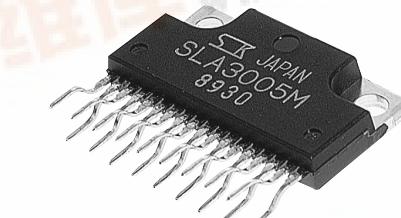


SLA3005M/3006M/3007M

4-Output, Low Dropout Voltage Dropper Type for USB Hub

■Features

- 4 regulators combined in one package
- Insulated single inline package
- SLA3005M/3006M with 5V/0.5A × 4 outputs and SLA3007M with 5V/0.5A × 3, 3.3V/0.5A × 1 outputs
- Low dropout voltage: $V_{DIF} \leq 0.5V$ (at $I_O = 0.5A$)
- Output-independent ON/OFF control terminal compatible with LS-TTL (Active High)
- Output-independent overcurrent and thermal protection circuits built in
- Open collector flag-output terminals built in to output OCP operation to each output terminal (Active Low)
- SLA3005M/3007M (excluding Reg4) for V_O shutdown after OCP operation and SLA3006M for continuous OCP operation
- Built-in anti-malfunction delay circuit whose time can be set with an external capacitor



■Applications

- USB hub power supplies
- Electronic equipment

■Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings		Unit
		SLA3005M/3006M	SLA3007M	
DC Input Voltage	V _{IN}	20	18	V
Voltage of Output Control Terminal	V _C	V _{IN}		V
DC Output Current	I _O	0.5		A
Power Dissipation	P _{D1}	30 (With infinite heatsink)		W
	P _{D2}	3.36 (Without heatsink, stand-alone operation)		W
Junction Temperature	T _j	−30 to +125		°C
Ambient Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	−30 to +100		°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	−30 to +125		°C
Thermal Resistance (junction-to-case)	R _{th(j-c)}	9.0		°C/W
Thermal Resistance (junction-to-ambient air)	R _{th(j-a)}	29.8 (Without heatsink, stand-alone operation) 5V/0.5A × 4		°C/W

■Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
DC Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	5.5 to 10	V
Output Current Range	I _O	0 to 0.5	A
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T _{jop}	−20 to +100	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature Range	T _{aop}	−20 to +85	°C

■Electrical Characteristics

(Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	SYmbol	Ratings										Unit	
		SLA3005M			SLA3006M			SLA3007M					
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	Regulator1, 2, 3	Regulator4	min.	typ.	max.	
Output Voltage	Vo	4.85	5.00	5.15	4.85	5.00	5.15	4.85	5.00	5.15	3.234	3.300	3.366
	Conditions	VIN=7V, Io=0.1A			VIN=7V, Io=0.1A			VIN=7V, Io=0.1A		VIN=7V, Io=0.1A			v
Dropout Voltage	V _{DIF}			0.5			0.5			0.5			2.0
	Conditions	Io≤0.5A			Io≤0.5A			Io≤0.5A			Io≤0.5A		
Line Regulation	ΔV _{OLINE}			30			30			30			30
	Conditions	VIN=6 to 15V, Io=0.1A			VIN=6 to 15V, Io=0.1A			VIN=6 to 15V, Io=0.1A		VIN=6 to 15V, Io=0.1A			mV
Load Regulation	ΔV _{OLOAD}			50			50			50			30
	Conditions	VIN=7V, Io=0 to 0.5A			VIN=7V, Io=0 to 0.5A			VIN=7V, Io=0 to 0.5A		VIN=7V, Io=0 to 0.2A			mV
Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	ΔVo/ΔT _a		±0.5			±0.5			±0.5		±0.3		
	Conditions	VIN=7V, Io=5mA, T _j =-10 to 100°C			VIN=7V, Io=5mA, T _j =-10 to 100°C			VIN=7V, Io=5mA, T _j =-10 to 100°C		VIN=7V, Io=5mA, T _j =-10 to 100°C			mV/°C
Quiescent Circuit Current*3	I _q			20			20			20			
	Conditions	VIN=7V, Io=0A			VIN=7V, Io=0A			VIN=7V, Io=0A					mA
Quiescent Circuit Current (Output OFF)*3	I _{q(OFF)}			0.5			0.5			0.5			
	Conditions	VIN=7V, V _{c1} to 4=0V			VIN=7V, V _{c1} to 4=0V			VIN=7V, V _{c1} to 4=0V					mA
Overcurrent Protection Starting Current*1	I _{s1}	0.55		0.65	0.75		0.96	0.55		0.65	0.55		0.65
	Conditions	VIN=7V			VIN=7V			VIN=7V			VIN=7V		
Vc Terminal ²	Control Voltage (Output ON)	V _c . IH	2.0			2.0			2.0		2.0		
	Control Voltage (Output OFF)	V _c . IL			0.7			0.7					0.7
	Control Current (Output ON)	I _c . IH			50			50			50		
	Control Current (Output OFF)	I _c . IL			-100			-100			-100		
	Conditions	V _c =2.7V			V _c =2.7V			V _c =2.7V			V _c =2.7V		
OCP Detection Voltage Level	V _{oth}	3.7	4.0	4.3	3.7	4.0	4.3	3.7	4.0	4.3			V
Delay Threshold Voltage	V _{DLYth}	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.1	2.3	2.5			V
Delay Terminal Runoff Current	I _{DLY}	35	50	65	35	50	65	35	50	65			μA
Flag Output Terminal	Before OCP Detection	V _{FLGh}	VIN=0.4			VIN=0.4			VIN=0.4				
		Conditions	R _{FLG} connected between FLG and V _{IN}			R _{FLG} connected between FLG and V _{IN}			R _{FLG} connected between FLG and V _{IN}				V
	After OCP Detection	V _{FLGI}			0.5			0.5			0.5		
		Conditions	I _{FLG} =1mA			I _{FLG} =1mA			I _{FLG} =1mA				V

*1 I_{s1} is specified at -5(%) drop point of output voltage Vo on the condition that VIN = 7V, Io = 0.1A.

*2 Output is ON even when output control terminal Vc is open. Each input level is equivalent to LS-TTL. Therefore, it may be directly driven by an LS-TTL circuit.

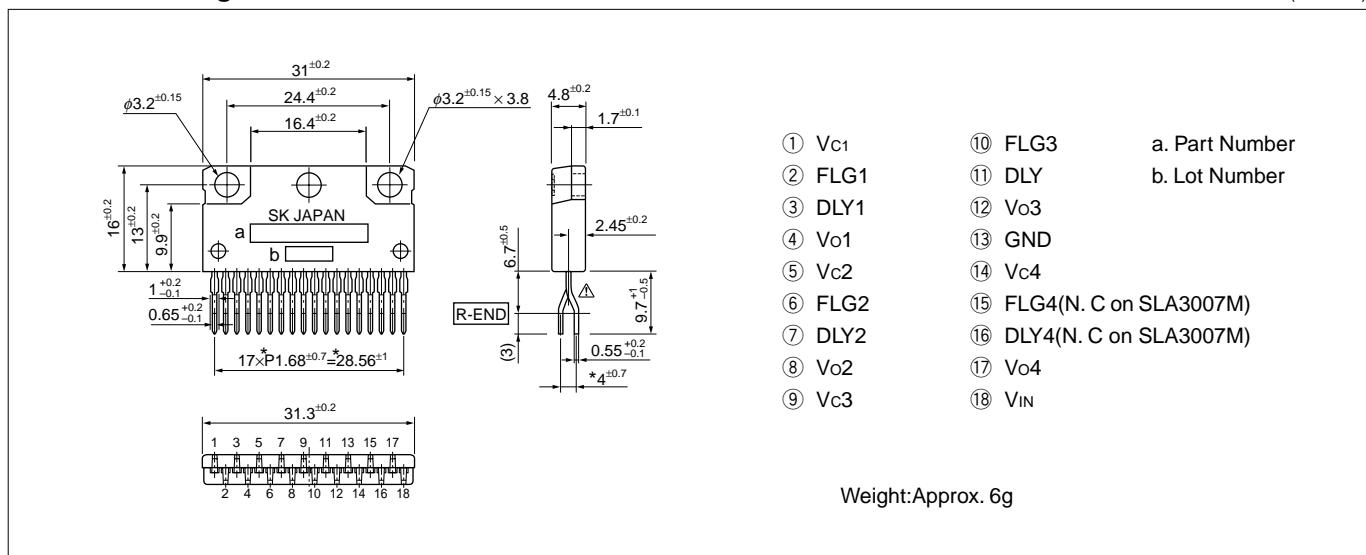
*3 Total of four circuits

*4 The FLG output latched by delay DLY after OCP detection. (SLA3005M/3007M(Reg1 to 3) shuts down the output voltage simultaneously at latching.) Set the V_{IN} or Vc to low to reset latching. Leave a time lag of C_d × 600s or more before restart.

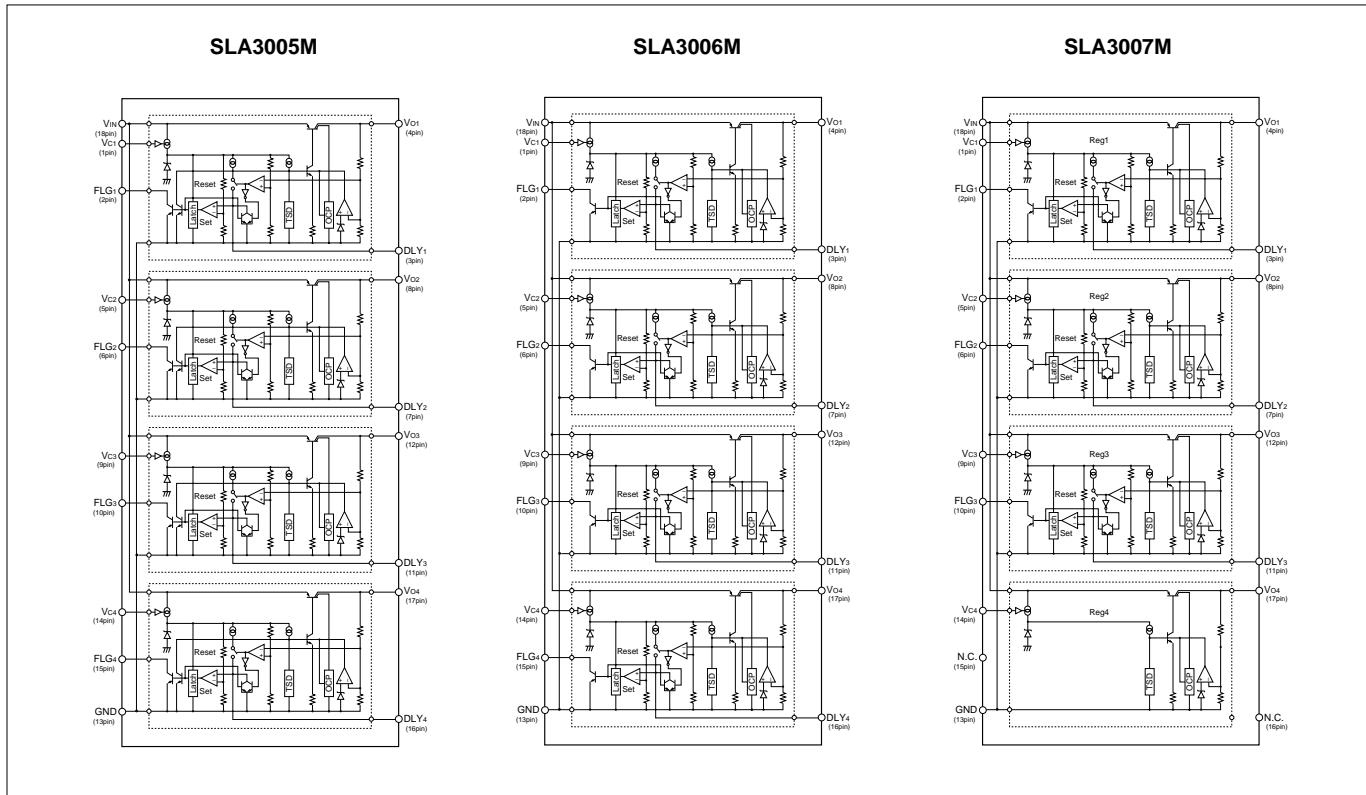
●SLA3005M/3006M/3007M

■Outline Drawing

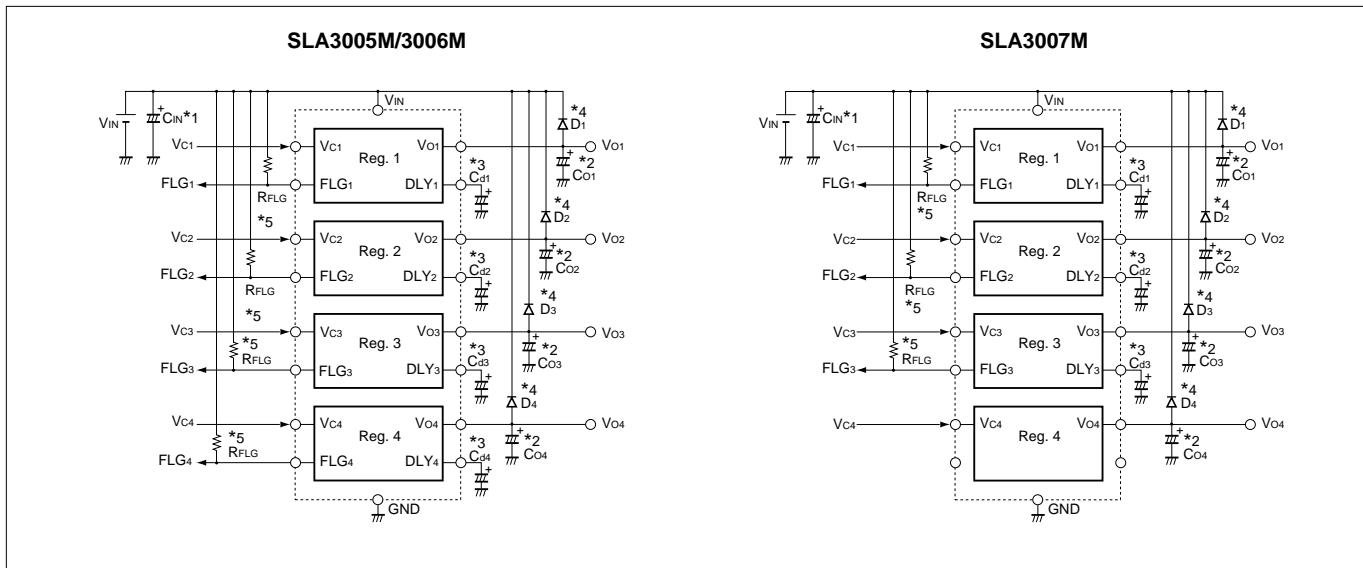
(unit:mm)



■Block Diagram

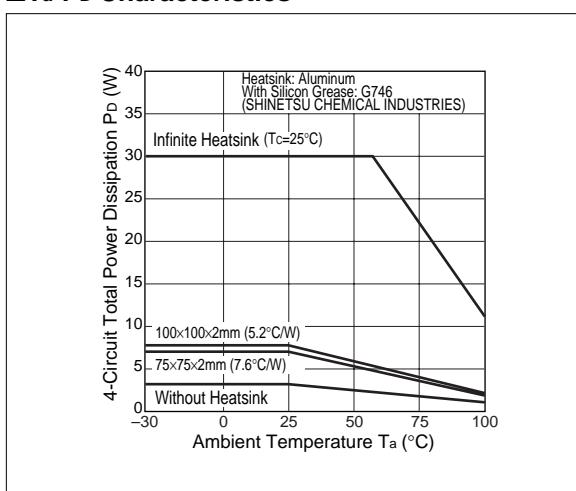


■Standard External Circuit

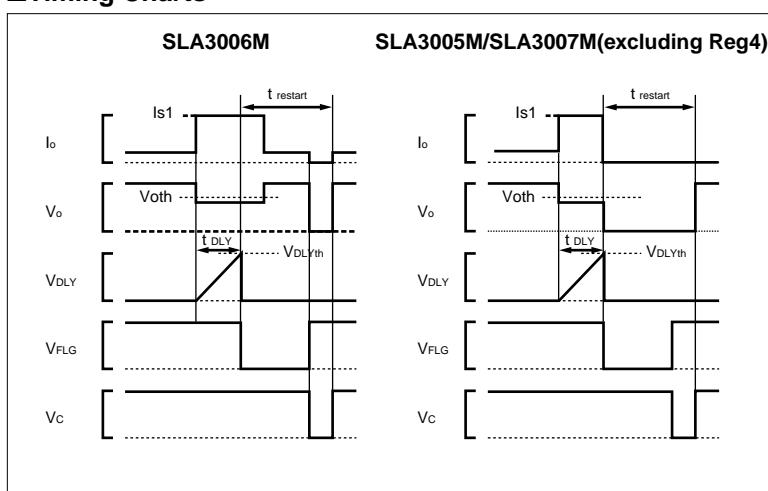


- *1 C_{IN} : Input capacitor (Approx. 47μF)
This capacitor is required if the input line is inductive and in the case of long wiring.
- *2 C_O : Output capacitor (47 to 220μF)
- *3 C_d : Delay setting capacitor (0.1μF or more)
Use C_d to set the delay time (t_{DLY}) from when a low Vo level due to OCP operation is detected until a flag signal is output.
This prevents a rush current from causing malfunction.
Approximate calculation: t_{DLY} = (C_d × V_{DLYth}) / I_{DLY}[sec]
When using soft start on V_{IN} or if C_{IN} has a large capacitance, set t_{DLY} long enough for the output voltage to rise sufficiently.
Be sure to connect C_d and do not use it for other applications, such as short circuiting C_d.
- *4 D₁ to D₄ : Reverse biasing protection diode
This diode is required for protection against reverse biasing of the input and output.
- *5 R_{FLG} : Set this to limit the inflow current into the FLG terminal to 1mA or less.

■Ta-Pd Characteristics



■Timing Charts



■Calculating the internal dissipation

P_d is calculated as follows:

$$P_d = [I_{o1} \cdot (V_{IN} - V_{O1})] + [I_{o2} \cdot (V_{IN} - V_{O2})] + [I_{o3} \cdot (V_{IN} - V_{O3})] + [I_{o4} \cdot (V_{IN} - V_{O4})] + V_{IN} \cdot I_G$$

■Estimating T_j by heat measurement

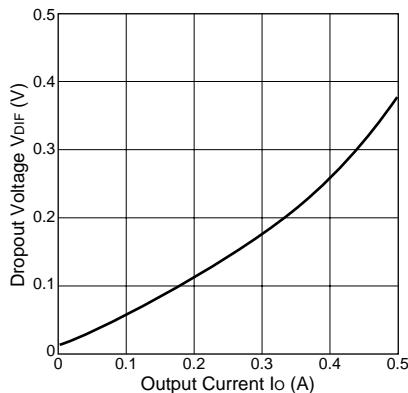
1. Measuring position: At the root of pin 13
 2. Add the thermal resistance "θ_{j-L}" between the junction and pin 13 and the P_d product of each channel to the measured temperature.
- θ_{j-L} is as follows : θ_{j-L1}:8°C/W, θ_{j-L2}:7°C/W, θ_{j-L3}:5°C/W, θ_{j-L4}:8°C/W
- The calculation formula is as follows : $T_j = \theta_{j-L1} \cdot P_{d1} + \theta_{j-L2} \cdot P_{d2} + \theta_{j-L3} \cdot P_{d3} + \theta_{j-L4} \cdot P_{d4} + T_{13pin}$

●SLA3005M/3006M/3007M

■Typical Characteristics

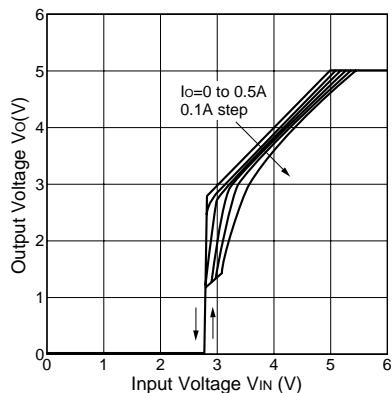
($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Io vs. VDIF Characteristics

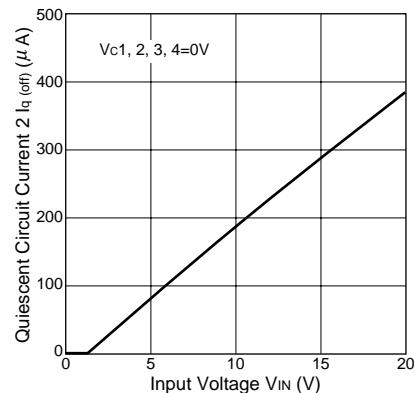


SLA3005M

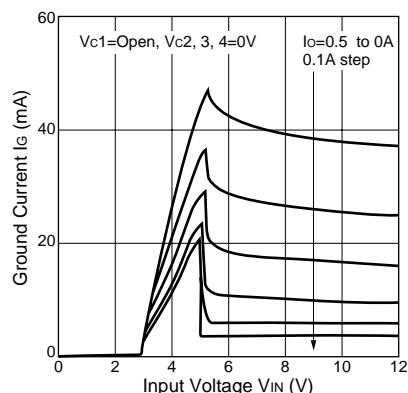
Rise Characteristics



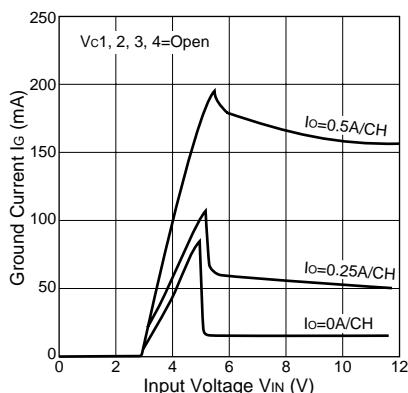
Quiescent Circuit Current



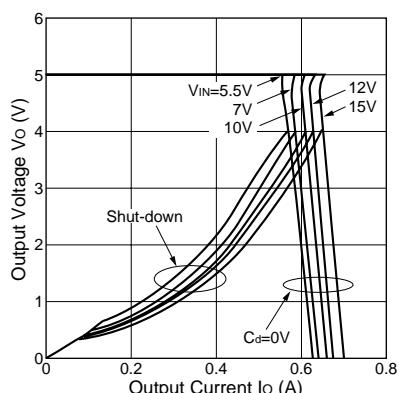
Circuit Current 1-Circuit



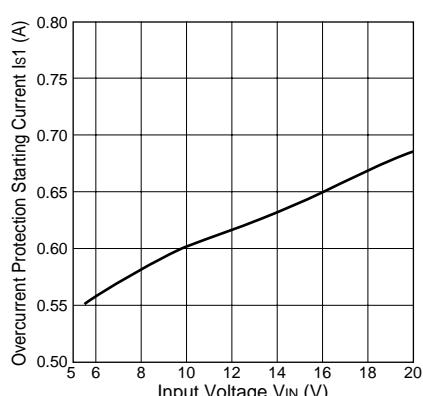
Circuit Current 4-Circuits



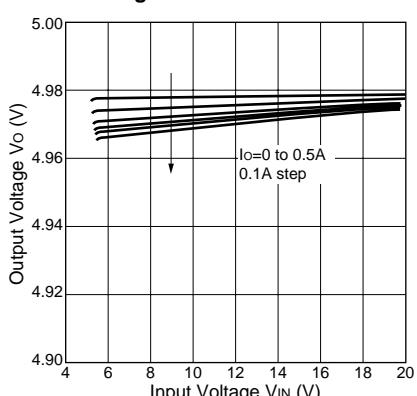
Overcurrent Protection Characteristics



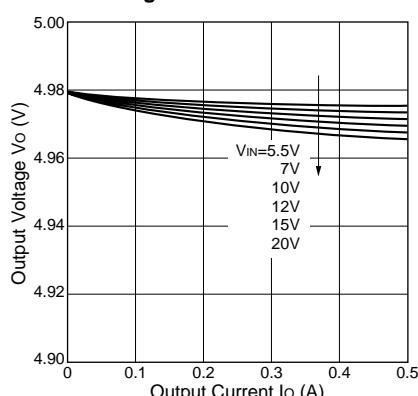
VIN vs. IS1 Characteristics



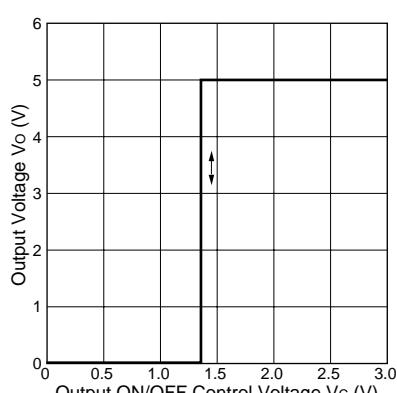
Line Regulation



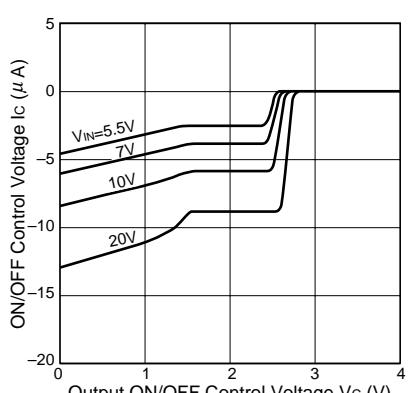
Load Regulation



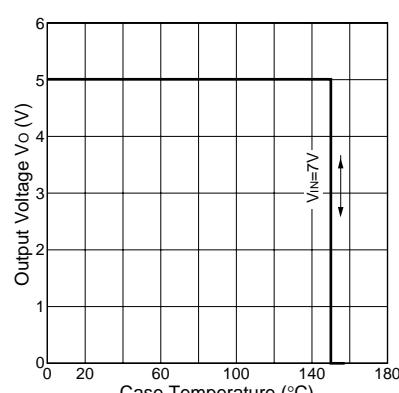
ON/OFF Control Characteristics



VC Terminal Characteristics



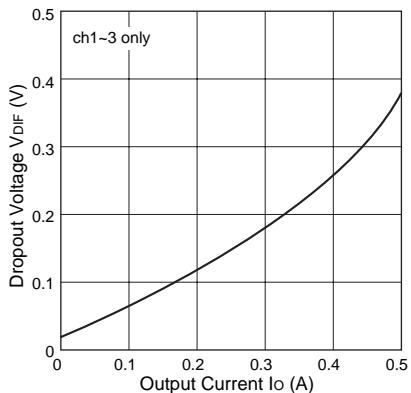
Thermal Protection Characteristics



■Typical Characteristics

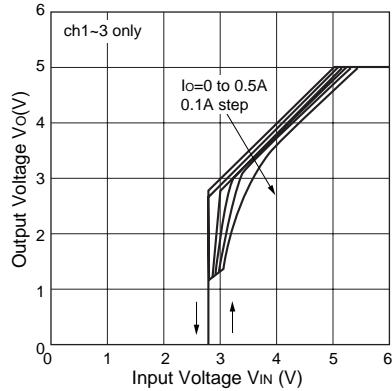
($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Io vs. V_{DIF} Characteristics

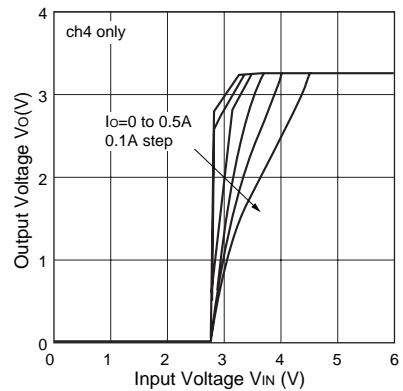


SLA3007M

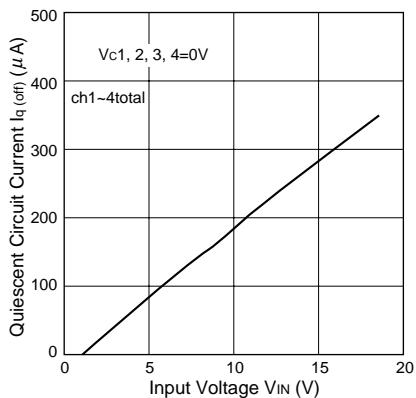
Rise Characteristics



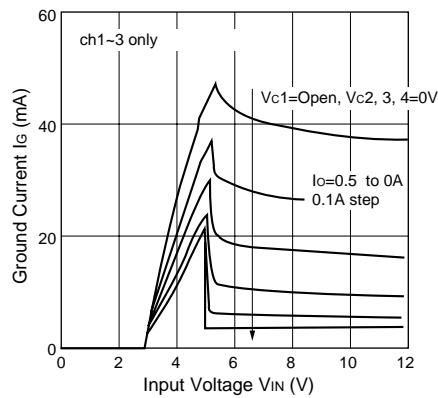
Rise Characteristics



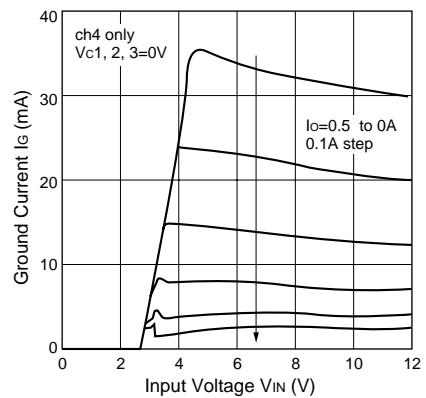
Quiescent Circuit Current



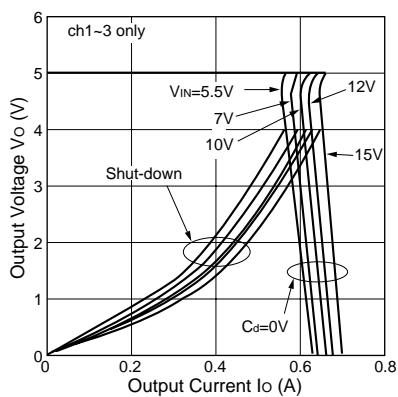
Circuit Current (ch1 operating)



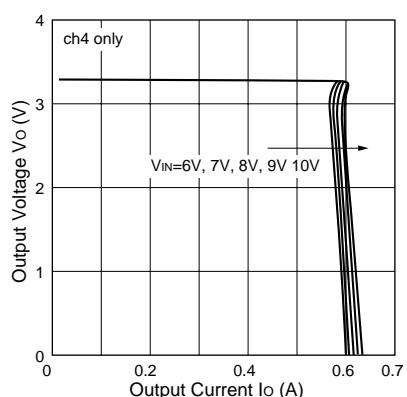
Circuit Current (ch4 operating)



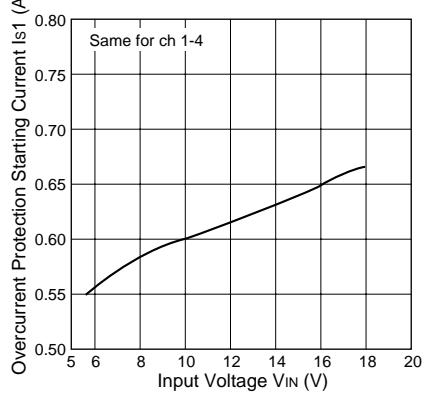
Overcurrent Protection Characteristics



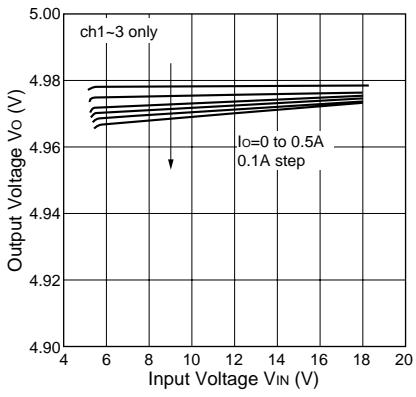
Overcurrent Protection Characteristics



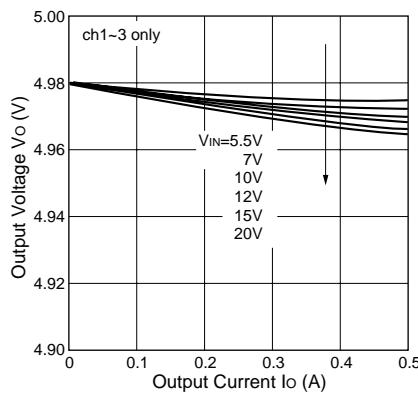
VIN vs. IS1 Characteristics



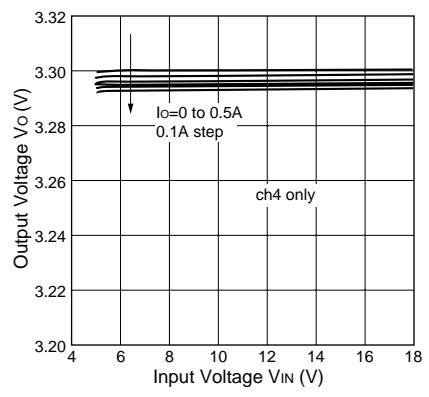
Line Regulation



Load Regulation



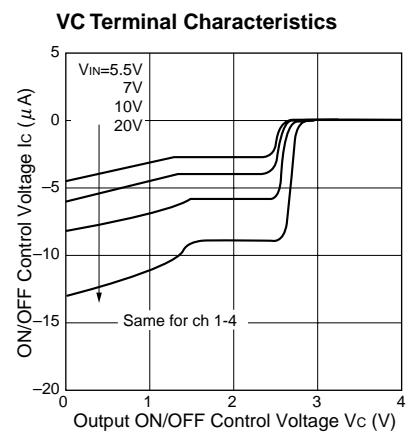
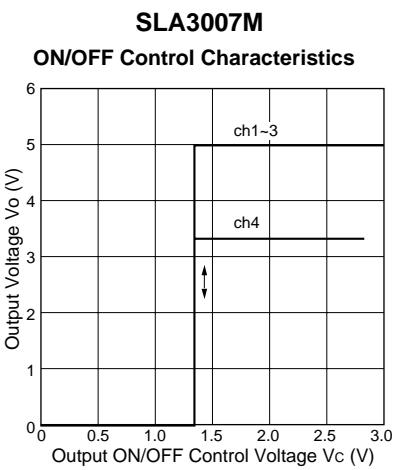
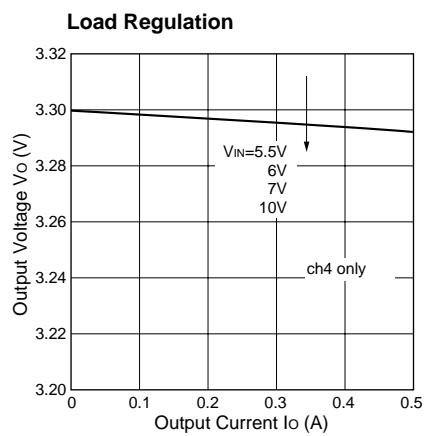
Line Regulation



●SLA3005M/3006M/3007M

■Typical Characteristics

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)



Thermal Protection Characteristics

