### 查询SN10KHT5541供应商

- **10KH Compatible**
- ECL and TTL Control Inputs C
- **Noninverting Outputs**
- Flow-Through Architecture Optimizes PCB Layout
- Center Pin V<sub>CC</sub>, V<sub>EE</sub>, and GND **Configurations Minimize High-Speed Switching Noise**
- Package Options Include "Small Outline" Packages and Standard Plastic 300-mil DIPs

### description

This octal ECL-to-TTL translator is designed to provide a efficient translation between a 10KH ECL signal environment and a TTL signal environment. This device is designed specifically to improve the performance and density of ECL-to-TTL CPU/bus-oriented functions such as memory-address drivers, clock drivers, and bus-oriented receivers and transmitters.

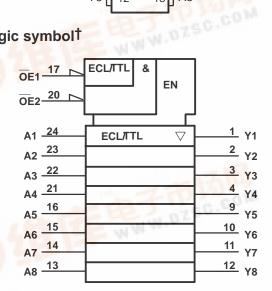
Two output-enable pins,  $\overline{OE1}$  and  $\overline{OE2}$ , are provided. These control inputs are ANDed together with  $\overline{OE1}$  being ECL compatible and  $\overline{OE2}$ being TTL compatible. This offers the choice of controlling the outputs of the device from either a TTL or ECL signal environment.

The SN10KHT5541 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 75°C.

OUTPUT		DATA	OUTPUT	
ENABLE		INPUT	(TTL)	
OE1	OE2	A	Y	
Х	Н	Х	Z	
Н	X	Х	Z	
L	L	L	L	
L	L	н	н	. 61
		10	1703	3

### **FUNCTION TABLE**

# logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



专业PCB打样工厂,24小时加急SNJ0KHT5541

OCTAL ECL-TO-TTL TRANSLATOR

SDZS003A - OCTOBER 1989 - REVISED OCTOBER 1990

24 A1

23 A2

22 A3

21 A4

19 VEE

18 GND

16 A5

15 A6

14 🕇 A7

13 A8

20 0E2 (TTL)

17 0E1 (ECL)

DW OR NT PACKAGE

(TOP VIEW)

Y1

Y2 2

Y3 3

Y4 4

VCC **5** 

GND 7

GND 🛛 8

Y5 🛛

Y8 🛛 12

Y7 👖 11

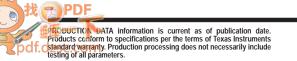
9 Y6 👖 10

GND [ 6

WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

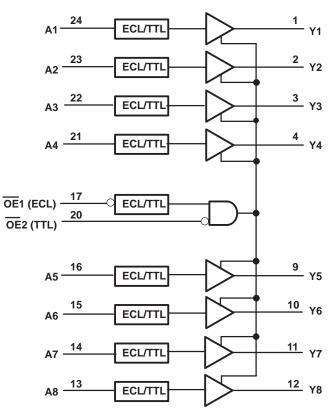






# SN10KHT5541 OCTAL ECL-TO-TTL TRANSLATOR WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS SDZS003A – OCTOBER 1989 – REVISED OCTOBER 1990

# logic diagram (positive logic)





# absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	
Supply voltage, V <sub>EE</sub>	
Input voltage (TTL) (see Note 1)	–1.2 V to 7 V
Input voltage (ECL)	
Voltage applied to any output in the disabled or power-off state	−0.5 V to 5.5 V
Voltage applied to any output in the high state	$\dots$ -0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub>
Input current (TTL)	30 mA to 5 mA
Current into any output in the low state	96 mA
Operating free-air temperature range	0°C to 75°C
Storage temperature range	65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: The TTL input voltage ratings may be exceeded provided the input current ratings are observed.

#### MIN NOM UNIT MAX 5.5 V TTL supply voltage 4.5 5 Vcc ECL supply voltage -4.94 -5.2 -5.46 V VEE VIН TTL high-level input voltage 2 V TTL low-level input voltage 0.8 V VIL -1170 -840 $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ VIH<sup>‡</sup> $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ -1130 -810 ECL high-level input voltage mV $T_A = 75^{\circ}C$ -1070 -735 $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ -1950 -1480 VII ‡ ECL low-level input voltage T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C -1950 -1480 mV T<sub>A</sub> = 75°C -1950 -1450 TTL input clamp current -18 ΙIK mΑ ЮН High-level output current -15 mΑ Low-level output current 48 mĀ IOL Operating free-air temperature 0 75 °C TA

# recommended operating conditions

<sup>‡</sup> The algebraic convention, in which the least positive (most negative) value is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for logic levels only.



# SN10KHT5541 OCTAL ECL-TO-TTL TRANSLATOR WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS SDZS003A – OCTOBER 1989 – REVISED OCTOBER 1990

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT		
VIK	OE2 only	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.94 V,	lj = –18 mA				-1.2	V
Ι	OE2 only	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V,	V  = 7 V				0.1	mA
lιΗ	OE2 only	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V,	VI = 2.7 V				20	μΑ
۱ <sub>۱L</sub>	OE2 only	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.5 V				-0.5	mA
IIН	Data inputs and $\overline{OE1}$	$V_{CC} = 5.5 V,$	$V_{EE} = -5.46 \text{ V},$	$V_{I} = -840 \text{ mV}$	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$			350	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V,	$V_{ } = -810 \text{ mV}$	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			350	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V,	$V_{ } = -735 \text{ mV}$	T <sub>A</sub> = 75°C			350	
۱ <sub>IL</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = –1950 mV	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$	0.5			μA
	Data inputs and OE1				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	0.5			
					$T_A = 75^{\circ}C$	0.5			
VOH		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V,	$V_{\text{EE}} = -5.2 \text{ V} \pm 5\%,$	$I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA}$		2.4	3.3		V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V,	$V_{\text{EE}} = -5.2 \text{ V} \pm 5\%,$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -15 mA		2	3.1		
VOL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V,	$V_{\text{EE}} = -5.2 \text{ V} \pm 5\%,$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 48 mA			0.38	0.55	V
IOZH		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 V				50	μΑ
IOZL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V,	$V_{O} = 0.5 V$				-50	μΑ
los‡		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V,	VO = 0		-100		-225	mA
Іссн		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V				64	97	mA
ICCL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V				80	120	mA
Iccz		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V				77	116	mA
IEE		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.46 V				-22	-33	mA
Ci		$V_{CC} = 5 V,$	$V_{EE} = -5.2 V$				5		pF
Co		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V,	V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.2 V				7		рF

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{EE} = -5.2 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

<sup>‡</sup>Not more than one output should be tested at a time and the duration of the test should not exceed 10 ms.

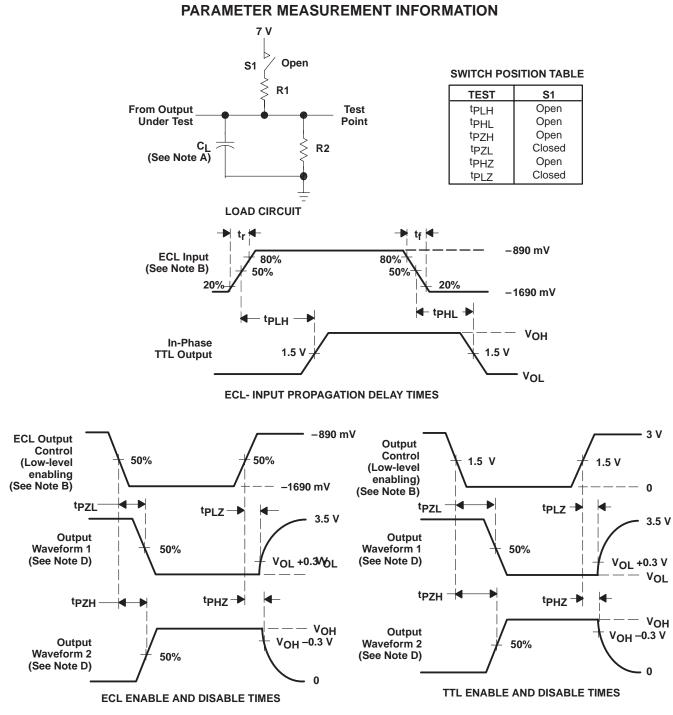
# switching characteristics over recommended ranges of operating free-air temperature and supply voltage (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, R1 = 500 Ω, R2 = 500 Ω			UNIT
			MIN	TYP§	MAX	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	A	Ŷ	1.7	4	6.2	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL			1.6	4	6.2	
<sup>t</sup> PZH	OE1	Y	2.6	4.7	6.7	
<sup>t</sup> PZL		Ŷ	3.2	5.9	8.5	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	OE1	Y	2.9	5.4	7.8	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLZ		ľ	1.9	4.9	7.8	113
<sup>t</sup> PZH	OE2	Y	1.7	4	6.2	ns
tPZL	012		2.5	5.1	7.7	
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	OE2	Y	2.1	4.3	6.4	
<sup>t</sup> PLZ		ř	1.1	3.7	6.3	ns

§ All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, V<sub>EE</sub> = -5.2 V, T<sub>A</sub> =  $25^{\circ}$ C.



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NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. For TTL inputs, input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>0</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>r</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns, t<sub>f</sub> ≤ 2.5 ns.
- C. For ECL inputs, input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>0</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>r</sub>  $\leq$  0.7 ns,  $t_f \le 0.7$  ns.
- D. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- E. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

### FIGURE 1. LOAD CIRCUIT AND VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS



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