



DATA SHEET

SD320YS~SD3100YS

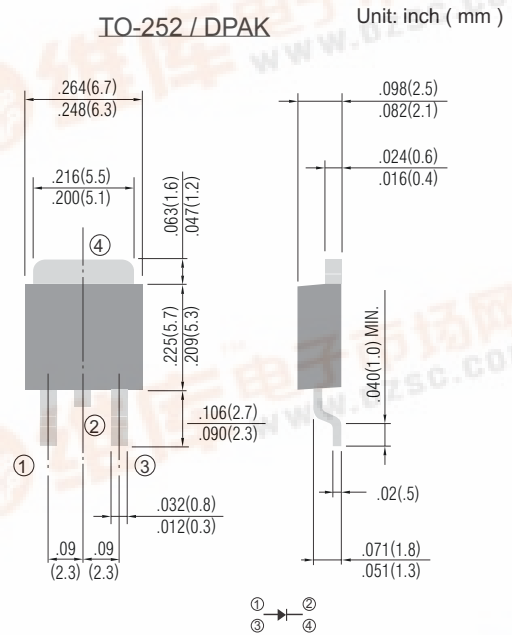
SURFACE MOUNT SCHOTTKY BARRIER RECTIFIERS VOLTAGE 20 to 100 Volts CURRENT - 3 Ampere

FEATURES

- Plastic package has Underwriters Laboratory Flammability Classification 94V-O
- For surface mounted applications
- Low profile package
- Built-in strain relief
- Low power loss, High efficiency
- High surge capacity
- For use in low voltage high frequency inverters, free wheeling, and polarity protection applications
- High temperature soldering guaranteed: 260°C/10 seconds at terminals

MECHANICAL DATA

Case: D PAK/TO-252 molded plastic
 Terminals: Solder plated, solderable per MIL-STD-750, Method 2026
 Polarity: As marking
 Standard packaging: 16mm tape (EIA-481)
 Weight: 0.015 ounces, 0.4grams.



MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
 Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.
 For capacitive load, derate current by 20%

	SD320YS	SD330YS	SD340YS	SD350YS	SD360YS	SD380YS	SD3100YS	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	20	30	40	50	60	80	100	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	14	21	28	35	42	56	70	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	20	30	40	50	60	80	100	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current at Tc=75°C	3							A
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)	75							A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 3.0A (Note 1)	0.50		0.64		0.85			V
Maximum DC Reverse Current at Tc=25°C DC Blocking Voltage per element Tc=100°C				0.2 20				mA
Maximum Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	80							°C/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +125							°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150							°C

NOTES:

1 Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient .





RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

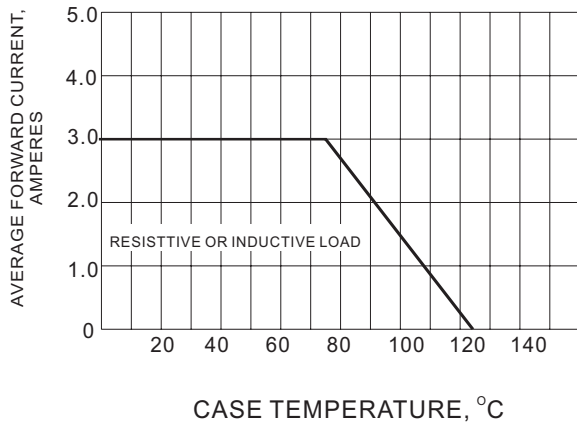


Fig.1- FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

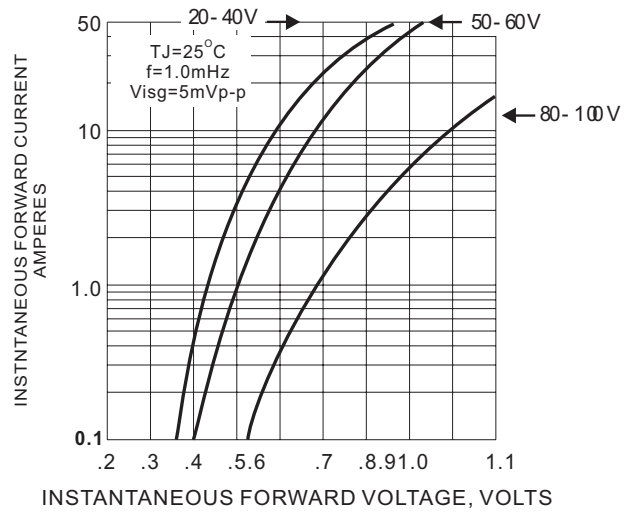


Fig.2- TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTIC

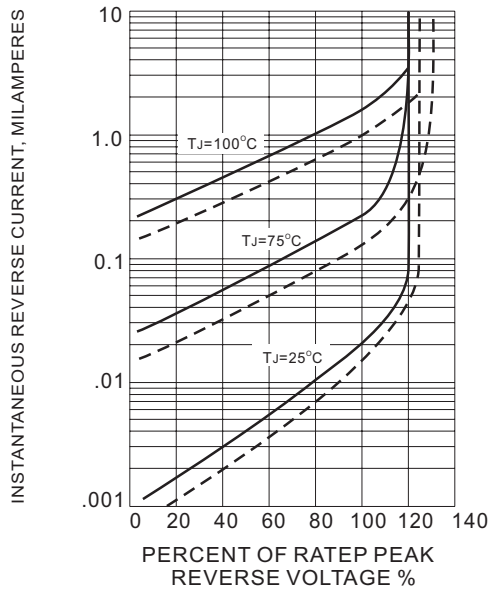


Fig.3- TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

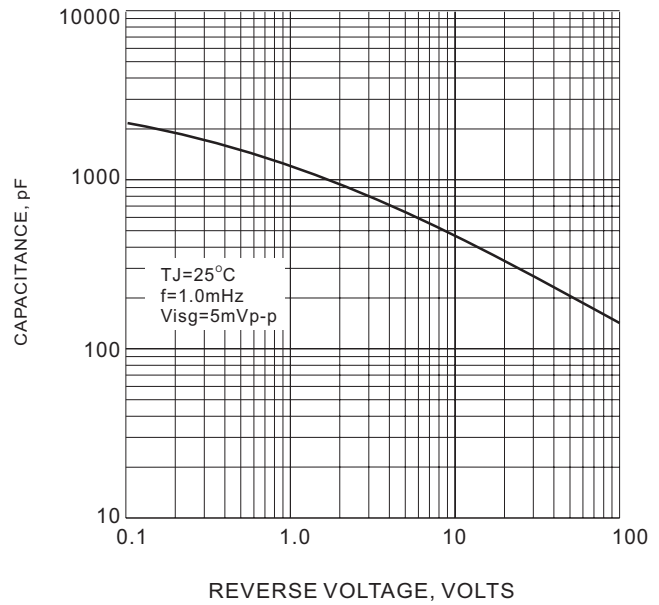


Fig.4- TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

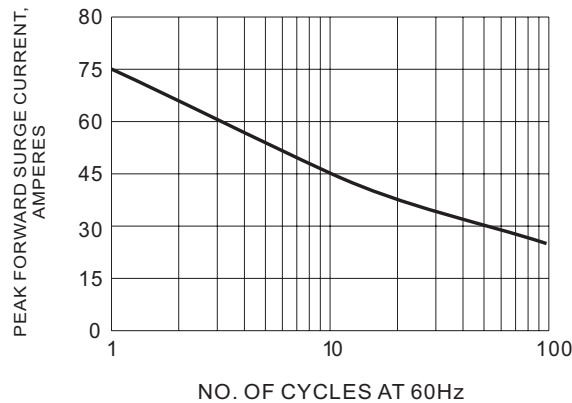


Fig.5- MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT