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<ul> <li>3:21 Data Channel Expansion at up to 178.5 Mbytes/s Throughput</li> </ul>		G PACKA	
<ul> <li>Suited for SVGA, XGA, or SXGA Display Data Transmission From Controller to Display With Very Low EMI</li> </ul>	D17 [ D18 [ GND [	2 47	3 V <sub>CC</sub> 7 D16 6 D15
<ul> <li>Three Data Channels and Clock Low-Voltage Differential Channels In and 21 Data and Clock Low-Voltage TTL Channels Out</li> </ul>	D19 [ D20 [ NC [	4 45 5 44 6 43	D14 GND D13 D13
<ul> <li>Operates From a Single 3.3-V Supply and 250 mW (Typ)</li> </ul>	AOM [	8 41	D12
• 5-V Tolerant SHTDN Input	9		D10
<ul> <li>ESD Protection Exceeds 4 kV on Bus Pins</li> </ul>	3		
<ul> <li>Packaged in Thin Shrink Small-Outline Package (TSSOP) With 20-Mil Terminal Pitch</li> </ul>	LVDSGND [ A2M [	13 36 14 35	7 D9 6 V <sub>CC</sub> 6 D8
<ul> <li>Consumes Less Than 1 mW When Disabled</li> </ul>	A2P [ CLKINM [		] D7   ] D6
<ul> <li>Wide Phase-Lock Input Frequency Range 31 MHz to 68 MHz</li> </ul>	9 9	17 32	GND D5
<ul> <li>No External Components Required for PLL</li> </ul>	PLLGND	19 30	0 <b>[</b> ] D4
Open-Circuit Receiver Fail-Safe Design	PLLV <sub>CC</sub>		D3
<ul> <li>Inputs Meet or Exceed the Requirements of ANSI EIA/TIA-644 Standard</li> </ul>	SHTDN [	22 27	3 V <sub>CC</sub>
<ul> <li>Improved Replacement for the National ™ DS90C562</li> </ul>	9		5 D1 5 GND

#### description

#### NC - Not Connected

The SN75LVDS86 FlatLink receiver contains three serial-in 7-bit parallel-out shift registers, a 7× clock synthesizer, and four low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) line receivers in a single integrated circuit. These functions allow receipt of synchronous data from a compatible transmitter, such as the SN75LVDS81, '83, '84, or '85, over four balanced-pair conductors, and expansion to 21 bits of single-ended low-voltage TTL (LVTTL) synchronous data at a lower transfer rate.

When receiving, the high-speed LVDS data is received and loaded into registers at seven times (7×) the LVDS input clock (CLKIN) rate. The data is then unloaded to a 21-bit-wide LVTTL parallel bus at the CLKIN rate. A phase-locked loop (PLL) clock synthesizer circuit generates a 7× clock for internal clocking and an output clock for the expanded data. The SN75LVDS86 presents valid data on the falling edge of the output clock (CLKOUT).

The SN75LVDS86 requires only four line-termination resistors for the differential inputs and little or no control. The data bus appears the same at the input to the transmitter and output of the receiver with the data transmission transparent to the user. The only possible user intervention is the use of the shutdown/clear (SHTDN) active-low input to inhibit the clock and shut off the LVDS receivers for lower power consumption. A low level on this signal clears all internal registers to a low level.



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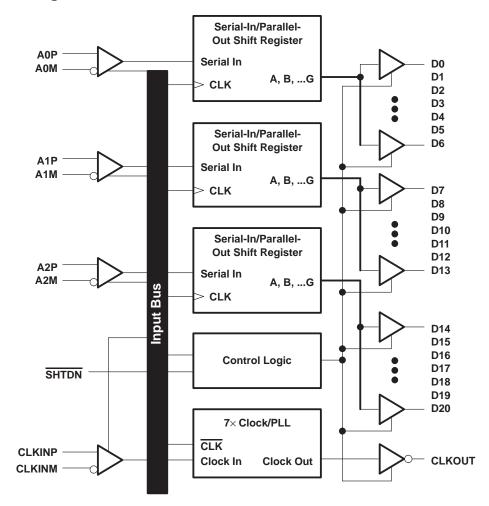
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The LVDS receivers of the SN75LVDS86 include an open-circuit fail-safe design, such that when the inputs are not connected to an LVDS driver, the receiver outputs go to a low level. This occurs even when the line is differentially terminated at the receiver inputs.

The SN75LVDS86 is characterized for operation over ambient free-air temperatures of 0°C to 70°C.

#### functional block diagram





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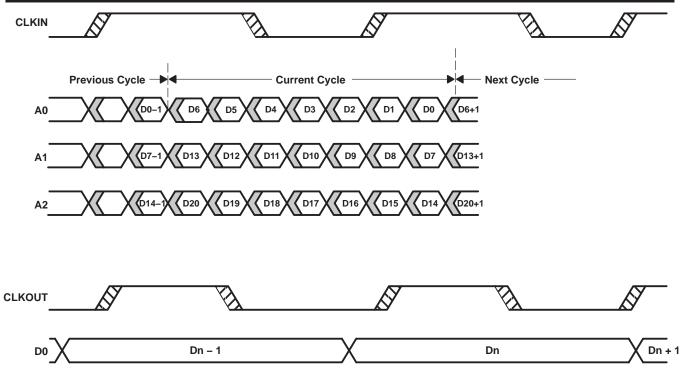
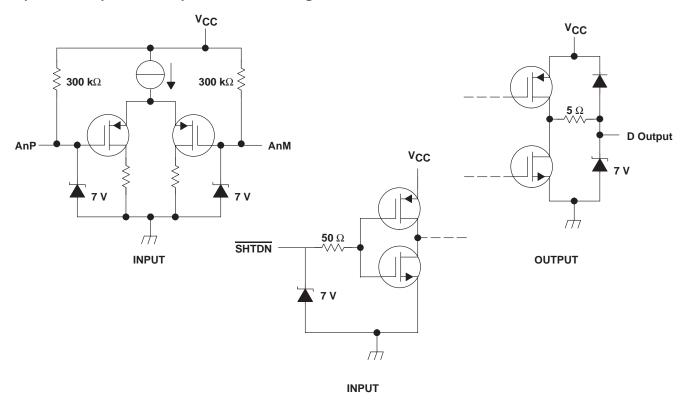


Figure 1. SN75LVDS86 Load and Shift Timing Sequences

### equivalent input and output schematic diagrams





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absolute maximum ratings over operating	free-air temperature range	(unless otherwise noted) <sup>T</sup>
Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)		–0.5 V to 4 V

Output voltage range, V <sub>O</sub> (Dxx terminals)	–0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Input voltage range, VI: Any terminal except SHTDN	–0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
SHTDN	–0.5 V to 5.5 V
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 in) from case for 10 s	

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values are with respect to GND, unless otherwise noted.

#### DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \le 25^{\circ}C$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR <sup>‡</sup> ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING
DGG	1316 mW	13.1 mW/°C	726 mW

<sup>‡</sup>This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when board mounted and with no air flow.

## recommended operating conditions (see Figure 2)

	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	3	3.3	3.6	V
High-level input voltage, VIH (SHTDN)	2			V
Low-level input voltage, VIL (SHTDN)			0.8	V
Differential input voltage,  VID	0.1		0.6	V
Common-mode input voltage, $V_{IC}$ (see Figure 2 and Figure 3)	$\frac{ V_{ID} }{2}$	2	$4 - \frac{ V_{ D} }{2}$	V
		N	VCC - 0.8	
Operating free-air temperature, T <sub>A</sub>	0		70	°C

### timing requirements

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>C</sub>	Cycle time, input clock§	14.7	t <sub>c</sub>	32.4	ns
t <sub>su1</sub>	Setup time, input (see Figure 7)	600			ps
<sup>t</sup> h1	Hold time, input (see Figure 7)	600			ps

 $\$  Parameter  $t_{C}$  is defined as the mean duration of a minimum of 32 000 clock cycles.



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PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
VIT+	Positive-going differential input threshold voltage				100	mV
VIT-	Negative-going differential input threshold voltage $\ddagger$		-100			mV
Vон	High-level output voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -4 mA	2.4			V
Vol	Low-level output voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA			0.4	V
		Disabled, All inputs open			280	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub> Quiescent current (average)	Enabled, AnP = 1 V, AnM = 1.4 V, $t_c = 15.38$ ns		58	72		
	Enabled, $C_L = 8 \text{ pF}$ , Grayscale pattern (see Figure 4), $t_c = 15.38 \text{ ns}$		69		mA	
		Enabled, $C_L = 8 \text{ pF}$ , Worst-case pattern (see Figure 5), $t_C = 15.38 \text{ ns}$		94		
IIН	High-level input current (SHTDN)	V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>			±20	μΑ
۱ <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current (SHTDN)	$V_{IL} = 0 V$			±20	μΑ
I	Input current (LVDS input terminals A and CLKIN)	$0 \le V_I \le 2.4 V$			±20	μΑ
loz	High-impedance output current	$V_{O} = 0 \text{ or } V_{CC}$			±10	μΑ

## electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

<sup>‡</sup>The algebraic convention, in which the less-positive (more-negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for the negative-going input voltage threshold only.

#### switching characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>su2</sub>	Set up time, D0–D20 valid to CLKOUT $\downarrow$	C <sub>L</sub> = 8 pF, See Figure 6	5			ns
t <sub>h2</sub>	Hold time, CLKOUT $\downarrow$ to D0–D20 valid	C <sub>L</sub> = 8 pF, See Figure 6	5			ns
<sup>t</sup> RSKM	Receiver input skew margin§ (see Figure 7)	t <sub>C</sub> = 15.38 ns (±0.2%),  Input clock jitter  < 50 ps¶	490			ps
td	Delay time, CLKIN↑ to CLKOUT↓ (see Figure 7)	$t_{C}$ = 15.38 ns (±0.2%), C <sub>L</sub> = 8 pF		3.7		ns
Δt <sub>c(o)</sub>	Cycle time, change in output clock period#	t <sub>C</sub> = 15.38 + 0.75 sin (2 $\pi$ 500E3t) ± 0.05 ns, See Figure 8		±80		ps
0(0)		$t_{C}$ = 15.38 + 0.75 sin (2 $\pi$ 3E6t) $\pm$ 0.05 ns, See Figure 8		±300		·
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time, SHTDN↑ to Dn valid	See Figure 9		1		ms
<sup>t</sup> dis	Disable time, $\overline{SHTDN}\downarrow$ to off state	See Figure 10		400		ns
tt	Transition time, output (10% to 90% $t_{f}$ or $t_{f}$ )	C <sub>L</sub> = 8 pF		3		ns
tw	Pulse duration, output clock			0.43 t <sub>C</sub>		ns

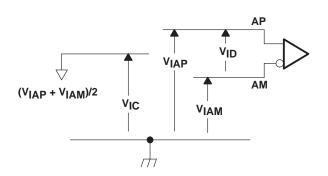
<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> =  $25^{\circ}$ C.

§ The parameter  $t_{(RSKM)}$  is the timing margin available to the transmitter and interconnection skews and clock jitter. It is defined by  $\frac{t_c}{14} - t_{su1}/t_{h1}$ . ¶ [Input clock jitter] is the magnitude of the change in input clock period.

 $^{\#}\Delta t_{C(0)}$  is the change in the output clock period from one cycle to the next cycle observed over 15000 cycles.



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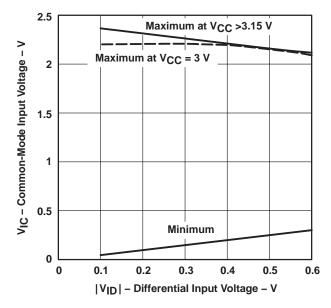


Figure 3. Common-Mode Input Voltage Vs Differential Input Voltage and  $V_{CC}$ 



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION
D0, D6, D12
D1, D7, D13
D2, D8, D14
D3, D9, D15
D18, D19, D20
All Others
Figure 4. 16-Grayscale Test Pattern
Even Dn
Odd Dn

NOTE B: The worst-case test pattern produces nearly the maximum switching frequency for all of the LVTTL outputs.

Figure 5. Worst-Case Test Pattern

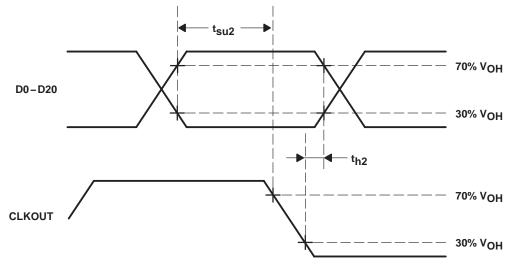
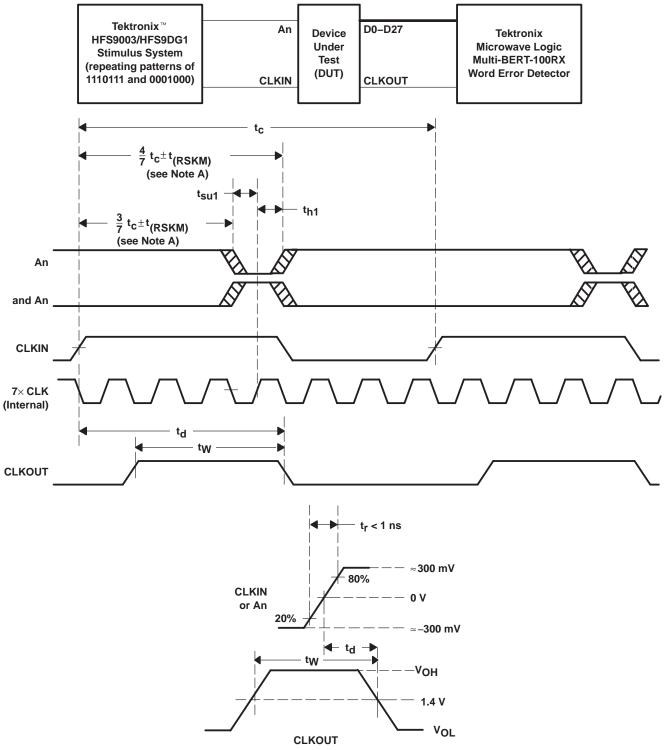


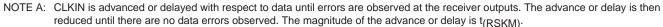
Figure 6. Setup and Hold Time



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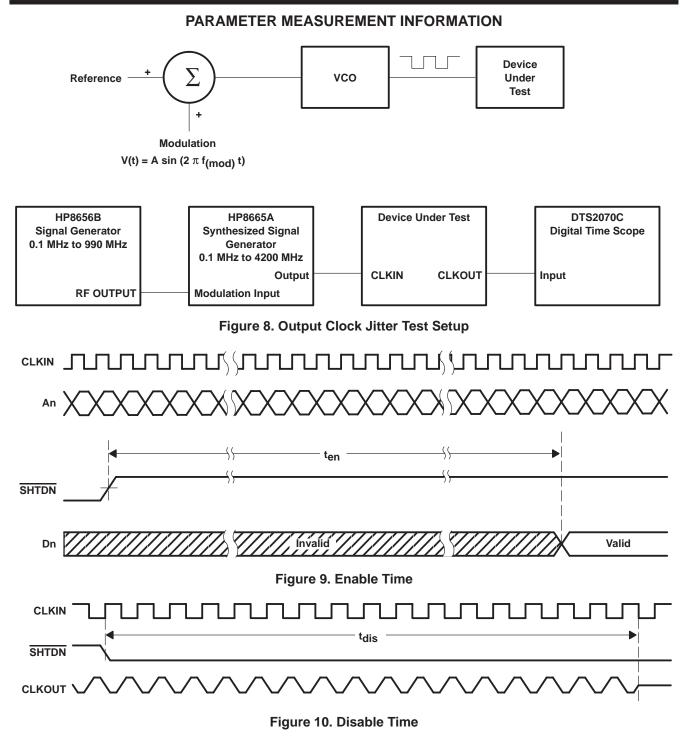
### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



### Figure 7. Receiver Input Skew Margin, Setup/Hold Time, and Delay Timing

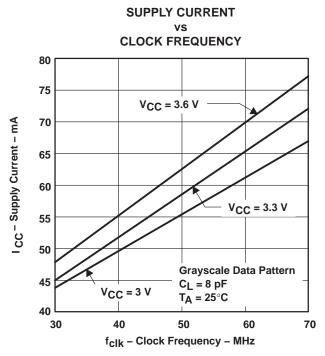


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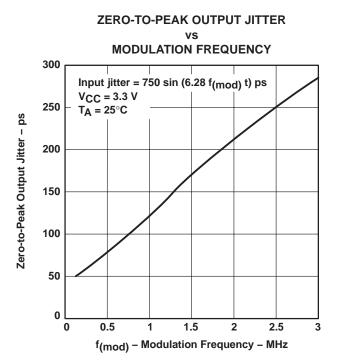


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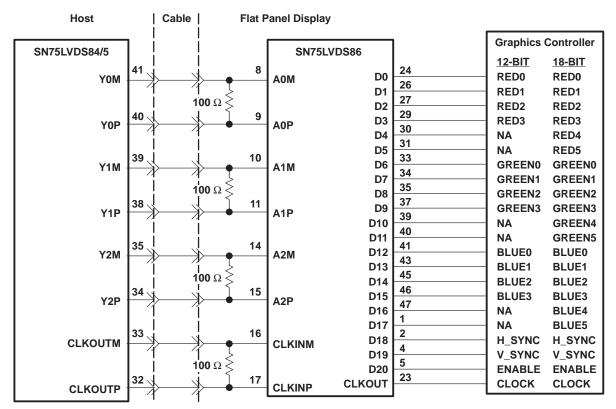








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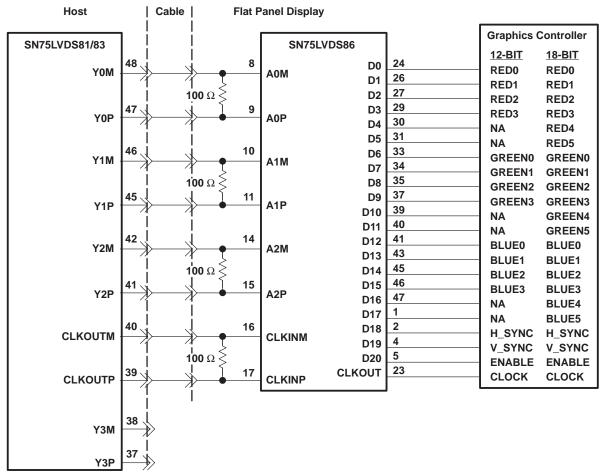
## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

NOTES: A. The four 100- $\Omega$  terminating resistors are recommended to be 0603 types. B. NA – not applicable, these unused inputs should be left open.

#### Figure 13. 18-Bit Color Host to Flat Panel Display Application



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**APPLICATION INFORMATION** 

NOTES: A. The four  $100-\Omega$  terminating resistors are recommended to be 0603 types.

B. NA - not applicable, these unused inputs should be left open.

#### Figure 14. 24-Bit Color Host to 18-Bit Color LCD Panel Display Application<sup>†</sup>

<sup>†</sup> See the *FlatLink*<sup>™</sup> *Designer's Guide* (SLLA012) for more application information.



## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
SN75LVDS86DGG	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDS86DGGG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDS86DGGR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDS86DGGRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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# **MECHANICAL DATA**

MTSS003D - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED JANUARY 1998

### DGG (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

**48 PINS SHOWN** 



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



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