

9-CHANNEL DUAL-MODE TRANSCEIVERS

FEATURES

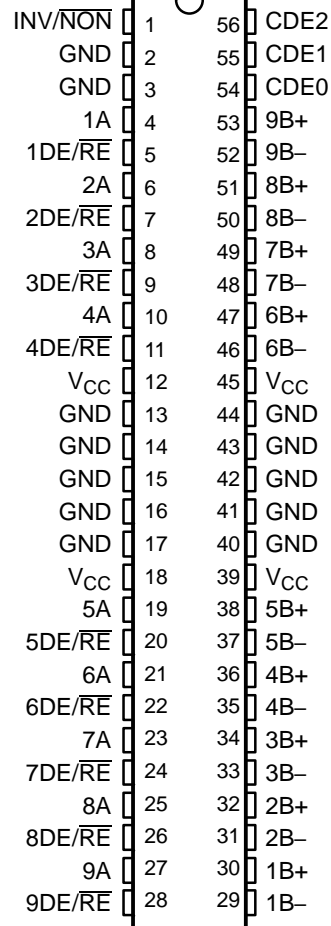
- 9 Channels for the Data and Control Paths of the Small Computer Systems Interface (SCSI)
- Supports Single-Ended and Low-Voltage Differential (LVD) SCSI
- CMOS Input Levels ('LVDM976) or TTL Input Levels ('LVDM977) Available
- Includes DIFFSENS Comparators on CDE0
- Single-Ended Receivers Include Noise Pulse Rejection Circuitry
- Packaged in Thin Shrink Small-Outline Package With 20-Mil Terminal Pitch
- Low Disabled Supply Current 7 mA Maximum
- Power-Up/Down Glitch Protection
- Bus is High-Impedance With $V_{CC} = 1.5\text{ V}$
- Pin-Compatible With the SN75976ADGG High-Voltage Differential Transceiver

DESCRIPTION

The SN75LVDM976 and SN75LVDM977 have nine transceivers for transmitting or receiving the signals to or from a SCSI data bus. They offer electrical compatibility to both the single-ended signaling of X3.277:1996-SCSI-3 Parallel Interface (Fast-20) and the new low-voltage differential signaling method of proposed standard 1142-D SCSI Parallel Interface – 2 (SPI-2).

The differential drivers are nonsymmetrical. The SCSI bus uses a dc bias on the line to allow terminated fail safe and wired-OR signaling. This bias can be as high as 125 mV and induces a difference in the high-to-low and low-to-high transition times of a symmetrical driver. In order to reduce pulse skew, an LVD SCSI driver's output characteristics become nonsymmetrical. In other words, there is more assertion current than negation current to or from the driver. This allows the actual differential signal voltage on the bus to be symmetrical about 0 V. Even though the driver output characteristics are nonsymmetrical, the design of the 'LVDM976 drivers maintains balanced signaling. Balanced means that the current that flows in each signal line is nearly equal but opposite in direction and is one of the keys to the low-noise performance of a differential bus.

DGG PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



AVAILABLE OPTIONS

| T _A | PACKAGE | |
|----------------|--|--|
| | TSSOP (DGG) CMOS INPUT LEVELS | TSSOP (DGG) TTL INPUTS LEVELS |
| 0°C to 70°C | SN75LVDM976DGG SN75LVDM976DGGR ⁽¹⁾ | SN75LVDM977DGG SN75LVDM977DGGR ⁽¹⁾ |

(1) The R suffix designates a taped and reeled package.



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DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

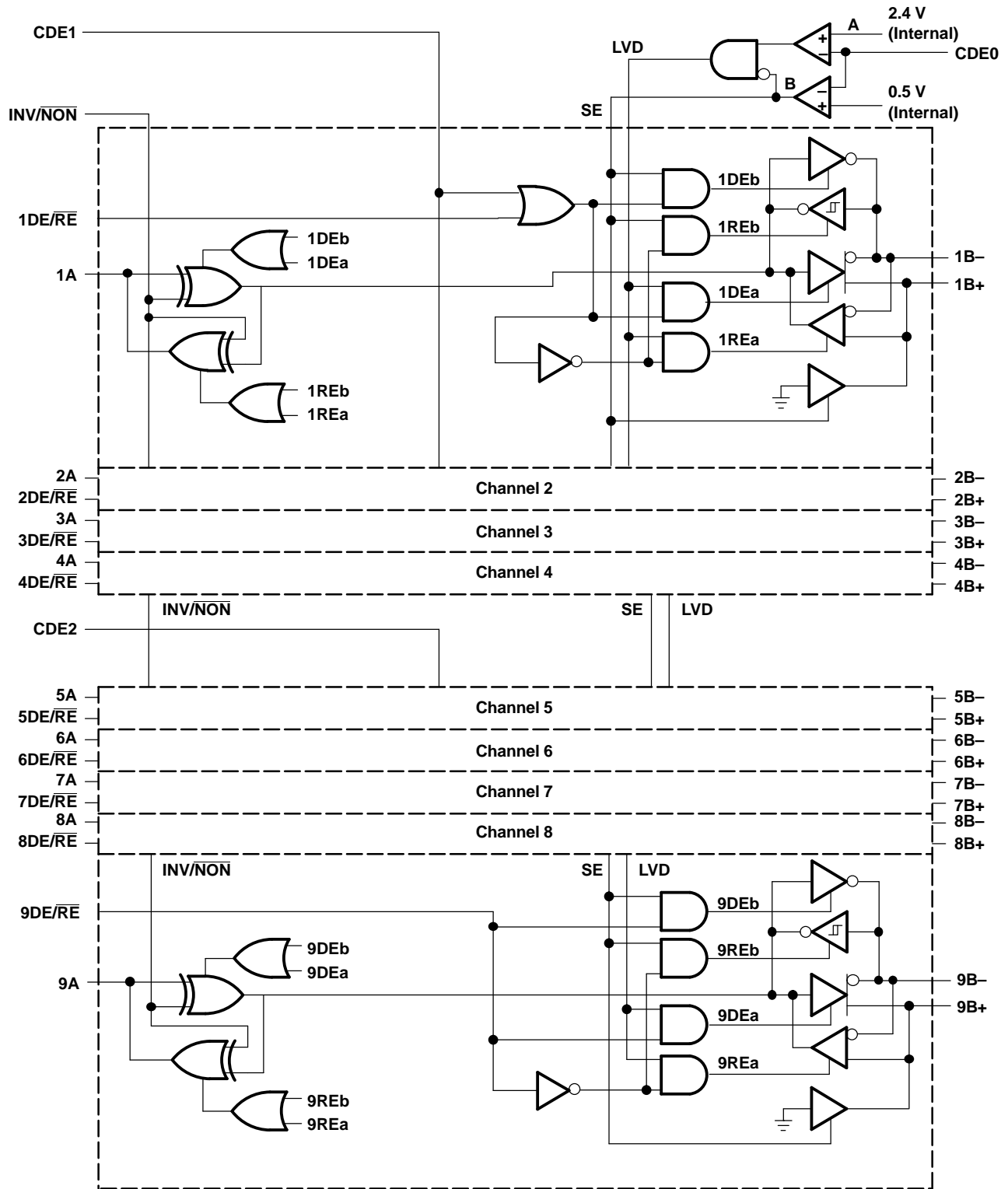
The signal symmetry requirements of the LVD-SCSI bus mean you can no longer obtain logical inversion of a signal by simply reversing the differential signal connections. This requires the ability to invert the logic convention through the INV/ $\overline{\text{NON}}$ terminal. This input would be a low for SCSI controllers with active-high data and high for active-low data. In either case, the B+ signals of the transceiver must be connected to the SIGNAL+ line of the SCSI bus and the B- of the transceiver to the SIGNAL- line.

The CDE0 input incorporates a window comparator to detect the status of the DIFFSENS line of a SCSI bus. This line is below 0.5 V, if using single-ended signals, between 1.7 V and 1.9 V if low-voltage differential, and between 2.4 V and 5.5 V if high-voltage differential. The outputs assume the characteristics of single-ended or LVD accordingly or place the outputs into high-impedance, when HVD is detected. This, and the INV/ $\overline{\text{NON}}$ input, are the only differences to the trade-standard function of the SN75976A HVD transceiver.

Two options are offered to minimize the signal noise margins on the interface between the communications controller and the transceiver. The SN75LVDM976 has logic input voltage thresholds of about 0.5 V_{CC} . The SN75LVDM977 has a fixed logic input voltage threshold of about 1.5 V. The input voltage threshold should be selected to be near the middle of the output voltage swing of the corresponding driver circuit.

The SN75LVDM976 and SN75LVDM977 are characterized for operation over an free-air temperature range of $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C .

LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)



LOGIC DIAGRAMS AND FUNCTION TABLES

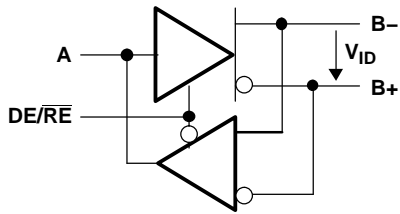


Figure 1. Inverting LVD Transceiver

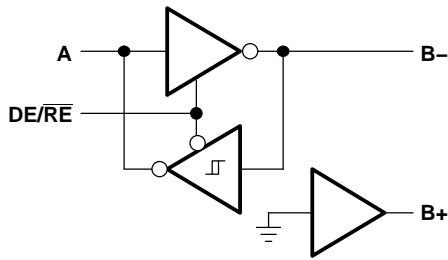


Figure 2. Inverting Single-Ended Transceiver

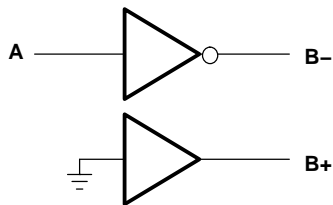


Figure 3. Inverting Single-Ended Driver

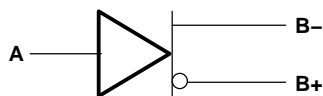


Figure 4. Inverting LVD Driver

FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS | | OUTPUTS | | | |
|---|-------|---------|----|----|---|
| (B+ – B–) | DE/RE | A | B+ | B– | A |
| $V_{ID} \geq 30 \text{ mV}$ | L | NA | Z | Z | L |
| $-30 \text{ mV} < V_{ID} < 30 \text{ mV}$ | L | NA | Z | Z | ? |
| $V_{ID} = 30 \text{ mV}$ | L | NA | Z | Z | H |
| Open circuit | L | NA | Z | Z | ? |
| NA | H | L | H | L | Z |
| NA | H | H | L | H | Z |

FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS | | | OUTPUTS | | |
|--------------|-------|----|---------|----|---|
| B– | DE/RE | A | B+ | B– | A |
| H | L | NA | L | Z | L |
| L | L | NA | L | Z | H |
| Open circuit | L | NA | L | Z | ? |
| NA | H | L | L | H | Z |
| NA | H | H | L | L | Z |

FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUT | OUTPUTS | |
|-------|---------|----|
| A | B+ | B– |
| L | L | H |
| H | L | L |

FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUT | OUTPUTS | |
|-------|---------|----|
| A | B+ | B– |
| L | H | L |
| H | L | H |

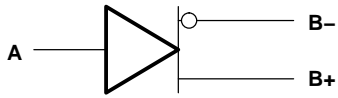


Figure 5. Noninverting LVD Driver

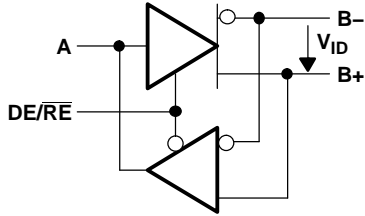


Figure 6. Noninverting LVD Transceiver

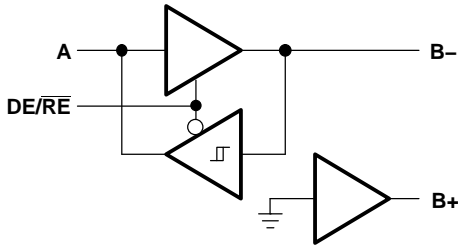


Figure 7. Noninverting Single-Ended Transceiver

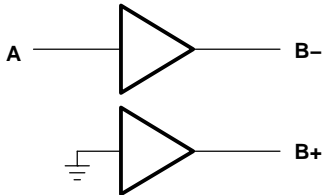


Figure 8. Noninverting Single-Ended Driver

FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUT | OUTPUTS | |
|-------|---------|----|
| | B+ | B- |
| A | B+ | B- |
| L | L | H |
| H | H | L |

FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS | | | OUTPUTS | | |
|---|-------|----|---------|----|---|
| (B+ - B-) | DE/RE | A | B+ | B- | A |
| $V_{ID} \geq 30 \text{ mV}$ | L | NA | Z | Z | H |
| $-30 \text{ mV} < V_{ID} < 30 \text{ mV}$ | L | NA | Z | Z | ? |
| $V_{ID} \leq -30 \text{ mV}$ | L | NA | Z | Z | L |
| Open circuit | L | NA | Z | Z | ? |
| NA | H | L | L | H | Z |
| NA | H | H | H | L | Z |

FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS | | | OUTPUTS | | |
|--------------|-------|----|---------|----|---|
| B- | DE/RE | A | B+ | B- | A |
| H | L | NA | L | Z | H |
| L | L | NA | L | Z | L |
| Open circuit | L | NA | L | Z | ? |
| NA | H | L | L | L | Z |
| NA | H | H | L | H | Z |

FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUT | OUTPUTS | |
|-------|---------|----|
| | B+ | B- |
| A | B+ | B- |
| L | L | L |
| H | L | H |

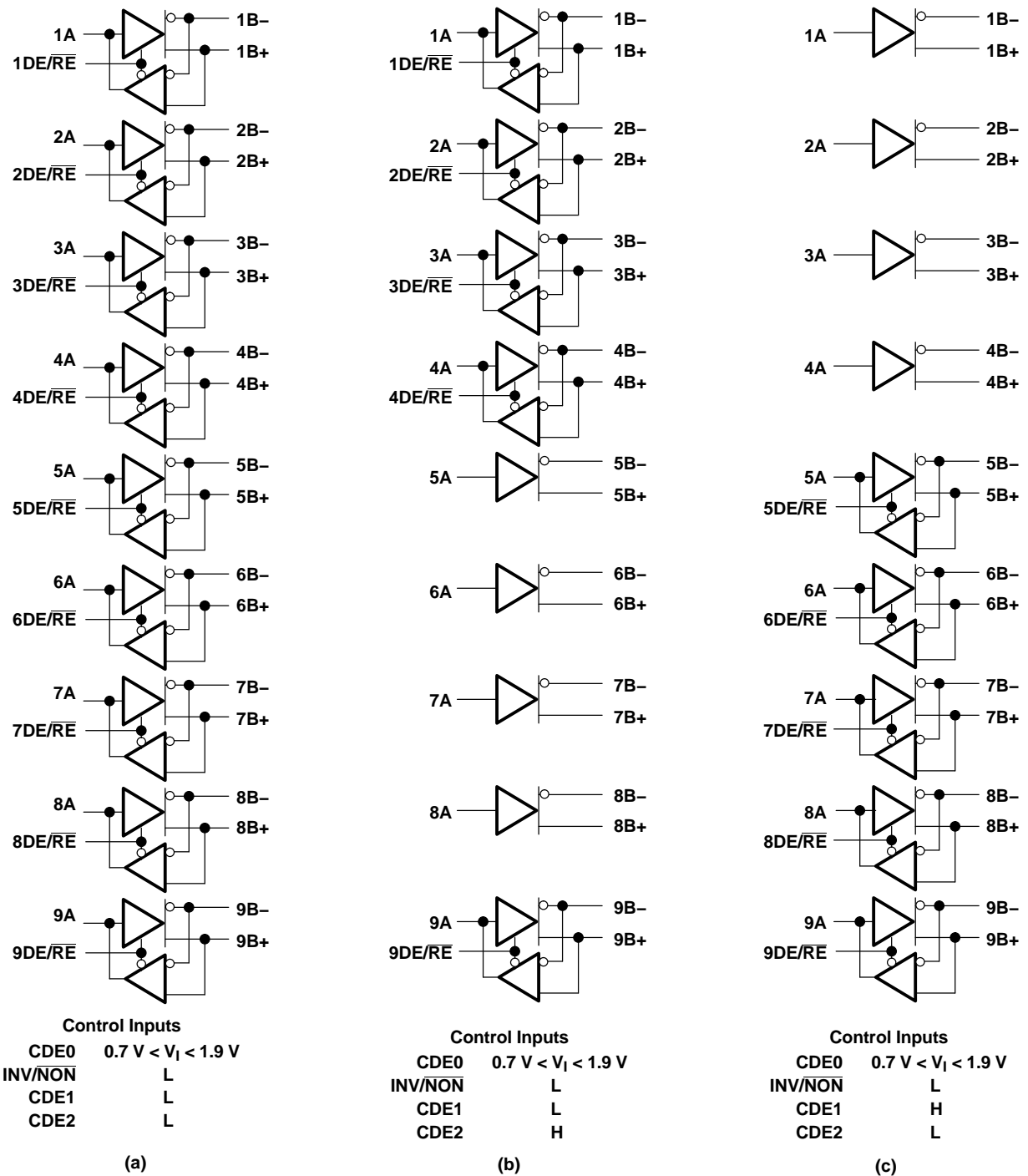


Figure 9. Logic Diagrams

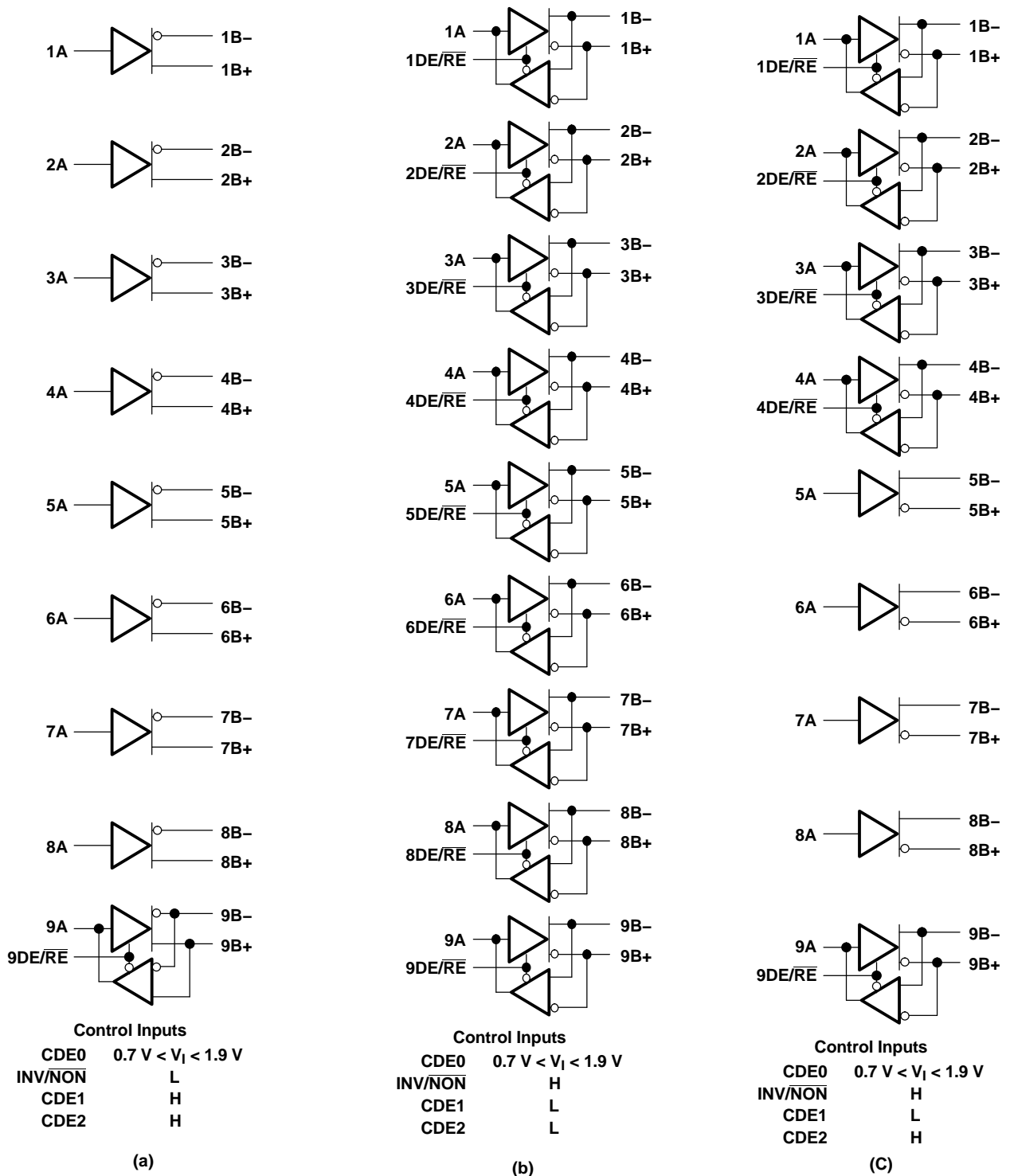


Figure 10. Logic Diagrams

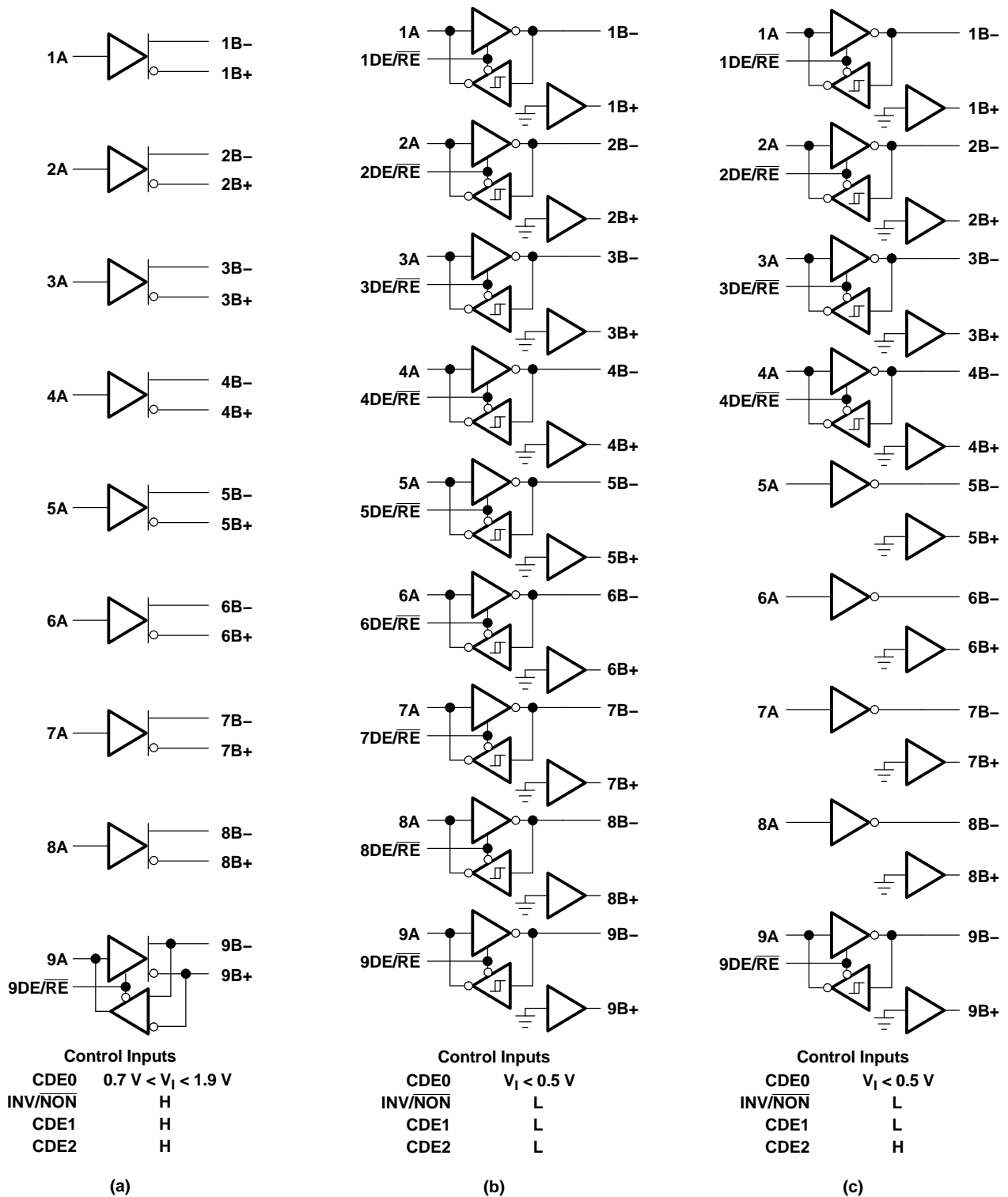


Figure 11. Logic Diagrams

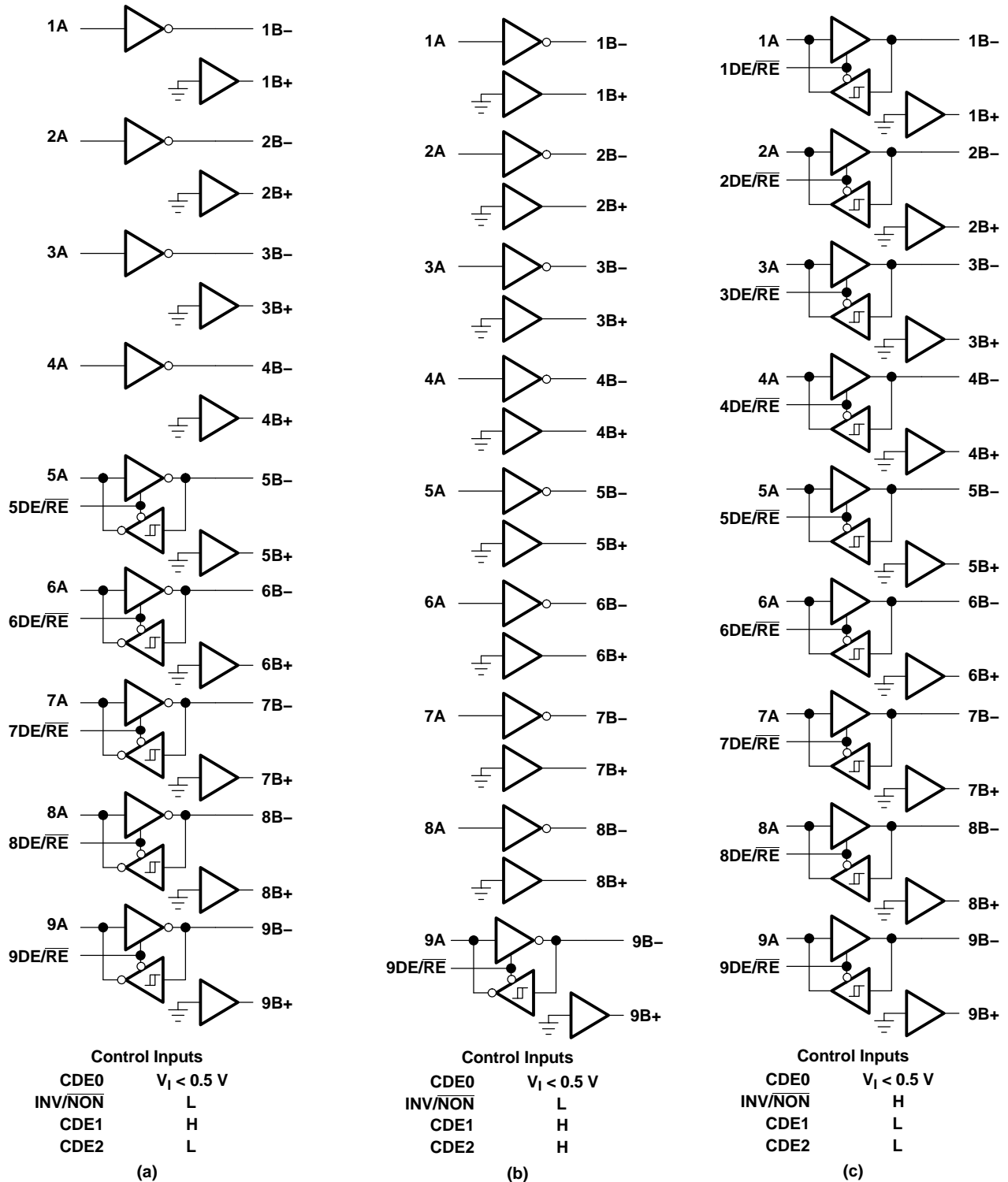


Figure 12. Logic Diagrams

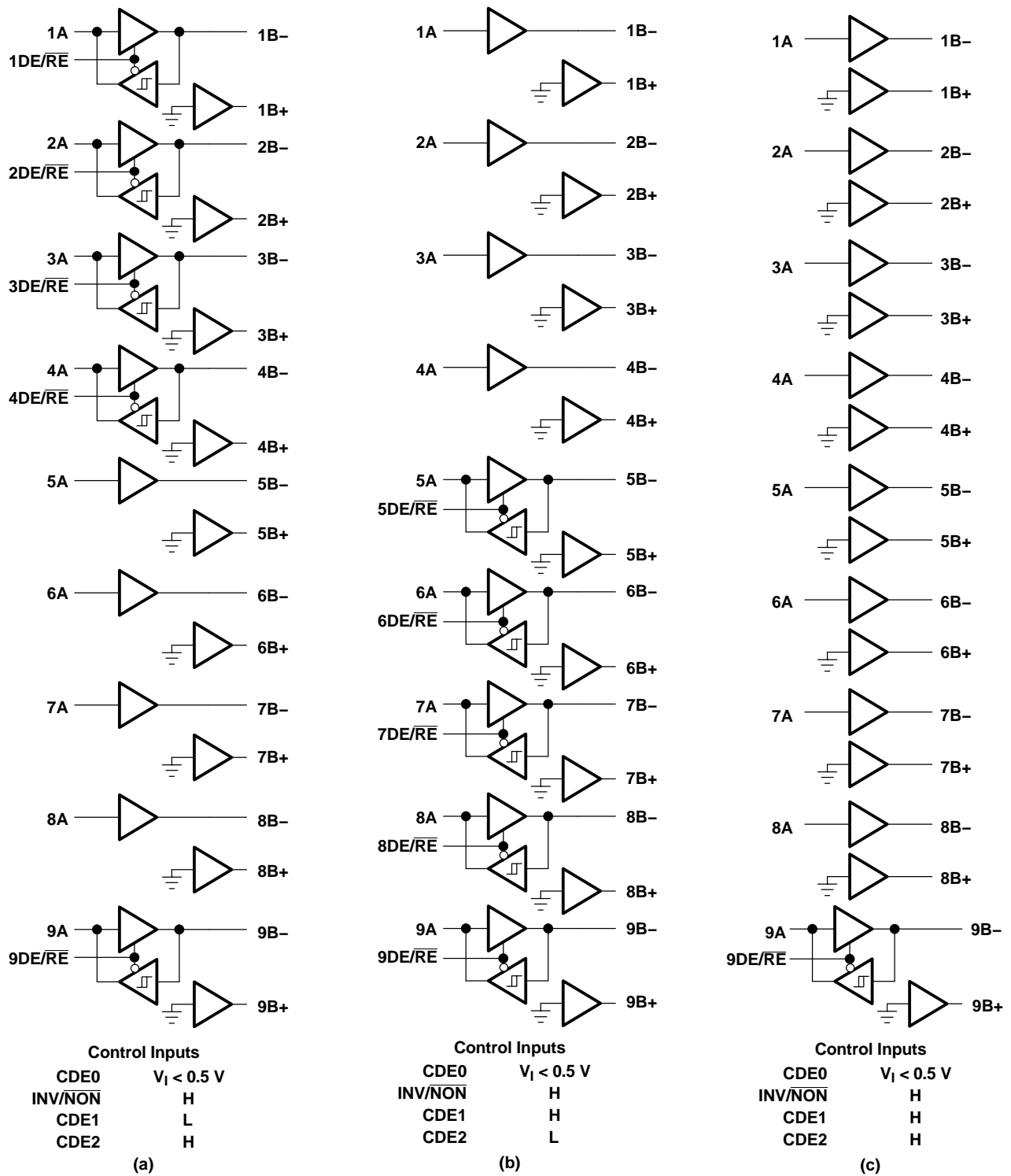
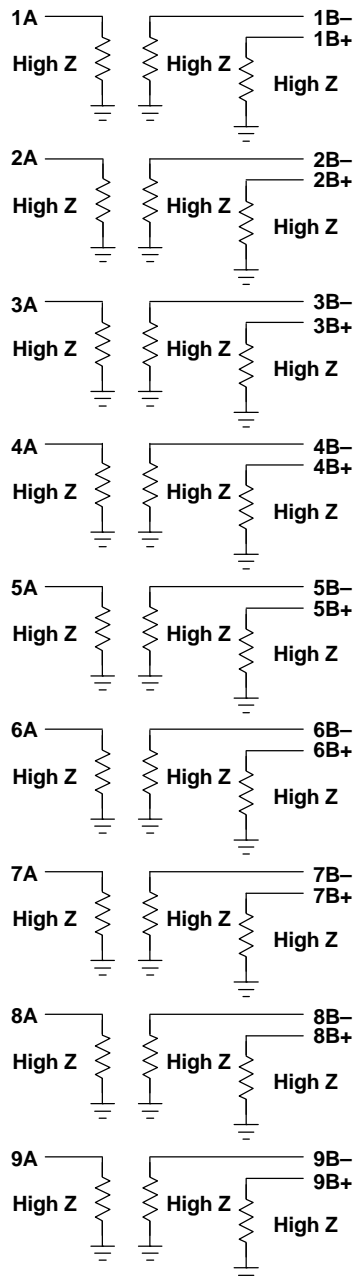


Figure 13. Logic Diagrams

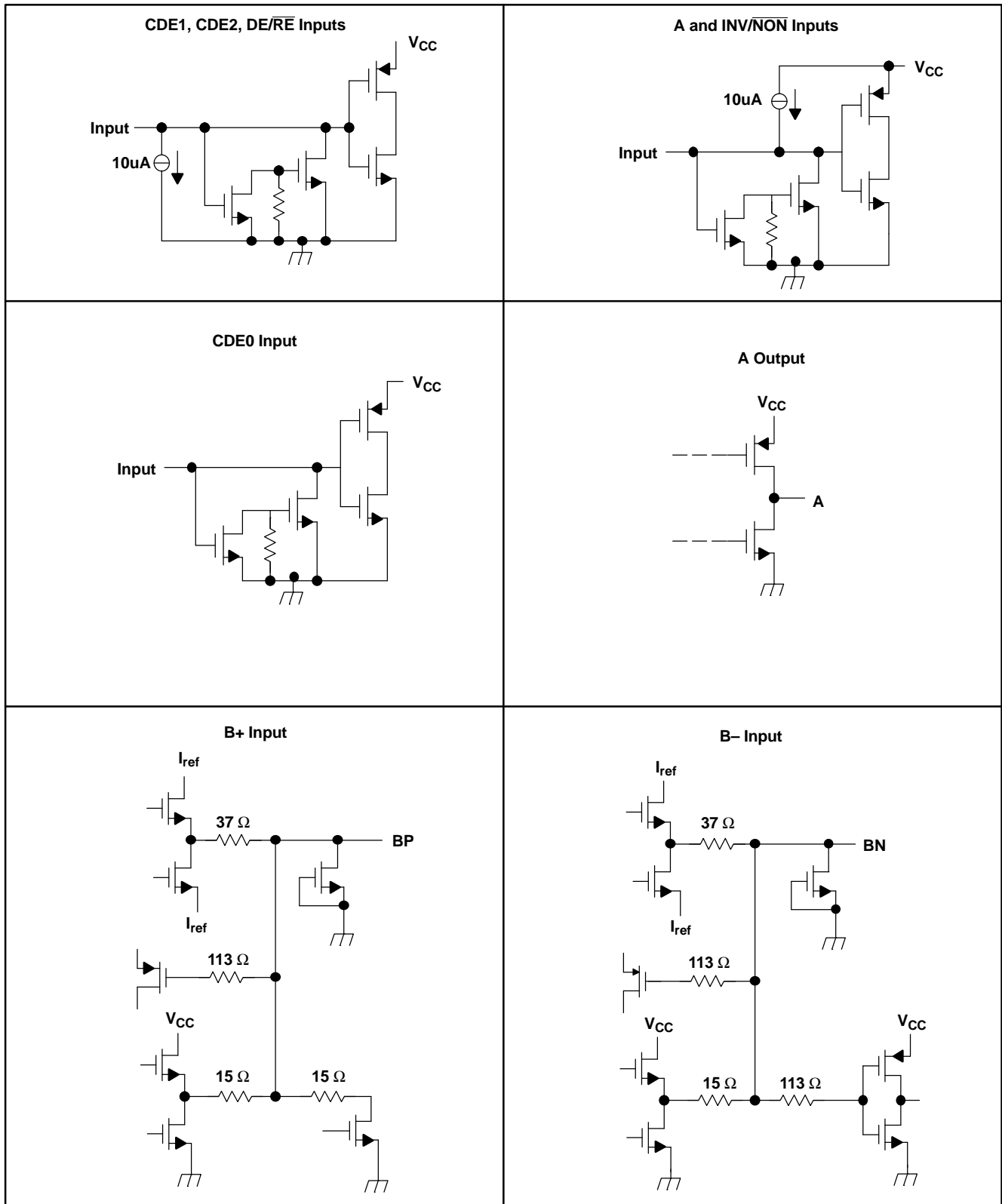


Control Inputs

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| CDE0 | $V_I > 2.5\text{ V}$ |
| INV/ $\overline{\text{NON}}$ | X |
| CDE1 | X |
| CDE2 | X |

Figure 14. Logic Diagrams

INPUT AND OUTPUT EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



Terminal Functions

| TERMINAL | | 'LVDM976 Logic Level | 'LVDM977 Logic Level | I/O | Terminat ion | DESCRIPTION |
|--|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------|-----------------|--|
| NAME | NO. | | | | | |
| 1A - 9A | 4,6,8,10, 19,21,23, 25,27 | CMOS | TTL | I/O | Pullup | 1A - 9A carry data to and from the communication controller. |
| 1B— 9B– | 29,31,33, 35,37,46, 48,50,52 | LVD or TTL | LVD or TTL | I/O | None | 1B- to 9B- are the signals to and from the data bus. When INV/ $\overline{\text{NON}}$ is low, the logic sense is the opposite that of the A input (inverted). When INV/ $\overline{\text{NON}}$ is high, the logic sense is the same as the A input (noninverted). |
| 1B+ - 9B+ | 30,32,34, 36,38,47, 49,51,53 | LVD or GND | LVD or GND | I/O | None | When in the LVD mode, 1B+ - 9B+ are signals to or from the data bus and follow the same logic sense as the A input when INV/ $\overline{\text{NON}}$ is low (noninverted). The logic sense is opposite that of the A input (inverted) when INV/ $\overline{\text{NON}}$ is high. When in single-ended mode, these terminals become a ground connection through a transistor and do not switch. |
| CDE0 | 54 | Trinary | Trinary | Input | None | CDE0 is the common driver enable 0. With the driver enabled and the CDE0 input less than 0.5 V, the driver output is single-ended mode. With the driver enabled and the CDE0 input between 0.7 V and 1.9 V the driver output is LVD mode. All drivers are disabled when the input is greater than 2.4 V. |
| CDE1 | 55 | CMOS | TTL | Input | Pulldown | CDE1 is the common driver enable 1. When CDE1 is high, drivers 1–4 are enabled |
| CDE2 | 56 | CMOS | TTL | Input | Pulldown | CDE2 is the common driver enable 2. When CDE2 is high, drivers 5 to 8 are enabled. |
| 1DE/ $\overline{\text{RE}}$ - 9DE/ $\overline{\text{RE}}$ | 5,7,9,11, 20,22,24, 26,28 | CMOS | TTL | Input | Pulldown | 1DE/ $\overline{\text{RE}}$ –9DE/ $\overline{\text{RE}}$ are direction controls that transmit data to the bus when it is high and CDE0 is below 2.2 V. Data is received from the bus when 1DE/ $\overline{\text{RE}}$ - 9DE/ $\overline{\text{RE}}$, CDE1, and CDE2 are low. |
| GND | 2,3,13,14, 15,16,17, 40,41,42, 43,44 | NA | NA | Power | NA | GND is the circuit ground. |
| INV/ $\overline{\text{NON}}$ | 1 | CMOS | CMOS | Input | Pullup | A high-level input to INV/ $\overline{\text{NON}}$ inverts the logic to and from the A terminals. (i.e., the voltage at A terminal and the corresponding B-terminal are in phase.) |
| V _{CC} | 12,18,39, 45 | NA | NA | Power | NA | Supply voltage |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

| | | UNIT |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage range ⁽²⁾ | –0.5 V to 7 V |
| V _I | Input voltage range | (A, INV/ $\overline{\text{NON}}$) –0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V |
| | | (DE/ $\overline{\text{RE}}$, B+, B-, CDE0, CDE1, CDE2) –0.5 V to 5.25 V |
| Continuous total power dissipation | | See Dissipation Rating Table |
| T _{stg} | Storage temperature range, | –65°C to 150°C |
| | Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds | 260°C |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values are with respect to GND unless otherwise noted.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

| PACKAGE | T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING | DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C | T _A = 70°C POWER RATING |
|---------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| DGG | 978 mW | 10.8 mW/°C | 492 mW |

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (see Figure 15)

| | | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------|------|----|
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage | 4.75 | 5 | 5.25 | V | |
| V _{IH} | High-level input voltage | SN75LVDM976 | 0.7 V _{CC} | | V | |
| | | SN75LVDM977 | 2 | | | |
| V _{IL} | Low-level input voltage | SN75LVDM976 | 0.3 V _{CC} | | V | |
| | | SN75LVDM977 | 0.8 | | | |
| V _{ID} | Differential input voltage | Differential receiver | | 0.03 | 3.6 | V |
| V _{IC} | Common-mode input voltage | 0.7 | | 1.8 | V | |
| V _{OD(bias)} | Differential output voltage bias | Differential | | 100 | 125 | mV |
| I _{OH} | High-level output current | Single-ended driver | | | 7 | mA |
| | | Receiver | | | 2 | |
| I _{OL} | Low-level output current | Single-ended driver | | | 48 | mA |
| | | Receiver | | | 2 | |
| Z _L | Differential load impedance | 40 | | 65 | Ω | |
| T _A | Operating free-air temperature | 0 | | 70 | °C | |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|---|--|---|--------------------|-----|------|
| I _{IH} | High-level input current | CDE1 and CDE2 | | | 50 | μA |
| | | INV/NON | | | 50 | |
| I _{IL} | Low-level input current | CDE1 and CDE2 | | | 50 | μA |
| | | INV/NON | | | 50 | |
| I _{CC} | Supply current | Disabled | | | 7 | mA |
| | | LVD drivers enabled, No load | | | 26 | |
| | | Single-ended drivers enabled, No load | | | 10 | |
| | | LVD receivers enabled, No load | | | 26 | |
| | | Singled-ended receivers enabled, No load | | | 7 | |
| C _I | Input capacitance | Bus terminal | V _I = 0.2 sin (2 π (1E06)t) + 0.5 ± 0.01 V | | 9.5 | pF |
| ΔC _I | Difference in input capacitance between B+ and B- | | | | 0.2 | |

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

DIFFSENS (CDE0) RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|-------------------------|---|-----|--------------------|-----|------|
| V _{IT1} | Input threshold voltage | | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | V |
| V _{IT2} | Input threshold voltage | | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.4 | V |
| I _I | Input current | 0 V ≤ V _I ≤ 2.7 V | | | ±1 | μA |
| I _{I(OFF)} | Power-off input current | V _{CC} = 0, 0 V ≤ V _I ≤ 2.7 V | | | ±1 | μA |

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

LVD DRIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------|--|--|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| V _{OD(H)} | Driver differential high-level output voltage | V _{I(1)} = 0.96 V, V _{I(2)} = 0.53 V, See Figure 16 | 270 | 460 | 780 | mV |
| | | | 0.69 V _{OD(L)} +50 | | 1.45 V _{OD(L)} –65 | |
| | | V _{I(1)} = 1.96 V, V _{I(2)} = 1.53 V, See Figure 16 | 270 | 500 | 780 | |
| | | | 0.69 V _{OD(L)} +50 | | 1.45 V _{OD(L)} –65 | |
| V _{OD(L)} | Driver differential low-level output voltage | V _{I(1)} = 0.96 V, V _{I(2)} = 0.53 V, See Figure 16 | 260 | 400 | 640 | mV |
| | | V _{I(1)} = 1.96 V, V _{I(2)} = 1.53 V, See Figure 16 | 260 | 400 | 640 | |
| V _{OC(SS)} | Steady-state common-mode output voltage | | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.5 | V |
| ΔV _{OC(SS)} | Change in steady-state common-mode output voltage between logic states | V _{I(1)} = 1.41 V, V _{I(2)} = 0.99 V, See Figure 17 | | ±50 | ±120 | mV |
| V _{OC(PP)} | Peak-to-peak common-mode output voltage | | | 80 | 150 | mV |
| I _{IH} | High-level input current | A | V _{IH} = 3.3 V ('976) V _{IH} = 2 V ('977) | 7 | | μA |
| | | DE/RE | | | 50 | |
| I _{IL} | Low-level input current | A | V _{IL} = 1.6 V ('976) V _{IL} = 0.8 V ('977) | | 30 | μA |
| | | DE/RE | | 8 | | |
| I _{O(OFF)} | Power-off output current | V _{CC} = 0, 0 V ≤ V _O ≤ 2.5 V | | | ±1 | μA |
| I _{OS} | Short-circuit output current | 0 V ≤ V _O ≤ 2.5 V | | | ±24 | mA |
| I _{OZ} | High-impedance output current | V _O = 0 or 2.5 V | | | ±1 | μA |

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

LVD DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted) (See [Figure 16](#))

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------|---|--|-----|--------------------|-----|------|
| t _{PLH} | Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output | V _{CC} = 5 V, V _{I2} = 0.99 V, V _{I1} = 1.41 V, T _A = 25°C | 2.9 | | 8.8 | ns |
| t _{PHL} | Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output | | 2.9 | | 8.8 | ns |
| t _r | Differential output signal rise time | | 1 | 3 | 6 | ns |
| t _f | Differential output signal fall time | | 1 | 3 | 6 | ns |
| t _{sk(p)} | Pulse skew (t _{PHL} – t _{PLH}) | | | | 3.7 | ns |
| t _{sk(lim)} | Skew limit ⁽²⁾ | | | 5.9 | ns | |
| t _{PHZ} | Propagation delay time, high-level to high-impedance output | V _{I1} = 1.41 V, V _{I2} = 0.99 V, See Figure 18 | | | 50 | ns |
| t _{en} | Enable time, receiver to driver | | | | 33 | ns |

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

(2) t_{sk(lim)} is the maximum delay time difference between any two drivers on any two devices operating at the same supply voltage and the same ambient temperature.

SINGLE-ENDED DRIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--|-----|------|------|
| V _{OH} | High-level output voltage | B– output | I _{OH} = –7 mA, See Figure 19 | 2 | 3.24 | V |
| | | | I _{OH} = 0 mA | | 3.7 | V |
| V _{OL} | Low-level output voltage | B– output | V _{CC} = 5 V, I _{OL} = 48 mA | | 0.5 | V |
| | | B+ output | I _{OL} = –25 mA | | –0.5 | V |
| | | | I _{OL} = 25 mA | | 0.5 | V |
| I _{IH} | High-level input current | A | V _{IH} = 3.3 V ('976), V _{IH} = 2 V ('977) | –7 | | μA |
| | | DE/ \overline{RE} | | 50 | | |
| I _{IL} | Low-level input current | A | V _{IL} = 1.6 V ('976), V _{IL} = 0.8 V ('977) | | –30 | μA |
| | | DE/ \overline{RE} | | 8 | | |
| I _{O(OFF)} | Power-off output current | B– | V _{CC} = 0, 0 V ≤ V _O ≤ 5.25 V | | ±1 | μA |
| I _{OZ} | High-impedance output current | | V _O = 0 or V _{CC} | | ±1 | μA |

SINGLE-ENDED DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------|--|---|-----|--------------------|-----|------|
| t _{PLH} | Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output | V _{CC} = 5 V, T _A = 25°C, See Figure 19 | 2.7 | | 8.2 | ns |
| t _{PHL} | Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output | | 2.7 | | 8.2 | ns |
| t _r | Differential output signal rise time | | 0.5 | | 4 | ns |
| t _f | Differential output signal fall time | | 0.5 | | 4 | ns |
| t _{sk(p)} | Pulse skew (t _{PHL} – t _{PLH}) | | | | 3.4 | ns |
| t _{sk(lim)} | Skew limit ⁽²⁾ | | | 5.5 | ns | |
| t _{en} | Enable time, receiver to driver | | | 50 | ns | |
| t _{PLZ} | Propagation delay time, low-level to high-impedance output | See Figure 20 | | 30 | ns | |

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

(2) t_{sk(lim)} is the maximum delay time difference between any two drivers on any two devices operating at the same supply voltage and the same ambient temperature.

LVD RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|---|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| V _{IT+} | Positive-going differential input voltage threshold | See Figure 21 | | | 30 | mV |
| V _{IT–} | Negative-going differential input voltage threshold | | | | –30 | mV |
| V _{OH} | High-level output voltage | I _{OH} = –2 mA | 3.7 | | | V |
| V _{OL} | Low-level output voltage | I _{OL} = 2 mA | | | 0.5 | V |
| I _I | Input current, B+ or B– | V _I = 0 V to 2.5 V | | | ±1 | μA |
| I _{I(OFF)} | Power-off Input current, B+ or B– | V _{CC} = 0, V _I = 0 V to 2.5 V | | | ±1 | μA |
| I _{IH} | High-level input current, DE/ \overline{RE} | V _{IH} = 3.3 V ('976), V _{IH} = 2 V ('977) | | | 50 | μA |
| I _{IL} | Low-level input current, DE/ \overline{RE} | V _{IL} = 1.6 V ('976), V _{IL} = 0.8 V ('977) | 8 | | | μA |
| I _{OZ} | High-impedance output current | V _O = 0 or V _{CC} | | | ±30 | μA |

LVD RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------|---|--|-----|--------------------|-----|------|
| t_{PLH} | Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output | $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, See Figure 21 | 4.5 | | 10 | ns |
| t_{PHL} | Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output | | 4.5 | | 10 | ns |
| $t_{sk(p)}$ | Pulse skew ($ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $) | | | | 3 | ns |
| t_r | Output signal rise time | | | | 8 | ns |
| t_f | Output signal fall time | | | | 8 | ns |
| $t_{sk(lim)}$ | Skew limit ⁽²⁾ | | | | 5.5 | ns |
| t_{PHZ} | Propagation delay time, high-level to high-impedance output | See Figure 18 | | | 42 | ns |
| t_{PLZ} | Propagation delay time, low-level to high-impedance output | | | | 20 | ns |
| t_{en} | Enable time, driver to receiver | | | | 26 | ns |

(1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

(2) $t_{sk(lim)}$ is the maximum delay time difference between any two drivers on any two devices operating at the same supply voltage and the same ambient temperature.

SINGLE-ENDED RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------|--|---|-----|-----|---------|---------------|
| V_{IT+} | Positive-going input voltage threshold | B– | | 1.6 | 1.9 | V |
| V_{IT-} | Negative-going input voltage threshold | B– | 1 | 1.1 | | V |
| V_{OH} | High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -2\text{ mA}$ | 3.7 | 4.6 | | V |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | $I_{OL} = 2\text{ mA}$ | | 0.3 | 0.5 | V |
| I_I | Input current | B– $V_I = 0\text{ to }V_{CC}$ | | | ± 1 | μA |
| $I_{I(OFF)}$ | Power-off Input current | B– $V_{CC} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_I = 0\text{ to }5.25\text{ V}$ | | | ± 1 | μA |
| I_{IH} | High-level input current | DE/ \overline{RE} $V_{IH} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ('976), $V_{IH} = 2\text{ V}$ ('977) | | | 50 | μA |
| I_{IL} | Low-level input current | DE/ \overline{RE} $V_{IL} = 1.6\text{ V}$ ('976), $V_{IL} = 0.8\text{ V}$ ('977) | 8 | | | μA |
| I_{OZ} | High-impedance output current | $V_O = 0\text{ or }V_{CC}$ | | | -30 | μA |

SINGLE-ENDED RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------|---|--|-----|-----|------|------|
| t_{PLH} | Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output | $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, See Figure 22 | | 7 | 12.5 | ns |
| t_{PHL} | Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output | | | 7 | 12.5 | ns |
| $t_{sk(p)}$ | Pulse skew ($ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $) | | | | 3.5 | ns |
| t_r | Output signal rise time | | | | 8 | ns |
| t_f | Output signal fall time | | | | 8 | ns |
| $t_{sk(lim)}$ | Skew limit ⁽¹⁾ | | | | 5.5 | ns |
| t_{PHZ} | Propagation delay time, high-level to high-impedance output | See Figure 20 | | | 20 | ns |
| t_{PLZ} | Propagation delay time, low-level to high-impedance output | | | | 30 | ns |
| t_{en} | Enable time, driver to receiver | | | | 48 | ns |

(1) $t_{sk(lim)}$ is the maximum delay time difference between any two drivers on any two devices operating at the same supply voltage and the same ambient temperature.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

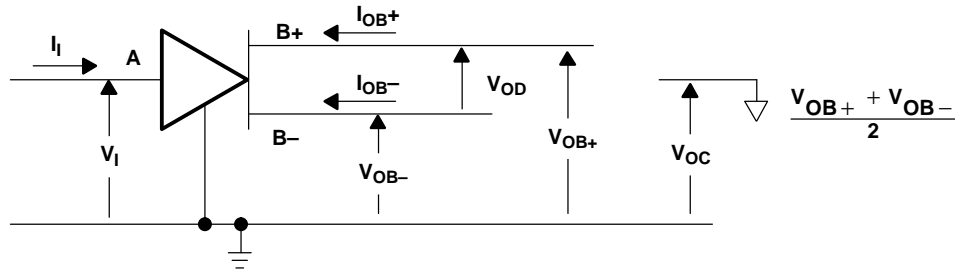
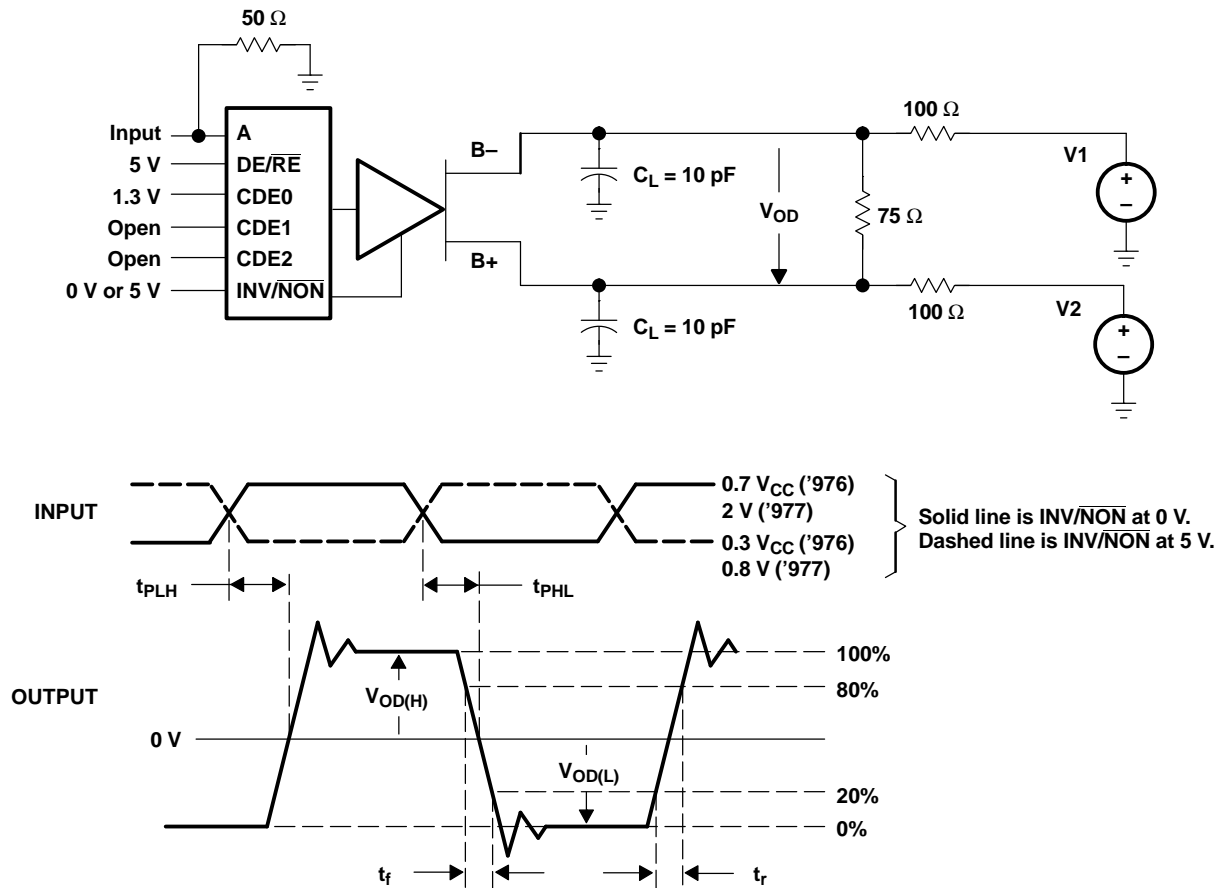


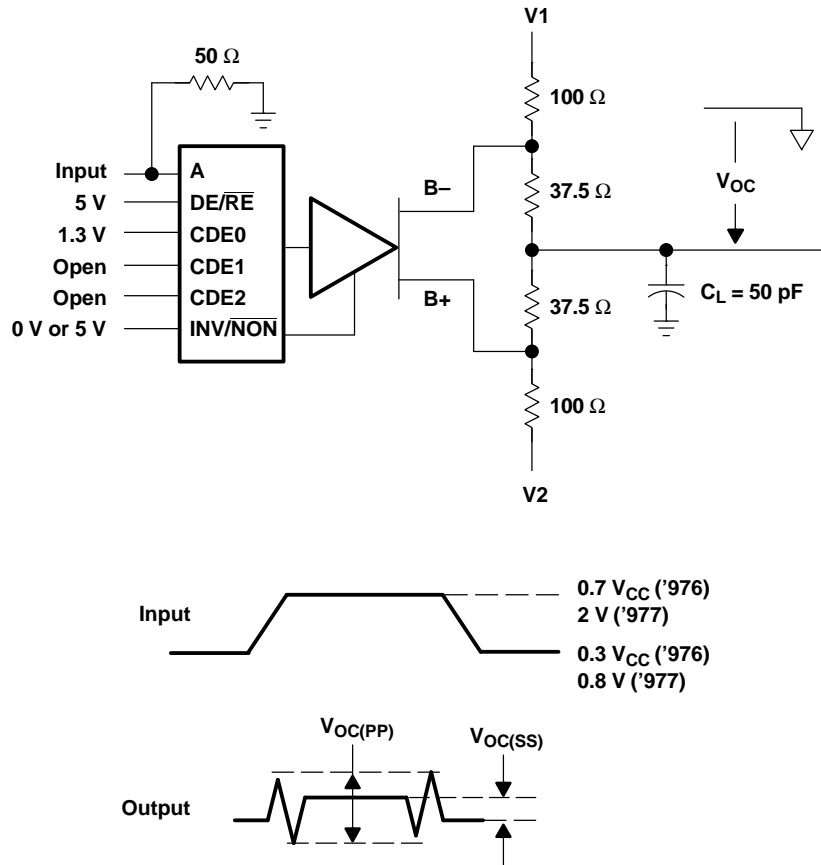
Figure 15. Voltage and Current Definitions



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_f or $t_r < 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 10 Mpps, pulsewidth = 50 ns \pm 5 ns, $Z_o = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

Figure 16. Differential Output Signal Test Circuit, Timing, and Voltage Definitions

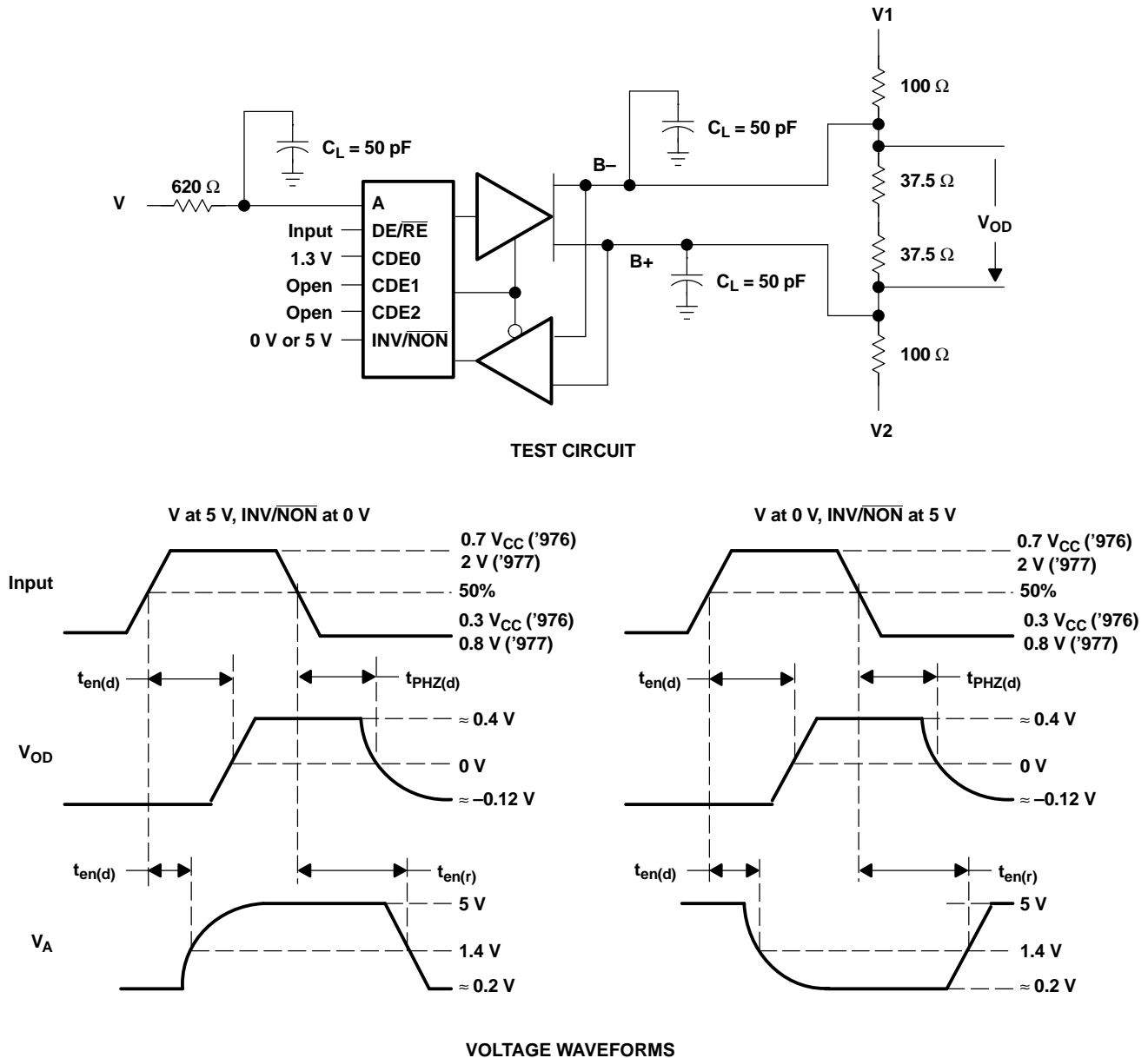
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



- A. NOTES: . All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 10 Mpps, pulsewidth = 50 ns \pm 5 ns, $Z_o = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.
- C. The measurement of $V_{OC(PP)}$ is made on test equipment with a -3 dB bandwidth of at least 300 MHz.

Figure 17. Test Circuit and Definitions for the Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage

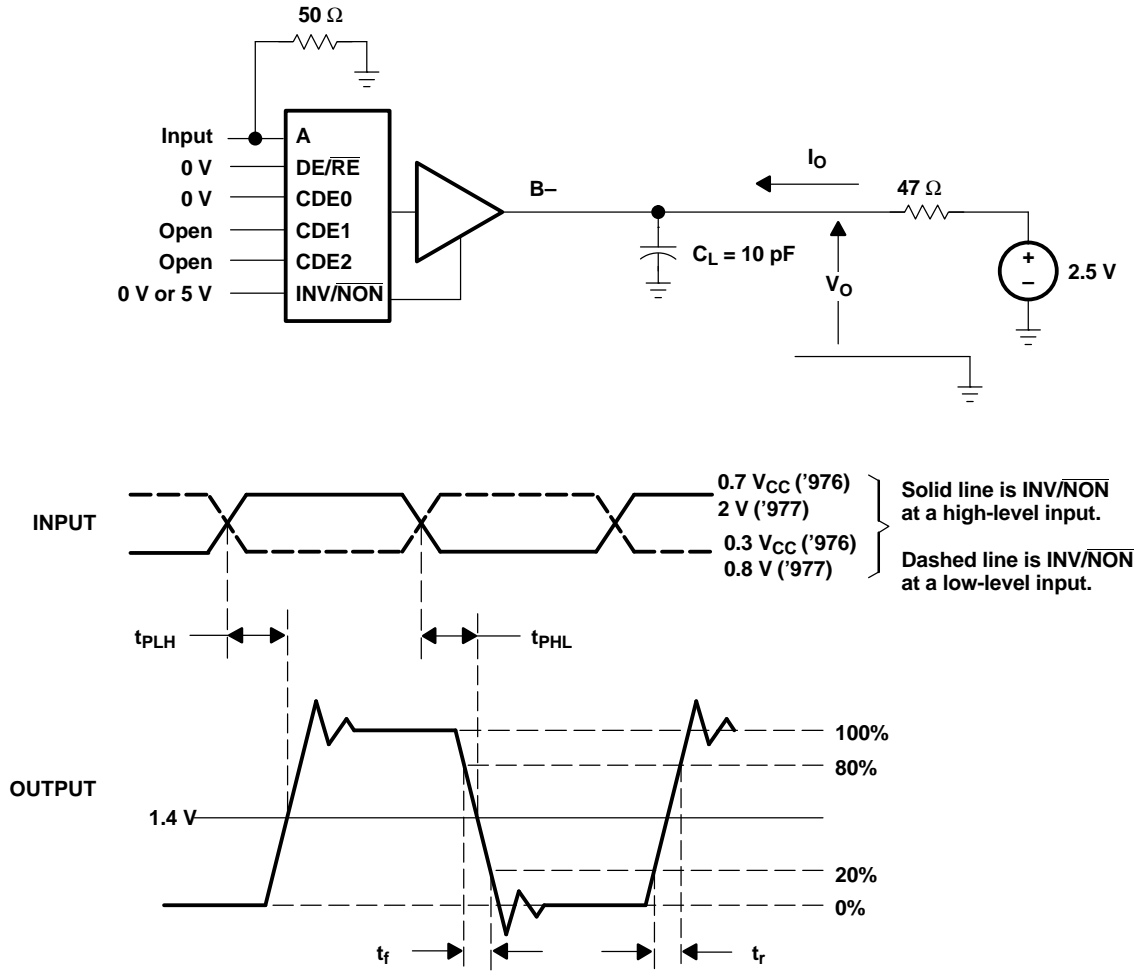
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 1 Mpps, pulsewidth = 500 ns \pm 50 ns, $Z_o = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

Figure 18. LVD Transceiver Enable and Disable Time Test Circuit and Definitions

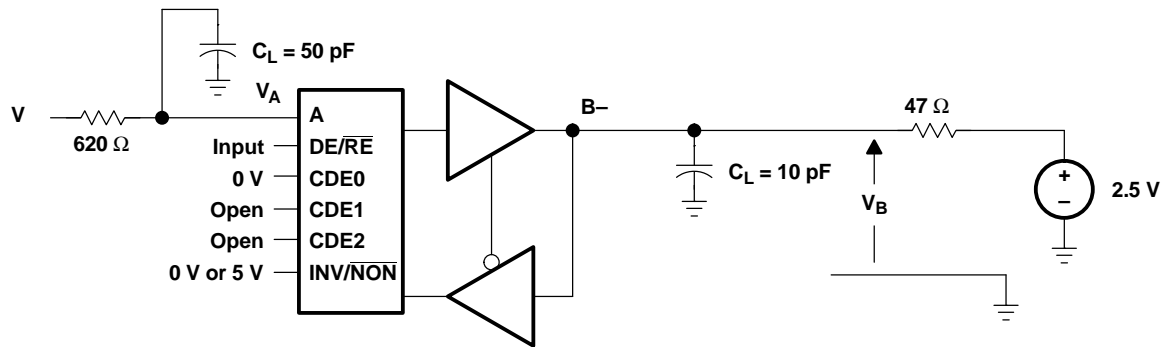
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



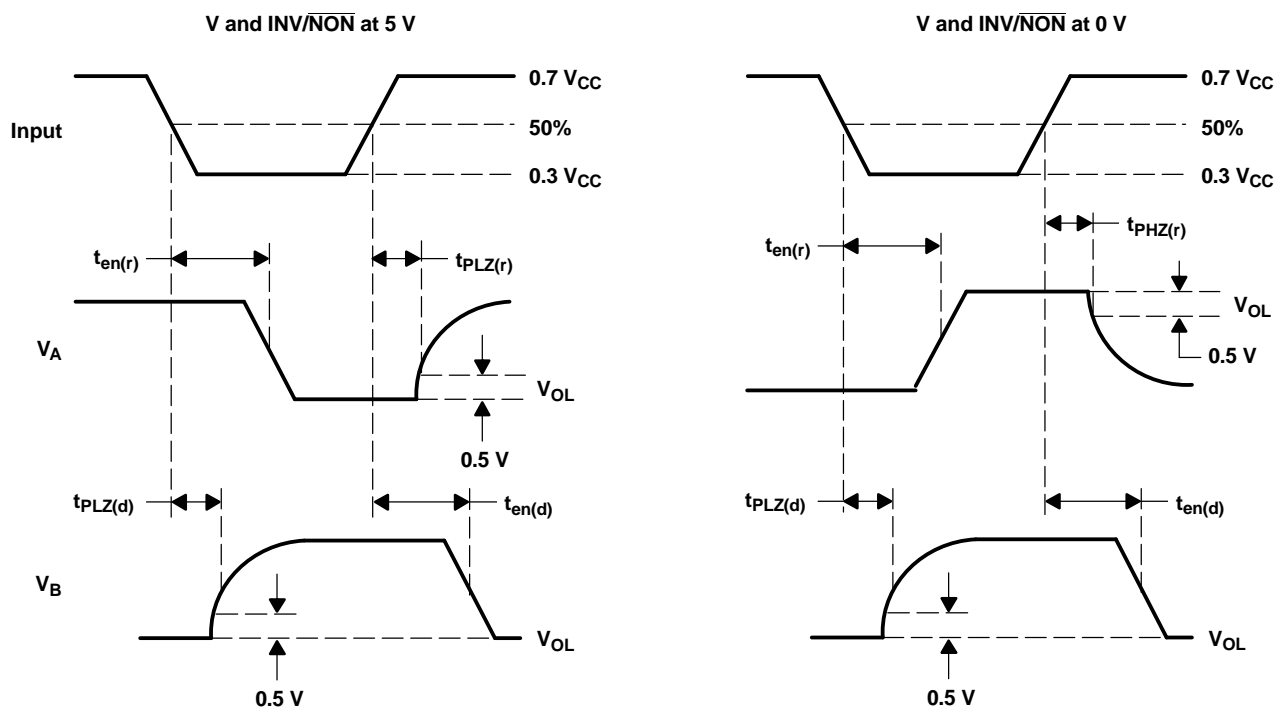
- All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f < 1 \text{ ns}$, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 10 Mpps, pulsewidth = 50 ns \pm 5 ns, $Z_o = 50 \Omega$.
- C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

Figure 19. Single-Ended Driver Switching Test Circuit

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



TEST CIRCUIT

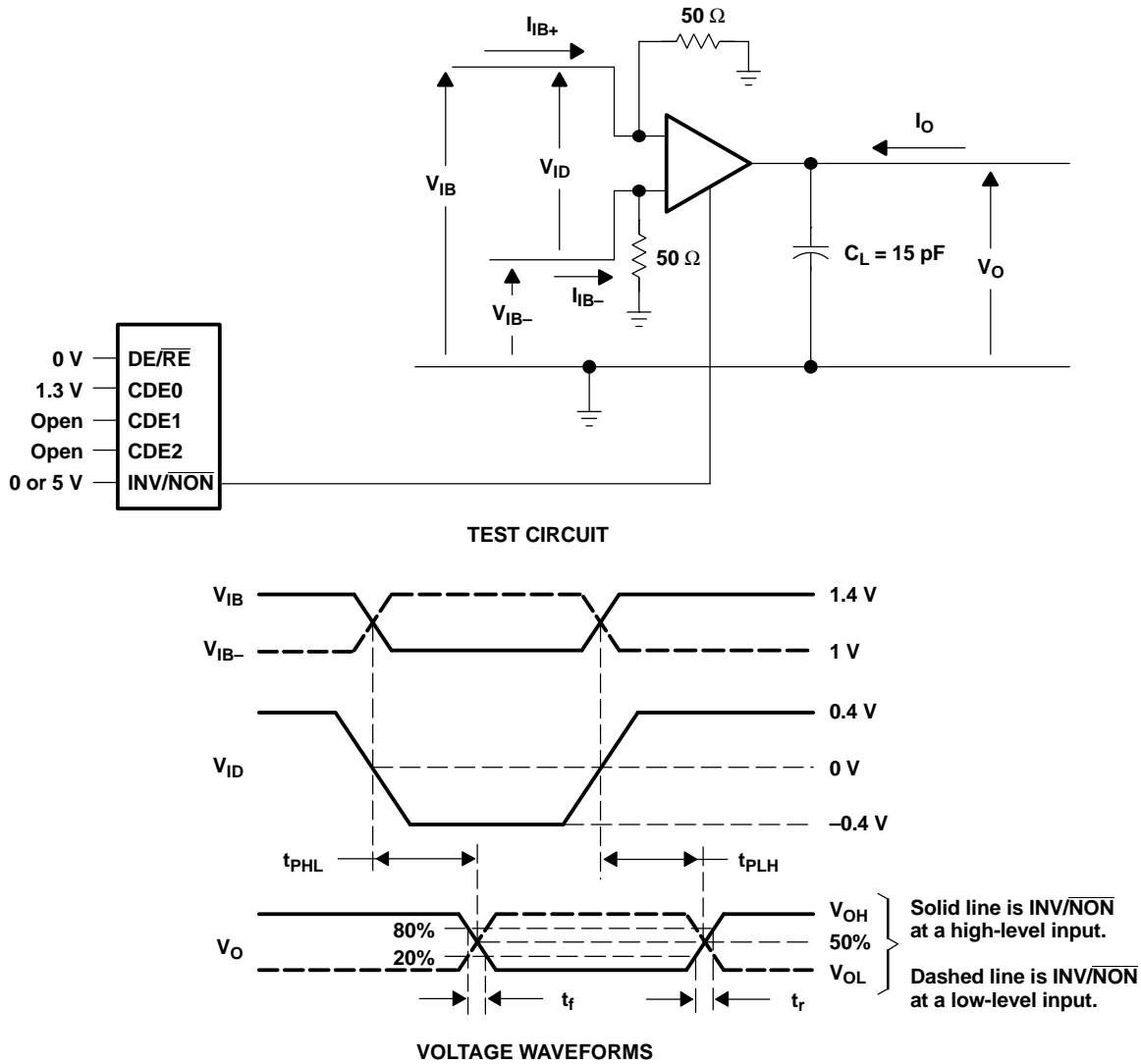


VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 1 Mpps, pulsewidth = 500 ns \pm 50 ns, $Z_o = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

Figure 20. Single-Ended Transceiver Enable and Disable Timing Measurements

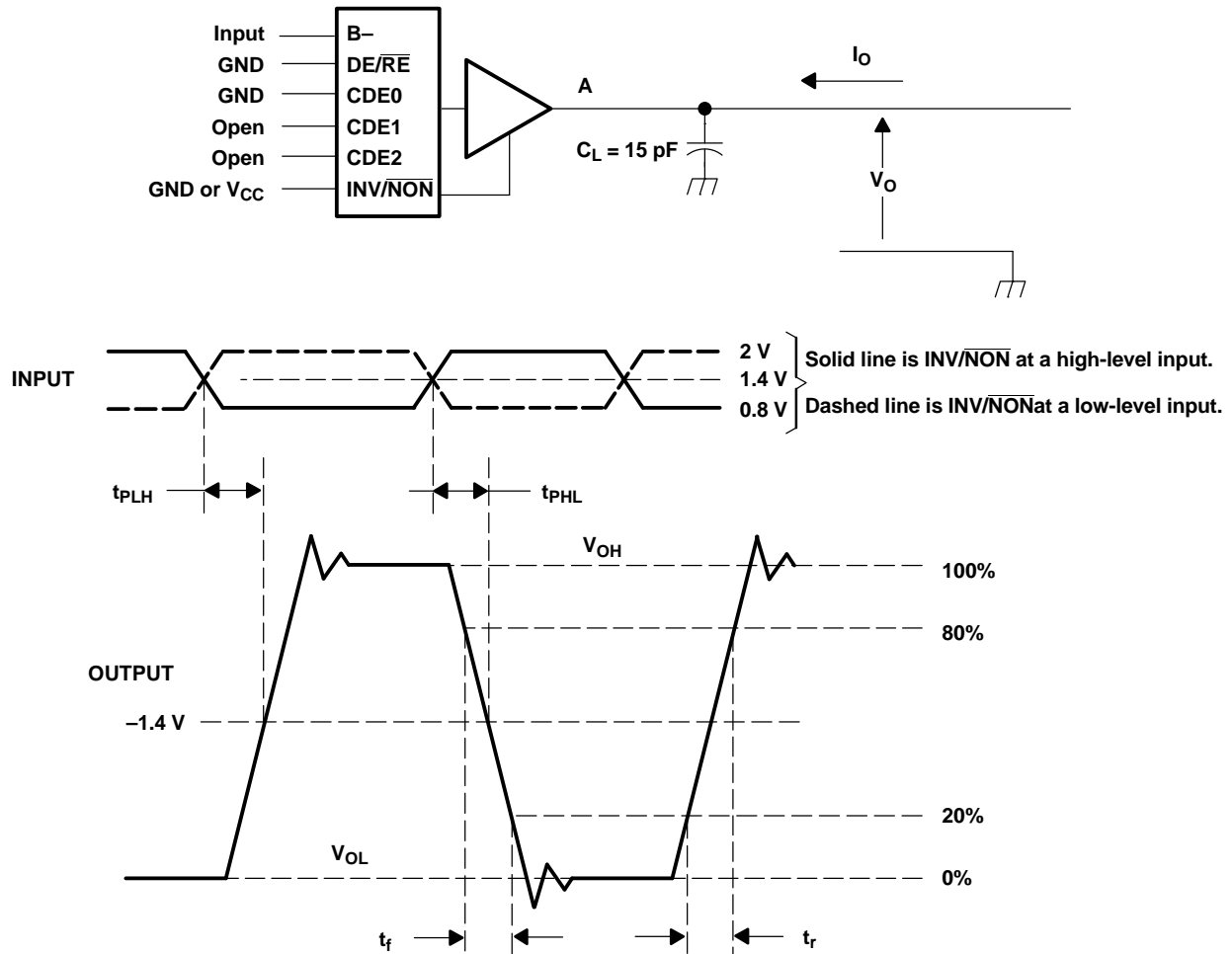
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1$ ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 10 Mpps, pulsewidth = 50 ns \pm 5 ns, $Z_o = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

Figure 21. LVD Receiver Switching Characteristic Test Circuit

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f < 1 \text{ ns}$, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 10 Mpps, pulsewidth = 50 ns \pm 5 ns.
- B. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

Figure 22. Single-Ended Receiver Timing Test Circuit

APPLICATION INFORMATION

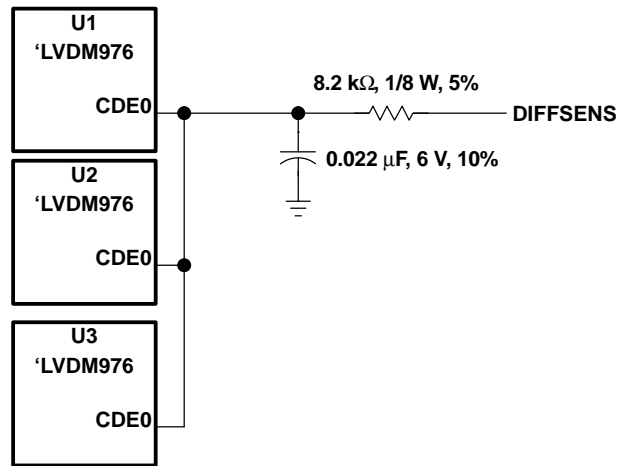


Figure 23. Low-Pass Filter for Connecting DIFFSENS to CDE0

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status ⁽¹⁾ | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan ⁽²⁾ | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾ |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| SN75LVDM976DGG | ACTIVE | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 35 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM976DGGG4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 35 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM976DGGR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM976DGGRG4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM976DL | ACTIVE | SSOP | DL | 56 | 20 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM976DLG4 | ACTIVE | SSOP | DL | 56 | 20 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM976DLR | ACTIVE | SSOP | DL | 56 | 1000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM976DLRG4 | ACTIVE | SSOP | DL | 56 | 1000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM977DGG | ACTIVE | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 35 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM977DGGG4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 35 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM977DGGR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM977DGGRG4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 2000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM977DL | ACTIVE | SSOP | DL | 56 | 20 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM977DLG4 | ACTIVE | SSOP | DL | 56 | 20 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM977DLR | ACTIVE | SSOP | DL | 56 | 1000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| SN75LVDM977DLRG4 | ACTIVE | SSOP | DL | 56 | 1000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| SN75LVDM976DGGR | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 8.6 | 15.6 | 1.8 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |
| SN75LVDM976DLR | SSOP | DL | 56 | 1000 | 330.0 | 32.4 | 11.35 | 18.67 | 3.1 | 16.0 | 32.0 | Q1 |
| SN75LVDM977DGGR | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 8.6 | 15.6 | 1.8 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |
| SN75LVDM977DLR | SSOP | DL | 56 | 1000 | 330.0 | 32.4 | 11.35 | 18.67 | 3.1 | 16.0 | 32.0 | Q1 |

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| SN75LVDM976DGGR | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 41.0 |
| SN75LVDM976DLR | SSOP | DL | 56 | 1000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 49.0 |
| SN75LVDM977DGGR | TSSOP | DGG | 56 | 2000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 41.0 |
| SN75LVDM977DLR | SSOP | DL | 56 | 1000 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 49.0 |

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