		60		ns
^t DH	Hold time, data (see Note 12)	10		15		15		ns
^t AR	Hold time, column address after \overline{RAS} low (see Note 13)	50		55		60		ns
^t RAH	Hold time, row address after RAS low	10		10		10		ns
^t RCH	Hold time, \overline{W} high after \overline{CAS} high (see Note 14)	0		0		0		ns
^t RRH	Hold time, \overline{W} high after \overline{RAS} high (see Note 14)	0		0		0		ns
tWCH	Hold time, \overline{W} low after \overline{CAS} low (early-write operation only)	10		15		15		ns
^t WCR	Hold time, \overline{W} low after \overline{RAS} low (see Note 13)	50		55		60		ns
^t WHR	Hold time, W high (CBR refresh only)	10		10		10		ns
twth	Hold time, \overline{W} low (test mode only)	10		10		10		ns
^t CHS	Hold time, CAS low after RAS high (self refresh)	- 50		- 50		- 50		ns
^t OEH	Hold time, OE command	15		18		20		ns
^t OED	Hold time, OE to data delay	15		18		20		ns

NOTES: 8. All cycle times assume $t_T = 5$ ns.

9. To ensure tpc min, tASC should be \geq tcp.

10. In a read-write cycle, t_{RWD} and t_{RWL} must be observed.

11. In a read-write cycle, t_{CWD} and t_{CWL} must be observed.

12. Referenced to the later of \overline{CAS} or \overline{W} in write operations

13. The minimum value is measured when t_{RCD} is set to t_{RCD} min as a reference.

14. Either tRRH or tRCH must be satisfied for a read cycle.

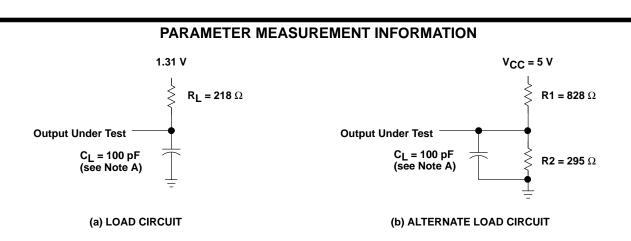


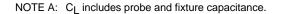
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timing requirements over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (continued)

			'4x400 '4x400		'4x400 '4x400		'4x400 '4x400		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
^t ROH	Hold time, RAS referenced to OE		10		10		10		ns
^t AWD	Delay time, column address to \overline{W} low (read-write operation	only)	55		63		70		ns
^t CHR	Delay time, RAS low to CAS high (CBR refresh only)		10		10		10		ns
^t CRP	Delay time, CAS high to RAS low		0		0		0		ns
^t CSH	Delay time, RAS low to CAS high		60		70		80		ns
^t CSR	Delay time, CAS low to RAS low (CBR refresh only)		5		5		5		ns
tCWD	Delay time, \overline{CAS} low to \overline{W} low (read-write operation only)		40		46		50		ns
^t RAD	Delay time, RAS low to column address (see Note 15)		15	30	15	35	15	40	ns
^t RAL	Delay time, column address to RAS high		30		35		40		ns
^t CAL	Delay time, column address to CAS high		30		35		40		ns
^t RCD	Delay time, RAS low to CAS low (see Note 15)		20	45	20	52	20	60	ns
^t RPC	Delay time, RAS high to CAS low		0		0		0		ns
^t RSH	Delay time, CAS low to RAS high		15		18		20		ns
^t RWD	Delay time, \overline{RAS} low to \overline{W} low (read-write operation only)		85		98		110		ns
t _{TAA}	Access time from address (test mode)		35		40		45		ns
^t TCPA	Access time from column precharge (test mode)		40		45		50		ns
^t TRAC	Access time from RAS (test mode)		65		75		85		ns
tore	Refresh time interval	'4x400		16		16		16	ms
^t REF		'4x400P		128		128		128	ms
tT	Transition time		2	30	2	30	2	30	ns

NOTE 15: The maximum value is specified only to ensure access time.



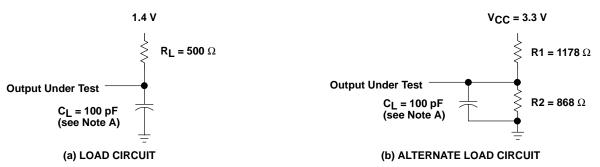






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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTE A: CL includes probe and fixture capacitance.

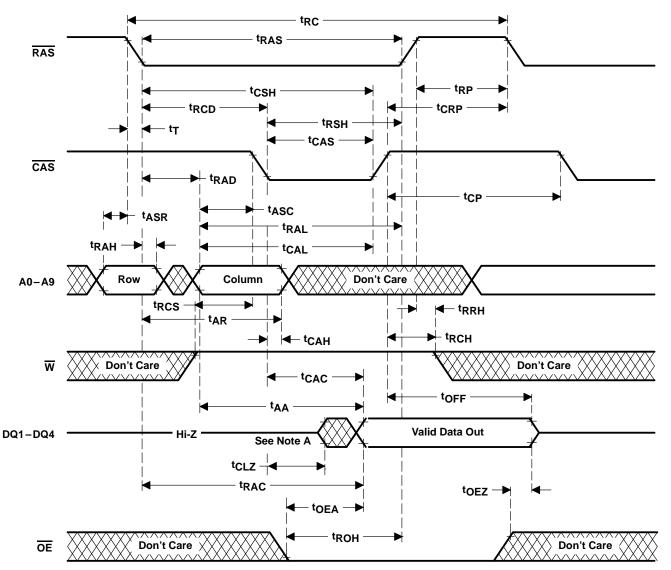


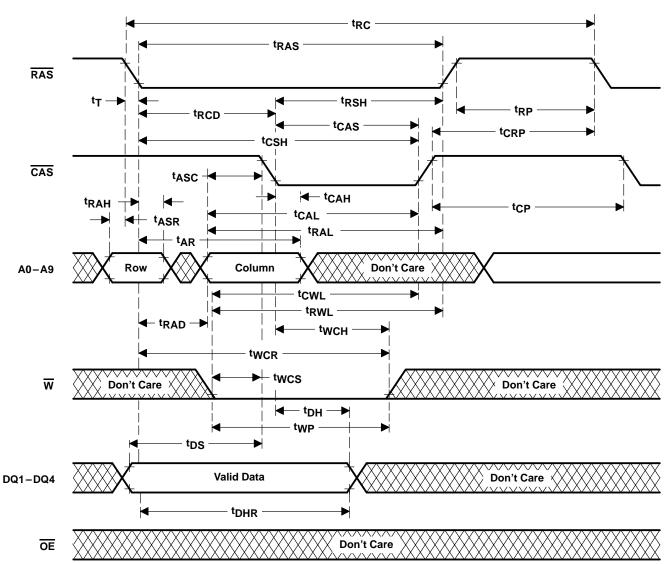
Figure 3. Low-Voltage Load Circuits for Timing Parameters

NOTE A: Output can go from the high-impedance state to an invalid-data state prior to the specified access time.

Figure 4. Read-Cycle Timing



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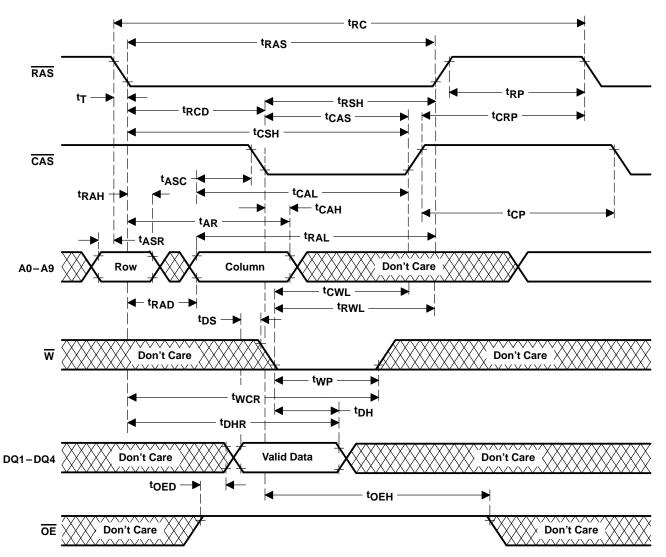
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Figure 5. Early-Write-Cycle Timing



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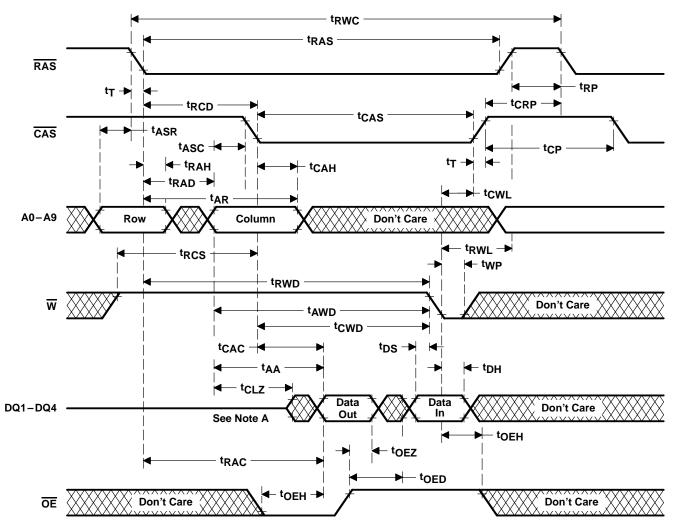


PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Figure 6. Write-Cycle Timing



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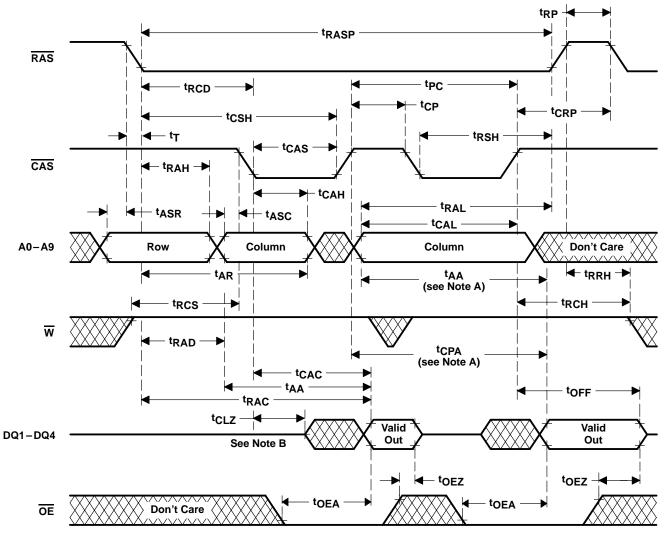
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

NOTE A: Output can go from the high-impedance state to an invalid-data state prior to the specified access time.

Figure 7. Read-Write-Cycle Timing

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

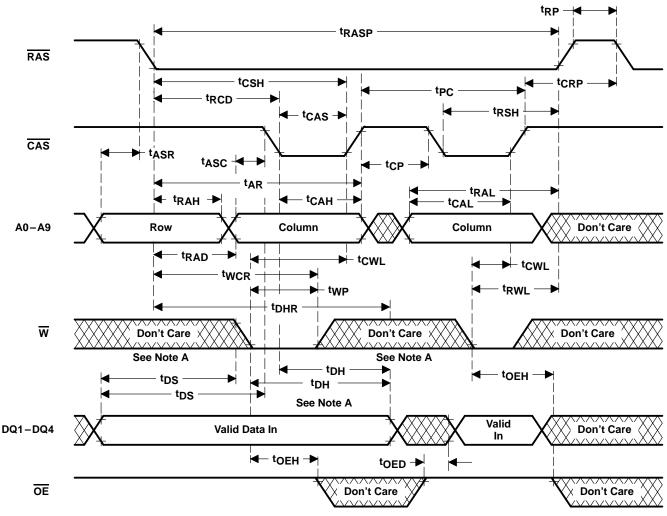
NOTES: A. Access time is t_{CPA} or t_{AA} dependent.

B. Output can go from the high-impedance state to an invalid-data state prior to the specified access time.

Figure 8. Enhanced-Page-Mode Read-Cycle Timing



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

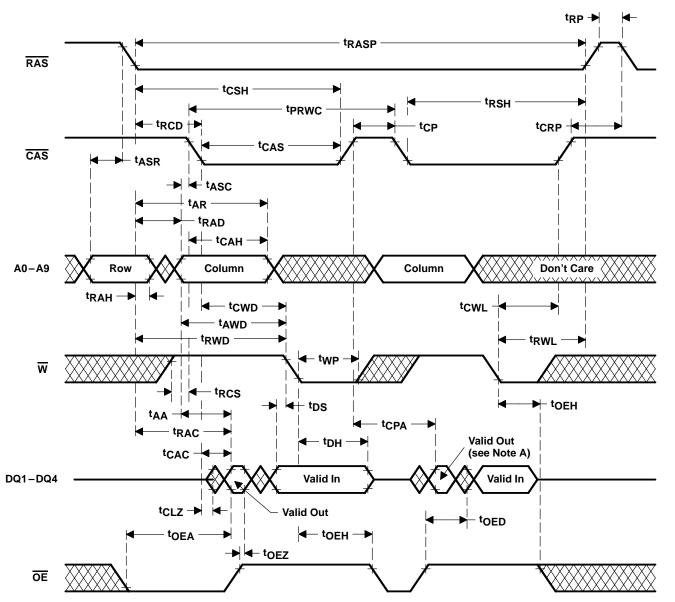
NOTES: A. Referenced to \overline{CAS} or \overline{W} , whichever occurs last

B. A read cycle or a read-write cycle can be intermixed with write cycles as long as read and read-write timing specifications are not violated.

Figure 9. Enhanced-Page-Mode Write-Cycle Timing



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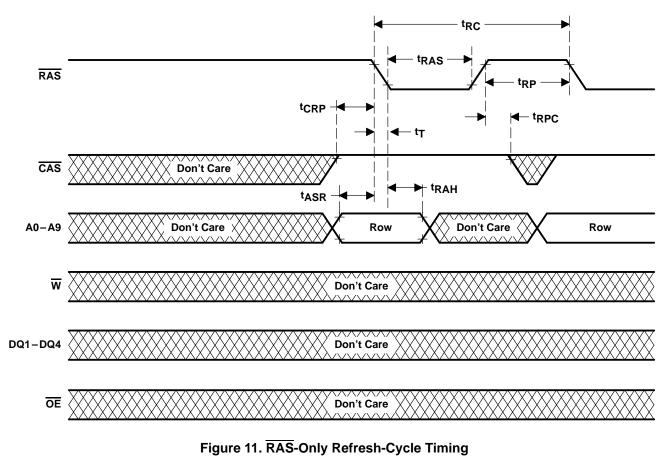
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

NOTES: A. Output can go from the high-impedance state to an invalid-data state prior to the specified access time. B. A read or write cycle can be intermixed with read-write cycles as long as the read and write timing specifications are not violated.

Figure 10. Enhanced-Page-Mode Read-Write-Cycle Timing



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



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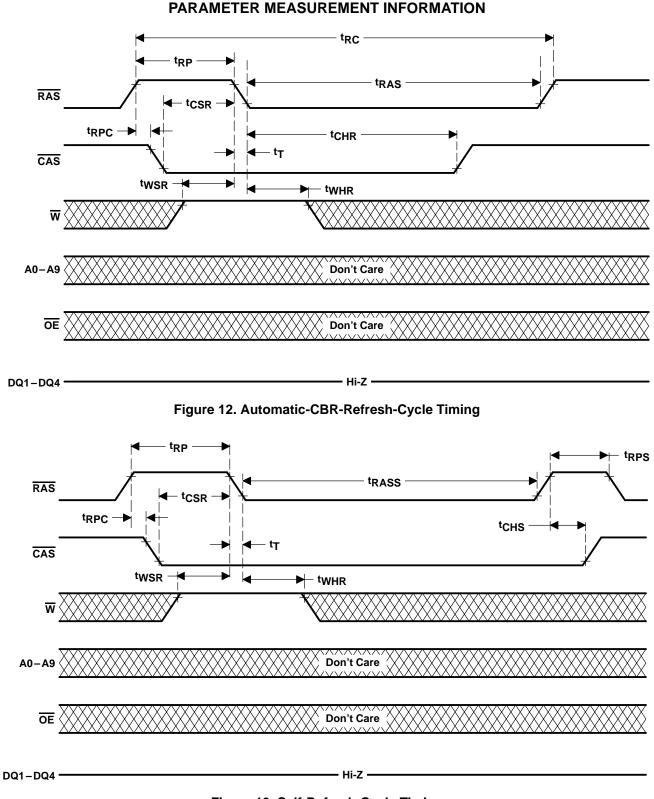
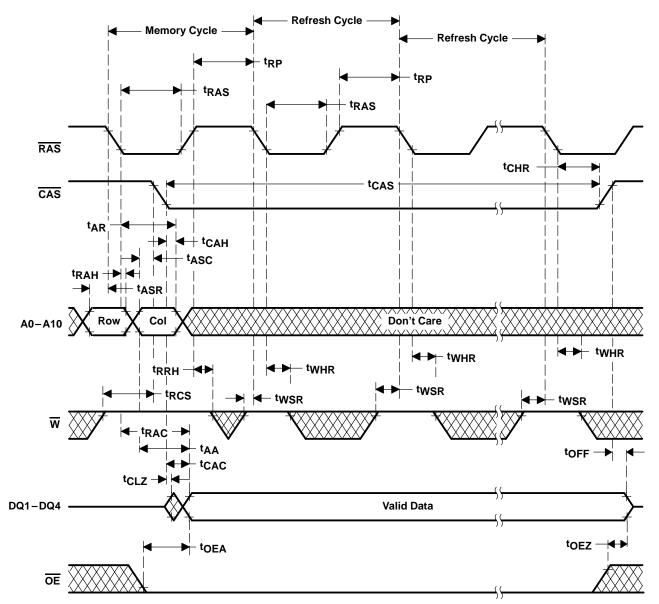


Figure 13. Self-Refresh-Cycle Timing



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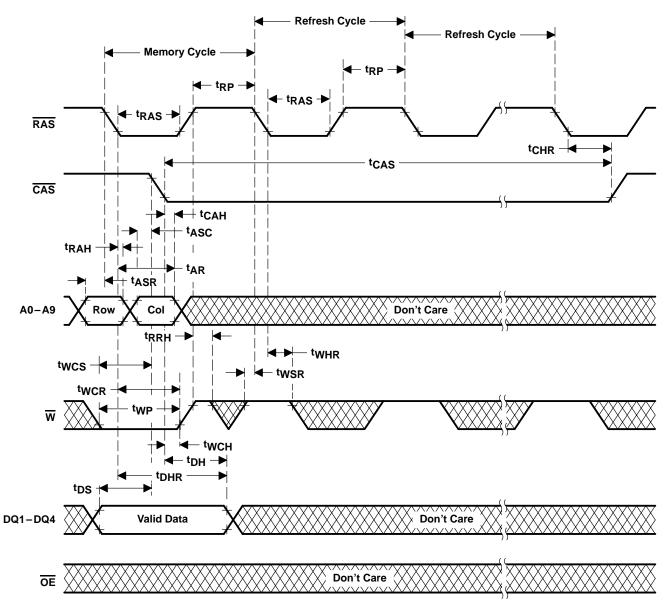


PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Figure 14. Hidden-Refresh-Cycle (Read) Timing



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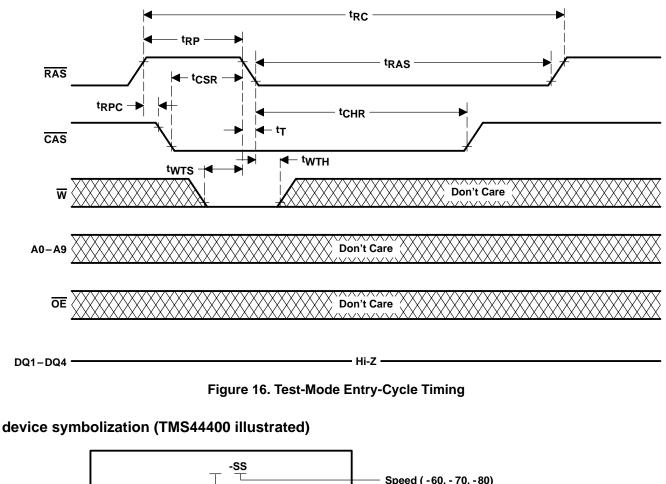
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

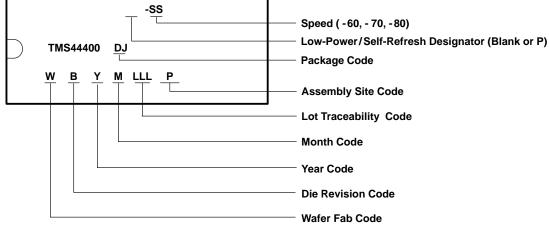
Figure 15. Hidden-Refresh-Cycle (Write) Timing



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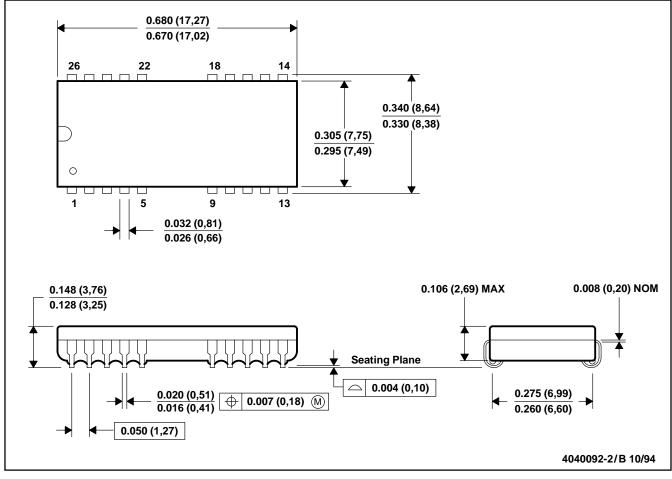


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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

DJ (R-PDSO-J20/26)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE J-LEAD PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Plastic body dimensions do not include mold protrusion. Maximum mold protrusion is 0.005 (0,125).

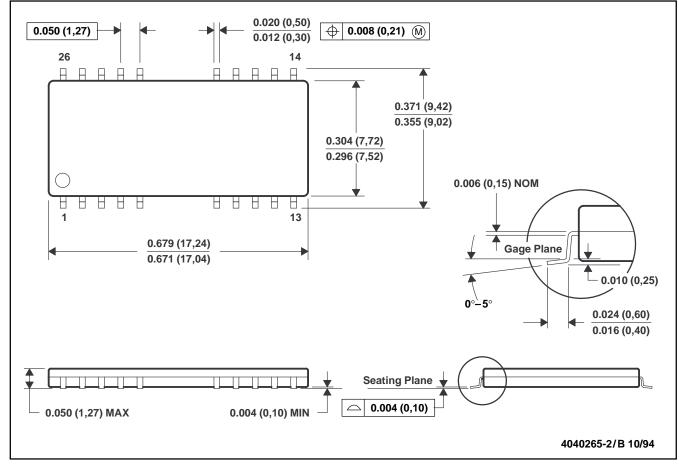


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MECHANICAL DATA

DGA (R-PDSO-G20/26)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.

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